!!! add "no" to the beginning of a command to do the opposite of the command !!!
 !!! add "do" to the beginning of a command to force the command !!!
 !!! add "?" to the end of a command to list possible syntax !!!
 !!! add "brief" to the end of a show command to display shorter information !!!

### **Essential Commands**

enable - put into enable mode configure terminal - put into configuration mode

\_\_\_\_\_\_

end - end configuration write mem - save configuration to memory

do write - saves the configuration
write memory - write configuration to memory
copy running-config starting-config - copy the running configuration to the startup
configuration

exit - returns to the previous mode

#### **Basic Router Commands**

hostname <name> - change name of host/device
enable password <password> - set/enable password
enable secret <password> - set/enable secret password
security password min-length <#> - set the minimum password length
banner motd #<message># - set the message of the day banner
ip default-gateway <default gateway address> - set default gateway
line console 0 - Configure physical port connected
login - login to console

show interface - displays technical details of interfaces show ip interface [brief] - displays ip interface status and configuration show ip route - displays ip routing table show ipv6 route - displays ipv6 routing table show ip route connected - displays directly connected networks show running-config - displays the current configuration

## **Switching Essentials**

duplex full - configure the interface duplex speed 100 - configure the interface speed mdix auto - enables feature to adjust to any cable

#### **Interface Commands**

interface <interface> - put into interface configuration mode interface range <interface range> - put into interface range configuration mode Ex. f0/1-2

shutdown - shutdown the interface description < description> - add a description interface vlan <#> - put into interface VLAN configuration mode

#### **IP Address Commands**

ip address <ip address < subnet mask> - assign ip address ipv6 unicast-routing - enable ipv6 on a router ipv6 enable - enable ipv6 on an interface ipv6 address <ipv6 address/prefix length> - assign ipv6 address

### **VLAN Commands**

encapsulation dot1q <#> - use a router interface as a trunk port to a switch switchport trunk allowed vlan <#> - to specify the list of VLANs allowed on a trunk port switchport trunk native vlan <#> - specifies the native (untagged) VLAN for the trunk interface

\_\_\_\_\_

vlan <#> - put into VLAN interface configuration mode name <name> - name VLANs

-----

in interface configuration:

switchport access vlan <#> - assign the port to a vlan switchport mode trunk - set interface to trunk mode

\_\_\_\_\_\_

show vlan - displays VLAN information show interface trunk - displays trunk interface information

switchport mode dynamic auto - re-enable dynamic trunking protocol

switchport nonegotiate - Will not generate DTP frames

## **Port Security**

switchport mode access - set interface to access mode

switchport port-security - enable port security

switchport port-security maximum <#> - set the maximum number of devices that can access the ports

switchport port-security mac-address sticky - MAC address of a device is dynamically learned

switchport port-security violation restrict - ports are disabled when a violation occurs

\_\_\_\_\_\_

show port-security interface <interface> - displays port-security information

#### **Route Commands**

Automatic Route:

- Configured automatically from ip configuration
- Indicated by C (connected) and L (local) in routing table

Static Route:

ip route <destination address> <subnet mask> <exit interface | next hop address> [metric value] - create a static route

- Indicated by S in routing table

ipv6 route <destination address/prefix length> <exit interface | next hop address> [link local address] [metric value] - create a static route

Static Default Route:

ip route "0.0.0.0" "0.0.0.0" <interface> [metric value] - create a default route

\_\_\_\_\_

show ip route - displays the routing table show ipv6 route - displays the ipv6 routing table

#### **RIP Commands**

router rip - put into router-rip configuration mode (to configure RIP)

version 2 - use RIPv2

auto-summary - enable the summarization of networks

network < network address> [wildcard mask] - specify which networks to advertise

passive-interface <interface> - disables OSPF and EIGRP route processing

default-information originate - configures OSPF to advertise the default route

## **Connectivity Commands**

Hosts:

ping <ip address> - displays the success/failure of packet transmission

tracert <ip address> - displays the path of a packet

telnet <address> - enables remote control of computers

ipconfig - displays system information

ipv6 config - displays system information

Routers:

traceroute <ip address> - displays the path of a packet

# **SSH Commands**

service password-encryption - substitutes text passwords to non-text displayed in the configuration

ip domain-name < name > - configures the domain name

crypto key generate rsa - generate RSA keys

username <username> secret <secret> - create a user with a secret password line vty <"0"> <# of lines> - open additional lines

login local - authenticate all incoming virtual terminal sessions via the local username database

transport input <all | none | telnet | ssh> - set which protocols are allowed to access the vty lines

no password remove existing vty line password
exec-timeout <minutes> <seconds> - to disable unattended connections

ip ssh version 2

ip ssh time-out <#>

ip ssh authentication-retries <#>

ssh - attempt to log in using SSH

ip ssh authentication-retries <integer> - configure a different number of consecutive SSH retries

login block-for <seconds> attempts <tries> within <seconds> - Disables logins after a specified number of failed login attempts

login quiet-mode access-class <acl-name | acl-number> - maps to an ACL that identifies the permitted hosts

login delay <seconds> - specifies a number of seconds the user must wait between unsuccessful login attempts

login on-success log - logs successful login attempts

login on-failure log - logs unsuccessful login attempts

privilege exec level <level> [command] - configure a privilege level with specific commands

#### **EIGRP Commands**

router eigrp <#> - enable EIGRP routing process

network <network address> [wildcard mask] - specify which networks to advertise passive-interface <interface> - disables OSPF and EIGRP route processing auto-summary - enable the summarization of networks

show ip eigrp neighbors - determine when neighbors become active and inactive show ip protocols - verify that the routing protocol configuration is being processed correctly

#### **Access List Commands**

```
access-list <#>... - create a standard/extended access list ip access-list standard <name> ... - create a named access list <permit | deny> ... - specify access
```

in interface configuration:

ip access-group <# | name> <out | in> - add an access-list to an interface

in vty lines:

access-class <#> <in | out> - apply ACL to the VTY lines

-----

show access-list - display currently configured ACLs

#### **DHCP Commands**

ip dhcp excluded-address *<first address> <last address> -* exclude addresses from the DHCP address pool

ip dhcp pool <name> - put into DHCP pool configuration mode

network <network address> [subnet mask] - specify which networks to advertise default-router <address> - set the default gateway

dns-server <address> - set the DNS server

in interface configuration:

ip helper-address < address > - set router as a DHCP relay agent

ip address dhcp - enable the DHCP client on an interface

\_\_\_\_\_

show ip dhcp binding - display DHCP bindings

### **NAT Commands**

ip nat <inside | outside> <"source"> <"static"> ... - create a static NAT translation in interface configuration:

ip nat <inside | outside> - configure interface to be inside/outside interfaces for NAT
 ip nat pool [dynamic] [name]<first address> <last address> <"netmask">
 <netmask> - create a NAT pool

ip nat <inside | outside> <"source"> <"list"> <# | name> <"pool"> <"dynamic">

show ip nat translation - display active Network Address Translations show ip nat statistics - display NAT statistics

# **CDP Commands**

in interface configuration:

cdp ena - enable Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) on an interface

cdp run - enable the CDP

\_\_\_\_\_

show cdp - display global CDP information

show cdp neighbors [detail] - displays detailed information about neighboring devices discovered using CDP

## **NTP Commands**

ntp server <address> - specify an NTP server

ntp update-calendar

ntp authenticate - enables authentication with an NTP server

ntp trusted-key - specifies an authentication key ID to be a trusted key

ntp authentication-key 1 md5 <key> - sets a key to authenticate with an NTP server show clock

service timestamps log datetime msec - timestamp log messages logging host <address> - specify syslog server show logging

# **Syslog & NTP Commands**

logging <address> - send log events to the Syslog server interface loopback 0 - configure a loopback interface clock set <hr://min:sec> <month> <day> <year> - manually set the clock service timestamps log datetime msec - send timestamps with logs to Syslog server ip ips notify log -

# **Backup Commands**

copy tftp running-configuration - transfer configuration from the TFTP server
Address or name of remote host []?
Source filename []?
Destination filename [running-config]?
copy flash tftp: - copy the IOS in flash to the TFTP Server
Source filename [ ]?
Address or name of remote host [ ]?
boot system flash <filename> - load the image on the next reload</filename>

### **STP Commands**

spanning-tree mode <mode> - changes the STP mode
spanning-tree vlan <VLANs> root primary - configure switch to be the primary root for
VLANs

spanning-tree portfast - causes a port to enter the spanning tree forwarding state immediately

show spanning-tree - display spanning tree configurations

# **VTP Commands**

vtp mode server - set switch as a VTP server
vtp domain ccna - set CCNA as the VTP domain name
vtp password 
vtp password > - set VTP password
vtp mode <client | transparent> - set device mode
------show vtp status - display VTP information
show vtp password - display the VTP password

## **Role-Based Views**

aaa new-model - enable AAA aaa authentication login default local - to specify that the local database be used for authentication enable [view [view-name]] - log in as the root view to configure and edit views parser view [view-name] - Create a view aaa authorization exec default local - to configure command authorization ip scp server enable - enable SCP server-side functionality

line console 0 - configure console login

login authentication default - configure AAA authentication for the console login to use the default method list

line vty 0 4

transport input ssh

login authentication <name>

# **Secure Cisco IOS Image and Configuration Files**

secure boot-image - to secure the IOS image and enable Cisco IOS image resilience secure boot-config - to take a snapshot of the router running configuration and securely archive it in persistent storage

no service password-recovery - mitigate potential security breach

# ASA Basic Configuration

Key config-key password-encryption - change the master passphrase

nameif - names the interface

security-level - sets the security level

telnet timeout - alters the default exec timeout

aaa authentication telnet console LOCAL - configures Telnet to refer to the local database

clear configure telnet - removes the telnet connection from the configuration

#### **DHCP Server**

dhcpd address - Creates a DHCP address pool

dhcpd dns - specifies the IP addresses of the DNS server

dhcpd lease - changes the lease length granted to the client

dhcpd domain - specifies the domain name assigned to the client

dhcpd enable - enables the DHCP server service on the interface

## **OSPF** Configuration

router ospf 1 - Enables OSPF routing and enters router configuration mode area 0 authentication message-digest - Configure OSPF MD 5 authentication for all the routers in area 0

Ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 <key> - In interface configuration mode, configure the MD5 key