Chapter 1

Maintenance Manual

1.1 System Overview

The maintenance manual provides the details of the ETCAPS implementation as well as instructions for future work. The system implements several neural network architectures including Equivariant Transformer (ET), ETCaps, Self Routing Capsules (SRCaps), and ResNet20.

1.2 Installation Instructions

1.2.1 System Requirements

- Operating System: Windows, Linux, or macOS
- Hardware: CUDA-compatible GPU, High Performance Computer Cluster for training
- RAM: 16GB minimum
- Disk Space: 10GB for code, datasets, and model checkpoints

1.2.2 Software Dependencies

- Python 3.8
- PyTorch 1.8 with CUDA support
- Python packages: see req.txt. Omitted for lack of space.

1.2.3 Installation Steps

For installation instructions, see the user manual.

1.3 System Architecture

1.3.1 Directory Structure

```
Equivariant-Transformer-Capsule-Networks/
                         # Main entry point for training models
main.py
eval_classification.py # Script for evaluating classification accuracy
                         # Classification accuracy utility functions
class_acc.py
train.sh
                         # SLURM job submission script
src/
                         # Core source code
    coordinates.py
                        # Coordinate manipulation utilities
    datasets.py
                        # Dataset loading and preprocessing
                        # Grid sampling for transformations
    grid_sampler.py
                        # Loss functions
    loss.py
                        # Model architectures
    models.py
                        # Network components
    networks.py
    norb.py
                        # smallNORB dataset handling
    resnet.py
                        # ResNet implementation
                        # Training functions
    train.py
    transformers.py
                        # Transformer implementations
liederiv/
                         # Lie derivative evaluation code
                        # End-to-end equivariance evaluation
    exps_e2e.py
    lee/
                        # Lie derivative implementation
```

1.3.2 Model Checkpoints Structure

Model checkpoints are saved in directories named after the dataset, model, and experimental condition:

```
cifar10/  # Dataset name
et/  # Model name
  cifar10_best_32_1.pth # Best checkpoint (32 caps, depth 1)
resnet20/  # ResNet20 model
  cifar10_best_32_1.pth
srcaps/  # SRCaps model
  cifar10_best_32_1.pth
```

1.3.3 Temporary Files

During training and evaluation, the following temporary files may be created:

- *.pth.tmp Temporary checkpoints during model saving
- *.log Log files for training progress

1.3.4 Dataset Preparation

The first time you run the training script, datasets will be automatically downloaded. Alternatively, you can pre-download them to the data/ directory.

1.4 Source Code Documentation

1.4.1 Key Source Files

Table 1.1: Source Code Files and Their Roles File Entry point for training models with commandmain.py line argument parsing Script for evaluating classification accuracy on test eval_classification.py sets Model architecture definitions for ET, ETCaps, src/models.py SRCaps, and ResNet20 src/transformers.py Implementations of equivariant transformers src/networks.py Equivariant Transformer components src/train.py Training loop functions src/datasets.py Dataset loading and preprocessing utilities liederiv/exps_e2e.py End-to-end equivariance evaluation using Lie derivatives

1.4.2 Crucial Constants

Table 1.2: Important Constants in the Codebase

Constant	Location
Dataset configurations	src/datasets.py:DATASET_CONFIGS
Viewpoint experiment types	src/datasets.py:VIEWPOINT_EXPS
Coordinate system limits	<pre>src/transformers.py (in each transformer class)</pre>
Learning rate schedules	main.py (in main_worker function)

1.5 Memory and Space Requirements

1.5.1 Disk Space Requirements

• CIFAR-10 Dataset: 340MB

• SVHN Dataset: 61MB

• smallNORB Dataset: 1.67GB

• Model Checkpoints: 3-6 MB per model

• Total: 1 GB for basic setup, 10 GB with multiple trained models and results

1.5.2 Memory Requirements

• Training ET model: 2-3 GB GPU memory

• Training ETCaps model: 5-6 GB GPU memory

• Training SRCaps model: 4-5 GB GPU memory

• Training ResNet20 model: 1-2 GB GPU memory

• RAM usage: 8 GB during training with batch size 64

1.6 Main Classes and Methods

1.6.1 Model Architectures

- ETCaps (in src/models.py): Equivariant Transformer Capsule Network model
- ET (in src/models.py): Equivariant Transformer model with ResNet backbone
- SRCaps (in src/models.py): Self Routing Capsule model with ResNet backbone.
- ResNet20 (in src/resnet.py): 20-layer ResNet model with average pooling and final classification layer

1.6.2 Other Components

- Transformer (in src/transformers.py): Base class of a Transformer. Other specific equivariant transformers inherit from this class, using their specific canonical coordinates.
- TransformerSequence (in src/transformers.py): Combines a collection of transformers in sequence
- TransformerLayer (in src/networks.py): Wrapper class for TransformerSequence that implements ET layer in ETCAPS architecture.

1.6.3 Training and Evaluation Functions

- train_epoch (in src/train.py): Function for training a single epoch
- validate (in src/train.py): Function for validation during training
- test (in train.py): Function for calculating classification accuracy
- get_metrics (in liederiv/lee/lie_derivs.py): Computes and returns equivariance errors for all transformations.

1.7 Future Improvements

- Implement additional equivariant transformations for more transformation groups, including 3D transformation groups.
- Add support for self-supervised learning approaches
- Implement learned coordinate system transforms so that no prior knowledge of domain is required.
- Add support for more datasets including 3DIEBench.
- Add a hyperparameter tuning pipeline.

1.8 Known Issues and Bugs

- Training can sometimes be unstable.
 - Try to tune the hyperparameters for faster and more stable convergence.
- CUDA Out of Memory: This error typically occurs when the GPU runs out of memory during training. To mitigate this:
 - Reduce Batch Size: Decreasing the number of samples processed simultaneously can significantly lower memory usage.
 - Simplify Model Architecture: Reducing the number of capsules or the depth of the network can help reduce memory usage.
- Training Divergence: If the training process becomes unstable or the loss increases uncontrollably:
 - Lower Learning Rate: A high learning rate can cause the model to overshoot minima, leading to divergence.
 - Increase Weight Decay: Adding regularisation can prevent overfitting and stabilize training by penalizing large weights.

• Dependency Errors: You might encounter errors such as:

ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'typing_extensions' ImportError: numpy.core.multiarray failed to import

To resolve these:

- Install Missing Packages: Use pip install typing-extensions or pip install numpy to install the required modules.
- Ensure Compatibility: Make sure that the versions of installed packages are compatible with each other and with your Python environment.
- Reinstall in Virtual Environment: If issues persist, consider setting up a new virtual environment and reinstalling dependencies to avoid conflicts.

1.9 Extending the Framework

1.9.1 Adding New Models

To add a new model:

- 1. Create a new class in src/models.py that inherits from nn.Module
- 2. Implement the __init__ and forward methods
- 3. Add the model to the model factory in src/models.py
- 4. Update the command-line argument parsing in main.py

1.9.2 Adding New Datasets

To add a new dataset:

- 1. Create dataset loading functions in src/datasets.py
- 2. Add the dataset to the dataset factory in src/datasets.py
- 3. Update the command-line argument parsing in main.py

1.9.3 Adding New Equivariance Metrics

To add new equivariance metrics:

- 1. Implement the metric in liederiv/lee/lie_derivs.py
- 2. Add the metric to the evaluation function in liederiv/exps_e2e.py
- 3. Update the CSV output format to include the new metric