```
They said [1].

sage: r,B = var('r,B')

sage: f = (x*r*B)/((1-x)^2 * (1-x*r))

sage: f.partial_fraction(x)

-\frac{Br^2}{(r^2-2r+1)(rx-1)} + \frac{Br}{(r^2-2r+1)(x-1)} - \frac{Br}{(r-1)(x-1)^2}
```

1

2

3

Sage can compute 1 + 1 = 2.

Hello! This is a new release  $\xi$ .

This is a separate file.

Hidden message in 530298286010803.

## Referenties

[1] A.Nonymous. Ti tle. 2017.