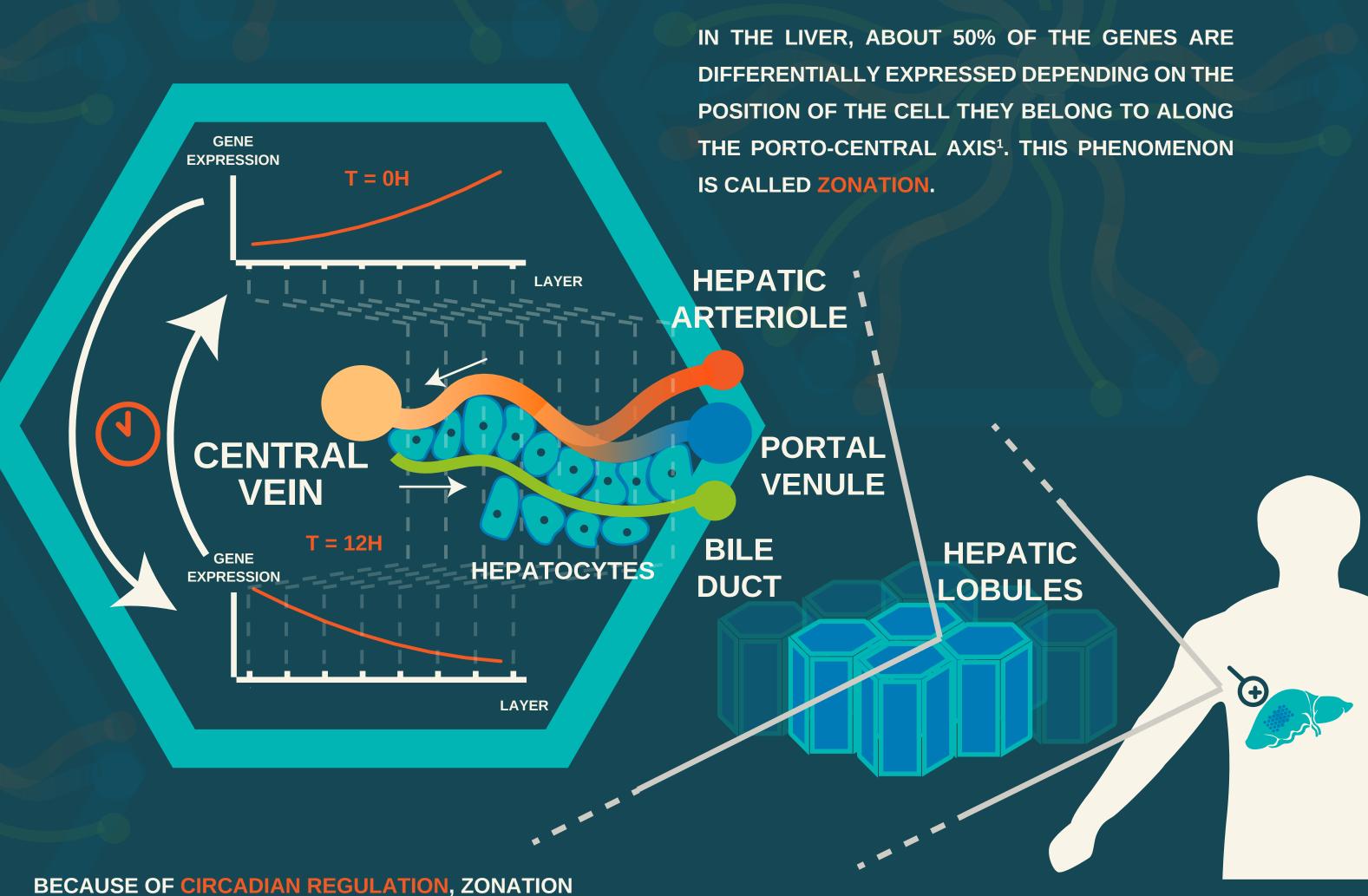
EXPLORING CIRCADIAN LIVER ZONATION

COLAS DROIN, JAKOB EL KHOLTEI, KEREN BAHAR HALPERN, CLEMENCE HURNI, SHALEV ITZKOVITZ, FELIX NAEF

I. WHAT IS CIRCADIAN LIVER ZONATION



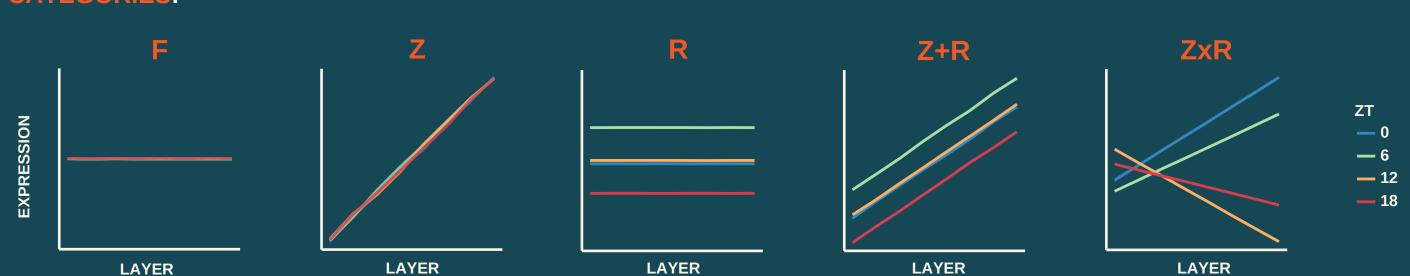
III. THE MODEL

CAN CHANGE ALONG THE DAY².

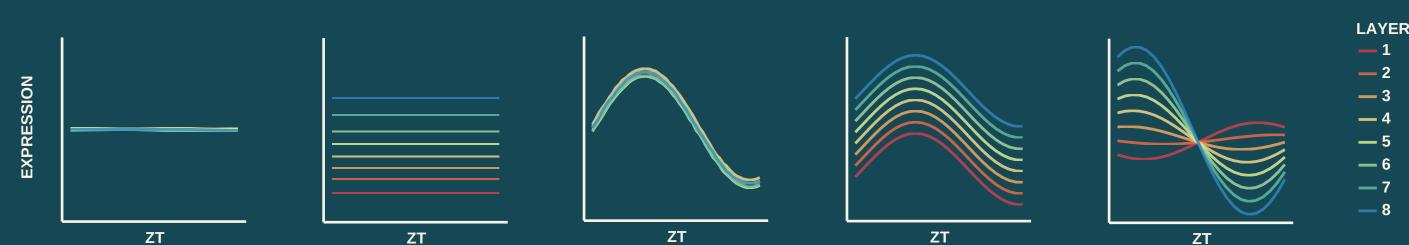
WE USE A MIXED-MODEL APPROACH THAT ACCOUNTS FOR BOTH THE SPATIAL AND THE TEMPORAL VARIANCE, THROUGH POLYNOMIAL AND SINUSOIDAL REGRESSIONS. THE INTER-ANIMAL VARIABILITY IS ABSORED INTO THE RANDOM EFFECTS OF THE MODEL (μ_i).

$$\begin{split} Y_{x,t,i} &= \mu_i + \mu(x) + a(x)cos(\omega t) + b(x)sin(\omega t) + \epsilon_{x,t,i} \\ \mu(x) &= \mu_0 + \mu_1 P_1(x) + \mu_2 P_2(x) \\ b(x) &= b_0 + b_1 P_1(x) + b_2 P_2(x) \\ a(x) &= a_0 + a_1 P_1(x) + a_2 P_2(x) \end{split} \qquad \begin{matrix} M_1 \colon \{\mu_0\} \colon \mathsf{FLAT} \\ M_2 \colon \{\mu_0, \mu_1\} \colon \mathsf{ZONATED} \\ M_3 \colon \{\mu_0, a_0, b_0\} \colon \mathsf{RHYTHMIC} \\ M_4 \colon \{\mu_0, \mu_1, a_0, b_0\} \colon \mathsf{ZHR} \\ &\vdots \\ M_N \colon \{\mu_0, \mu_1, \mu_2, a_0, b_0, a_1, b_1, a_2, b_2\} \colon \mathsf{ZXR} \end{matrix}$$

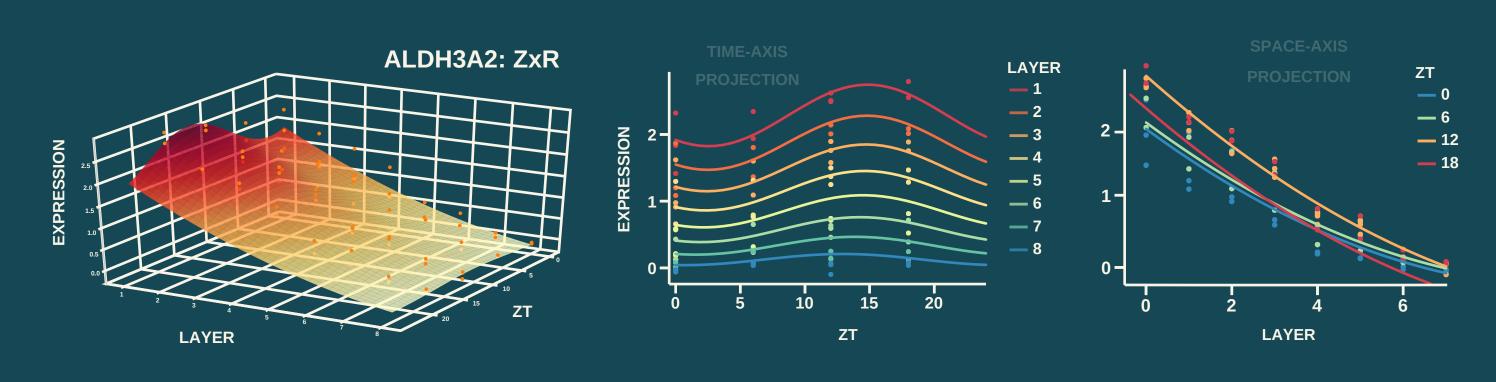
2° SUB-MODELS M_n CAN BE GENERATED BY REMOVING SOME OF THE PARAMETERS μ_i , a_i and b_i . We then per-FORM MODEL SELECTION ACCORDING TO THE BIC, ENABLING TO SORT GENES ACCORDING INTO DIFFERENT MODEL **CATEGORIES:**



FOR CHRONOBIOLOGISTS, CATEGORIES EQUIVALENTLY EXPLAIN HOW RHYTHMICITY VARIES WITH THE LAYERS:

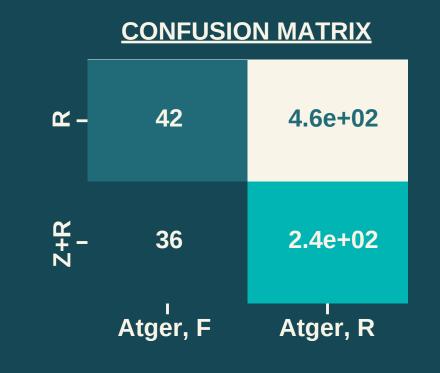


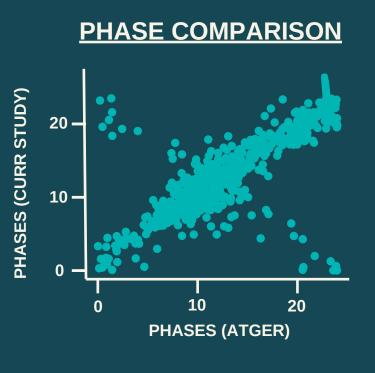
WE END UP OBTAINING FITS, WHOSE COMPLEXITY DEPEND ON THE GENE CATEGORY:

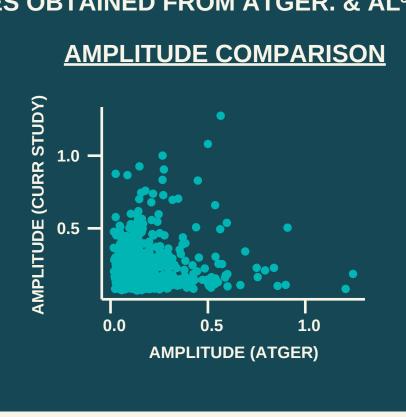


V. VALIDATION

WE VALIDATE OUR CLASSIFICATION COMPARING OUR RESULTS WITH THE ONES OBTAINED FROM ATGER. & AL3.



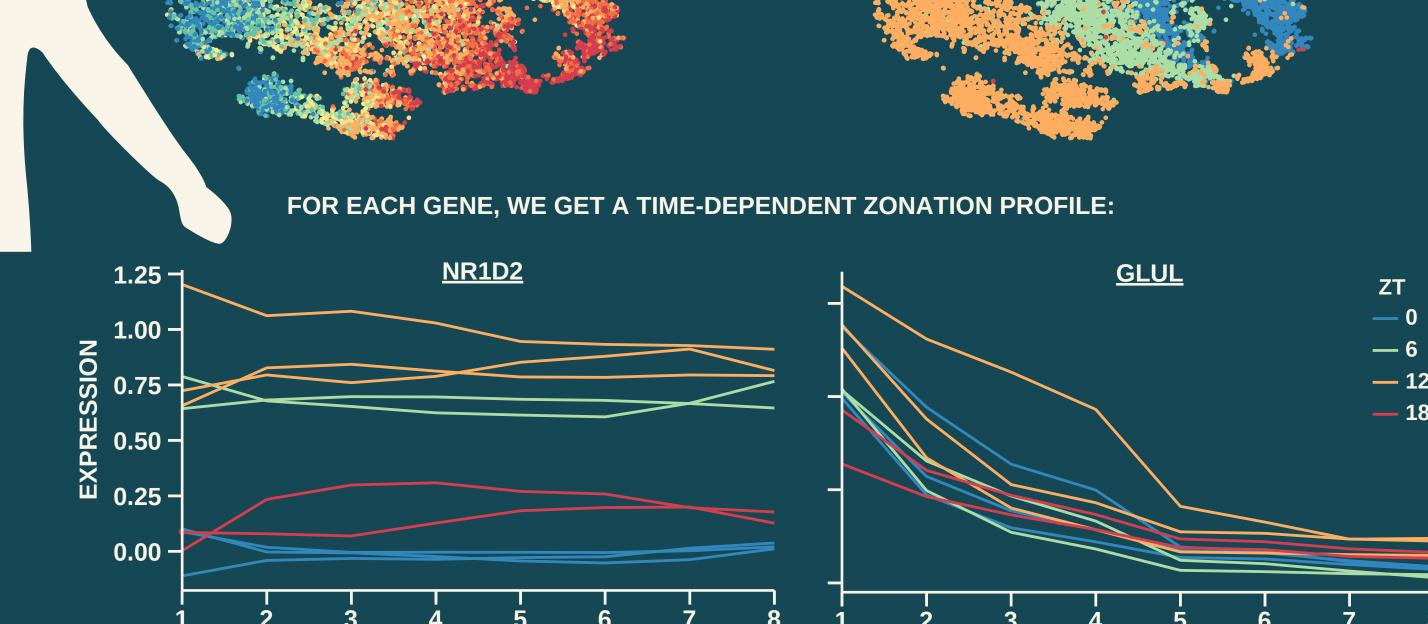




II. THE DATA

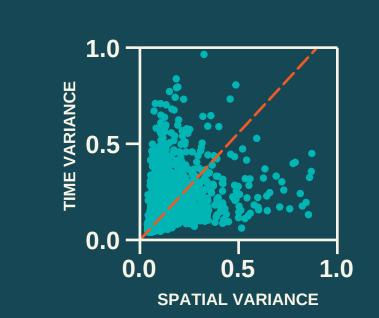
- SINGLE-CELL RNA-SEQ FROM MOUSE LIVER
- 4 TIMEPOINTS: ZT0, ZT6, ZT12 AND ZT18
- 8 LAYERS CONSIDERED
- ABOUT 15.000 GENES
- 2 TO 3 REPLICATES PER TIME CONDITION

EXPLORING THE VARIANCE OF THE DATASET WITH T-SNE REVEALS THAT THE CELLS CLUSTER ACCORDING TO THEIR POSITION AND TIME LABELS:



LAYER

LOOKING AT THE SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL VARIANCES OF THE GENES IN THE WHOLE DATASET CONFIRMS THAT THERE ARE LARGE DIFFERENCES IN TERMS OF RHYTHMICITY AND ZONATION AMONG GENES.

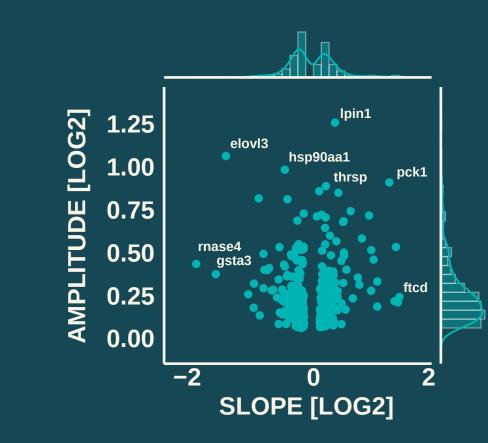


IV. RESULTS

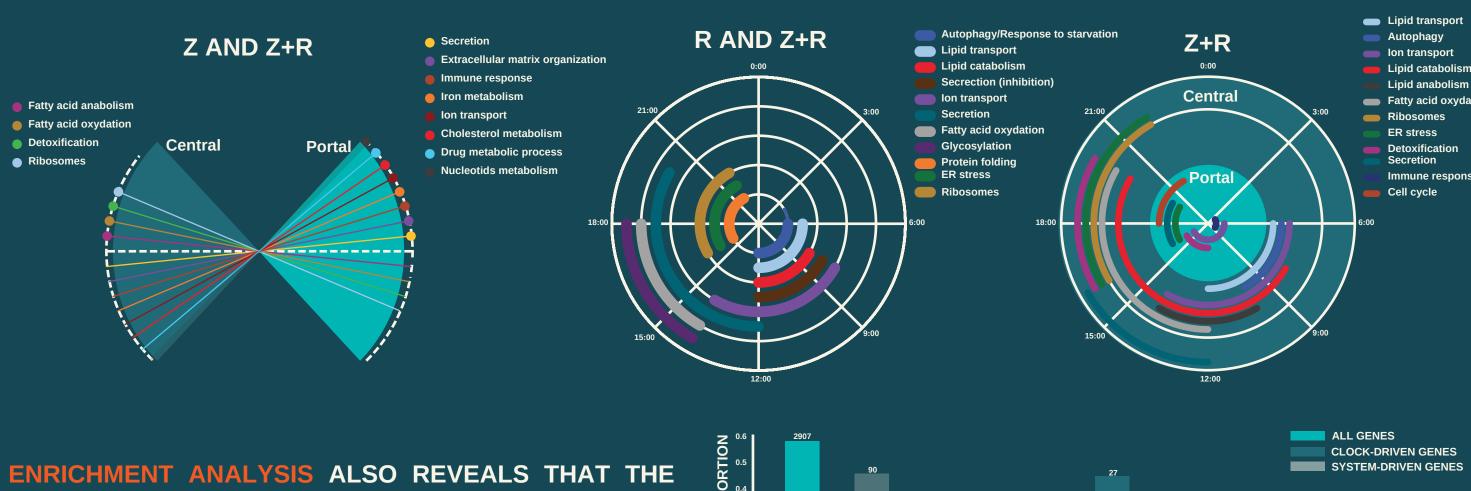
THE FINAL CLASSIFICATION REVEALS THAT FEW GENES EXHIBIT WAVE-LIKE BEHAVIORS (ZxR), BUT A SIGNIFICANT PART OF THEM ARE INDEPENDENTLY ZONATED AND RHYTHMIC (Z+R).



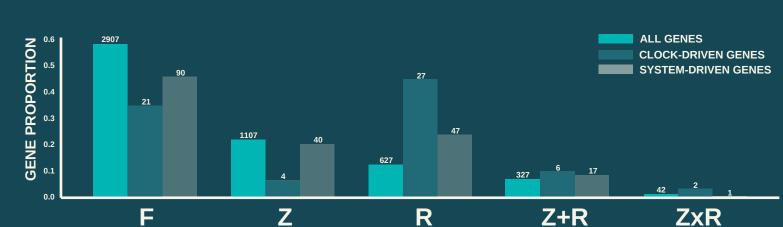
COMPARING AMPLITUDE AND SLOPE IN THE **Z+R GENES SHOW INDEPENDENT EFFECTS:**



ENRICHMENT ANALYSIS OF THE GO PATHWAYS REVEAL THAT SOME BIOLOGICAL PROCESSES ARE REGULATED **IN BOTH SPACE AND TIME:**



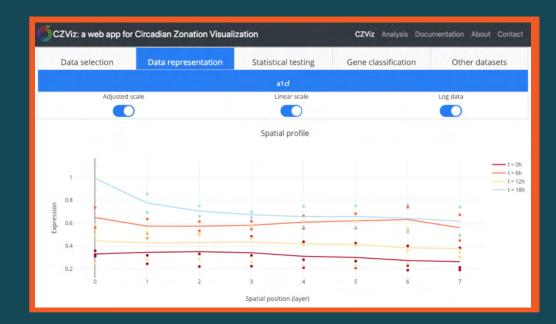
CLOCK-DRIVEN GENES ARE MAINLY NOT ZONATED WHILE THE SYSTEM-DRIVEN RHYTHMIC GENES ARE:

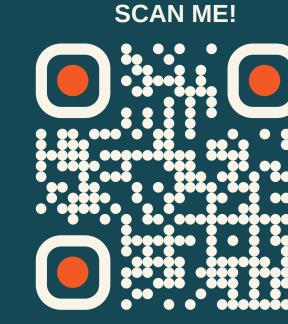


VI. WEB-APP

A WEB-APP, BUILT USING THE FRAMEWORK DASH BY PLOTLY, ENABLES TO EXPLORE THE WHOLE DATASET AND THE RESULTS OF THE ANALYSIS. IT IS AVAILABLE AND FULLY DOCUMENTED WEBSITE: CZVIZ.EPFL.CH

FEEDBACKS WELCOME!







1. Halpern, K. B., Shenhav, R., Matcovitch-Natan, O., Tóth, B., Lemze, D., Golan, M., ... & Brandis, A. (2017). Single-cell spatial reconstruction reveals global division of labour in the mammalian liver. Nature, 542(7641), 352.





Illustrations credits: Aknowledgments: Clock by Fauzan Adiima from The Noun Project Hexagonal pattern by Tresnatiq from The Noun Project **Perpective by Simon Martin from The Noun Project Liver by WeiKang Wang from The Noun Project Mouse by Giulia Chicco from The Noun Project** sin for biological explanations

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