Project 2 Report

Group Members:

Codie Tamida
Divya Tanwar
Donald Novasky
Jia Wei Ng
Mc Gabriel Fernandez
Rishub Goel

Implement an authentication service

Users resources

The API should allow users to:

Register a new user

```
@app.post("/register")
def register(request: NewAccountRequest, db:sqlite3.Connection = Depends(get_db)):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db)

if user:
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.CONFLICT, f'User with username {user["username"]} already exists')

if gracefully_handle_db_transaction(create_user_sql_script(request), db):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db)

return create_response(HTTPStatus.CREATED, f'{user["username"]} created!', user)
```

Controller logic for /register endpoint

· Check a user's password

Sample request and response body for /login endpoint

```
@app.post("/login")
def login(request:LoginRequest, db: sqlite3.Connection = Depends(get_db)):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db, hide_password =False)

if not user:
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.NOT_FOUND, "User not Found")

if not verify_password(request.password, user["password"]):
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.UNAUTHORIZED, "Username or Password is not Valid")

return generate_claims(user["username"], user["user_id"], user["role"])
```

Controller logic for /login endpoint

Helper files for user query, password verification, hashing, and generating claims (claims generation logic excerpted from mkclaims.py, hashing logic from pbkdf2 resource link)

Avoiding coupling between services

helpers

auth.pyconstants.pydb_query.pyresponse.py

The users service should have its own, separate SQLite database, with its own schema, and should run independently of the enrollment service.

```
CPSC-449-Project2
> helpers

→ project1

  > bin
  schema
 {} openapi.json
                        name VARCHAR NOT NULL

√ share

   CREATE TABLE "user" (
  database_query....
                        username VARCHAR NOT NULL UNIQUE,
 __main__.py
                        first_name VARCHAR NOT NULL,
 database_query.py
 M Makefile
                        password VARCHAR NOT NULL
 models.py
 Project1_Group1...
 id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
seed
                        role id int NOT NULL,
                        FOREIGN KEY (role_id) REFERENCES role(id),

∨ var/primary/fuse

 gitignore
main.py
                    INSERT INTO role(name) VALUES ("Registrar");
                    INSERT INTO role(name) VALUES ("Instructor");
INSERT INTO role(name) VALUES ("Student");

 README.md
```

```
CREATE TABLE IF EXISTS Users;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT NULL,
Middle TEXT NULL,
LastName TEXT NOT NULL,
Role TEXT NOT NULL,
Role TEXT NOT NULL,
Role TEXT NOT NULL,
CLEAST TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Class;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Class;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Class;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT NULL,
Department TEXT NOT NULL
);

-- Create the Section table
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Section;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Section (
SectionNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
InstructorID INTEGER NOT NULL,
CourseCode TEXT NOT NULL,
MaxEnrollment INTEGER NOT NULL,
MaxEnrollment INTEGER NOT NULL,
SectionStatus TEXT NOT NULL
SectionStatus TEXT NOT NULL OFFICE (SectionStatus IN ('open', 'closed')),
PRIMARY KEY (SectionNumber, CourseCode),
FOREIGN KEY (CourseCode) REFERENCES Class (CourseCode),
FOREIGN KEY (InstructorID) REFERENCES Users (CWID)

);

-- Create the RegistrationList table
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS RegistrationList;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS RegistrationList;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS RegistrationList;
StudentID INTEGER PON NULL,
SectionNumber INTEGER NOT NULL,
Se
```

Images showing project folder structure (project 1 moved to subfolder, class.db and auth.db are separate from one another), schema for auth.db, and schema for classes.db

respectively. Seeding scripts for both class.db and auth.db have also been tweaked to be in sync with each other.

Configure authentication through the API gateway

Configure JWT token signing

 JSON Web Key pair (JWK) was generated using the provided mkjwks.py, by passing the string "GROUP_9_SECRET_KEY". The following public and private keys were generated

- KrakenD JWT token signing (signed with private key)

Configure JWT validation

KrakenD validation using public key

Configuration for auth/validator on /api/enrollment endpoint. The intent we had was to propagate the generated claims to the enrollment service such that the "sub" key (username) can be queried against the classes.db. However, due to how project1 was originally developed, it was very difficult to make it work as intended due to the amount of project1 files, and introducing changes broke the code in multiple places that was difficult to debug. As an alternative, we chose to add non breaking codes to verify that the claims were propagated correctly and accessible in the enrollment service.

```
async def course_enrollment(enrollment_request: EnrollmentRequest, x_user: Annotated[str | None, Header(convert_underscores=False)] = None, x_roles: Annotated[list[str] | None, """Allow enrollment of a course under given section for a student

Args:
    enrollment_request (EnrollmentRequest): EnrollmentRequest model

Raises:
    HTTPException: Raise HTTP exception when role is not authrorized
    HTTPException: Raise HTTP exception when query fail to execute in database

Returns:
    EnrollmentRespo (parameter) x_user: str | None
    print("x_user =>", x_user)
    print("x_roles =>", x_roles)
```

```
03:22:17 api.1 | x_user => jordan

03:22:17 api.1 | x_roles => ['Student']
```

```
POST
                 http://localhost:5400/api/register
                                               Pre-request Script
Params
         Authorization
                        Headers (8)
                                      Body •
                                                                  Tests
 none
         form-data

    x-www-form-urlencoded

                                                raw
                                                       binary
                                                                  Gra
           "first_name" : "jordan",
           "last_name" : "ng",
           "username" : "jordan",
           "password" : "password",
           "role": ["Student"]
```

Info + credentials for created user in user.db

Testing

```
03:47:11 krakend.1 | [GIN] 2023/10/28 - 03:47:11 | 401 | 48.3µs | ::1 | POST "/api/enrollment"
03:47:19 api.1 | 2023-10-28 03:47:19.412 | INFO | project1.api.database_query:check_user_role:72 - Checking user role
03:47:19 api.1 | x_user => jordan
03:47:19 api.1 | x_roles => ['Student']
03:47:19 api.1 | INFO: ::1:0 - "POST /enrollment HTTP/1.1" 401 Unauthorized
03:47:19 krakend.1 | [GIN] 2023/10/28 - 03:47:19 | 200 | 3.112399ms | ::1 | POST "/api/enrollment"
```

Request to api/enrollment endpoint with no authorization header, and with authorization header (bearer \$token)

Configure load balancing for the enrollment service

Created a /bin/run_formation.sh shell script to run formation

```
bin
$ run_formation.sh
$ run.sh
```

```
bin > $ run_formation.sh

1 foreman start --formation auth_service_primary=1,auth_service_secondary_1=1,auth_service_secondary_2=1,enrollment_service=3,krakend=1
```

Foreman Start starts a single instance of KrakenD and the user service, and 3 instances of the enrollment service.

```
## Procfile

auth: uvicorn --port 8000 main:app --reload

enrollment_service_1: uvicorn --port 5100 project1.api.__main__:app --reload

enrollment_service_2: uvicorn --port 5101 project1.api.__main__:app --reload

enrollment_service_3: uvicorn --port 5102 project1.api.__main__:app --reload

krakend: echo ./etc/krakend.json | entr -nrz krakend run --config ./etc/krakend.json --port 5400

auth_service_primary: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/primary.yml

auth_service_secondary_1: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/secondary_1.yml

auth_service_secondary_2: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/secondary_2.yml
```

KrakenD load balancing was configured to round-robin between the 3 instances of enrollment services.

Sample endpoint using round robin to distribute load between enrollment services instances

Testing

Several requests were made and they were routed to different service instances

Add read replication to the users service

Configure database replicas

Read replication added to the users service, 2 replicas added: auth_service_secondary_1.1, and auth_service_secondary_2.1

Each process is configured separately in the Procfile instead of running –formation

```
Procfile

1 auth: uvicorn --port 8000 main:app --reload

2 api: uvicorn --port 5100 project1.api.__main__:app --reload

3 krakend: echo ./etc/krakend.json | entr -nrz krakend run -c ./etc/krakend.json --port 5400

4 auth_service_primary: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/primary.yml

5 auth_service_secondary_1: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/secondary_1.yml

6 auth_service_secondary_2: ./litefs mount --config ./etc/secondary_2.yml
```

Update the users service

Users service was modified, the current code allows write operations to the primary node, while read operations are cycled between the two secondary nodes

```
read_dbs = ["var/secondary_2/fuse/auth.db","var/secondary_1/fuse/auth.db"]
index = itertools.cycle(range(0, len(read_dbs)))

def get_db():
    with contextlib.closing(sqlite3.connect("var/primary/fuse/auth.db")) as db:
        db.row_factory = sqlite3.Row
        yield db

def get_db_reads():
    target_db = read_dbs[next(index)]
    with contextlib.closing(sqlite3.connect(target_db)) as db:
        db.row_factory = sqlite3.Row
        yield db
```

Get db dependency injection functions for read and write operations

```
@app.post("/register")
def register(request: NewAccountRequest, db:sqlite3.Connection = Depends(get_db)):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db)

if user:
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.CONFLICT, f'User with username {user["username"]} already exists')

if gracefully_handle_db_transaction(create_user_sql_script(request), db):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db)

    return create_response(HTTPStatus.CREATED, f'{user["username"]} created!', user)

@app.post("/login")
def login(request:LoginRequest, db: sqlite3.Connection = Depends(get_db_reads)):
    user = get_user_by_username(request.username, db, hide_password = False)

if not user:
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.NOT_FOUND, "User not Found")

if not verify_password(request.password, user["password"]):
    raise_exception(HTTPStatus.UNAUTHORIZED, "Username or Password is not Valid")

return generate_claims(user["username"], user["user_id"], user["role"])
```

main.py

```
etc > ! secondary_1.yml
  1
         dir: "var/secondary_1/fuse"
         allow-other: false
         debug: false
       data:
         dir: "var/secondary_1/data"
         compress: true
 10
       http:
 11
       addr: ":20203"
       lease:
         type: "static"
         hostname: "secondary_1"
         advertise-url: "http://127.0.0.1:20202"
         candidate: false
```

Secondary_1.yml (replica 1)

Secondary_2.yml (replica 2)

```
etc > ! primary.yml

1     fuse:
2     dir: "var/primary/fuse"
3     allow-other: false
4     debug: false
5
6     data:
7     dir: "var/primary/data"
8     compress: true
9
10     http:
11     addr: ":20202"
12
13     lease:
14     type: "static"
15     hostname: "primary"
16     advertise-url: "http://127.0.0.1:20202"
17     candidate: true
18
19     exec: "uvicorn main:app --reload --port 8000 "
```

primary.yml