Q.P. Code: MCA24A103 / MCA23A103

# St. Philomena's College (Autonomous), Mysore I Sem MCA-Final / Supplementary Examination: May/June - 2025 Subject: COMPUTER APPLICATION

Title: Computer Networks

Max.Marks:70 **Duration: 3 Hours** Instruction: Answer all Sections PART A  $5 \times 4 = 20$ Answer all questions. 1. Explain the components of data communication with a block diagram. 2. Explain the two types of errors with an example bit pattern. 3. Explain the two ways used to Map address to a name. 4. List and define the four categories of active security attacks. 5. Explain principle of Public key cryptosystem with a neat diagram. PART B  $1 \times 10 = 10$ Answer ONE of the following: 6. Explain the TCP/IP model with a neat block diagram. 7. Explain with a diagram circuit switching and packet switching PART C  $1 \times 10 = 10$ Answer ONE of the following: 8. Check if transmission error exists or not? sent data:100100, Received Data:100100001 with the generator polynomial -9. What is routing and forwarding? Explain the different parameters that effect network layer performance. PART D  $1 \times 10 = 10$ Answer ONE of the following: 10. a. Explain client-server paradigm of application layer with a neat diagram. b. Explain Static ,Dynamic and Active documents with examples 11. Describe briefly the Go-Back N Protocol with a neat flow diagram. PART E  $1 \times 10 = 10$ Answer ONE of the following: 12. Explain the working of DES with a block diagram. 13 Explain any four security attacks and security mechanisms in Cryptography. PTO

#### PART F

# Answer ONE of the following:

1×10=10

14. Explain the working of RSA algorithm? Using RSA encrypt "SECURITY" for given prime nos 7 & 13. Find the Encryption & Decryption key. Also decyrt the

15. Explain secure Hash Algorithm with an example.

# St. Philomena's College (Autonomous), Mysore I Sem MCA Final / Supplementary Examination: May/June - 2025 Subject: COMPUTER APPLICATION

Title: Operating System & Linux

D	uration: 3	Hours			Max.N	Marks:70
In	struction:	Answer all Se	ctions			
			P	ART A		
	Answer	all questions.				5×4=20
1	List the	briefly define th	ne four main e	elements of a computer.	3	
2	Define p	rocess. What c	common event	ts lead to the creation of a process?	3	
3	. What is	segmentation?	Explain with	a neat diagram.		
4	Explain	tree structured	directory struc	cture.		
		about schedulir				
				ART B		
	Answer	ONE of the fo				
-				? Explain the types of system calls	with	6
0.		ples.	y system can	: Explain the types of system cans	*1111	
			mming and tir	me sharing system with examples.		4
				OR		
7.	a) What	is cache memor	ry? Explain s	ingle and three level cache memory.		5
	b) Explai	in various opera	ating system s	services.	1.0	5
				ART C		
	Answer	ONE of the fe	ollowing:			
8		e requirements		cclusion.	2,	5
0.				es of information in a process contro	l block	5
	b) Explai	ii tiic tinee gen	ciai categorie	OR	· Olocki	
					D' . C	10
9.	Calculate	the average wa	aiting time by	drawing Gantt chart using FCFS (I and RR (Round Robin) (q=2ms) alg	orithms for	10
		ving processes.		and the (trouble troom) (4 mins) and		
	Process	Arrival time	Burst time			
	PI	0	8			
	P2		4			
	P3	2	9			

P4

PTO

### PART D

	Answer ONE of the following:	
10.	a) What is the deadlock? What are the necessary conditions for the deadlock to occur?	5
	b) Describe the resource allocation graph.	5
	i) With deadlock ii) With a cycle but no deadlock	
	ii) With a cycle but no deadlock  OR	
11.	a) What is demand paging? Discuss with a neat diagram steps to handle page fault.	7
	b) What do you mean by "role out, roll in" in swapping?	3
	PART E	
	Answer ONE of the following:	
12.	a) Explain in detail various file operations in a file system.	7
	b) Write the three classification of users in connection with each file with an example.	3
	OR	
13.	a) Explain FCFS and SCAN disk scheduling techniques in detail.	7
	b) Explain any three common file types.	3
	PART F	
	Answer ONE of the following:	
14.	a) With a neat diagram explain the components of a Linux System.	7
	b) Explain fork () and exec() process model.	3
	OR	
15.	a) What do you mean by redirection? Explain its use in Linux with example.	6
	b) What is Is command? Give the general syntax and any two options of Is command.	4

Q.P. Code: MCA24A202 / MCA23A202

## St. Philomena's College (Autonomous), Mysore I Sem MCA Final / Supplementary Examination: May/June - 2025 Subject: COMPUTER APPLICATION

	Title: Business Systems	
Du	ration: 3 Hours Max.	Marks:70
Ins	truction: Answer all Sections	
	PART A	
	Answer all questions.	5×4=20
1.	Discuss briefly information systems with an example.	
2.	Describe the process of developing IS Solutions, with a neat diagram.	
3.	Illustrate Organisational Planning with a neat diagram and explain he significance.	7
	What constitutes a cross-functional enterprise application? Provide an example for the same.  Explain the integration of IT into business operations, supported by a diagram.	L.
	PART B	
	Answer ONE of the following:	1×10=10
6	Elaborate on the fundamental roles in business, considering an example case study.	1×10-10
	Examine & enumerate current trends in information systems and their implications.	
	PART C	
	Answer ONE of the following:	1 10 10
8	Discuss the challenges commonly faced in IT careers.	1×10=10
	Explain the various resources involved in information systems management and their roles.	
	PART D	
	Answer ONE of the following:	1×10=10
10.	Explain the Scenario approach used in business analysis.	
11.	Describe the process and significance of SWOT analysis in strategic planning.	
	PART E	
	Answer ONE of the following:	1×10=10
12	Explain briefly the functionality and importance of transaction processing systems	1×10-10
	in organizations.	
13.	Explain collaboration systems and their role in enhancing communication and productivity.	
		PTC

#### PART F

## Answer ONE of the following:

1×10=10

- 14. Describe briefly manufacturing systems with an example.
- 15. Explain the functions and benefits of human resource systems in organizational management.

Q.P. Code: MCA24A101 / MCA23A101

## St Philomena's College (Autonomous), Mysuru

## I Semester MCA - Final / Supplementary Examination: May / June - 2025

## Subject: COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Title: Data Structure and Problem Solving Using C

Tim	21	Hours Maximum	Marks: 70
1 1111	e; 5 I	PART – A	
			× 5 = 20
1.		What is operator precedence in C? Explain with an example involving logical and arithmet	ic
		operators.	
2.		What is Dynamic memory allocation? Differentiate between Malloc and Calloc with examp	oles.
3.		What is recursion in C? Write a C function to find the factorial of a number?	18
4.		What are the advantages of linked list over other data structures?	
5.		What is Binary search tree? How do you build a Binary search tree?	
		PART-B	
		Answer any ONE of the following:	$\times$ 10 = 10
6.	a)	What are the different types of loop constructs used in C? Explain any two looping	06
		structures with examples.	
	b)	What are functions in C? Illustrate the use of functions with Parameters and return values.	04
7.	a)	Write a C program to solve a quadratic equation and find its roots.	06
	b)	Differentiate structure and union with example.	04
		PART-C	
		Answer any ONE of the following:	× 10 = 10
8.	a)	Define a string ADT? Illustrate with a code snippet how character string is stored	06
		dynamically in Memory?	
	b)	Define Pointer in C? Illustrate with an example the declaration and intialisation of pointer	? 04
9.	a)	What is an ADT for varying length character strings? Explain its implementation.	07
	b)	What are the uses of free() and Realloc?	0.3
		PART-D	
		Answer any ONE of the following:	$1 \times 10 = 10$
10.	a)	List the basic operations of Queue. Illustrate with code snippet any two queue operations.	05
	b)	Write a C function to perform PUSH and POP operation on stack.	05
11.	a)	Write a C program to transform a given infix expression to postfix form. Trace your	08
		program for the below infix expression. (A+B)∧(C*D)	
	b)	What are the advantages of circular queue?	02
			PTO

### PART-E

		Answer any ONE of the following:	1 ×	10 = 10
12.	a)	Explain the role of getnode( ) function in Linked list implementation.		02
	b)	Explain the insertion and deletion operations of a node in a circular linked list with snippet.	a code	08
13.	a)	With a neat diagram, explain how a new node can be inserted at front, end and in b	etween	08
		on a doubly linked list.	3	
	b)	What are the disadvantages of singly linked list? How is it overcome?	1	02
		PART-F		
		Answer any ONE of the following:	1 ×	10 = 10
14.	a)	Define the following:		06
		i) Strictly Binary tree		
		ii) Completely Binary tree		
	b)	Define depth, height, leaf and internal node in a binary tree with an example.		04
15.		Explain with an Algorithm and diagram the different Tree Traversal mechanisms.		10
			5 .	

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# St. Philomena's College (Autonomous), Mysore I Sem MCA Final / Supplementary Examination: May/June - 2025 Subject: COMPUTER APPLICATION

Title: Computer Organisation and Architecture

I	uration: 3 Hours Max.N	larks:70
1	struction: Answer all Sections	
	PART A	
	Answer all questions.	5×4=20
	What are the different forms of representing Boolean functions? Give example for each.	
	What is full Adder? Realise full Adder using two Half Adders.	
1	What is Assembler Directive? Explain any 4 Assembler Directive with examples.	
-	Explain the process of Instruction Execution.	
	What is a Bench Mark Program? Explain its use.	
	PART B	
	Answer ONE of the following:	
	a) Obtain the minimal expression for the Boolean functions using K-MAP in both SOP and POS.	6
	$f = \sum m (2,3,4,8,9,10,12,14) + dc (5,11,15)$ b) Convert (225.225) <sub>10</sub> to binary. Octal and Hexadecimal.	4
	OR	
	a) Simplify the following Boolean function to the specified numbers of literals.  (A+C+D) (A+C+D¹) (A+C+D) (A+B¹) to 4 literals.	6
	b) Perform Subtraction using 1's complement and 2's complement method for the following.	
	1100 - 110001	
	. What is the need of look ahead carry adder? Explain the design and implementation of 4 bit full adder with look ahead carry.  OR	10
	a) Implement the following Boolean functions using appropriate MUX. $f = \sum_{i=1}^{n} m(0,1,3,4,8,9,15)$	5
	b) Explain the operation of clocked RSFF with a neat circuit diagram. Obtain the characteristic table and characteristic equation.	5
		DTO

10. What is I/O interfacing? Explain I/O mapped I/O and memory mapped I/O clearly bringing out the differences between the two.  OR	10
11. a) What is addressing mode? Identify the addressing mode of the following instruction:  MOVE A, # 20  MOVE 20(R <sub>1</sub> ). R <sub>2</sub>	3
b) What is an Interrupt and Maskable Interrupt? Explain multiple Bus structure arrangement to connect I/O devices to the computer with a neat diagram.	7
12. a) Explain the operation of 16×8 memory organization with a neat diagram.	7
b) Differentiate between Serial Access memories and random access memories.	3
OR	
13. a) Explain conditional Branching and unconditional Branching with suitable	4
examples. b) What do you mean by multilevel interrupts? Explain how multilevel interrupts are realized with a neat diagram.	6
14. a) Explain how to determine the SPEC rating for computer under test.	6
b) State & explain the basic performance equation.	4
OR	
15. a) Identify the addressing mode and type of instruction of the following :  JNZ BACK  ADD A,[R <sub>0</sub> ]	4
b) Write an assembly language program to find the SUM and Average of ten 8 bit numbers.	6

### St. Philomena's College (Autonomous) Mysore PG I Semester C3 Examination May/June 2025 Subject: Computer Applications

Title: Mathematical Foundations for Computer Science

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

# PART - A Answer any four of the following

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

1. Define mean and mode with an suitable example.

2. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & 7 \\ -6 & 0 & 8 \\ 7 & -8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .  
Verify  $(A + B)C = AC + BC$ .

- 3. Explain the steps involved in Gauss Jordan method. Further, give the computational count in the Gauss Jordan method.
- 4. Validate the following statement "The composition of functions is commutative".
- Define Eulerian trail with an example. Draw two different cubic graphs with six vertices and nine edges.

#### Part - B

#### Answer ONE of the following:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

6. (a) Find the arithmetic mean from the following distribution

r:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
f:	5	9	12	17	14	10	6

(b) Evaluate the appropriate measure of dispersion from the following data

Income (in Rs.)	:	Less than 50	50-70	70—90	90-110	110-130	130-150	Above 150
No. of persons	:	54	100	140	300	230	125	51

(4+6)

- 7. (a) Prove that for any discrete distribution standard deviation is not less than mean deviation from mean.
  - (b) Calculate the mean deviation from mean for the following data

Part - C

#### Answer ONE of the following:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

- 8. (a) Define the following with suitable examples.
  - (i) Vector space, (ii) Basis of a vector space and (iii) Orthogonal vectors.
  - (b) Verify whether the set  $\{(1,1,2),(1,2,0),(0,2,1)\}$  is linearly dependent or not in the vector space  $V = \mathbb{R}^3(\mathbb{R})$ . (6+4)
  - 9. (a) Find the inverse of the following matrix by employing elementary

transformations  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(b) List the properties of determinants. Without expanding the determinant,

prove that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} x+4 & x & x \\ x & x+4 & x \\ x & x & x+4 \end{vmatrix} = 16(3x+4).$$
 (5+5)

Answer ONE of the following:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

- 10. (a) If x + y + z = 9, 2x 3y + 4z = 13 and 3x + 4y + 5z = 40. Find x, y and z by the Gauss elimination method.
  - (b) Solve the following equation using LU decomposition method  $x_1 + x_2 = 2, 2x_1 + 3x_2 = 5.$  (5+5)
- 11. Solve the system of equation by Gauss-Seidel iterative method  $45x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 58, -3x_1 + 22x_2 + 2x_3 = 47, 5x_1 + x_2 + 20x_3 = 67.$  (10)

Part - E

Answer ONE of the following:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

12. (a) Consider these relations on the set of integers  $R_1 = \{(a,b)/a \leq b\},\ R_2 = \{(a,b)/a > b\},$ 

$$R_3 = \{(a, b)/a = b \text{ or } a = -b\},\$$
  
 $R_4 = \{(a, b)/a = b\},\$   
 $R_5 = \{(a, b)/a = b + 1\},\$   
 $R_6 = \{(a, b)/a + b \le 3\}.$ 

Which of these relations are reflexive, symmetric and transitive? Justify.

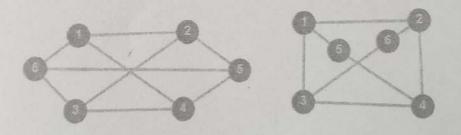
- (b) Determine whether the function f from the set  $\{a, b, c, d\}$  to  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  with f(a) = 4, f(b) = 5, f(c) = 1, f(d) = 4 is one one and onto. (6+4)
- 13. (a) State the Pigeon hole principle. What is the minimum number of students required in a discrete mathematics class to be sure at least six will receive the same grade, if there are five possible grades A, B, C, D, E and F?
- (b) Define the inverse of a function. Further, justify whether the function  $f: \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$  defined by f(x) = x + 1 is invertible or not. (6+4)

Part - F

Answer any three from the following:

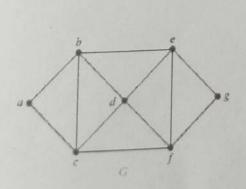
 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

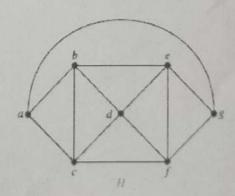
- 14. (a) State and prove the Hand Shaking lemma.
  - (b) Show that the following graphs are isomorphic.



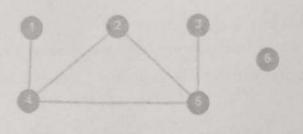
(5+5)

15. (a) State the four color theorem. Further, compute the chromatic number of the following graphs G and H.





(b) Identify pendant, isolated even and odd vertices of the following graph.



(5+5)

\*\*\*\*\*