

Geraden und Dreiecke in der Ebene

Aufgabe 1 In welchem Punkt schneidet die Gerade g_1 , die durch die Punkte P und Q festgelegt ist, die Gerade g_2 , die durch die Punkte R und S verläuft?

Aufgabe 2 Nimmt man die x -Achse als dritte Gerade hinzu, ergibt sich zusammen mit den Geraden g_1 und g_2 ein Dreieck.

2.1 Bestimme den Umfang dieses Dreiecks.

2.2 Bestimme den Flächeninhalt dieses Dreiecks.

2.3 Bestimme die Innenwinkel dieses Dreiecks.

a)	$P(7 2)$	$Q(1 -6)$	$R(-15 -16)$	$S(15 8)$
b)	$P(1 -2)$	$Q(18 2)$	$R(5 -9)$	$S(15 -7)$
c)	$P(19 18)$	$Q(-16 -3)$	$R(10 2)$	$S(-5 -4)$
d)	$P(4 14)$	$Q(9 -16)$	$R(12 7)$	$S(8 3)$
e)	$P(3 2)$	$Q(-8 20)$	$R(13 -3)$	$S(-20 1)$
f)	$P(2 13)$	$Q(3 9)$	$R(12 -9)$	$S(-14 11)$
g)	$P(18 -8)$	$Q(-2 -18)$	$R(10 11)$	$S(19 14)$
h)	$P(7 13)$	$Q(-9 -19)$	$R(-2 -16)$	$S(-8 -13)$
i)	$P(-19 8)$	$Q(-15 16)$	$R(-3 -5)$	$S(9 15)$
j)	$P(15 14)$	$Q(-8 -13)$	$R(6 19)$	$S(3 10)$
k)	$P(18 19)$	$Q(13 14)$	$R(7 3)$	$S(-10 -2)$
l)	$P(-16 13)$	$Q(12 -1)$	$R(4 15)$	$S(-2 5)$
m)	$P(18 -16)$	$Q(16 -10)$	$R(-17 -8)$	$S(-18 -11)$
n)	$P(17 3)$	$Q(12 13)$	$R(-13 -6)$	$S(-14 -5)$
o)	$P(-6 7)$	$Q(13 -14)$	$R(-13 -2)$	$S(4 -19)$
p)	$P(19 5)$	$Q(-17 -4)$	$R(-1 10)$	$S(3 -11)$
q)	$P(-19 -12)$	$Q(-13 -2)$	$R(-15 3)$	$S(-18 1)$
r)	$P(-4 6)$	$Q(2 -14)$	$R(-5 20)$	$S(-1 -12)$
s)	$P(-7 -10)$	$Q(9 4)$	$R(15 -1)$	$S(1 -3)$
t)	$P(4 -6)$	$Q(16 -15)$	$R(7 -18)$	$S(13 18)$
u)	$P(13 -7)$	$Q(15 1)$	$R(2 4)$	$S(6 -20)$

Lösung a)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{22}{3} \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{4}{5}x - 4$$

$$A(5 \mid 0) \quad B\left(\frac{11}{2} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{25}{4} \mid 1\right)$$

$$U_D = 3.350\,78 \quad A_D = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\alpha = 38.6598 \quad \beta = 53.1301 \quad \gamma = 88.2101$$

Lösung b)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{4}{17}x - \frac{38}{17} \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{1}{5}x - 10$$

$$A\left(\frac{19}{2} \mid 0\right) \quad B(50 \mid 0) \quad C(-220 \mid -54)$$

$$U_D = 551.614 \quad A_D = 1093.5$$

$$\alpha = 13.2405 \quad \beta = 11.3099 \quad \gamma = 155.45$$

Lösung c)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{33}{5} \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{2}{5}x - 2$$

$$A(-11 \mid 0) \quad B(5 \mid 0) \quad C\left(-43 \mid -\frac{96}{5}\right)$$

$$U_D = 105.016 \quad A_D = \frac{768}{5}$$

$$\alpha = 30.9638 \quad \beta = 21.8014 \quad \gamma = 127.235$$

Lösung d)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -6x + 38 \quad g_2 : f(x) = x - 5$$

$$A(5 \mid 0) \quad B\left(\frac{19}{3} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{43}{7} \mid \frac{8}{7}\right)$$

$$U_D = 4.1082 \quad A_D = \frac{16}{21}$$

$$\alpha = 45 \quad \beta = 80.5377 \quad \gamma = 54.4623$$

Lösung e)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -\frac{18}{11}x + \frac{76}{11} \quad g_2 : f(x) = -\frac{4}{33}x - \frac{47}{33}$$

$$A\left(-\frac{47}{4} \mid 0\right) \quad B\left(\frac{38}{9} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{11}{2} \mid -\frac{23}{11}\right)$$

$$U_D = 35.7989 \quad A_D = 16.6982$$

$$\alpha = 6.911\,23 \quad \beta = 58.5704 \quad \gamma = 114.518$$

Lösung f)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -4x + 21 \quad g_2 : f(x) = -\frac{10}{13}x + \frac{3}{13}$$

$$A\left(\frac{3}{10} \mid 0\right) \quad B\left(\frac{21}{4} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{45}{7} \mid -\frac{33}{7}\right)$$

$$U_D = 17.5414 \quad A_D = 11.6679$$

$$\alpha = 37.5686 \quad \beta = 75.9638 \quad \gamma = 66.4677$$

Lösung g)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 17 \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{23}{3}$$

$$A(-23 \mid 0) \quad B(34 \mid 0) \quad C(148 \mid 57)$$

$$U_D = 364.706 \quad A_D = 1624.5$$

$$\alpha = 18.4349 \quad \beta = 26.5651 \quad \gamma = 135$$

Lösung h)

$$g_1 : f(x) = 2x - 1 \quad g_2 : f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 17$$

$$A(-34 \mid 0) \quad B\left(\frac{1}{2} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(-\frac{32}{5} \mid -\frac{69}{5}\right)$$

$$U_D = 80.7866 \quad A_D = 238.05$$

$$\alpha = 26.5651 \quad \beta = 63.4349 \quad \gamma = 90$$

Lösung i)

$$g_1 : f(x) = 2x + 46 \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x$$

$$A(-23 \mid 0) \quad B(0 \mid 0) \quad C(-138 \mid -230)$$

$$U_D = 548.372 \quad A_D = 2645$$

$$\alpha = 63.4349 \quad \beta = 59.0362 \quad \gamma = 57.5288$$

Lösung j)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{27}{23}x - \frac{83}{23} \quad g_2 : f(x) = 3x + 1$$

$$A \left(-\frac{1}{3} \mid 0 \right) \quad B \left(\frac{83}{27} \mid 0 \right) \quad C \left(-\frac{53}{21} \mid -\frac{46}{7} \right)$$

$$U_D = 18.9668 \quad A_D = 11.1958$$

$$\alpha = 71.5651 \quad \beta = 49.5739 \quad \gamma = 58.861$$

Lösung k)

$$g_1 : f(x) = x + 1 \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{5}{17}x + \frac{16}{17}$$

$$A \left(-\frac{16}{5} \mid 0 \right) \quad B(-1 \mid 0) \quad C \left(-\frac{1}{12} \mid \frac{11}{12} \right)$$

$$U_D = 6.74504 \quad A_D = \frac{121}{120}$$

$$\alpha = 16.3895 \quad \beta = 45 \quad \gamma = 118.61$$

Lösung l)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + 5 \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{25}{3}$$

$$A(-5 \mid 0) \quad B(10 \mid 0) \quad C \left(-\frac{20}{13} \mid \frac{75}{13} \right)$$

$$U_D = 34.6284 \quad A_D = 43.2692$$

$$\alpha = 59.0362 \quad \beta = 26.5651 \quad \gamma = 94.3987$$

Lösung m)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -3x + 38 \quad g_2 : f(x) = 3x + 43$$

$$A \left(-\frac{43}{3} \mid 0 \right) \quad B \left(\frac{38}{3} \mid 0 \right) \quad C \left(-\frac{5}{6} \mid \frac{81}{2} \right)$$

$$U_D = 112.381 \quad A_D = 546.75$$

$$\alpha = 71.5651 \quad \beta = 71.5651 \quad \gamma = 36.8699$$

Lösung n)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -2x + 37 \quad g_2 : f(x) = -x - 19$$

$$A(-19 \mid 0) \quad B \left(\frac{37}{2} \mid 0 \right) \quad C(56 \mid -75)$$

$$U_D = 227.419 \quad A_D = 1406.25$$

$$\alpha = 45 \quad \beta = 63.4349 \quad \gamma = 71.5651$$

Lösung o)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -\frac{21}{19}x + \frac{7}{19} \quad g_2 : f(x) = -x - 15$$

$$A(-15 \mid 0) \quad B \left(\frac{1}{3} \mid 0 \right) \quad C(146 \mid -161)$$

$$U_D = 460.139 \quad A_D = 1234.33$$

$$\alpha = 45 \quad \beta = 47.8624 \quad \gamma = 87.1376$$

Lösung p)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4} \quad g_2 : f(x) = -\frac{21}{4}x + \frac{19}{4}$$

$$A(-1 \mid 0) \quad B\left(\frac{19}{21} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{9}{11} \mid \frac{5}{11}\right)$$

$$U_D = 4.241\,62 \quad A_D = \frac{100}{231}$$

$$\alpha = 14.0362 \quad \beta = 79.2157 \quad \gamma = 86.7481$$

Lösung q)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{59}{3} \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + 13$$

$$A\left(-\frac{39}{2} \mid 0\right) \quad B\left(-\frac{59}{5} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(-\frac{20}{3} \mid \frac{77}{9}\right)$$

$$U_D = 33.1012 \quad A_D = 32.9389$$

$$\alpha = 33.6901 \quad \beta = 59.0362 \quad \gamma = 87.2737$$

Lösung r)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -\frac{10}{3}x - \frac{22}{3} \quad g_2 : f(x) = -8x - 20$$

$$A\left(-\frac{5}{2} \mid 0\right) \quad B\left(-\frac{11}{5} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(-\frac{19}{7} \mid \frac{12}{7}\right)$$

$$U_D = \frac{439}{115} \quad A_D = \frac{9}{35}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{663}{8} \quad \beta = 73.3008 \quad \gamma = 23.8243$$

Lösung s)

$$g_1 : f(x) = \frac{7}{8}x - \frac{31}{8} \quad g_2 : f(x) = \frac{1}{7}x - \frac{22}{7}$$

$$A \left(\frac{31}{7} \mid 0 \right) \quad B(22 \mid 0) \quad C(1 \mid -3)$$

$$U_D = 43.3404 \quad A_D = \frac{369}{14}$$

$$\alpha = 41.1859 \quad \beta = 8.1301 \quad \gamma = 130.684$$

Lösung t)

$$g_1 : f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x - 3 \quad g_2 : f(x) = 6x - 60$$

$$A(-4 \mid 0) \quad B(10 \mid 0) \quad C\left(\frac{76}{9} \mid -\frac{28}{3}\right)$$

$$U_D = 39.0176 \quad A_D = \frac{196}{3}$$

$$\alpha = 36.8699 \quad \beta = 80.5377 \quad \gamma = 62.5924$$

Lösung u)

$$g_1 : f(x) = 4x - 59 \quad g_2 : f(x) = -6x + 16$$

$$A\left(\frac{8}{3} \mid 0\right) \quad B\left(\frac{59}{4} \mid 0\right) \quad C\left(\frac{15}{2} \mid -29\right)$$

$$U_D = 71.3759 \quad A_D = 175.208$$

$$\alpha = 80.5377 \quad \beta = 75.9638 \quad \gamma = 23.4986$$