

상세

형상 관리

• GitLab

이슈 관리

• Jira

커뮤니케이션

- Mattermost
- Notion

IDE

- Intellij CE 2023.1.3
- Visual Studio Code

Server

- AWS EC2 t2.xlarge
 - O Ubuntu 20.04
 - o Docker 24.0.6
 - O Nginx 1.18.0

Frontend

- React 18.2.0
 - o next.js 14.0
- node.js 18.16.1
- tailwind 3.3.3
- redux 6.0.0

Backend

- Java OpenJDK 11
- SpringBoot
- Gradle
- Spring Data JPA
- Lombok
- Hibernate

Database

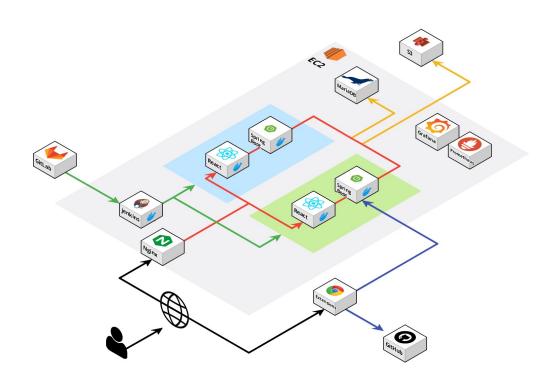
• MariaDB

Infra

- Jenkins 2.414.1
- docker-compose 2.16.0

- prometheus 2.47.0
- grafana 10.1.2

Infra



SSH 연결 방법(MobaXterm)

- MobaXterm을 실행한 뒤 Session → SSH Basic SSH settings와 Advanced SSH settings에서 필요한 항목 기입. Remote host에 서버 주소 입력
- Specify username, 접속할 아이디 입력 (ex: ubuntu) Use private key, PEM 키 파일 등록

EC2 인스턴스에 설치된 패키지 목록 업데이트, 업그레이드

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get upgrade

EC2 타임존 한국 표준시로 설정

```
date //현재 타임존 확인
sudo timedatectl set-timezone Asia/Seoul //타임존 한국 표준시로 설정
```

UFW(Ubuntu 방화벽 설정 도구) 설정

```
sudo ufw default deny incoming // 모든 인바운드 연결 차단, 모든 아웃바운드 연결 허용
sudo ufw default allow outgoing
sudo ufw allow ssh // 22번 포트 허용 -> 유의! 허용안하고 방화벽 키면 SSH 접속 안됨.
sudo ufw allow http // 80번 포트 허용
sudo ufw allow https // 443번 포트 허용
sudo ufw enable //방화벽 켜기
```

Nginx 설정

```
sudo apt-get install nginx //nginx 설치
```

```
// etc/nginx/nginx.conf
// 추가 설정은 etc/nginx/conf.d/*.conf 로 만들면 된다.
user www-data;
worker_processes auto;
pid /run/nginx.pid;
include /etc/nginx/modules-enabled/*.conf;
events {
 worker_connections 768;
 # multi_accept on;
}
http {
  # Basic Settings
  tcp_nopush on;
  tcp_nodelay on;
  keepalive_timeout 65;
  types_hash_max_size 2048;
  # server_tokens off;
 # server names hash bucket size 64:
  # server_name_in_redirect off;
  include /etc/nginx/mime.types;
  default_type application/octet-stream;
  upstream backend-service {
      server cogit.kr:8080;
      keepalive 100;
  upstream frontend-service {
      server cogit.kr:3000;
      keepalive 100;
  upstream sonar {
     server 127.0.0.1:9000 fail_timeout=0;
  # HTTP 서버 설정
  server {
```

```
# 80 포트에서 들어오는 HTTP 요청을 수신
   listen 80;
  # 요청을 처리할 도메인 이름
   server_name cogit.kr www.cogit.kr;
  # 서버 버전 정보 숨기기 (보안상의 이유)
   server_tokens off;
  # 모든 HTTP 요청을 HTTPS로 리다이렉트
   location / {
      return 301 https://$server_name$request_uri;
}
# HTTPS 서버 설정
 server {
  # 443 포트에서 들어오는 HTTPS 요청을 수신
   listen 443 ssl;
    server_name cogit.kr www.cogit.kr;
    server_tokens off;
  # 액세스 로그 기록 비활성화
   access_log off;
  # Let's Encrypt로부터 받은 SSL 인증서와 키 파일 경로
    {\tt ssl\_certificate\ /etc/letsencrypt/live/cogit.kr/fullchain.pem;}
    ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/cogit.kr/privkey.pem;
    include /etc/letsencrypt/options-ssl-nginx.conf; # SSL 설정 포함
    ssl_dhparam /etc/letsencrypt/ssl-dhparams.pem; # DH 파라미터 경로
    keepalive_timeout 1000;
   location / {
       proxy_pass http://frontend-service;
    location /api {
       rewrite ^/api(/.*)$ $1 break;
       proxy_pass http://backend-service;
    location /sonar {
      proxy_pass http://sonar;
}
  ##
  # SSL Settings
  ##
  ssl_protocols TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2 TLSv1.3; # Dropping SSLv3, ref: POODLE
  {\tt ssl\_prefer\_server\_ciphers\ on;}
  # Logging Settings
  access_log /var/log/nginx/access.log;
 error_log /var/log/nginx/error.log;
  # Gzip Settings
  gzip on;
 # gzip_vary on;
 # gzip_proxied any;
 # gzip_comp_level 6;
 # gzip_buffers 16 8k;
  # gzip_http_version 1.1;
 # gzip_types text/plain text/css application/json application/javascript text/xml application/xml application/xml+rss text/javascript
 # Virtual Host Configs
 include /etc/nginx/conf.d/*.conf;
 include /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/*;
#mail {
\# # See sample authentication script at:
# # http://wiki.nginx.org/ImapAuthenticateWithApachePhpScript
# # auth_http localhost/auth.php;
# # pop3_capabilities "TOP" "USER";
# # imap_capabilities "IMAP4rev1" "UIDPLUS";
```

https 적용

```
sudo snap install core

//기존의 잘못된 certbot 삭제
sudo apt remove certbot

//certbot 설치
sudo snap install --classic certbot

//인증서 받아오기
sudo certbot --nginx
```

DNS 설정



curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/public-ipv4 //ec2 공인 ip 주소 확인

- 값에 공인 ip 값 넣기

- A 타입에 호스트 이름은 @, www 입력

- TTL은 DNS 레코드의 변경사항이 적용될 때까지 걸리는 시간(초)을 결정하는 DNS 레코드 값

- CNAME은 도메인 주소를 또 다른 도메인 주소를 매명해준다.

Docker 설치

```
# apt 업데이트
sudo apt-get update

# 필수 요소 설치
sudo apt-get install \\
apt-transport-https \\
ca-certificates \\
curl \\
gnupg-agent \\
```

```
software-properties-common
# docker gpg 키 설치
# docker 레포지토리 추가
sudo add-apt-repository \
          "deb [arch=amd64] <a href="https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu">https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu</a> \\
$(lsb_release -cs) \\
           stable"
# apt 업데이트
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
# docker 실행 권한 추가
sudo usermod -aG docker ubuntu
# docker-compose 설치
\verb|sudo| curl -L <| https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/download/v2.16.0/docker-compose-`uname> -s`-`uname -m` -o /usr/local/bin/docker/compose/releases/download/v2.16.0/docker-compose-`uname> -s`-`uname -m` -o /usr/local/bin/docker/compose/releases/download/v2.16.0/docker-compose-`uname> -s`-`uname -m` -o /usr/local/bin/docker/compose/releases/download/v2.16.0/docker-compose-`uname> -s`-`uname -m` -o /usr/local/bin/docker/compose/releases/download/v2.16.0/docker-compose-`uname> -s`-`uname> -s`-`u
cker-compose
# docker-compose 실행권한 추가
sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/docker-compose
```

Backend Dockerfile

```
FROM openjdk:11-jdk

ARG JAR_FILE=build/libs/*.jar

COPY ${JAR_FILE} app.jar

ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar"]
```

Frontend Dockerfile

```
FROM node:20 as build-stage
WORKDIR /app
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install
RUN npm i sharp
COPY . .
RUN npm run build
CMD ["npm", "start"]
```

Jenkins 설치

```
curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key | sudo tee \
/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc > /dev/null
echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install jenkins
sudo systemctl start jenkins
```

Jenkins 플러그인 설치

- Docker plugin, Docker Pipeline
- GitLab

- Gradle
- · NodeJS Plugin
- · Publish Over SSH, SSH Agent Plugin, SSH server

Jenkins Pipeline 코드

```
//무중단 배포 전
pipeline {
    agent any
    options {
        timeout(time: 1, unit: 'HOURS')
    environment {
        CREDENTIAL_ID = 'cogit'
        SOURCE_CODE_URL = credentials('PROJECT_URL')
        RELEASE_BRANCH = 'develop'
        MARIADB_DATABASE_URL = credentials('MARIADB_DATABASE_URL')
        DATABASE_USERNAME = credentials('DATABASE_USERNAME')
        DATABASE_PASSWORD = credentials('DATABASE_PASSWORD')
    GITHUB_CLIENT_ID = credentials('GITHUB_CLIENT_ID')
    GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET = credentials('GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET')
    ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME = credentials('ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME')
    REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME = credentials('REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME')
    JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS = credentials('JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS')
    JWT_SECRET_KEY = credentials('JWT_SECRET_KEY')
    S3_BUCKET = credentials('S3_BUCKET')
    S3_ACCESS_KEY = credentials('S3_ACCESS_KEY')
S3_SECRET_KEY = credentials('S3_SECRET_KEY')
    stages {
        stage('git clone') {
            steps {
                git url: "$SOURCE_CODE_URL",
                    branch: "$RELEASE_BRANCH",
                    credentialsId: "$CREDENTIAL_ID"
                sh "ls -al"
        stage('set backend, frontend environment') {
                dir("./Backend/src/main/resources") {
                     sh ''
                    echo "MARIADB_DATABASE_URL: $MARIADB_DATABASE_URL\n\
DATABASE USERNAME: $DATABASE USERNAME\n\
DATABASE_PASSWORD: $DATABASE_PASSWORD\n\
GITHUB_CLIENT_ID: $GITHUB_CLIENT_ID\n\
GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET: $GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET\n\
ACCESS TOKEN VALID TIME: $ACCESS TOKEN VALID TIME\n\
REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME: $REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME\n\
JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS: $JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS\n\
JWT_SECRET_KEY: $JWT_SECRET_KEY\n\
S3_BUCKET: $S3_BUCKET\n\
S3_ACCESS_KEY: $S3_ACCESS_KEY\n\
S3_SECRET_KEY: $S3_SECRET_KEY" > "env.yml"
                dir("./Backend") {
                    \verb|sh "cp .../.../config/back/docker-compose.yml"| ./docker-compose.yml"|
                     sh "chmod +x gradlew"
                    sh "./gradlew clean"
                    sh "./gradlew build -x test"
                dir("./Frontend") {
                     sh "cp ../../config/front/docker-compose.yml ./docker-compose.yml"
            }
        stage('down container') {
            steps {
                dir("./Backend") {
                    sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml down --rmi all"
                dir("./Frontend") {
                     sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml down --rmi all"
```

```
stage('build docker') {
           steps {
               dir("./Backend") {
                   sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml build --no-cache"
               dir("./Frontend") {
                   sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml build --no-cache"
           }
       }
        stage('up container') {
           steps {
               dir("./Backend") {
                   sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml up -d"
               dir("./Frontend") {
                    sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml up -d"
           }
      }
   }
}
```

```
//무중단 배포
pipeline {
    agent any
    options {
       timeout(time: 1, unit: 'HOURS')
    environment {
        CREDENTIAL_ID = 'cogit'
        SOURCE_CODE_URL = credentials('PROJECT_URL')
RELEASE_BRANCH = 'develop'
        MARIADB_DATABASE_URL = credentials('MARIADB_DATABASE_URL')
        DATABASE_USERNAME = credentials('DATABASE_USERNAME')
        DATABASE_PASSWORD = credentials('DATABASE_PASSWORD')
    GITHUB_CLIENT_ID = credentials('GITHUB_CLIENT_ID')
    GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET = credentials('GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET')
    ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME = credentials('ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME')
    REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME = credentials('REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME')
    JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS = credentials('JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS')
    JWT_SECRET_KEY = credentials('JWT_SECRET_KEY')
    S3_BUCKET = credentials('S3_BUCKET')
    S3_ACCESS_KEY = credentials('S3_ACCESS_KEY')
    S3_SECRET_KEY = credentials('S3_SECRET_KEY')
    PROJECT_URL = credentials('PROJECT_URL')
    DOCKER_APP_NAME = 'backend'
    stages {
        stage('git clone') {
                git url: "$SOURCE_CODE_URL",
                   branch: "$RELEASE_BRANCH",
                    credentialsId: "$CREDENTIAL_ID"
                sh "1s -a1"
           }
        stage('Remove existing container') {
            steps {
                script {
                    try {
                        sh "docker stop cogit-db"
                        sh "docker rm cogit-db"
                    } catch (Exception e) {
                       echo "Failed to stop and remove cogit-db container. It may not exist, which is fine."
                }
        stage('set backend, frontend environment') {
                dir("./Backend/src/main/resources") {
                    sh '''
                    echo "MARIADB_DATABASE_URL: $MARIADB_DATABASE_URL\n\
DATABASE USERNAME: $DATABASE USERNAME\n\
DATABASE PASSWORD: $DATABASE PASSWORD\n\
GITHUB CLIENT ID: $GITHUB CLIENT ID\n\
GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET: $GITHUB_CLIENT_SECRET\n\
ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME: $ACCESS_TOKEN_VALID_TIME\n\
```

```
REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME: $REFRESH_TOKEN_VALID_TIME\n\
JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS: $JWT_KEY_SIZE_BITS\n\
JWT_SECRET_KEY: $JWT_SECRET_KEY\n\
S3\_BUCKET: $S3\_BUCKET\n\
S3\_ACCESS\_KEY: $S3\_ACCESS\_KEY\n\
S3_SECRET_KEY: $S3_SECRET_KEY\n\
{\tt PROJECT\_URL: $PROJECT\_URL" > "env.yml"}
                }
        dir("./Backend") {
            // docker compose 파일들과 deploy.sh 가져오기
            sh "sudo cp ../../config/back/docker-compose.blue.yml ./docker-compose.blue.yml"
            sh "sudo cp ../../config/back/docker-compose.green.yml ./docker-compose.green.yml"
            sh "sudo cp ../../config/back/deploy.sh ./deploy.sh"
            sh "chmod +x gradlew"
            sh "./gradlew clean"
            sh "./gradlew build -x test"
            // deploy.sh 실행
            sh "chmod +x deploy.sh"
            sh "sudo sh ./deploy.sh"
        dir("./Frontend") {
               sh "sudo cp ../../config/front/.env.development ./.env.development"
                sh \ "sudo \ cp \ ../../config/front/docker-compose.yml \ ./docker-compose.yml"
           }
        stage('down container') {
           steps {
        dir("./Frontend") {
                   sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml down --rmi all"
           }
        stage('build docker') {
            steps {
               dir("./Frontend") {
                    sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml build --no-cache"
           }
        }
        stage('up container') {
            steps {
              dir("./Frontend") {
                   sh "docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml up -d"
           }
       }
    post {
                def Author_ID = sh(script: "git show -s --pretty=%an", returnStdout: true).trim()
                def Author_Email = sh(script: "git show -s --pretty=%ae", returnStdout: true).trim()
                def Build_Duration = currentBuild.durationString
                def Commit_Hash = sh(script: "git rev-parse HEAD", returnStdout: true).trim()
                mattermostSend (
                   color: 'good',
                    message: "빌드 성공\n" +
                             "작성자: ${Author_ID} (${Author_Email})\n" +
                             "커밋: ${Commit_Hash}\n" +
                             "빌드 시간: ${Build_Duration}\n" +
                             "배포 준비 상태: 준비 완료\n" +
                             "[CI 시스템 빌드 링크](http://cogit.kr:8180/job/cogit/)",
                    endpoint: 'https://meeting.ssafy.com/hooks/z4t8cgco4i8uzbstbejekxik9y',
                    channel: 'A109-Monitoring-Alert'
            }
        failure {
               def Author_ID = sh(script: "git show -s --pretty=%an", returnStdout: true).trim()
                def Author_Email = sh(script: "git show -s --pretty=%ae", returnStdout: true).trim()
                def Commit_Hash = sh(script: "git rev-parse HEAD", returnStdout: true).trim()
                def Last_100_Log_Lines = sh(script: "tail -n 100 build.log", returnStdout: true).trim()
```

Backend (blue-green 무중단 배포 방식)

```
//deploy.sh
DOCKER_APP_NAME="backend"
# blue container를 기준으로 docker에 띄워져 있는지 확인
{\tt EXIST\_BLUE=\$(docker-compose\ -p\ \$\{DOCKER\_APP\_NAME\}-blue\ -f\ docker-compose.blue.yml\ ps\ |\ grep\ Up)}
# blue container가 띄워져 있지 않다면
if [ -z "$EXIST_BLUE" ]; then
    echo "blue container not activated"
     echo "blue up"
     # blue container 띄우기
     docker-compose -p ${DOCKER_APP_NAME}-blue -f docker-compose.blue.yml up --build -d
     NEW_COLOR="blue"
     OLD_COLOR="green"
else
    echo "blue container activated"
     echo "green up"
     # green container 띄우기
     docker-compose -p ${DOCKER_APP_NAME}-green -f docker-compose.green.yml up --build -d
     NEW COLOR="green"
    OLD_COLOR="blue"
fi
sleep 10
# 새로 띄운 container가 정상적으로 올라갔는지 확인
EXIST_NEW=$(docker-compose -p ${DOCKER_APP_NAME}-${NEW_COLOR} -f docker-compose.${NEW_COLOR}.yml ps | grep Up)
# 정상적으로 올라갔다면
if [ -n "$EXIST_NEW" ]; then
     # NGINX 설정을 새로운 container에 맞게 변경
     cp /etc/nginx/nginx.${NEW_COLOR}.conf /etc/nginx/nginx.conf
    # 기존에 띄워져 있던 container 내리기
     \verb|docker-compose -p $$\{\texttt{DOCKER\_APP\_NAME}\}-\$\{\texttt{OLD\_COLOR}\} - f \ docker-compose.\$\{\texttt{OLD\_COLOR}\}.yml \ down = \texttt{OLD\_COLOR}\}.yml | down = \texttt{OLD\_COLOR}|
     echo "${OLD_COLOR} container down"
     {\tt docker\ rmi\ \$\{DOCKER\_APP\_NAME\}-\$\{OLD\_COLOR\}-backend}
    echo "${DOCKER_APP_NAME}-${OLD_COLOR} image removed"
```

docker-compose.blue.yml 과 docker-compose.green.yml 파일

```
version: "3.8"
services:
backend:
build:
dockerfile: Dockerfile
restart: always
```

```
depends_on:
      - database
    ports:
      - 8080:8080
    container_name: blue
    networks:
      - deploy
    environment:
      - DB_HOST=database
  database:
    image: mariadb:latest
    container_name: cogit-db
    environment:
      MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: cogit109!
      MYSQL_USER: cogit
      MYSQL_PASSWORD: cogit109
      MYSQL_DATABASE: cogit
      {\tt MYSQL\_CHARACTER\_SET\_SERVER:\ utf8mb4}
      MYSQL_COLLATION_SERVER: utf8mb4_unicode_ci
      TZ: Asia/Seoul
    ports:
      - 3306:3306
    volumes:
      - cogit-db:/var/lib/mysql
    networks:
      - deploy
networks:
  deploy:
    external: true
volumes:
 cogit-db:
    name: backend_cogit-db
    external: true
version: "3.8"
services:
  backend:
    build:
     dockerfile: Dockerfile
    restart: always
    depends_on:
      - database
    ports:
      - 8081:8080
    container_name: green
    networks:
      - deploy
    environment:
      - DB_HOST=database
    image: mariadb:latest
    container_name: cogit-db
    environment:
      MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: cogit109!
      MYSQL_USER: cogit
MYSQL_PASSWORD: cogit109
      MYSQL_DATABASE: cogit
MYSQL_CHARACTER_SET_SERVER: utf8mb4
      MYSQL_COLLATION_SERVER: utf8mb4_unicode_ci
      TZ: Asia/Seoul
    ports:
      - 3306:3306
    volumes:
      - cogit-db:/var/lib/mysql
    networks:
      - deploy
networks:
  deploy:
    external: true
volumes:
```

cogit-db:

name: backend_cogit-db
external: true