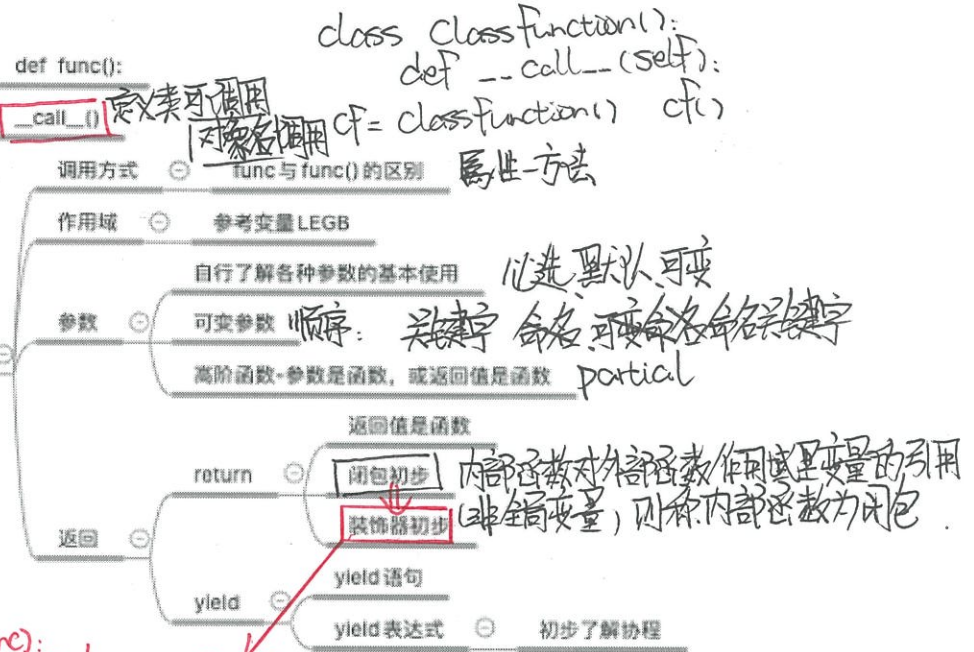
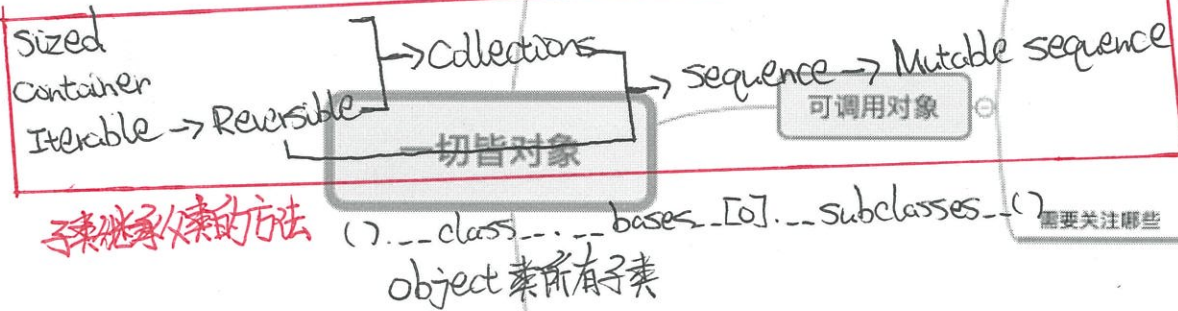
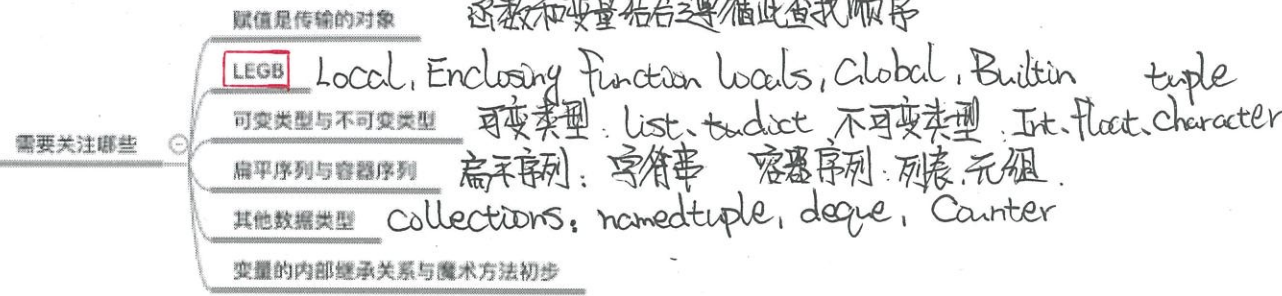
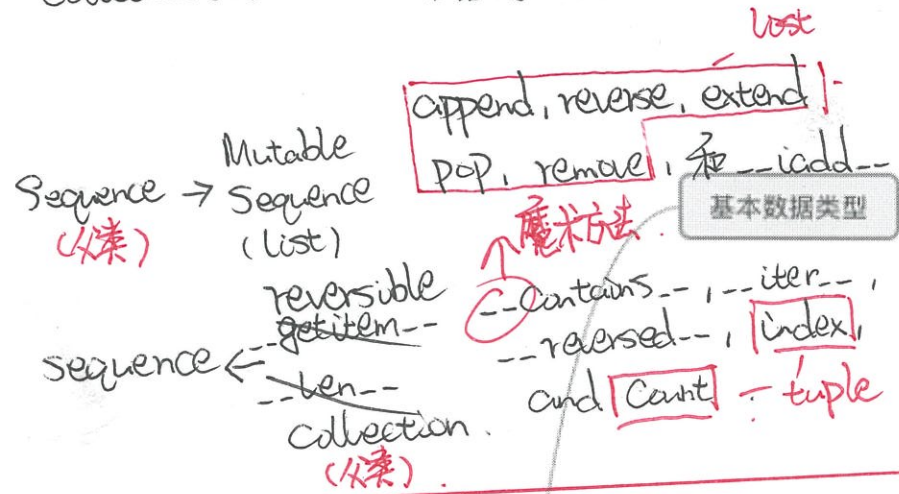


比较函数和对象类的实例化的默认属性(魔术方法) (1). `--class`  
`set(dir(func)) - set(dir(obj))`  
`collections.abc` --- 容器抽象基类

推导式语法: [表达式 for 迭代变量 in 可迭代对象 if 条件]  
 不可变类型传对象, 可变类型传对象引用.



A shallow copy constructs a new compound object and then (to the extent possible) inserts references into it to the objects found in the original.

A deep copy constructs a new compound object and then, recursively, inserts copies into it of the objects found in the original.

eg: `def decorator(func):  
 @decorator  
 def inner():  
 print('in decorator')  
 print('do something')  
 func()  
 return inner`  
`@decorator  
def target():  
target = decorator(target)`