NAME

ovsdb−client − command-line interface to **ovsdb-server**(1)

SYNOPSIS

ovsdb−client [*options*] **list−dbs** [*server*]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **get−schema** [*server*] [*database*]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **get−schema−version** [*server*] [*database*]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **list−tables** [*server*] [*database*]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **list−columns** [*server*] [*database*] [*table*]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **transact** [*server*] *transaction*
ovsdb−client [*options*] **dump** [*server*] [*database*] [*table* [*column*...]]
ovsdb−client [*options*] **monitor** [*server*] [*database*] *table* [*column*[**,***column*]...]...
ovsdb−client [*options*] **monitor** [*server*] [*database*] **ALL**
ovsdb−client [*options*] **monitor2** [*server*] [*database*] *table* [*column*[**,***column*]...]...
ovsdb−client [*options*] **monitor2** [*server*] [*database*] **ALL**
ovsdb−client help

Output formatting options:
[**−−format=***format*] [**−−data=***format*] [**−−no-heading**] [**−−pretty**] [**−−bare**] [**−−no−heading**] [**−−timestamp**]

Daemon options:
[**−−pidfile**[**=***pidfile*]] [**−−overwrite−pidfile**] [**−−detach**] [**−−no−chdir**] [**−−no−self−confinement**]

Logging options:
[**−v**[*module*[**:***destination*[**:***level*]]]]...
[**−−verbose[=***module*[**:***destination*[**:***level*]]]]...
[**−−log−file**[**=***file*]]

Public key infrastructure options:
[**−−private−key=***privkey.pem*]
[**−−certificate=***cert.pem*]
[**−−ca−cert=***cacert.pem*]
[**−−bootstrap−ca−cert=***cacert.pem*]

Common options:
[**−h** | **−−help**] [**−V** | **−−version**]

DESCRIPTION

The **ovsdb−client** program is a command-line client for interacting with a running **ovsdb−server** process. Each command connects to an OVSDB server, which is **unix://var/run/openvswitch/db.sock** by default, or may be specified as *server* in one of the following forms:

ssl:*ip***:***port*
The specified SSL *port* on the host at the given *ip*, which must be expressed as an IP address (not a DNS name) in IPv4 or IPv6 address format. If *ip* is an IPv6 address, then wrap *ip* with square brackets, e.g.: **ssl:[::1]:6640**. The **−−private−key**, **−−certificate**, and **−−ca−cert** options are mandatory when this form is used.

tcp:*ip***:***port*
Connect to the given TCP *port* on *ip*, where *ip* can be IPv4 or IPv6 address. If *ip* is an IPv6 address, then wrap *ip* with square brackets, e.g.: **tcp:[::1]:6640**.

unix:*file*
On POSIX, connect to the Unix domain server socket named *file*.

On Windows, connect to a localhost TCP port whose value is written in *file*.

pssl:*port*[**:***ip*]
Listen on the given SSL *port* for a connection. By default, connections are not bound to a particular local IP address and it listens only on IPv4 (but not IPv6) addresses, but

specifying *ip* limits connections to those from the given *ip*, either IPv4 or IPv6 address. If *ip* is an IPv6 address, then wrap *ip* with square brackets, e.g.: **pssl:6640:[::1]**. The **−−private−key**, **−−certificate**, and **−−ca−cert** options are mandatory when this form is used.

ptcp:*port*[**:***ip*]
Listen on the given TCP *port* for a connection. By default, connections are not bound to a particular local IP address and it listens only on IPv4 (but not IPv6) addresses, but *ip* may be specified to listen only for connections to the given *ip*, either IPv4 or IPv6 address. If *ip* is an IPv6 address, then wrap *ip* with square brackets, e.g.: **ptcp:6640:[::1]**.

punix:*file*
On POSIX, listen on the Unix domain server socket named *file* for a connection.

On Windows, listen on a kernel chosen TCP port on the localhost. The kernel chosen TCP port value is written in *file*.

The default *database* is **Open_vSwitch**.

Commands

The following commands are implemented:

list−dbs [*server*]
Connects to *server*, retrieves the list of known databases, and prints them one per line. These database names are the ones that may be used for *database* in the following commands.

get−schema [*server*] [*database*]
Connects to *server*, retrieves the schema for *database*, and prints it in JSON format.

get−schema−version [*server*] [*database*]
Connects to *server*, retrieves the schema for *database*, and prints its version number on stdout. A schema version number has the form *x*.*y*.*z*. See **ovs−vswitchd.conf.db**(5) for details.

Schema version numbers and Open vSwitch version numbers are independent.

If *database* was created before schema versioning was introduced, then it will not have a version number and this command will print a blank line.

list−tables [*server*] [*database*]
Connects to *server*, retrieves the schema for *database*, and prints a table listing the name of each table within the database.

list−columns [*server*] [*database*] *table*
Connects to *server*, retrieves the schema for *database*, and prints a table listing the name and type of each column. If *table* is specified, only columns in that table are listed; otherwise, the tables include columns in all tables.

transact [*server*] *transaction*
Connects to *server*, sends it the specified *transaction*, which must be a JSON array containing one or more valid OVSDB operations, and prints the received reply on stdout.

dump [*server*] [*database*] [*table* [*column*...]]
Connects to *server*, retrieves all of the data in *database*, and prints it on stdout as a series of tables. If *table* is specified, only that table is retrieved. If at least one *column* is specified, only those columns are retrieved.

monitor [*server*] [*database*] *table* [*column*[**,***column*]...]...
monitor2 [*server*] [*database*] *table* [*column*[**,***column*]...]...
Connects to *server* and monitors the contents of *table* in *database*. By default, the initial contents of *table* are printed, followed by each change as it occurs. If at least one *column* is specified, only those columns are monitored. The following *column* names have special meanings:

!initial Do not print the initial contents of the specified columns.

!insert Do not print newly inserted rows.

!delete Do not print deleted rows.

!modify
Do not print modifications to existing rows.

Multiple [*column*[**,***column*]...] groups may be specified as separate arguments, e.g. to apply different reporting parameters to each group. Whether multiple groups or only a single group is specified, any given column may only be mentioned once on the command line.

If **−−detach** is used with **monitor** or **mointor2**, then **ovsdb−client** detaches after it has successfully received and printed the initial contents of *table*.

The **monitor** command uses RFC 7047 "monitor" method to open a monitor session with the server. The **monitor2** command uses RFC 7047 extension "monitor2" method. See **ovsdb−server**(1) for details.

monitor [*server*] [*database*] **ALL**
monitor2 [*server*] [*database*] **ALL**
Connects to *server* and monitors the contents of all tables in *database*. Prints initial values and all kinds of changes to all columns in the database. The **−−detach** option causes **ovsdb−client** to detach after it successfully receives and prints the initial database contents.

The **monitor** command uses RFC 7047 "monitor" method to open a monitor session with the server. The **monitor2** command uses RFC 7047 extension "monitor2" method. See **ovsdb−server**(1) for details.

OPTIONS

Output Formatting Options

Much of the output from **ovsdb−client** is in the form of tables. The following options controlling output formatting:

−f *format*
−−format=*format*
Sets the type of table formatting. The following types of *format* are available:

table (default)
2-D text tables with aligned columns.

list A list with one column per line and rows separated by a blank line.

html HTML tables.

csv Comma-separated values as defined in RFC 4180.

json JSON format as defined in RFC 4627. The output is a sequence of JSON objects, each of which corresponds to one table. Each JSON object has the following members with the noted values:

caption
The table's caption. This member is omitted if the table has no caption.

headings
An array with one element per table column. Each array element is a string giving the corresponding column's heading.

data An array with one element per table row. Each element is also an array with one element per table column. The elements of this second-level array are the cells that constitute the table. Cells that represent OVSDB data or data types are expressed in the format described in the OVSDB specification; other cells are simply expressed as text strings.

−d *format*
−−data=*format*
Sets the formatting for cells within output tables. The following types of *format* are available:

string (default)
The simple format described in the **Database Values** section of **ovs−vsctl**(8).

bare The simple format with punctuation stripped off: **[]** and **{}** are omitted around sets, maps, and empty columns, items within sets and maps are space-separated, and strings are never quoted. This format may be easier for scripts to parse.

json JSON.

The **json** output format always outputs cells in JSON format, ignoring this option.

−−no−heading
This option suppresses the heading row that otherwise appears in the first row of table output.

−−pretty
By default, JSON in output is printed as compactly as possible. This option causes JSON in output to be printed in a more readable fashion. Members of objects and elements of arrays are printed one per line, with indentation.

This option does not affect JSON in tables, which is always printed compactly.

−−bare Equivalent to **−−format=list −−data=bare −−no−headings**.

−−timestamp
For the **monitor** and **monitor2** commands, add a timestamp to each table update. Most output formats add the timestamp on a line of its own just above the table. The JSON output format puts the timestamp in a member of the top-level JSON object named **time**.

Daemon Options
The daemon options apply only to the **monitor** and **monitor2** commands. With any other command, they have no effect. The following options are valid on POSIX based platforms.

−−pidfile[=*pidfile*]
Causes a file (by default, **ovsdb−client.pid**) to be created indicating the PID of the running process. If the *pidfile* argument is not specified, or if it does not begin with **/**, then it is created in **//var/run/openvswitch**.

If **−−pidfile** is not specified, no pidfile is created.

−−overwrite−pidfile
By default, when **−−pidfile** is specified and the specified pidfile already exists and is locked by a running process, **ovsdb−client** refuses to start. Specify **−−overwrite−pidfile** to cause it to instead overwrite the pidfile.

When **−−pidfile** is not specified, this option has no effect.

−−detach
Runs **ovsdb−client** as a background process. The process forks, and in the child it starts a new session, closes the standard file descriptors (which has the side effect of disabling logging to the console), and changes its current directory to the root (unless **−−no−chdir** is specified). After the child completes its initialization, the parent exits.

−−monitor
Creates an additional process to monitor the **ovsdb−client** daemon. If the daemon dies due to a signal that indicates a programming error (**SIGABRT**, **SIGALRM**, **SIGBUS**, **SIGFPE**, **SIGILL**, **SIGPIPE**, **SIGSEGV**, **SIGXCPU**, or **SIGXFSZ**) then the monitor process starts a new copy of it. If the daemon dies or exits for another reason, the monitor process exits.

This option is normally used with **−−detach**, but it also functions without it.

−−no−chdir

By default, when **−−detach** is specified, **ovsdb−client** changes its current working directory to the root directory after it detaches. Otherwise, invoking **ovsdb−client** from a carelessly chosen directory would prevent the administrator from unmounting the file system that holds that directory.

Specifying **−−no−chdir** suppresses this behavior, preventing **ovsdb−client** from changing its current working directory. This may be useful for collecting core files, since it is common behavior to write core dumps into the current working directory and the root directory is not a good directory to use.

This option has no effect when **−−detach** is not specified.

−−no−self−confinement

By default daemon will try to self-confine itself to work with files under well-know, at build-time whitelisted directories. It is better to stick with this default behavior and not to use this flag unless some other Access Control is used to confine daemon. Note that in contrast to other access control implementations that are typically enforced from kernel-space (e.g. DAC or MAC), self-confinement is imposed from the user-space daemon itself and hence should not be considered as a full confinement strategy, but instead should be viewed as an additional layer of security.

−−user Causes **ovsdb−client** to run as a different user specified in "user:group", thus dropping most of the root privileges. Short forms "user" and ":group" are also allowed, with current user or group are assumed respectively. Only daemons started by the root user accepts this argument.

On Linux, daemons will be granted CAP_IPC_LOCK and CAP_NET_BIND_SERVICES before dropping root privileges. Daemons interact with datapath, such as ovs-vswitchd, will be granted two additional capabilities, namely CAP_NET_ADMIN and CAP_NET_RAW. The capability change will apply even if new user is "root".

On Windows, this option is not currently supported. For security reasons, specifying this option will cause the daemon process not to start.

Logging Options

−v[*spec*]

−−verbose=[*spec*]

Sets logging levels. Without any *spec*, sets the log level for every module and destination to **dbg**. Otherwise, *spec* is a list of words separated by spaces or commas or colons, up to one from each category below:

- A valid module name, as displayed by the **vlog/list** command on **ovs−appctl**(8), limits the log level change to the specified module.
- **syslog**, **console**, or **file**, to limit the log level change to only to the system log, to the console, or to a file, respectively. (If **−−detach** is specified, **ovsdb−client** closes its standard file descriptors, so logging to the console will have no effect.)

  On Windows platform, **syslog** is accepted as a word and is only useful along with the **−−syslog−target** option (the word has no effect otherwise).
- **off**, **emer**, **err**, **warn**, **info**, or **dbg**, to control the log level. Messages of the given severity or higher will be logged, and messages of lower severity will be filtered out. **off** filters out all messages. See **ovs−appctl**(8) for a definition of each log level.

Case is not significant within *spec*.

Regardless of the log levels set for **file**, logging to a file will not take place unless **−−log−file** is also specified (see below).

For compatibility with older versions of OVS, **any** is accepted as a word but has no effect.

−v

−−verbose
Sets the maximum logging verbosity level, equivalent to **−−verbose=dbg**.

−vPATTERN:*destination***:***pattern*
−−verbose=PATTERN:*destination***:***pattern*
Sets the log pattern for *destination* to *pattern*. Refer to **ovs−appctl**(8) for a description of the valid syntax for *pattern*.

−vFACILITY:*facility*
−−verbose=FACILITY:*facility*
Sets the RFC5424 facility of the log message. *facility* can be one of **kern**, **user**, **mail**, **daemon**, **auth**, **syslog**, **lpr**, **news**, **uucp**, **clock**, **ftp**, **ntp**, **audit**, **alert**, **clock2**, **local0**, **local1**, **local2**, **local3**, **local4**, **local5**, **local6** or **local7**. If this option is not specified, **daemon** is used as the default for the local system syslog and **local0** is used while sending a message to the target provided via the **−−syslog−target** option.

−−log−file[=*file*]
Enables logging to a file. If *file* is specified, then it is used as the exact name for the log file. The default log file name used if *file* is omitted is **/var/log/openvswitch/ovsdb−client.log**.

−−syslog−target=*host***:***port*
Send syslog messages to UDP *port* on *host*, in addition to the system syslog. The *host* must be a numerical IP address, not a hostname.

−−syslog−method=*method*
Specify *method* how syslog messages should be sent to syslog daemon. Following forms are supported:

- **libc**, use libc **syslog()** function. This is the default behavior. Downside of using this options is that libc adds fixed prefix to every message before it is actually sent to the syslog daemon over **/dev/log** UNIX domain socket.
- **unix:***file*, use UNIX domain socket directly. It is possible to specify arbitrary message format with this option. However, **rsyslogd 8.9** and older versions use hard coded parser function anyway that limits UNIX domain socket use. If you want to use arbitrary message format with older **rsyslogd** versions, then use UDP socket to localhost IP address instead.
- **udp:***ip*:*port*, use UDP socket. With this method it is possible to use arbitrary message format also with older **rsyslogd**. When sending syslog messages over UDP socket extra precaution needs to be taken into account, for example, syslog daemon needs to be configured to listen on the specified UDP port, accidental iptables rules could be interfering with local syslog traffic and there are some security considerations that apply to UDP sockets, but do not apply to UNIX domain sockets.

Public Key Infrastructure Options

−p *privkey.pem*
−−private−key=*privkey.pem*
Specifies a PEM file containing the private key used as **ovsdb−client**'s identity for outgoing SSL connections.

−c *cert.pem*
−−certificate=*cert.pem*
Specifies a PEM file containing a certificate that certifies the private key specified on **−p** or **−−private−key** to be trustworthy. The certificate must be signed by the certificate authority (CA) that the peer in SSL connections will use to verify it.

−C *cacert.pem*
−−ca−cert=*cacert.pem*
Specifies a PEM file containing the CA certificate that **ovsdb−client** should use to verify certificates presented to it by SSL peers. (This may be the same certificate that SSL peers use to verify

the certificate specified on **−c** or **−−certificate**, or it may be a different one, depending on the PKI design in use.)

−C none
−−ca−cert=none
Disables verification of certificates presented by SSL peers. This introduces a security risk, because it means that certificates cannot be verified to be those of known trusted hosts.

−−bootstrap−ca−cert=*cacert.pem*
When *cacert.pem* exists, this option has the same effect as **−C** or **−−ca−cert**. If it does not exist, then **ovsdb−client** will attempt to obtain the CA certificate from the SSL peer on its first SSL connection and save it to the named PEM file. If it is successful, it will immediately drop the connection and reconnect, and from then on all SSL connections must be authenticated by a certificate signed by the CA certificate thus obtained.

This option exposes the SSL connection to a man-in-the-middle attack obtaining the initial CA certificate, but it may be useful for bootstrapping.

This option is only useful if the SSL peer sends its CA certificate as part of the SSL certificate chain. The SSL protocol does not require the server to send the CA certificate.

This option is mutually exclusive with **−C** and **−−ca−cert**.

Other Options

−h
−−help Prints a brief help message to the console.

−V
−−version
Prints version information to the console.

SEE ALSO

ovsdb−server(1), **ovsdb−client**(1), and the OVSDB specification.