

# **Topic 4: Functions**



University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

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# String Formatting

What is the value of x after the following code executes:

```
x = "{1} {0} {1}".format("S", "O", "Y")
```

- "S 0 Y"
- "SOY"

String Formatting

- "0 S 0"
- "Y O Y"
- "0S0"

String Formatting

# Poll Question: String Formatting

What is the value of x after the following code executes:

```
1 import math
2 x = "\{1:.3f\} \{0:.2f\} \{2:.4f\}".format(math.pi, math.e, math.
     tau)
```

- SyntaxError
- "2.718 3.14 6.2832"
- "2.71 3.1 6.283"
- "3.142 2.72 6.2832"

#### **Function Overview**

# Poll Questions: Making Functions

What bugs are in the following code?

```
1 def add_one(x):
2 return x + 1
4 x = 2
s x = x + add_one(x)
```

- No bugs. The code is fine.
- The function body is not indented.
- We use x as both a parameter and a variable, but we are not allowed to do that.
- B and C



- In Python indentation is both **syntactic** and **semantic**.
- These three programs are all different even through they have the same text

```
1 def test():
                       def test():
                                              1 def test():
print('first')
                          print('first')
                                                 print('first')
3 print('second')
                        print('second')
                                                 print('second')
                      5 test()
                                               test()
5 test()
```

# Poll Question: Calling Functions

What is the result of running the following code?

```
1 def test():
print('first')
3 print('second')
4 test()
```

- SyntaxError
- B first
- first 0 second
- IndentationError
- second 0 first

What is the result of running the following code?

```
1 def test():
    print('first')
3 print('second')
4 test()
     SyntaxError
  B
       first
       first
  0
       second
          first
  D
       second
       second
```

first

# Poll Question: Calling Functions

What is the result of running the following code?

```
1 def test():
    print('first')
    print('second')
4 test()
      SyntaxError
  B
       first
       first
  0
       second
          first
  D
       second
       second
       first
```

# Function Definition Template

#### Function Definitions vs Function Calls

#### **Function Definition:**

```
def product_of_three(num1, num2, num3):
   product = num1 * num2 * num3
   return product
```

#### Function Definitions vs Function Calls

#### **Function Definition:**

```
1 def product_of_three(num1, num2, num3):
   product = num1 * num2 * num3
   return product
```

#### **Function Call:**

```
1 foo = product_of_three(1, 2, 3) # x = 6
_2 bar = product_of_three(1, 5, 3) # x = 15
3 \text{ baz} = \text{product\_of\_three}(2, 5, 3) \# x = 30
4 \text{ qux} = \text{product\_of\_three}(2, 5, 5) \# x = 50
```

Function Polls 00000000

### Poll Question: Function Scope

#### What value is printed?

```
1 def do_thing(var1):
    var1 = 2
4 \text{ var1} = 1
5 do_thing(var1)
6 print(var1)
```

- SyntaxError



# Poll Question: Function Scope

#### What value is printed?

```
def do_thing(var1):
    var1.append(4)

var1 = [1, 2, 3]

do_thing(var1)
print(len(var1))
```

- **(A)**
- **B** 3
- **3** 4
- SyntaxError



Function Polls 000000000

# Poll Questions: Function Scope

#### What value is printed?

```
1 def do_thing(var1):
    var1 = [1, 2, 3, 4]
4 \text{ var1} = [1, 2, 3]
5 do_thing(var1)
6 print(len(var1))
```

- 4
- TypeError
- SyntaxError



# Poll Questions: Making Functions

```
1 def f1():
                       1 def f2():
                                                1 def f3():
                           print(5)
                                                    return print(5)
    return 5
```

Function Polls 000000000

Considering the previous functions, which of the following assigns x to 5?

- $\triangle$  x = f1()
- **B** x = f2()
- All of the above
- None of the above



#### Poll Question: Function Parameters

#### What is x equal to?

```
def do_thing(v1, v2, v3):
   a = v2
   b = v1 + v3
   print(a * b)
6 x = do_{thing}(3, 2, 1)
```

- None
- 6



# Poll Questions: Nesting Functions

Given the following function, what value is returned by f(f(2))?

Function Polls 000000000

```
1 def f(x):
   return 3 * x
```

- 12
- 18

#### Poll Question: Return Count

#### How many values does the following function return?

```
1 def return_stuff():
   return "hello"
   return "world"
   return "foo"
   return "bar"
```

Function Polls 000000000



### Key Takeaways

Most important takeaways from today's lecture:

- print() is not the same as return
  - $\triangle$  print()  $\rightarrow$ Prints to the monitor. It does not give you a value you can work with.
  - return →lsn't used to print things to the screen. It's used to give data back after a function has finished doing stuff.
- A function only returns **once**. No matter how many return statements you put in the program the only one that matters is the first one that's reached.

#### Review



### Poll Question

What is the type of x after the following code runs?

 $1 \times = ()$ 

- Set
- Dictionary
- List
- Tuple

### Poll Question

What is the the type of x after the following code runs?

 $_{1} x = \{\}$ 

- Set
- B Dictionary
- List
- Tuple

#### Poll Question

What is the type of x after the following code runs?

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- Set
- Dictionary
- List
- Tuple

# Poll Question: Appending

What is the correct way to put the value 4 at the end of a list referenced by x?

- x.append(4)
- x = x.append(3)
- x.add(4)
- A & B



# Poll Question: Appending

What is the correct way to combine two sets x and y and update x such that it contains the resulting combination?

- x.union(y)
- x = x.update(y)
- x.update(y)
- x = x.union(y)
- A & B (use ?)
- C & D (use all options)

# Poll Question: Appending

Given two dictionaries, x and y, how do you combine them such that x contains the result of the operation?

- x.update(y)
- x.union(y)
- x = x + y
- x = x.update(y)

#### Reminders

# Weekly Reminders

- No reading/post-reading due tomorrow
- B Homework 4 due tomorrow
- Use the extra time to study

