

# The Brain & brain data

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IMC

INTERACTING MINDS CENTRE

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  - Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)

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## Practical information

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## Portfolio papers

- A selection of three paper with an introduction and discussion/conclusion is to be handed in as one joint submission.

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  - ▶ code goes in an appendix
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- Citation style is APA7

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## The exam questions

- Open questions
- Philosophical questions?

Topic	Question
The brain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Describe a cognitive function?</li><li>• Discuss the use of fMRI and EEG/MEG for action selection?</li></ul>
Electrophysiology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• What are the pros and cons of EEG vs MEG?</li><li>• How are ERPs related to brain structures and functions of the mind?</li></ul>
Oscillations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• How can oscillations be used to investigate and cognition?</li><li>• Link oscillations to a cognitive function. This can be in term of frequencies and/or cortical location(s) etc.</li></ul>
MVPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Why use MVPA for statistical assessment of EEG data?</li><li>• Pros and cons of linear vs non-linear MVPA models for brain imaging data</li></ul>
Neural Networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Are neural networks better than MVPA for analysis of neuroimaging data?</li><li>• Can Neural networks be used to model cognition?</li></ul>

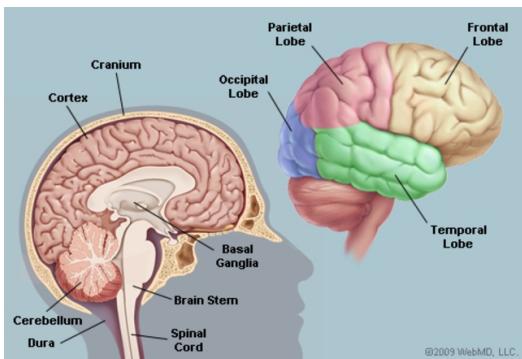
## The brain

## The brain

Neurons, connections, and organised chaos!

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Neurons, connections, and organised chaos!



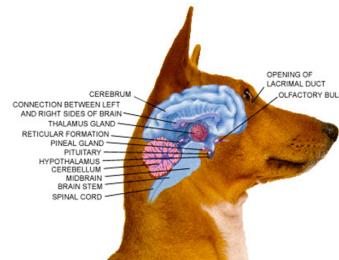
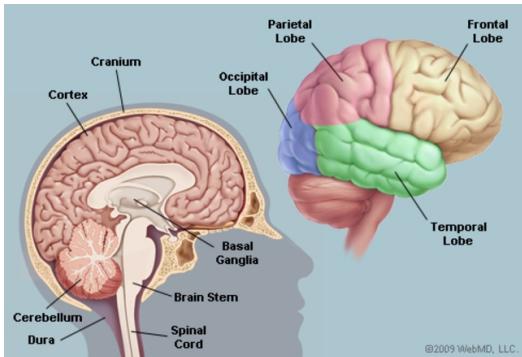
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## The brain

Neurons, connections, and organised chaos!



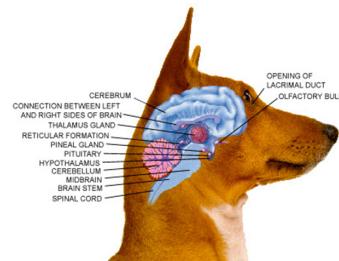
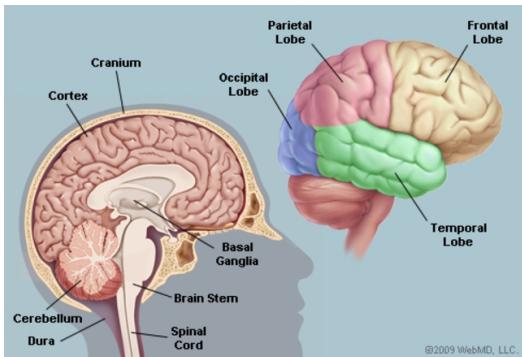
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## The brain

## Neurons, connections, and organised chaos!

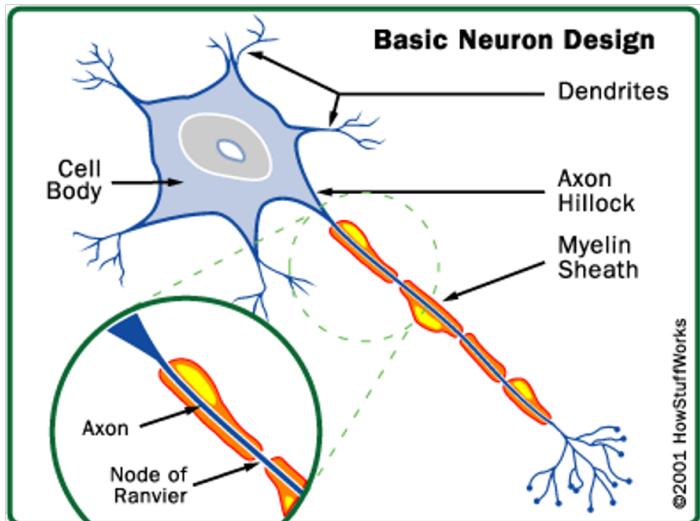


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## Neurons

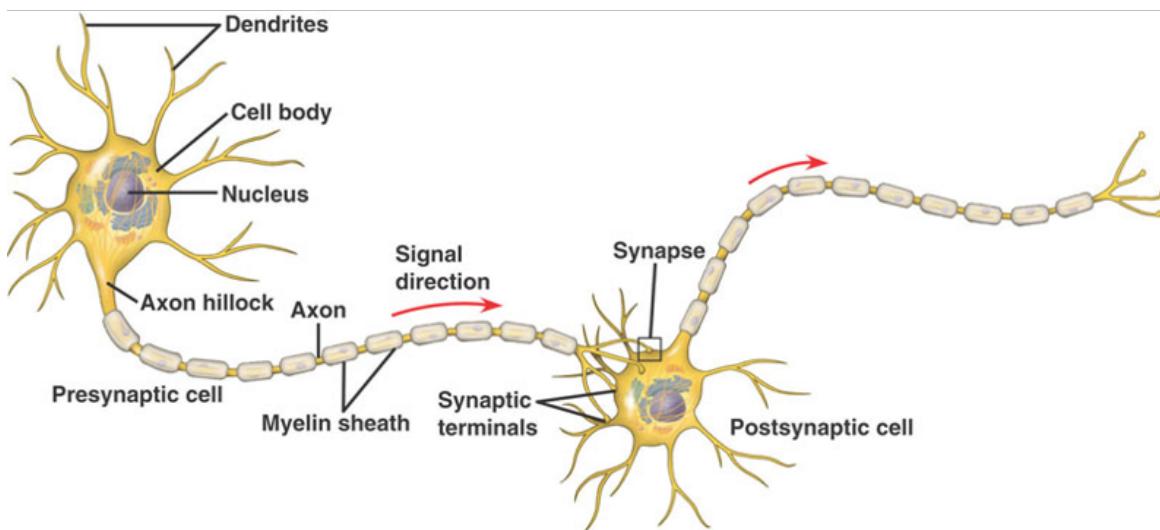


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## Neurons

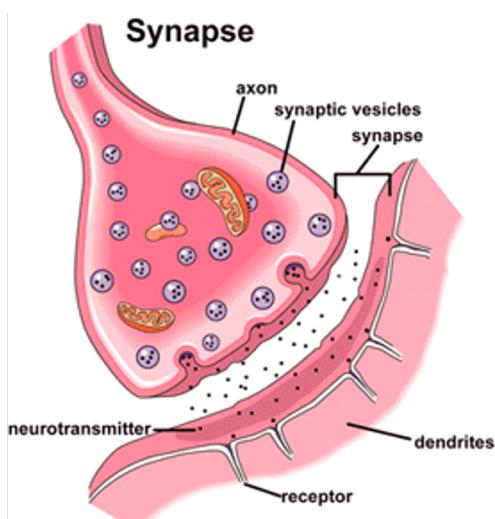


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## Neurons

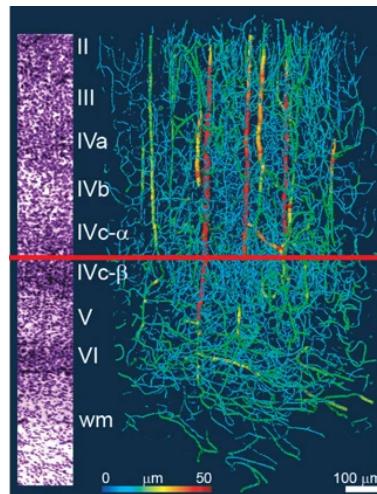


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## Cortical columns



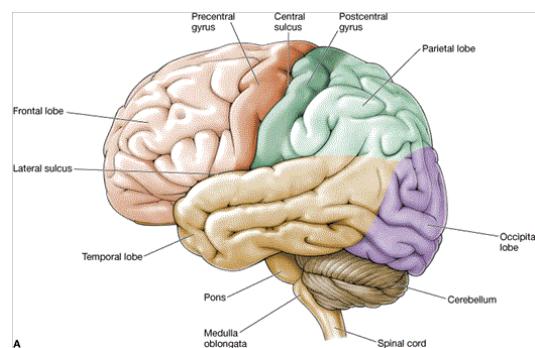
(Figure from Logothetis, 2008)

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## Gross anatomy

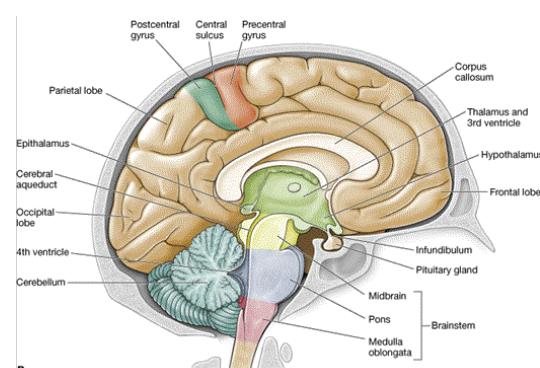
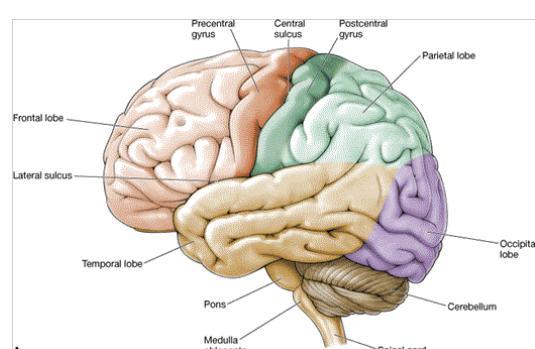


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## Gross anatomy



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## Cortical parcellation



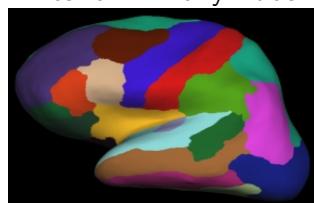
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## Cortical parcellation

Desikan-Killiany Atlas



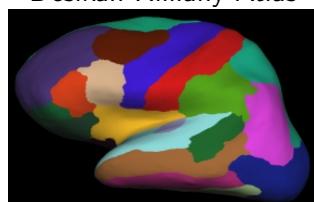
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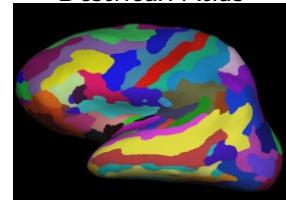
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## Cortical parcellation

Desikan-Killiany Atlas



Destrieux Atlas



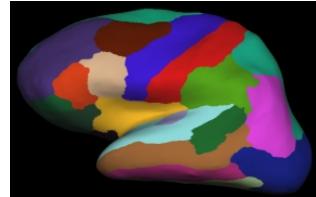
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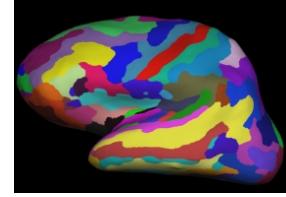
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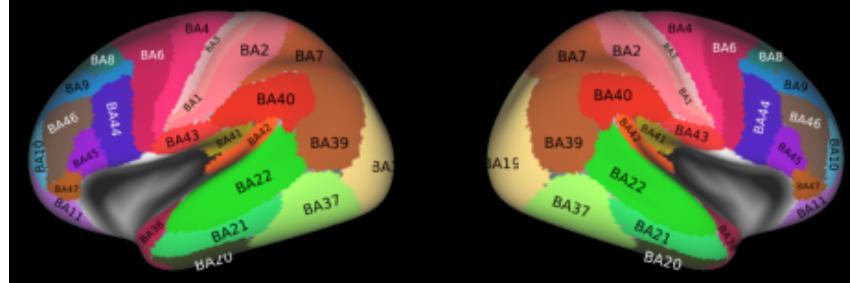
Desikan-Killiany Atlas



Destrieux Atlas



Brodmann areas



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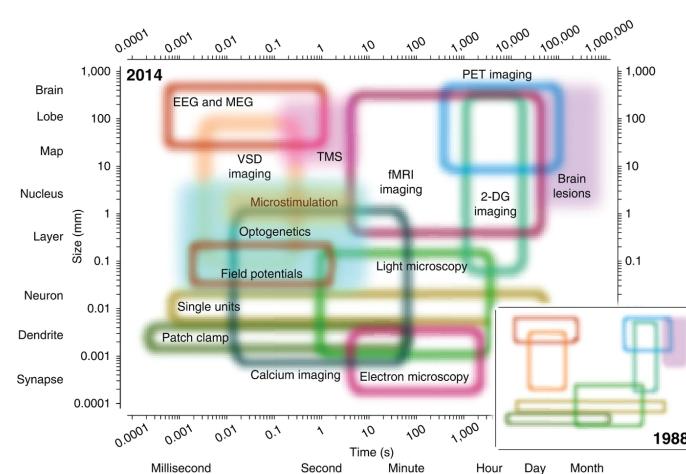
## Brain data: the big picture

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## Overview



(Figure from Sejnowski et al., 2014)

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## Types of data

- Anatomical vs functional data
- Spatial or temporal precision

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## Structural images



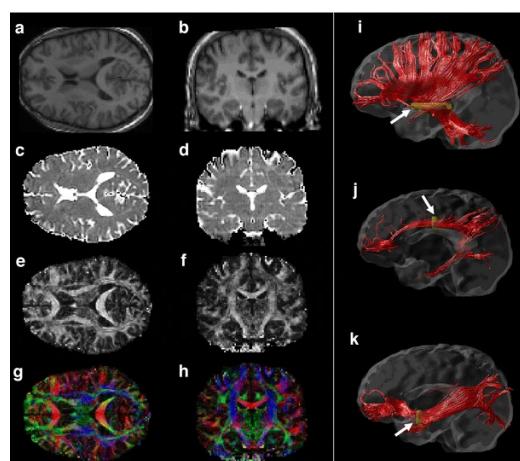
(Figure from <http://surfer.nmr.mgh.harvard.edu/fswiki/FreeSurferAnalysisPipelineOverview>)

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## Diffusion Tensor Imaging (DTI)



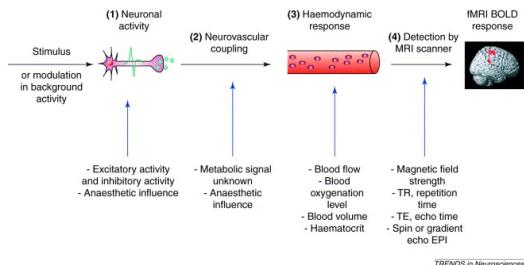
(Figure from Assaf & Pasternak, 2008)

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## Blood oxygenation level-dependent (BOLD) signal



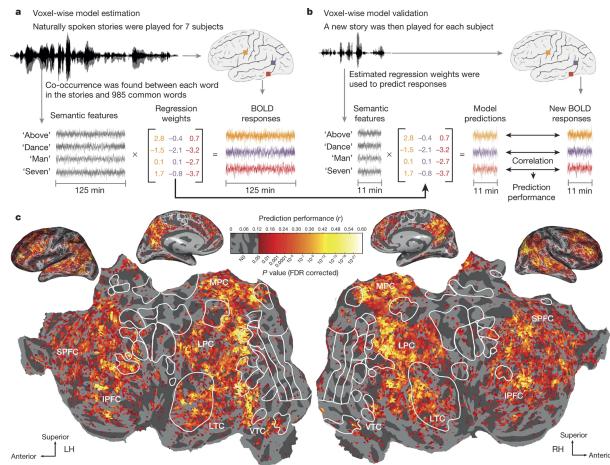
(Figure from Arthurs & Boniface, 2002)

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## Cortical surface vs voxels



(Figure from Huth et al., 2016)

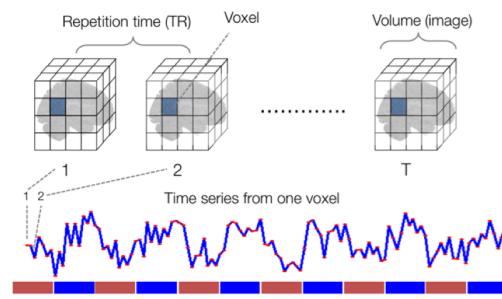
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## Cortical surface vs voxels

## fMRI data time series



(Figure from <https://leanpub.com/principlesoffmri/read>)

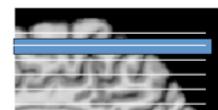
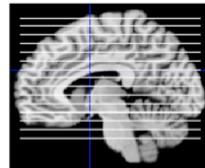
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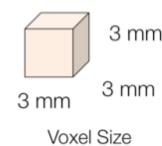
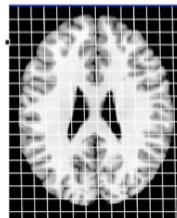
Field of View (FOV)  
(e.g. 192 mm)



Slice thickness  
(e.g., 3 mm)

Matrix Size  
(e.g., 64 x 64)

In-plane resolution  
192 mm / 64 = 3 mm



Voxel Size

(Figure from <https://leanpub.com/principlesoffmri/read>)

## Brain data

What is that is special about brain data?

## Brain data

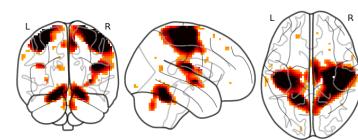
What is that is special about brain data?

- Dependence in one or more dimensions

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What is that is special about brain data?

- Dependence in one or more dimensions
  - ▶ Structural MRI dependence in space



Nilearn, (see Abraham et al., 2014)

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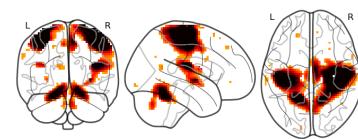
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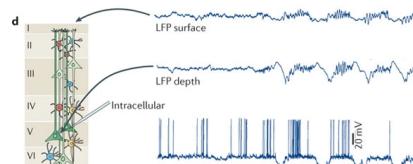
## Brain data

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  - ▶ Structural MRI dependence in space
  - ▶ Local field potential dependence in time



Nilearn, (see Abraham et al., 2014)



Nature Reviews | Neuroscience

From Buzsaki et al (2012)

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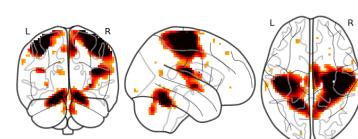
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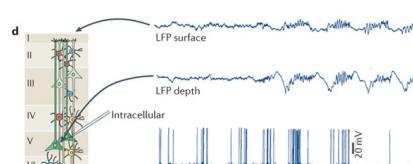
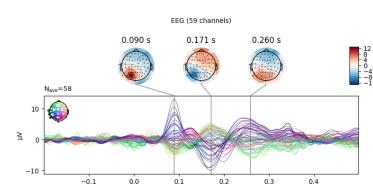
## Brain data

What is that is special about brain data?

- Dependence in one or more dimensions
  - ▶ Structural MRI dependence in space
  - ▶ Local field potential dependence in time
  - ▶ MEG/EEG dependence in space *and* time



Nilearn, (see Abraham et al., 2014)



Nature Reviews | Neuroscience

MNE-python, (see Gramfort et al., 2013)

From Buzsaki et al (2012)

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## Brain imaging modalities

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### Functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI)



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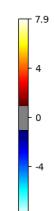
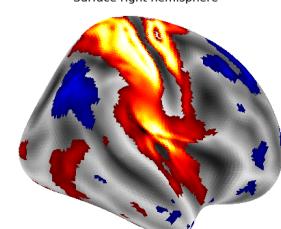
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### Functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI)



Surface right hemisphere



from Nilearn

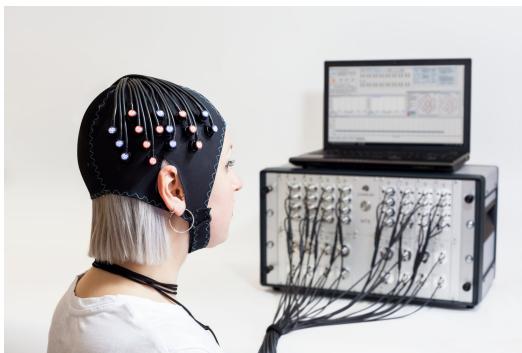
[https://nilearn.github.io/auto\\_examples/01\\_plotting/plot\\_3d\\_map\\_to\\_surface\\_projection.html](https://nilearn.github.io/auto_examples/01_plotting/plot_3d_map_to_surface_projection.html)

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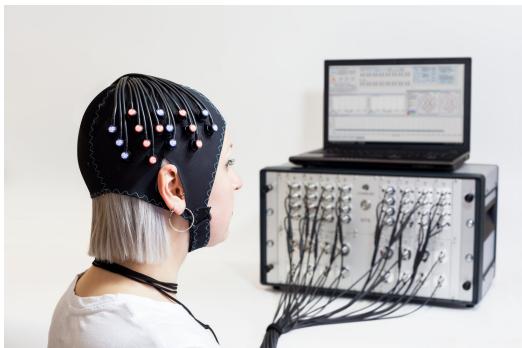
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## Functional near-infrared spectroscopy (fNIRS)

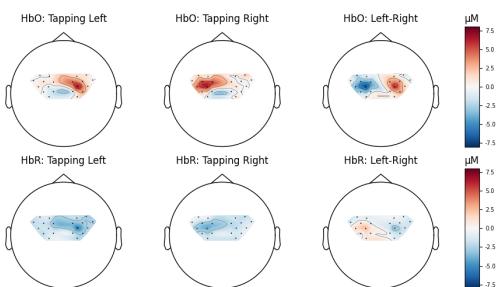


From wikipedia

## Functional near-infrared spectroscopy (fNIRS)

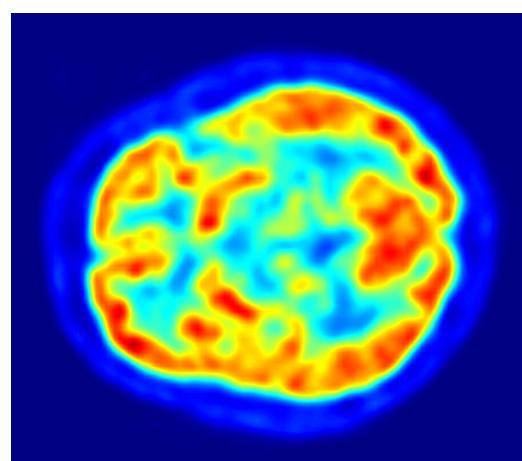


From wikipedia



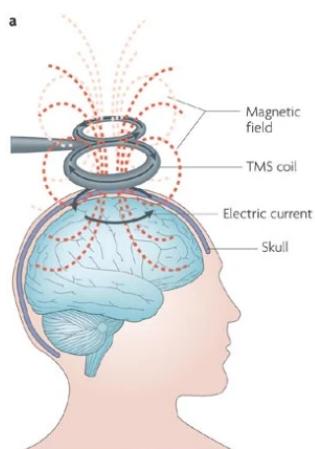
from mne-python  
[https://mne.tools/stable/auto\\_tutorials/preprocessing/plot\\_70\\_fnirs\\_processing.html](https://mne.tools/stable/auto_tutorials/preprocessing/plot_70_fnirs_processing.html)

## Positron emission tomography (PET)

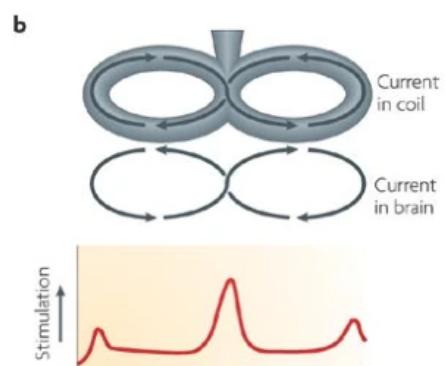
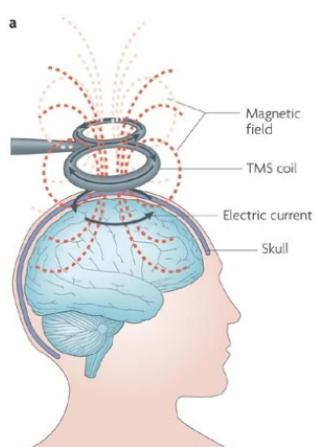


## Affecting the cortex

### Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)

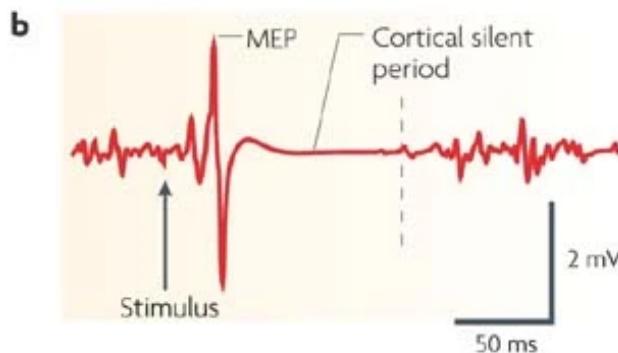


### Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)



(From Ridding & Rothwell, 2007)

## Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)



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(From Ridding & Rothwell, 2007)

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## Questions?

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