# Ansible, immutable servers & automated deploys on AWS

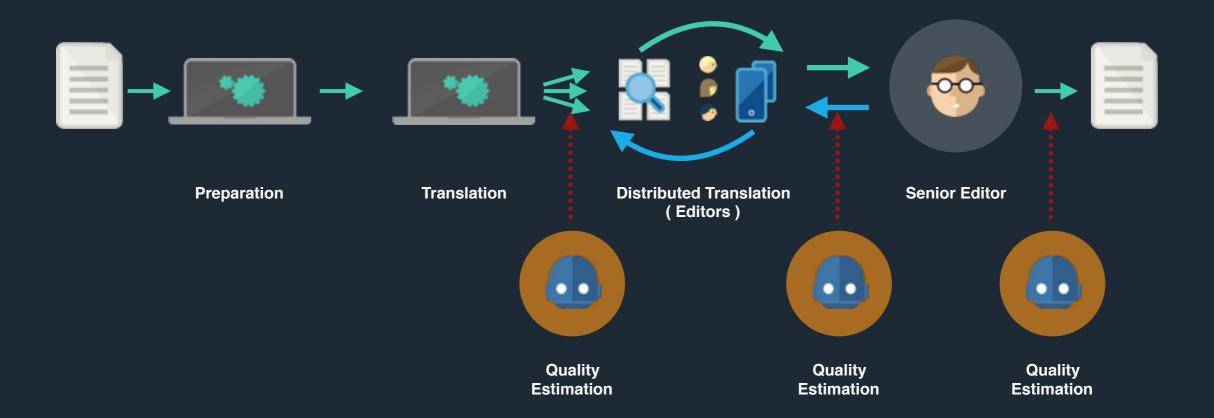
#### whoami

@vascogpinho

DevOps @ Unbabel

pinho@unbabel.com

#### Unbabel



#### Unbabel

~40k Users

~40M Translated words









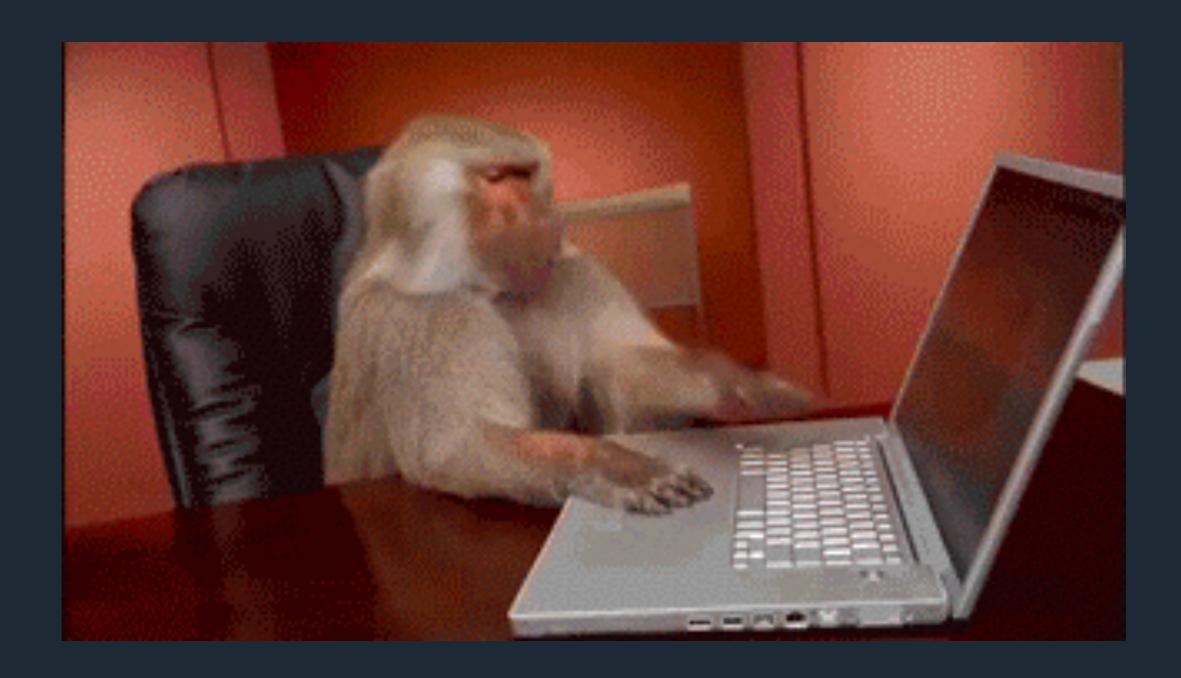




## Old Infrastructure Heroku + EC2 + compose.io

## Deploys

#### git push heroku master



ssh + who knows what

## Moving to AWS

YAML

Agentless

Great at ensuring state

Launch & scale infrastructure

Configure base images

Deploy!

Choose AMI

2. Choose Instance Type

3. Configure Instance

Add Storage

Tag Instance

Configure Security Group

Review

#### ep 2: Choose an Instance Type

azon EC2 provides a wide selection of instance types optimized to fit different use cases. Instances are virtual servers that can run applications. I acity, and give you the flexibility to choose the appropriate mix of resources for your applications. Learn more about instance types and how the

er by:

All instance types Y

Current generation ~

Show/Hide Columns

urrently selected: t2.micro (Variable ECUs, 1 vCPUs, 2.5 GHz, Intel Xeon Family, 1 GiB memory, EBS only)

Family	Type -	vCPUs (i)	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB) i
General purpose	t2.micro Free tier eligible	1	1	EBS only
General purpose	t2.small	1	2	EBS only
General purpose	t2.medium	2	4	EBS only
General purpose	t2.large	2	8	EBS only
General purpose	m4.large	2	8	EBS only
General purpose	m4.xlarge	4	16	EBS only

```
- name: Launch an EC2 instance
 hosts: localhost
 vars files:
   - ../secrets.yml
 vars:
   key_name: "{{ developer_name }}"
   security_group_description: "sg for dev machines"
   aws_region: "eu-west-1"
 tasks:
   - name: wait for instances to listen on port:22
     wait for:
       state: started
       host: "{{ item.public_dns_name }}"
       port: 22
     with_items: ec2_info.instances
 roles:
   --{ role: ec2-create-security-group }
       role: ec2-launch,
       instance volumes: [
         { device_name: /dev/sda1, volume_size: 8, delete_on_termination: true, volume_type: gp2 },
       { device name: /dev/sdf, volume size: 100, snapshot: snap-8b928e7c, delete on termination: to
         { device_name: /dev/sdg, volume_size: 5, snapshot: snap-073dea53, delete_on_termination: true
```

AWS, Azure, Digital Ocean, Google Compute Engine, Linode, OpenStack, Rackspace...

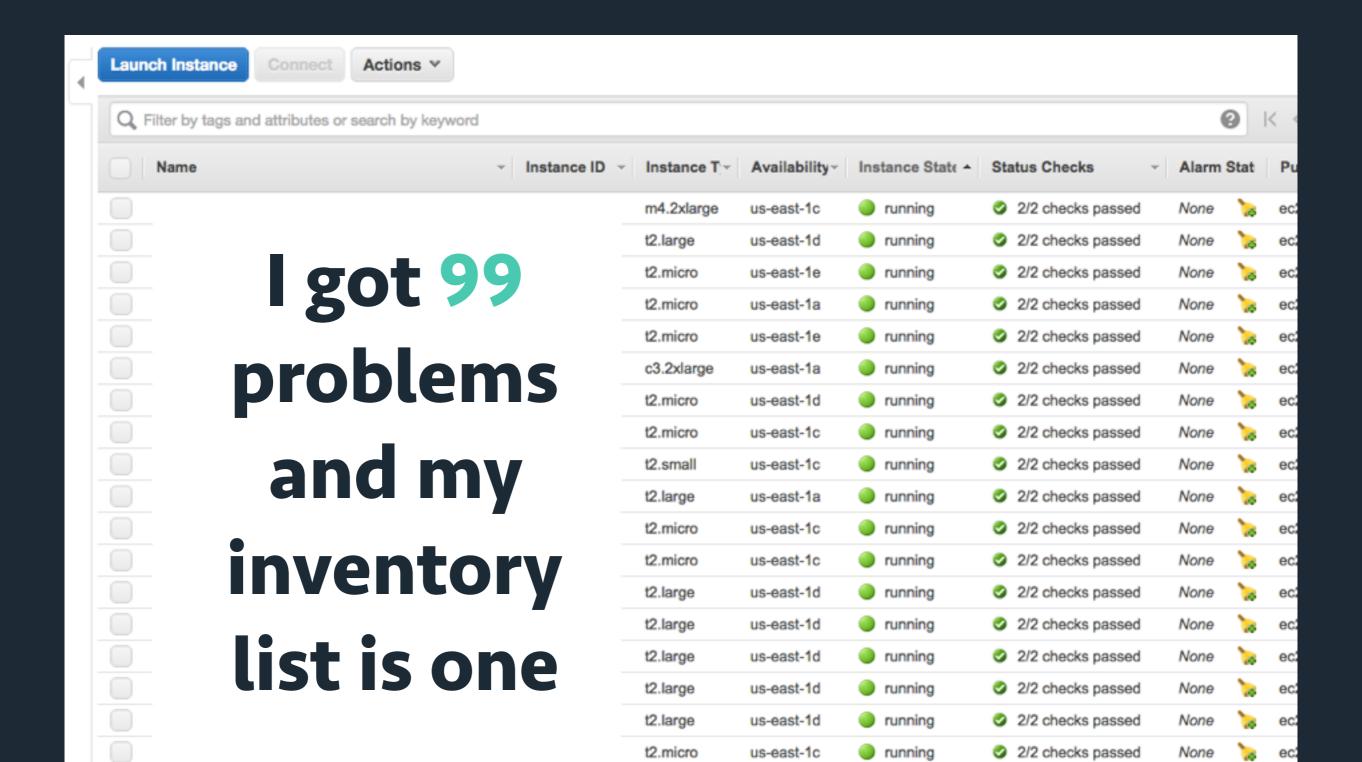
#### Where my servers at?

#### **Inventory File**

```
[mongodb]
primary.mongo.example.com
secondary.mongo.example.com

[webservers]
www[01:50].example.com

[europedc:children]
mongodb
webservers
```



#### **Dynamic Inventory**

Instance ID, Region, Availability Zone, Security Group, Tag

**Automatic variables** 

```
- name: Configure web server
 hosts: tag_Name_web_server
 vars files:
  ------secrets.yml
6
   vars:
   app_name: "web-server"
8
    project_dir: "{{ home }}/{{ app_name }}"
9
10
   project_log: "{{ home }}/log"
11
12
    clone_url: "git@github.com:woopwoop/web-server.git"
13
14
    app_start_command: "python web-server/server.py"
15
16
  · roles:
  17
  18
  19
  20
  21
```

```
- name: Update apt and upgrade packages
  apt: update_cache=yes upgrade=safe cache_valid_time=3600
  sudo: yes
  tags: ['base-update']
- name: Install base dependencies
  apt: pkg={{ item }} state=latest
  with items:
  - byobu
  - htop
  - build-essential
  - git
  - python-pip
  - python-dev
  - supervisor
  sudo: yes
- name: Install extra dependencies
  apt: pkg={{ item }} state=latest
  with_items: "{{ extra_pkgs }}"
  sudo: yes
- name: Remove any base packages
  apt: pkg={{ item }} state=absent
  with_items: "{{ remove_pkgs }}"
  sudo: yes
- name: Check if a reboot is required
  register: rebootfile
  stat: path=/var/run/reboot-required get_md5=no
  when: base_reboot
```

```
PLAY [Configure j
ok: [
     61
changed: [!
changed: [
       i] => (item=byobu,htop,build-essential,git,python-pip,python-dev,supervisor)
i] => (item=hunspell,enchant,libenchant-voikko,voikko-fi)
changed: [!
:1 => (item=aspell-en)
changed: [
skipping: [L.....]
skipping: [
skipping: [!
ok: [:
TASK: [pip | Install the
            skipping: [!
TACV. [pip | Inctall outra manual dependencies] *************************
```

```
[program:{{ app_name } } ]
directory={{ project_dir } }
command={{ app_start_command } }
autostart=true
autorestart=true
stopasgroup=true
numprocs={{ app_procs_number } }
process_name={{ app_process_name | default('%(program_name)s') } }
user={{ def_user } }
stopsignal={{ supervisor_stopsignal | default('TERM') } }
stdout_logfile={{ project_log } } / {{ app_name } } .out.log
stderr_logfile={{ project_log } } / {{ app_name } } .err.log
environment={{ super_environment | default('') } }
startsecs={{ startsecs | default('1') } }
```

## Totally unrelated sidenotes SSH keys, agent forwarding, environment variables and where to put passwords

(hint: not in source control)

ansible-vault create secrets.yml ansible-vault edit secrets.yml ansible-vault view secrets.yml

## When servers go online, they should \*never\* be touched

#### **Avoid:**

Configuration drift, unknown states, and the "nobody-really-knows-how-to-deploy-server-X-since-the-guy-with-the-beard-left" problem

But I thought you said Ansible was really good at managing servers?

Ansible is really good at ensuring a machine is in a known state. Which makes it great for setting up base images.

Package update?

**New image!** 

Vulnerability patch?

New image!

Deploying multiple times a day?

New image(s)!

## Base Images

- 1. Launch a machine
  - 2. Run Ansible
  - 3. Create an AMI

## Base Images

packer.io

**Builders:** AWS EC2, Digital Ocean, Docker...

Provisioners: Shell, Ansible, Chef, Puppet...

Post-processors: Docker, Vagrant...

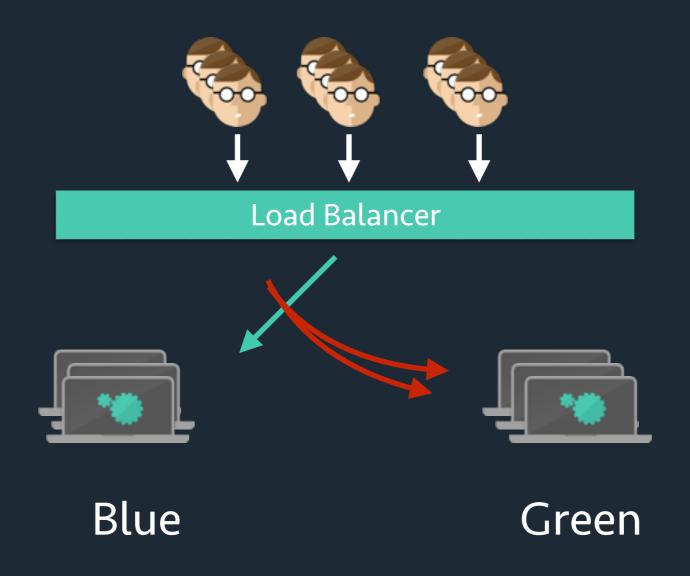
## Deploying

**Zero Downtime** 

No request drops

Allow rollbacks

#### Blue-Green Deployment



#### Unbabel

Unbabel

jobs@unbabel.com

