Exercise 1

(a) Using Theorem 3.6: With $|\mathcal{H}| = 3^3 = 27$

$$\Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^m} (\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : |err_T(h) - err_D(h)| \le \epsilon) > 1 - \delta$$

$$\Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^m} (\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : |err_T(h) - err_D(h)| \le \epsilon) > 0.9$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta = 0.1$$

$$\begin{split} m &\geq \frac{1}{2\epsilon^{2}} \log \left(\frac{2|\mathcal{H}|}{\delta} \right) \\ 143 &\geq \frac{1}{2\epsilon^{2}} \log \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^{3}}{0.1} \right) \\ 143 &\geq \frac{1}{2\epsilon^{2}} (\log(54) - \log(0.1)) \\ 143 &\geq \frac{1}{2\epsilon^{2}} (\log(54) - \log(0.1)) \\ \epsilon^{2} &\geq \frac{(\log(54) - \log(0.1))}{1432} \\ |\epsilon| &\geq \sqrt{\frac{(\log(54) - \log(0.1))}{286}} \\ \Rightarrow &\epsilon &\geq \sqrt{\frac{(\log(54) - \log(0.1))}{286}} \\ \Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^{m}} \left(\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : |err_{T}(h) - err_{D}(h)| \leq \epsilon \right) > 0.9 \\ \Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^{m}} \left(\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : |0.03 - err_{D}(h)| \leq \sqrt{\frac{(\log(54) - \log(0.1))}{286}} \right) > 0.9 \\ \Rightarrow &err_{D}(h) \leq 0.03 + \sqrt{\frac{(\log(54) - \log(0.1))}{286}} \simeq 0.208149 \simeq 0.21 \end{split}$$

(b) Using Theorem 3.4:

 $\Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^m} (\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : \text{if } h \text{ is consistent with } T, \text{ then } err_D(h) \leq \epsilon) 1 - \delta$ $\Pr_{T \mathcal{D}^m} (\forall h \in \mathcal{H} : \text{if } h \text{ is consistent with } T, \text{ then } err_D(h) \leq 0.01) 0.9$ $\Rightarrow \epsilon = 0.01, \delta = 0.1$

$$m \ge \frac{1}{\epsilon} \ln \left(\frac{|\mathcal{H}|}{\delta} \right)$$

$$m \ge \frac{1}{0.01} \ln \left(\frac{3^3}{0.1} \right)$$

$$m \ge 100(\ln(27) - \ln(0.1)) \simeq 559.84$$

$$\Rightarrow m \ge 560$$

Exercise 2

Exercise 3

Exercise 4

(a) See Referencesappendix for code.

```
Final probabilities: [0.4 0.4 0.2]
3 Tracked weight vectors:
5 Round: 1 Weights:
                      [1. 1. 1.]
6 Round: 2 Weights:
                      [0.5 0.5 1.]
7 Round: 3 Weights:
                      [0.5 0.25 0.5]
8 Round: 4 Weights:
                      [0.25 0.25 0.25]
9 Round: 5 Weights:
                      [0.25 0.125 0.125]
         6 Weights:
                      [0.125
                             0.125 0.0625]
10 Round:
11 Round: 7 Weights:
                      [0.125
                                  0.0625
                                              0.04419417]
```

(b) No, the weights are always the same. This is because the loss matrix does not change throughout the algorithm, so the loss is always the same. If all the events still happen in the sequence, only in a different order, this won't have an effect as the loss will still be included in the updated weight.

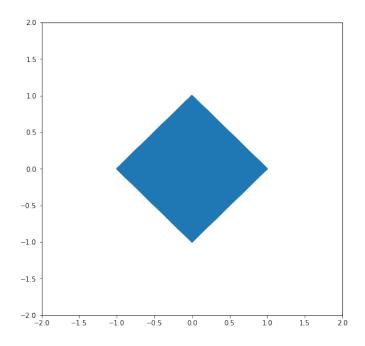
Exercise 5

(a) See Referencesappendix for code.

```
Probabilities:
Round: 1 Probabilities:
                            [0.33 0.33 0.33]
4 Round: 2 Probabilities:
                            [0.46 0.27 0.27]
                            [0.28 0.51 0.21]
5 Round: 3 Probabilities:
6 Round: 4 Probabilities:
                            [0.25 0.42 0.33]
8 Weight vectors:
10 Round: 1 Weights:
                      [1. 1. 1.]
                      [2.83 1.
11 Round: 2 Weights:
                                1.
12 Round: 3 Weights:
                      [2.83 8.48 1.
Round: 4 Weights:
                      [2.83 8.48 5.32]
```

(b) $w_1^{(4)}$ and $w_3^{(4)}$ are different because with $\gamma=0.5$ we put a certain weight on exploration. Therefore, even with the same reward, different actions can have different weights as γ is part of the weight updating calculation.

Exercise 6



- (a)
- (b) The shape of $B_1^3 \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ would look like a octahedron.

Appendix

Code for Exercise 4

```
import numpy as np
  def mwu_algorithm(loss_matrix, events, rounds, alpha):
      # initial weight vector of 1s
      weights = np.ones((loss_matrix.shape[0]))
      weights_tracking = {}
      weights_tracking[0] = weights
      # more convenient to loop through rounds and events
      rounds_arr = [i for i in range(rounds)]
      for round, event in zip(rounds_arr, events):
11
          # getting the current probabilities, not really needed here
          p = probabilities(weights)
13
          # need to use event-1 as events start at 1 but indexing at 0 \,
          weights = np.power((1 - alpha), loss_matrix[:, event-1]) * weights
          # loss isn't really needed
          loss = calculate_loss(loss_matrix, p, event-1)
17
          weights_tracking[round+1] = weights
18
19
      return p, weights_tracking
21
  def probabilities(weights):
      return weights / np.sum(weights)
23
def calculate_loss(loss_matrix, probabilities, event):
     return np.sum(probabilities * loss_matrix[:, event])
```

Code for Exercise 5

```
import numpy as np
 from copy import deepcopy
  def exp3(gamma, rounds, actions, rewards):
      weights = np.ones((len(actions)))
      rounds_arr = [i for i in range(rounds)]
      n = len(actions)
      # for tracking weights and probabilities
      weights_tracking = {}
      probabilities_tracking = {}
      weights_tracking[0] = np.ones(len(actions))
11
      probabilities_tracking[0] = probability_dist(weights, gamma)
13
      for round, action in zip(rounds_arr, actions):
14
          probabilities = probability_dist(weights, gamma)
          probabilities_tracking[round] = probabilities
          reward = rewards[action]
16
          weights = update_weights(weights, reward, probabilities, action,
     gamma)
          weights_tracking[round + 1] = deepcopy(weights)
18
19
      probabilities_tracking[rounds] = probability_dist(weights, gamma)
20
      return weights_tracking, probabilities_tracking
21
  def probability_dist(weights, gamma):
      return (1 - gamma) * (weights / np.sum(weights)) + gamma / len(weights)
24
25
  def update_weights(weights, reward, probabilities, action, gamma):
26
      n = len(weights)
27
      # only update chosen action
28
      weights[action] = weights[action] * np.exp((gamma * reward) / (n *
29
     probabilities[action]))
      return weights
action_seq = np.array([ 1, 2, 3 ])
^{34} rewards = np.array([ 3, 5, 3 ]) * np.log(2)
weights, probs = exp3(gamma=0.5, rounds=3, actions=action_seq - 1, rewards=
     rewards)
38 print(f'Probabilities: \n')
39 for key, val in probs.items():
  print(f'Round:\t{key + 1}\tProbabilities:\t{val.round(2)}')
```

```
41
42 print(f'\nWeight vectors: \n')
43 for key, val in weights.items():
44    print(f'Round:\t{key + 1}\tWeights:\t{val.round(2)}')
```