Review: Polymerase chain reaction

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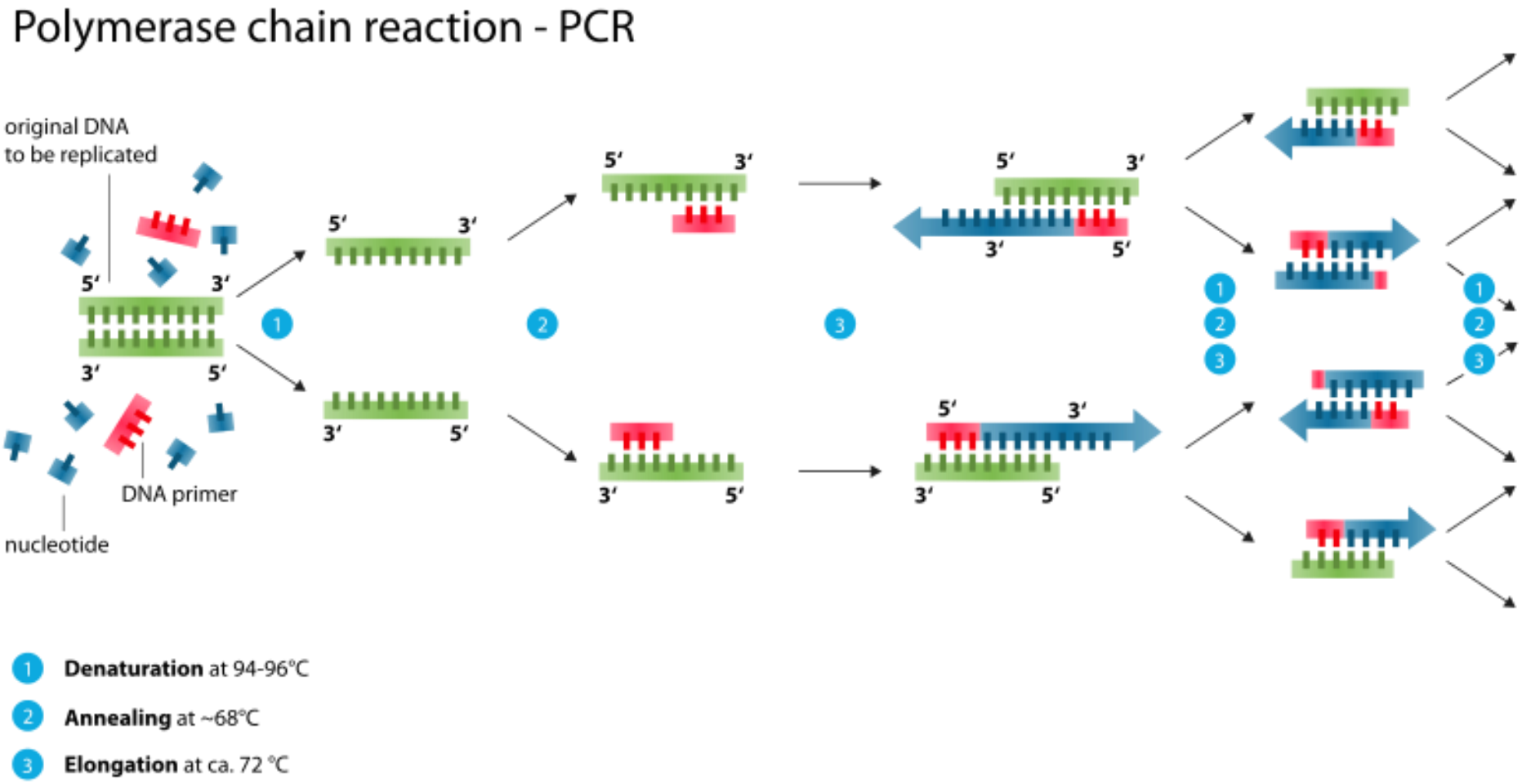

Source: Wikipedia

1st Generation: Sanger Sequencing

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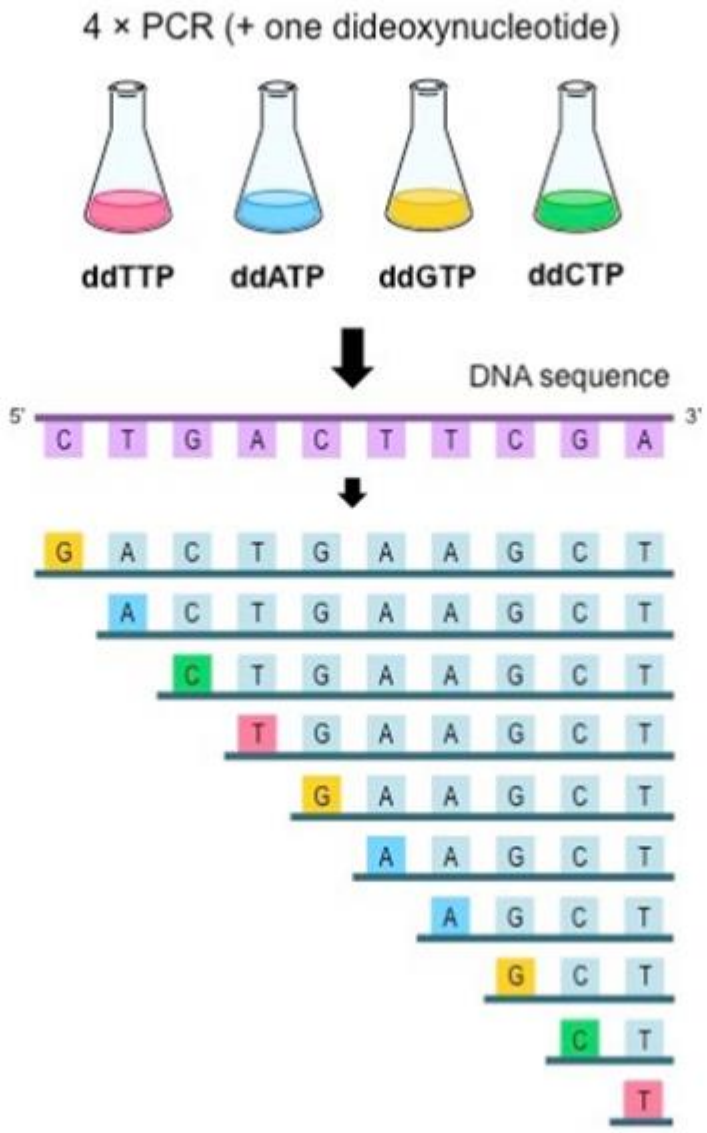
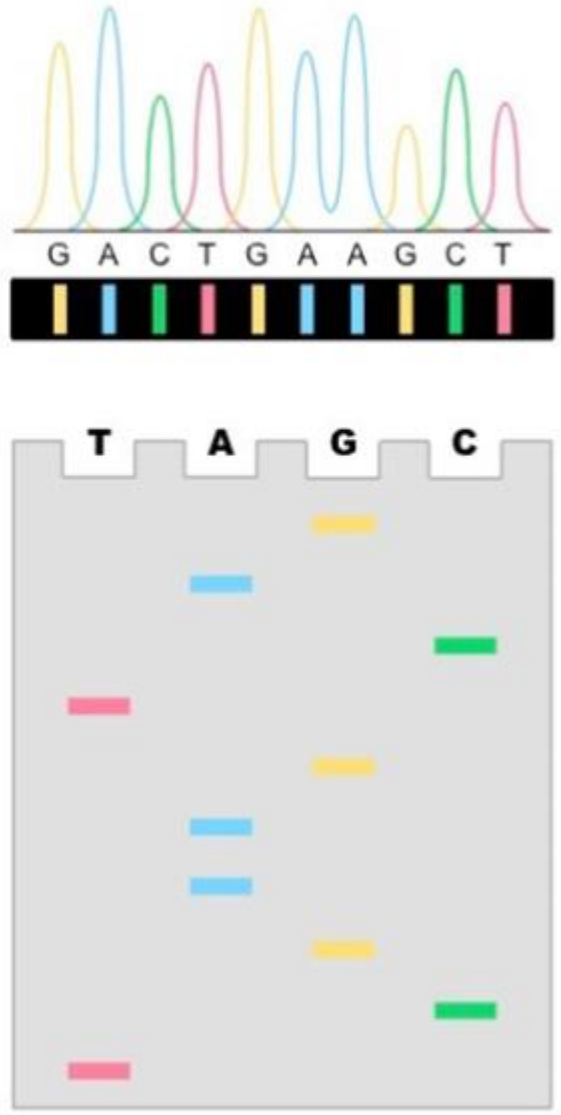
Beckman Coulter CEQ 8000



Use a sequencing machine

Separate with a gel



Moore’s Law

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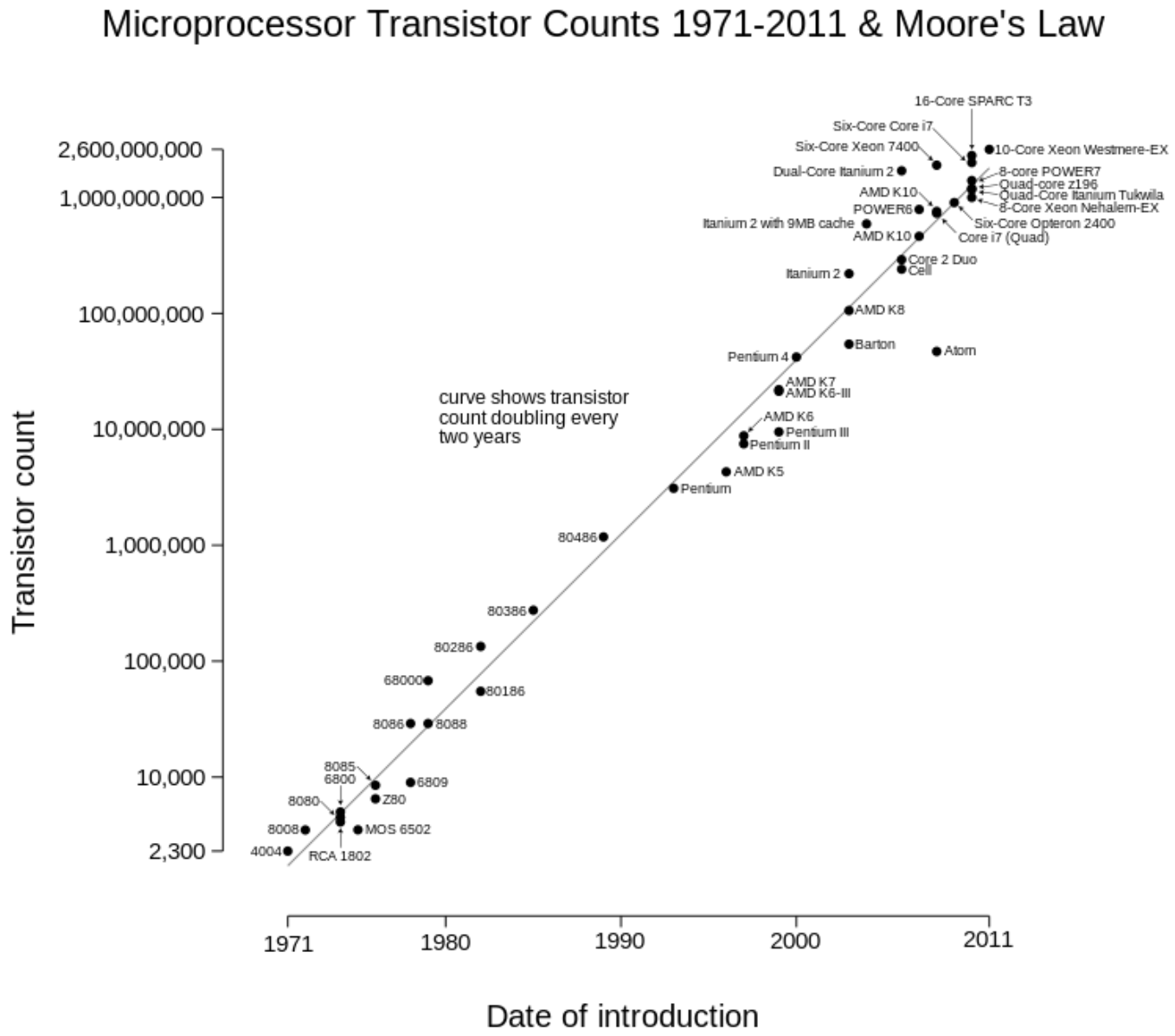

Moore's Law vs. Sequencing Technology

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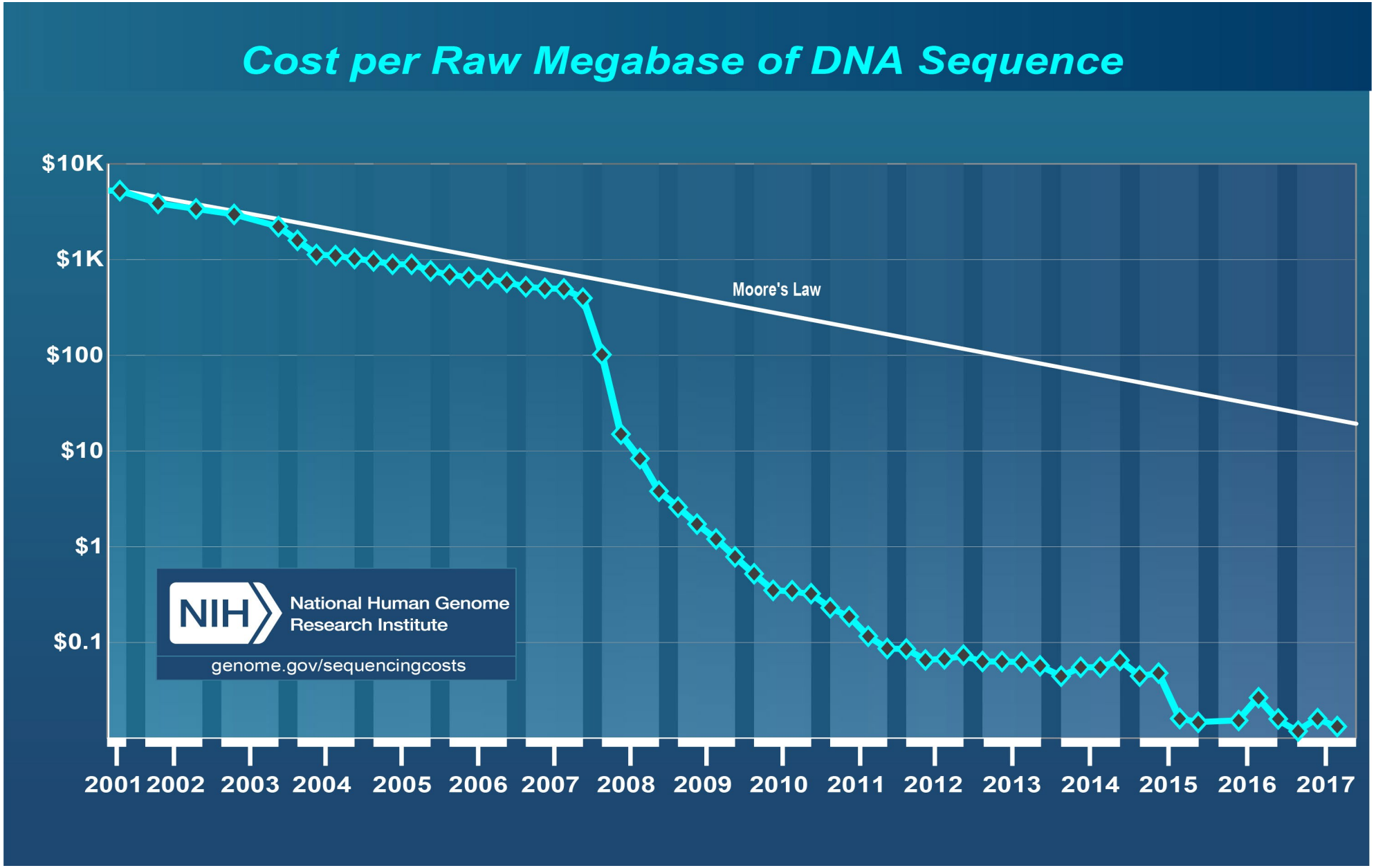

Sequencing Read Archive (NCBI)

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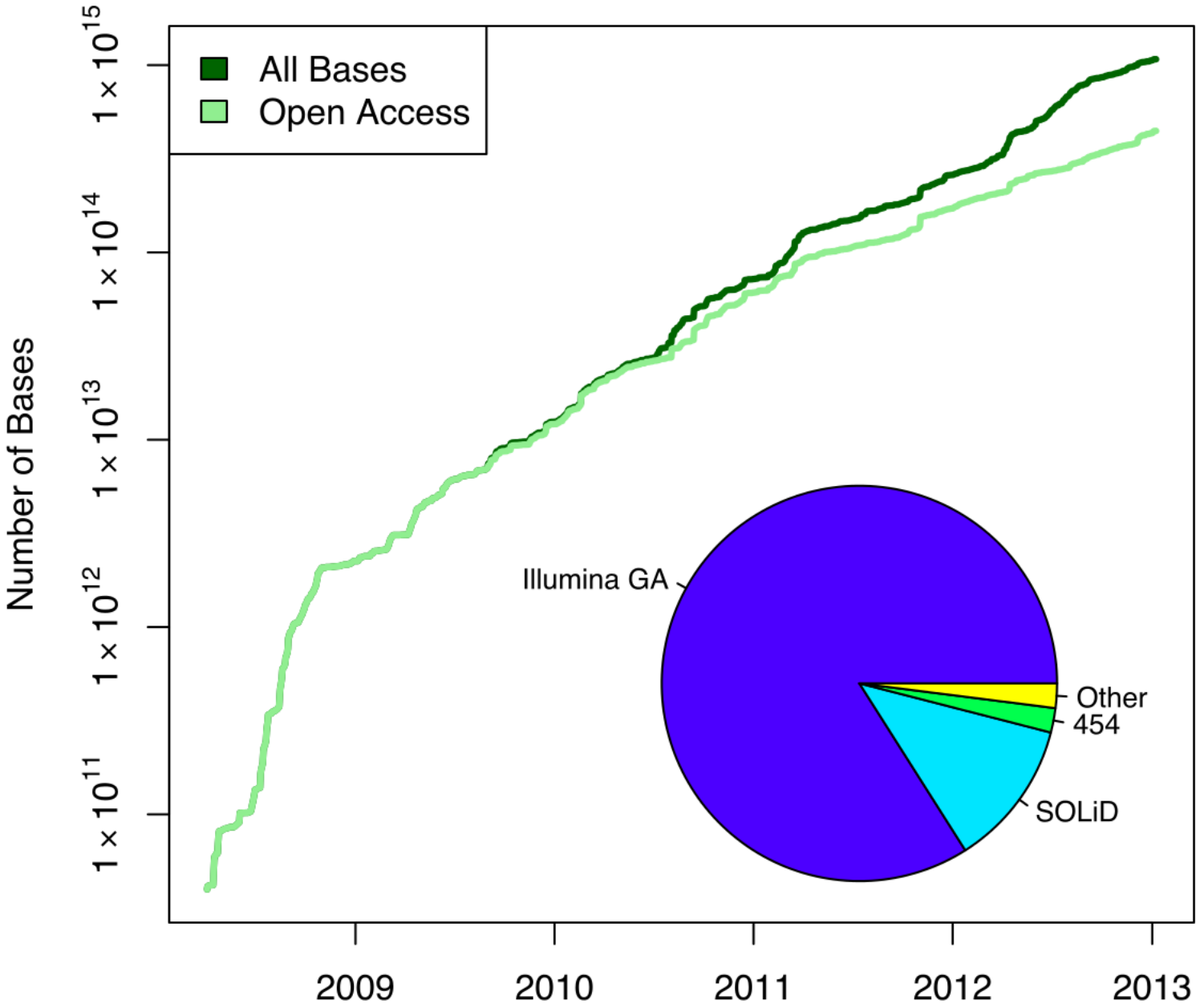

Blue and green =
'Next Generation Sequencing'

2nd Gen: Sequencing Platforms

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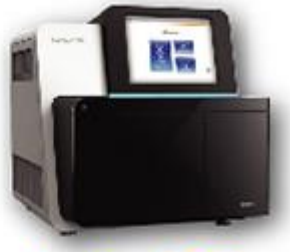
MiSeq®



NextSeq® 500

HiSeq® 2500

HiSeq® 3000

Next Generation Sequencing
platforms from trusted names

Ion Torrent™

PacBio RS II System

HiSeq® 4000

Next-Generation Sequencing: Typical Workflow

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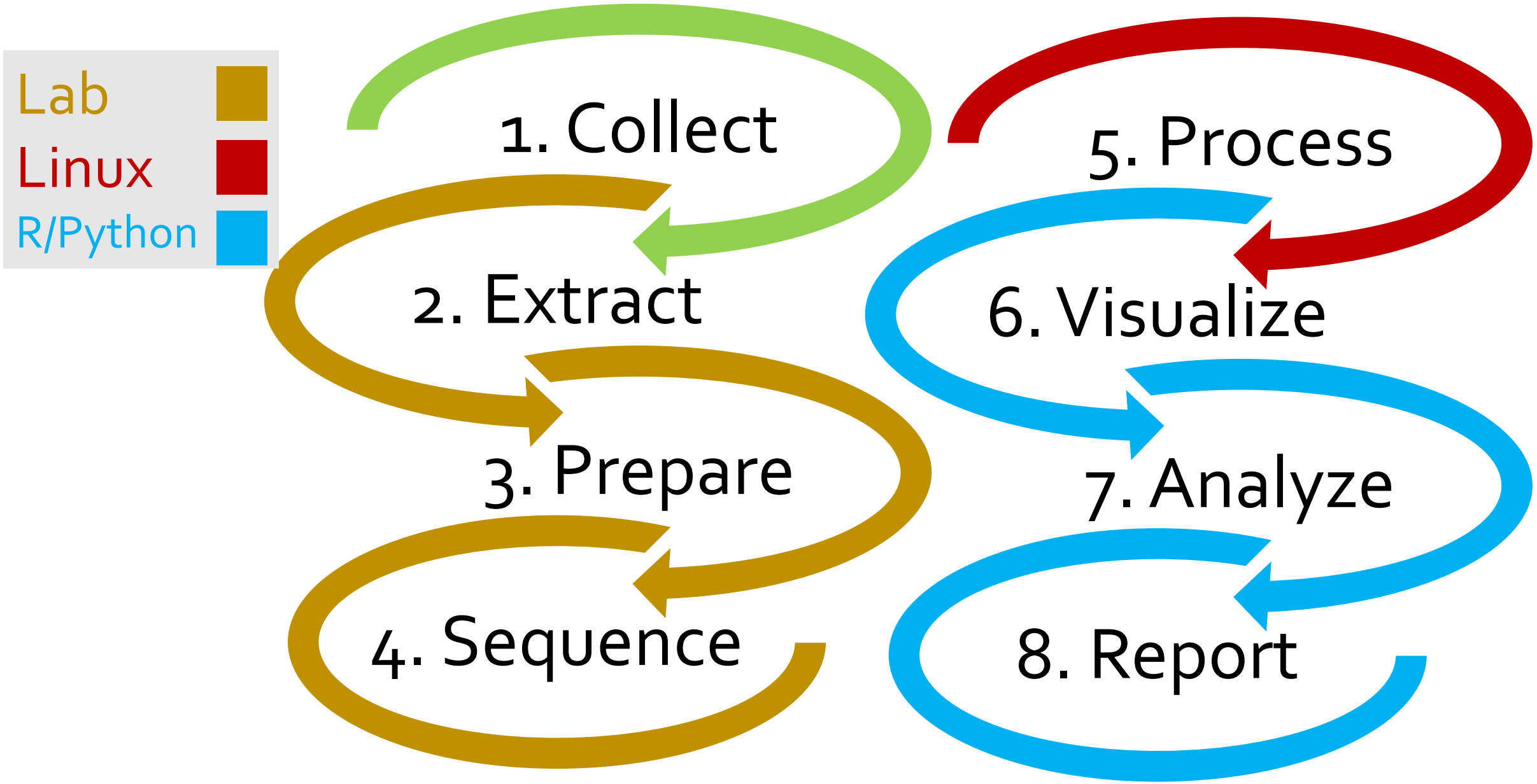

2nd Gen: Common Elements

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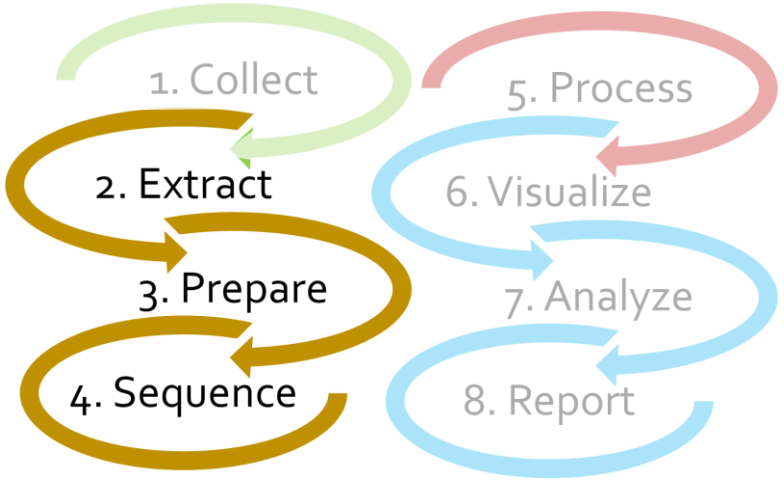
Sequencing Library Preparation

1. Extract & purify DNA*
2. Fragment to target size (75-750 bp)
3. Strand isolation
4. Clonal Amplification
5. Nucleotide detection



2. Fragment Sizes (longer list on website)

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Platform	Instrument	Mreads	Length (bp)	Gbp	Type
Illumina	NovaSeq 6000 S4	10000	300	3000	SR & PE
Illumina	NextSeq 500 High-Output	400	300	120	SR & PE
Illumina	HiSeq X	375	300	112.5	PE
Illumina	HiSeq High-Output v4	250	250	62.5	SR & PE
Illumina	MiSeq v3	25	600	15	SR & PE
Illumina	MiniSeq High-Output	25	300	7.5	SR & PE
Ion	Proton I	60	200	12	SR
Ion	PGM 318	4	400	1.6	SR
Ion	PGM 316	2	400	0.8	SR
Ion	PGM 314	0.4	400	0.16	SR
PacBio	PacBio Sequel	0.37	20000	7.4	SR
PacBio	PacBio RS II (P6)	0.055	15000	0.825	SR
Roche 454	GS FLX+ / FLX	0.7	700	0.49	SR
SOLiD	5500xl W	267	100	26.7	SR & PE

Sequence isolation (and cloning)

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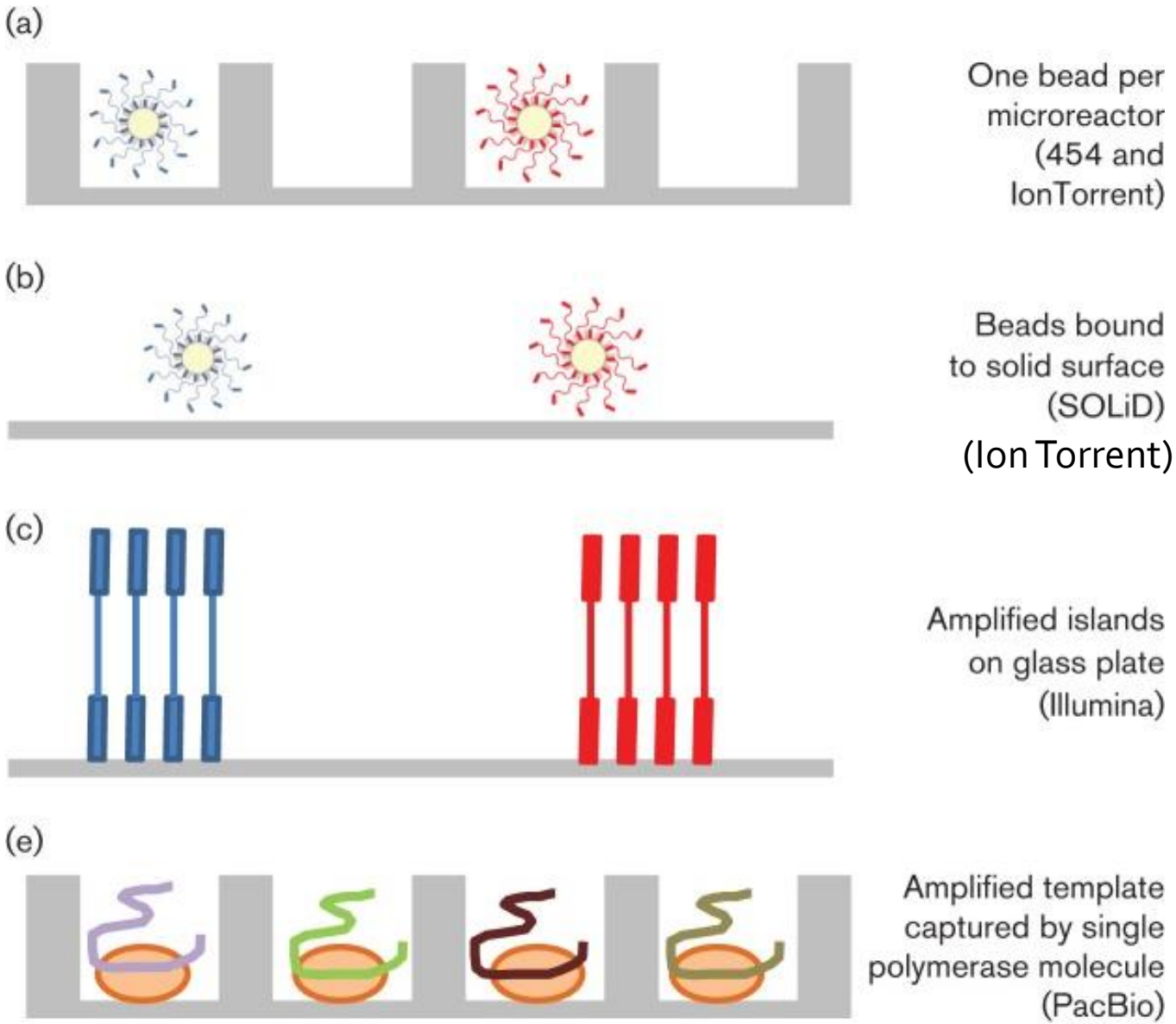
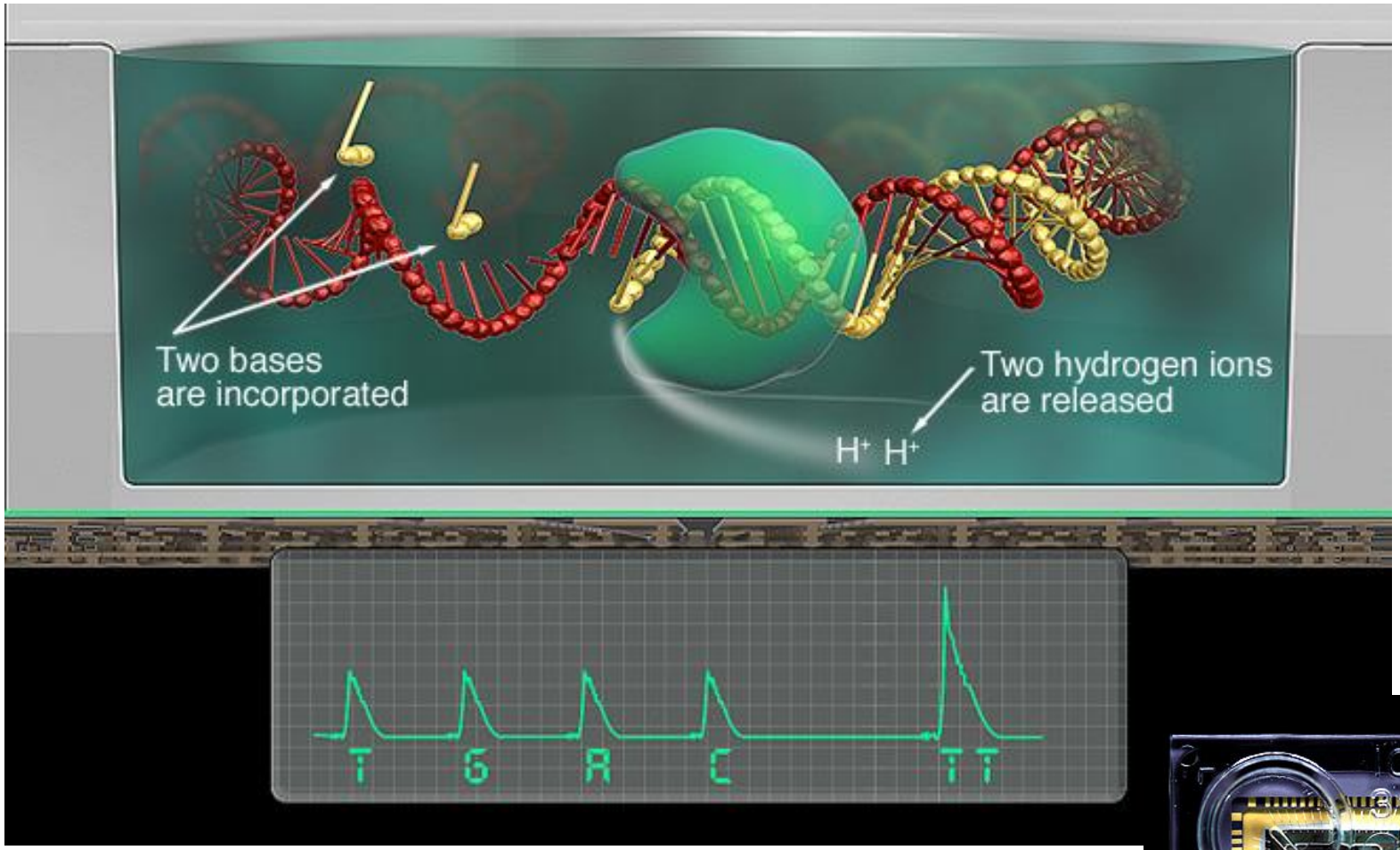
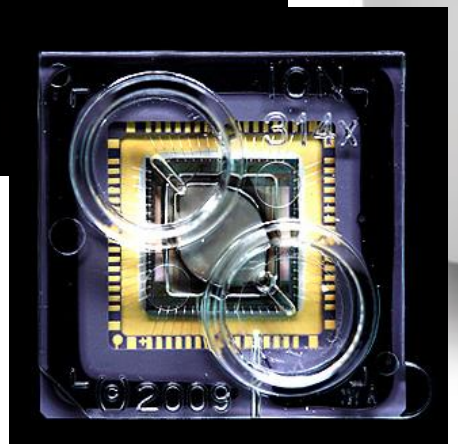


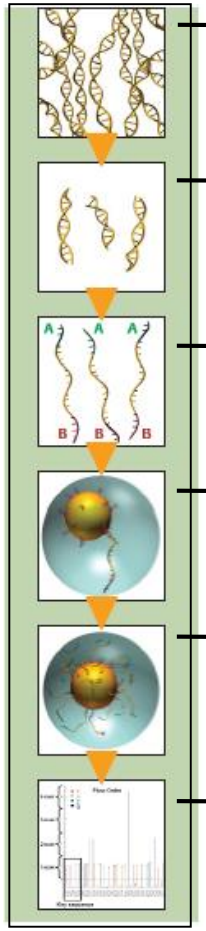
Ion Torrent

@ColauttiLab

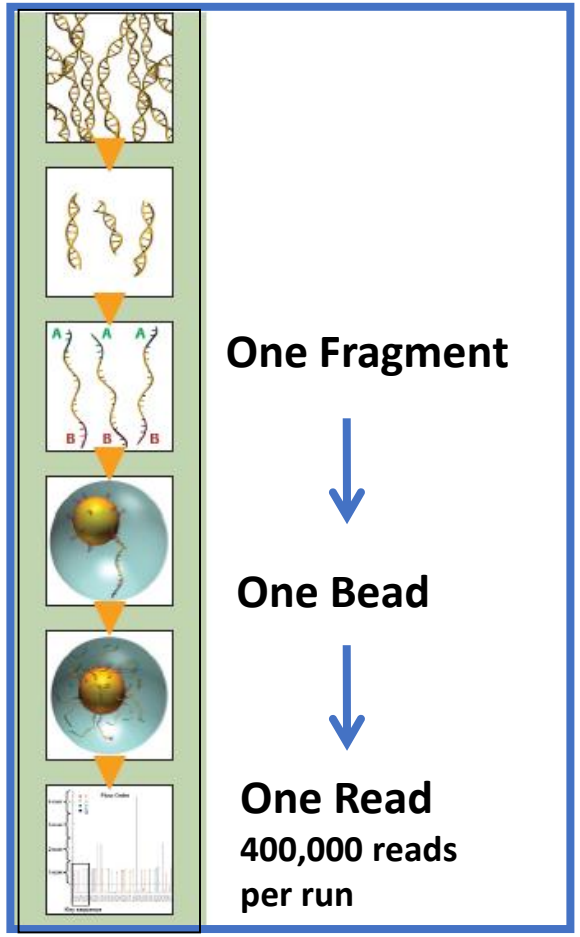




2nd Gen: 454 Sequencing (Roche; deprecated)



- Sample input: Genomic **DNA**, BACs, amplicons, cDNA
- Generation of small **DNA fragments** via nebulization
- Ligation of A/B-Adaptors flanking **single-stranded DNA fragments**
- Emulsification of beads and fragments in water-in-oil **microreactors**
- **Clonal amplification** of fragments bound to beads in microreactors
- **Sequencing** and **base calling**



CSB2008 August 2008

Rothberg & Leomon 2008

2nd Gen: 454 Sequencing (Roche; deprecated)

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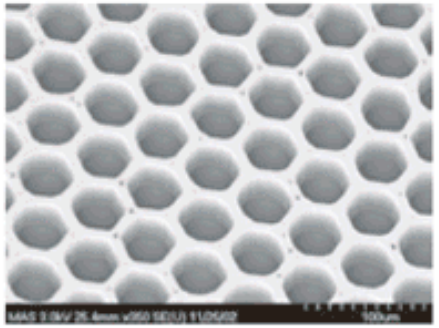

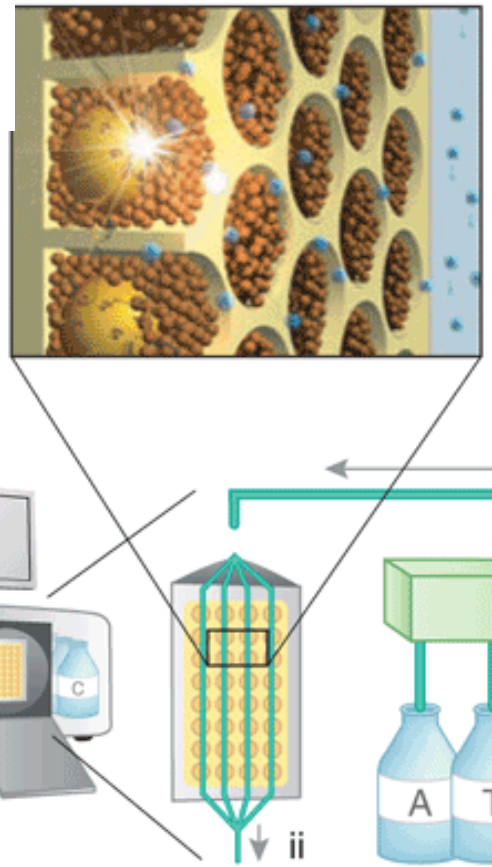

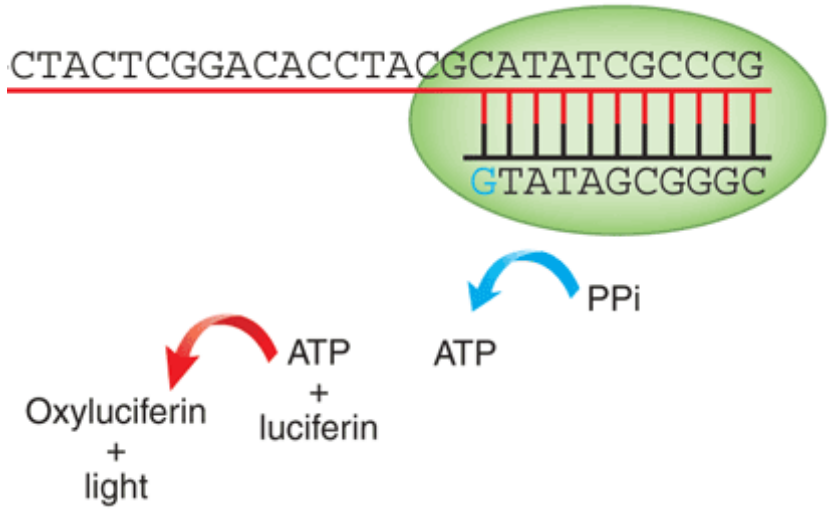

CSB2008 August 2008

Rothberg & Leomon 2008

SOLiD Sequencing (ABI)

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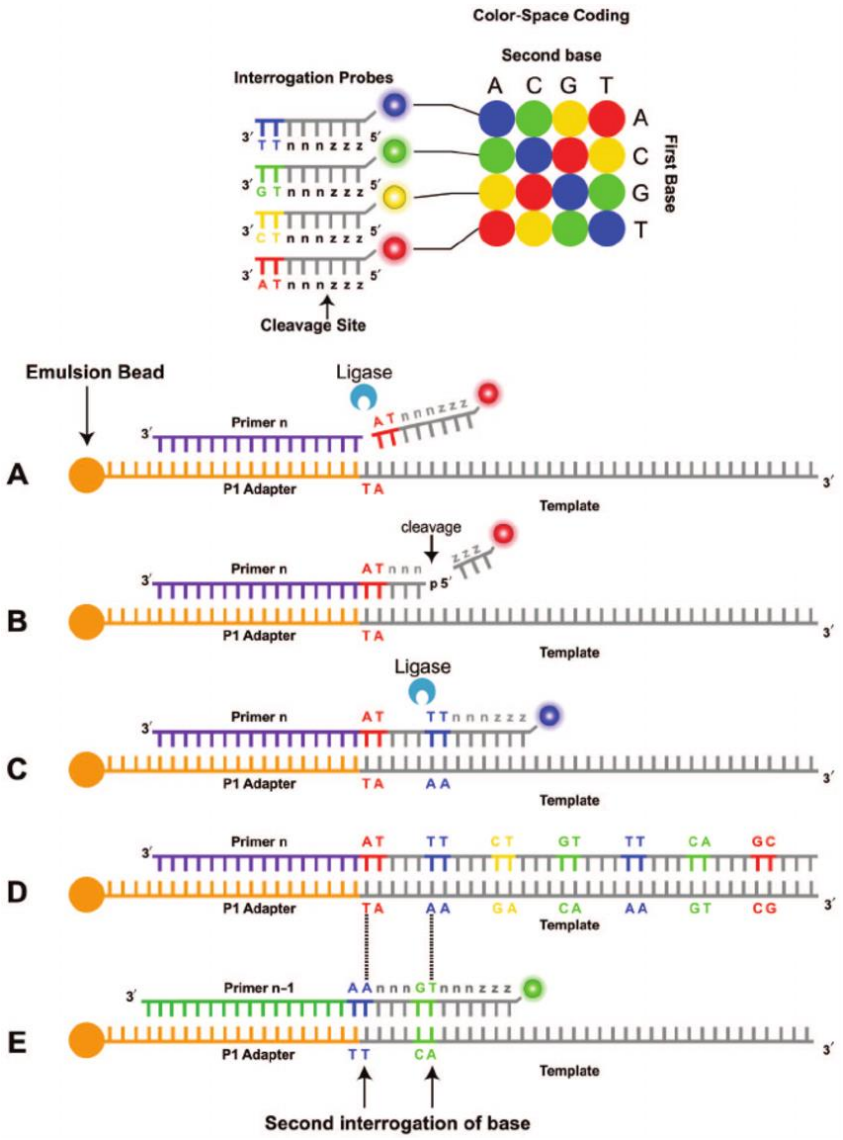

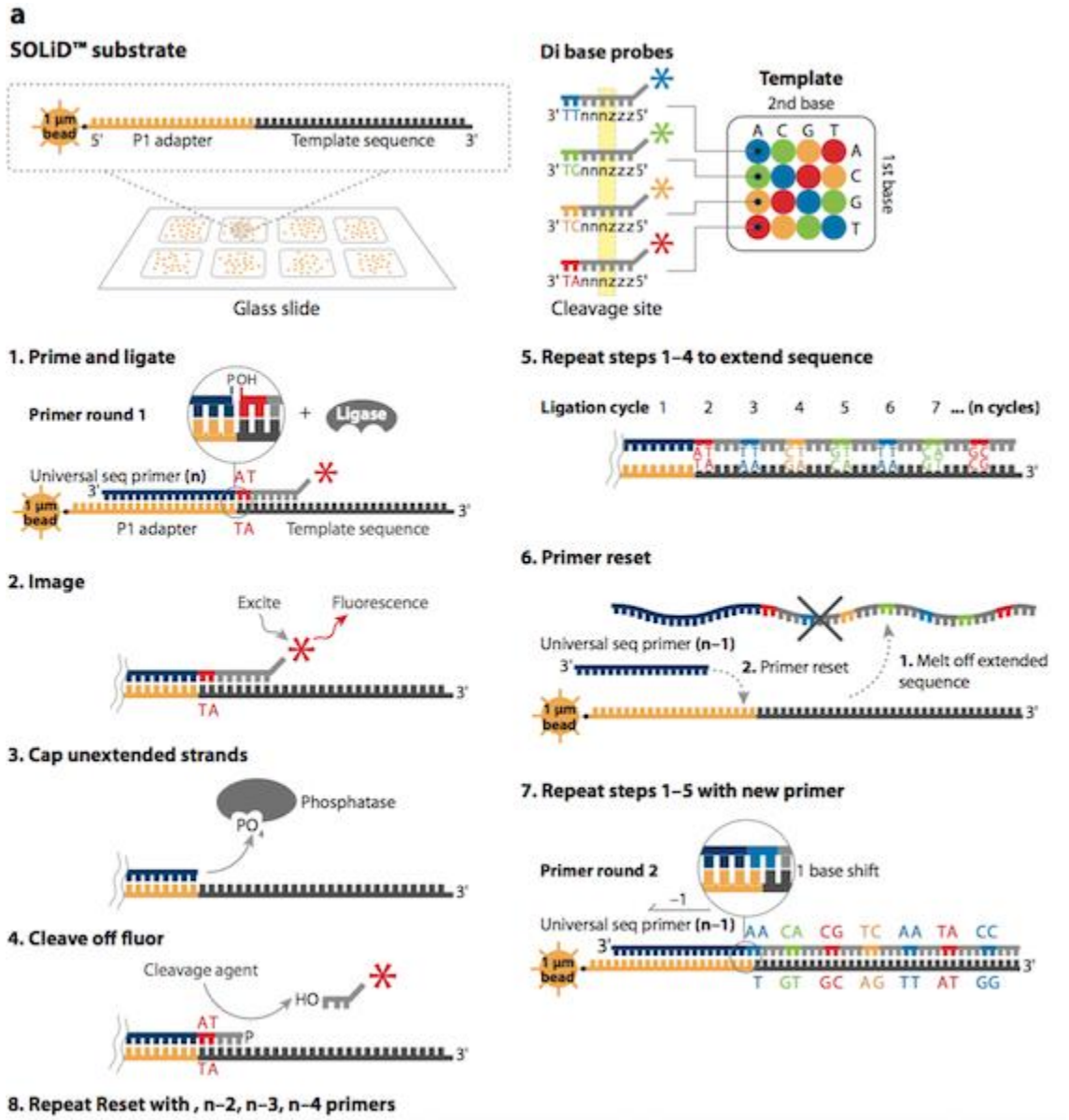

Illumina Devices

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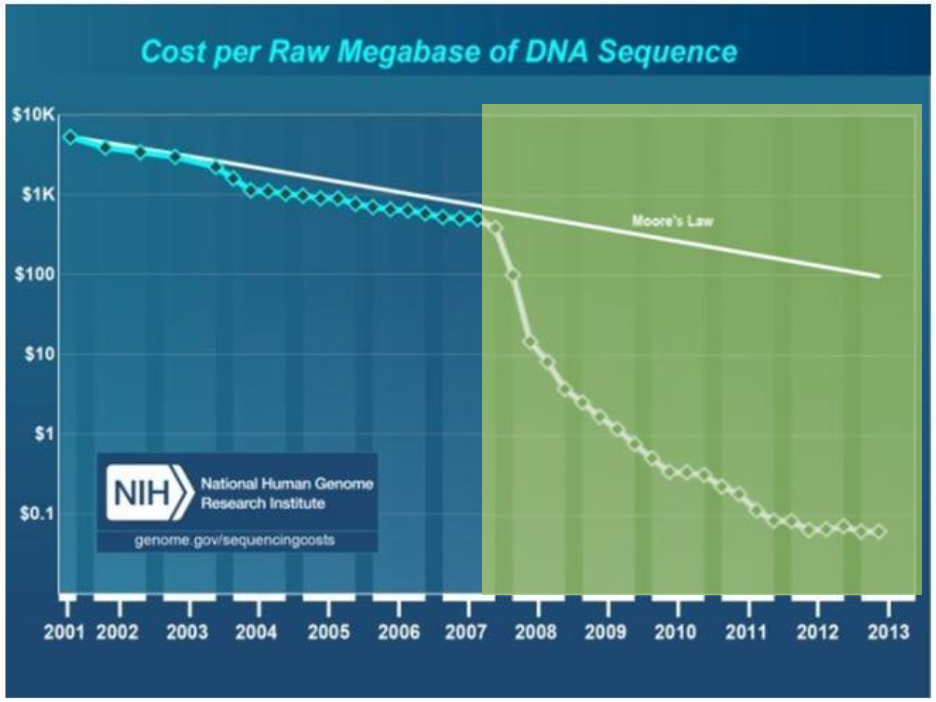
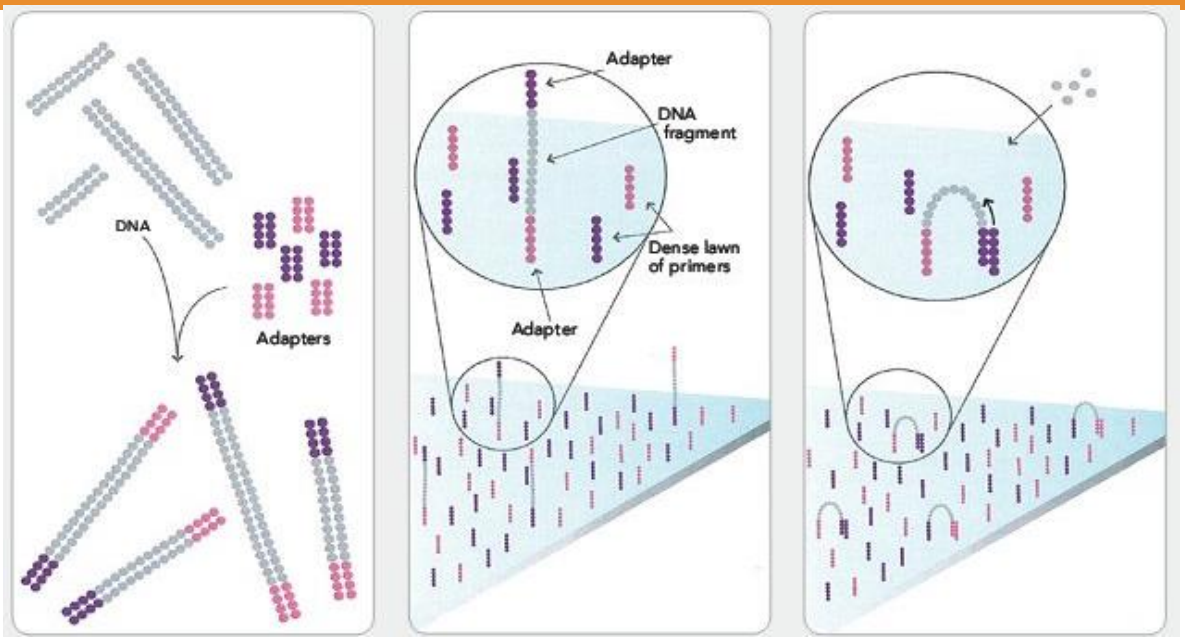
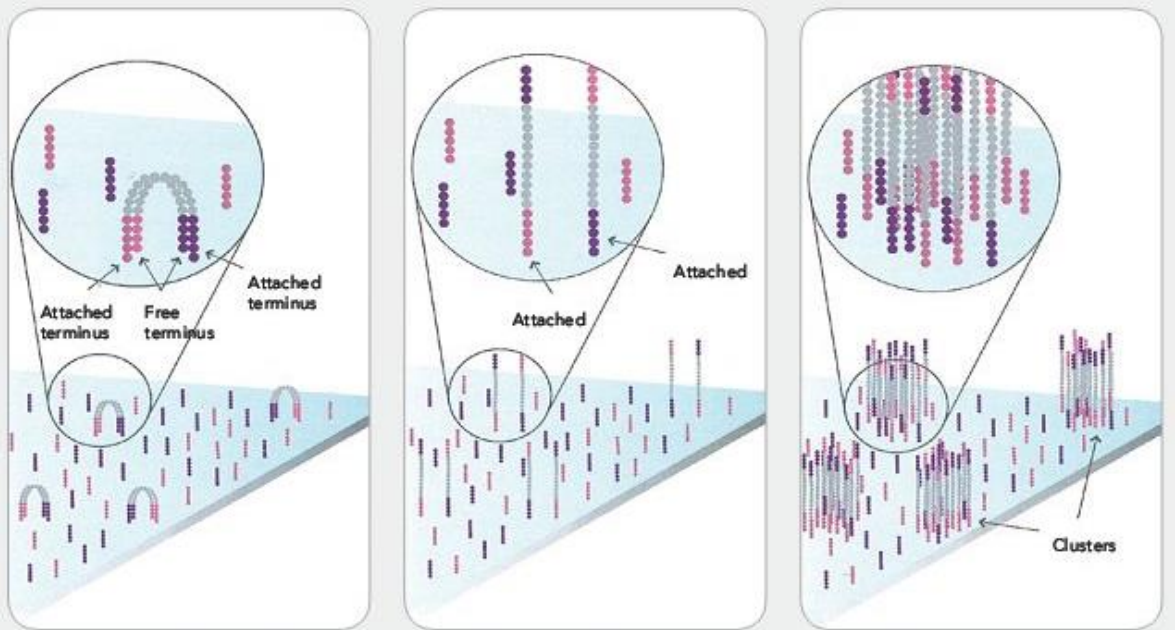
MiniSeq System



Illumina sequencing (formerly Solexa)





1. Prepare genomic DNA
2. Attach DNA to surface
3. Bridge amplification
4. Fragment become double stranded
5. Denature the double stranded molecules
6. Complete amplification

Illumina sequencing

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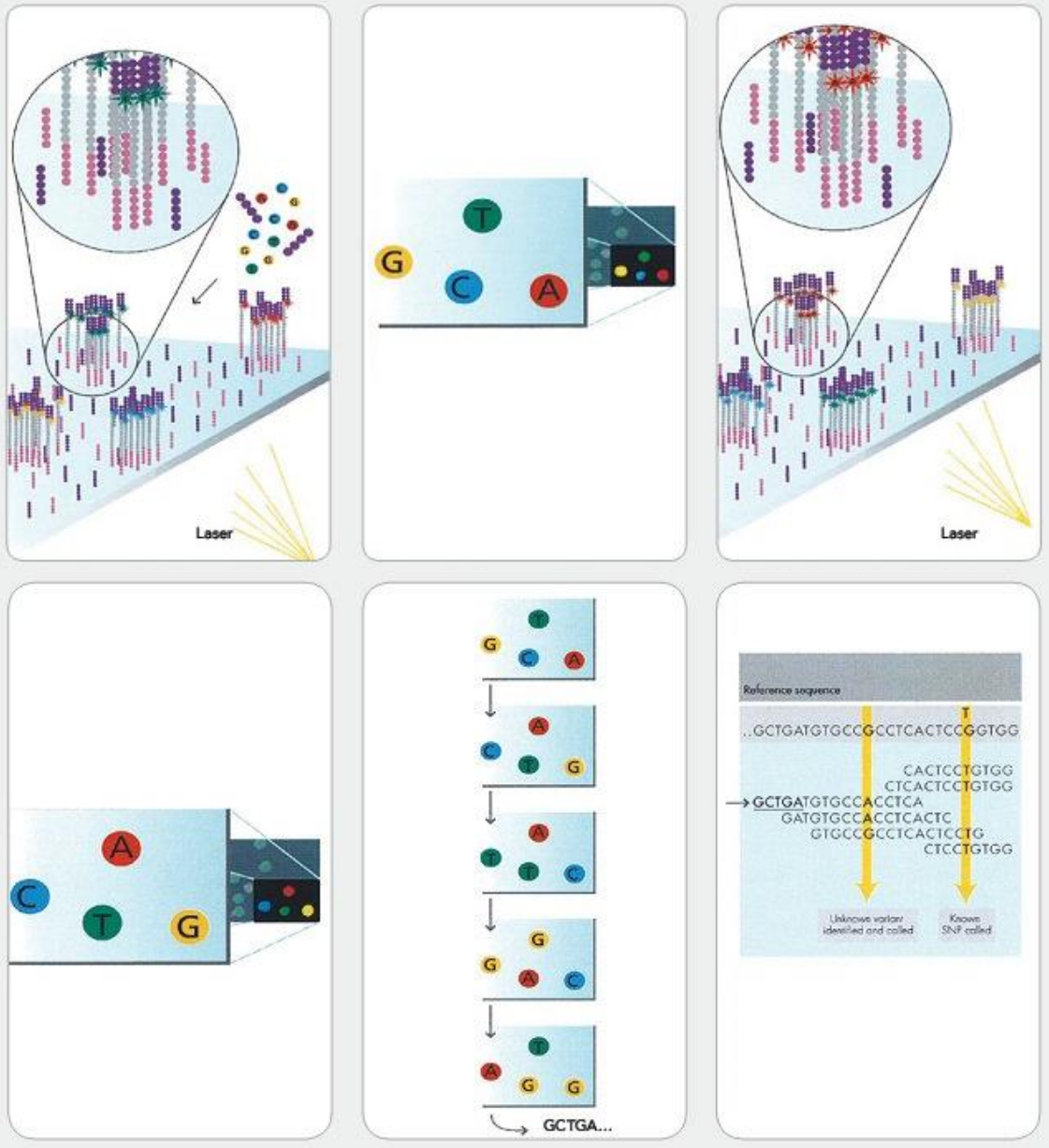

7. Determine first base
8. Image first base
9. Determine second base
10. Image second base
11. Sequence reads over multiple cycles
12. Align data

Illumina flow cells

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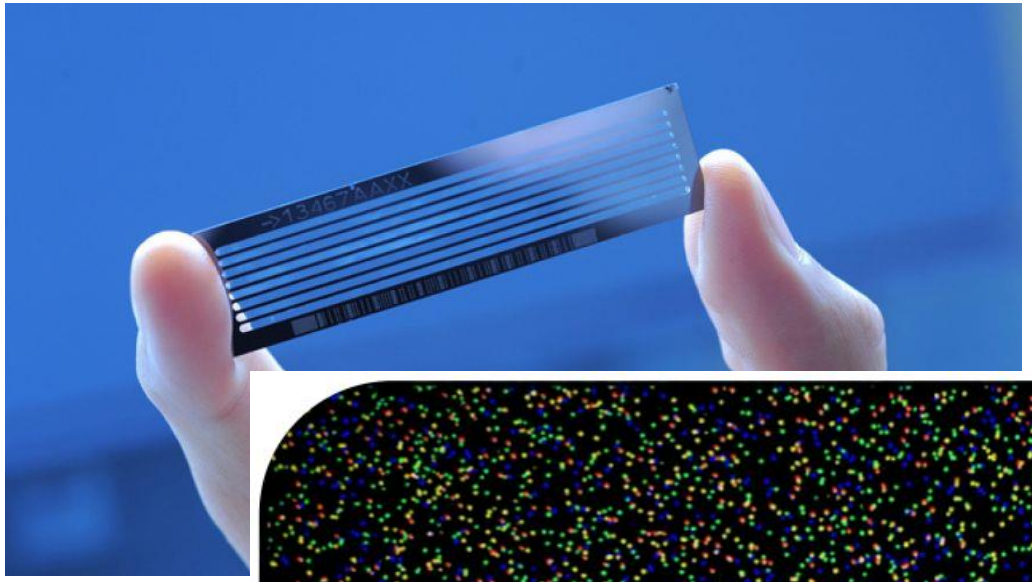

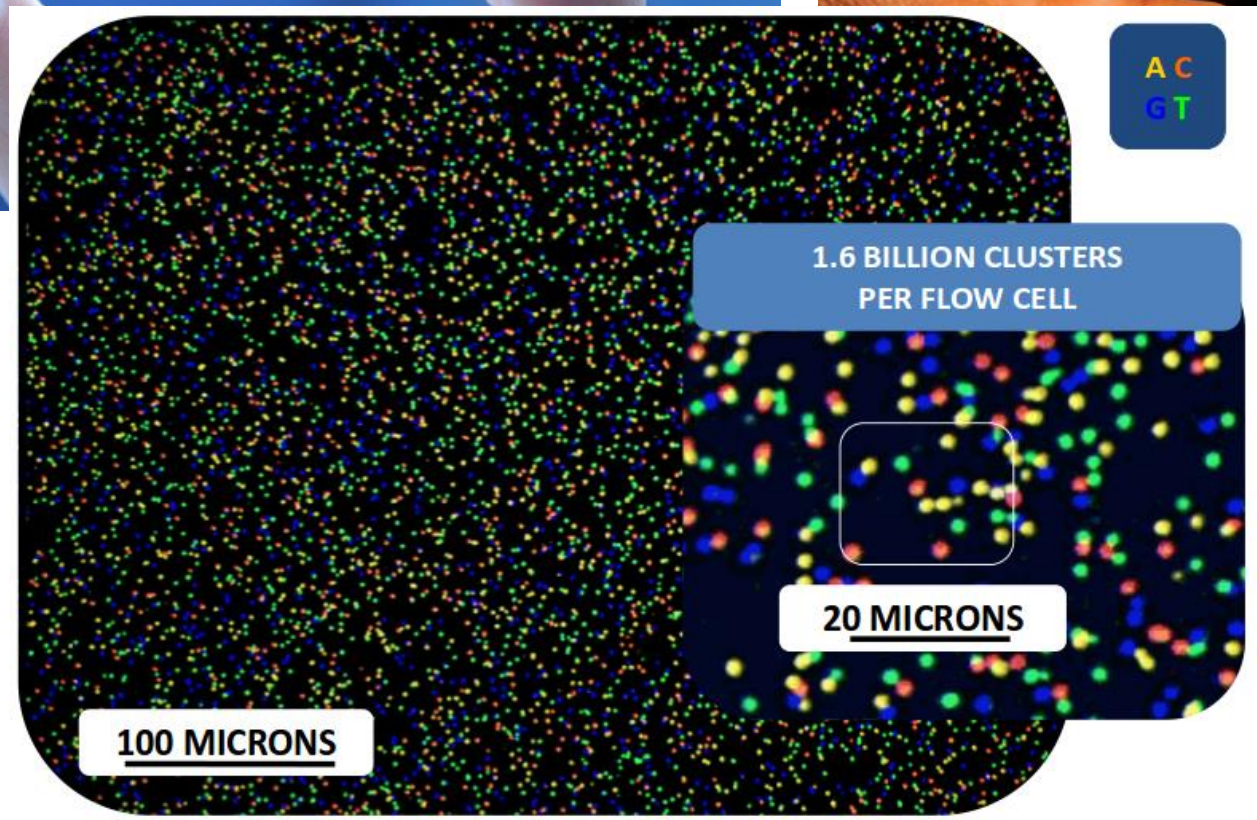

Review

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Working in groups (15 mins):

- Stretch and divide into working groups
- Summarize sequencing-by-synthesis (SBS) with Illumina
- Review key concepts:
  1. How a flow cell works
  2. Contrast Sanger with SBS sequencing
- Try flowcharts or cartoons to simplify & summarize

BRAINSTORM:

What are the main benefits & limitations of each technology?

Why is coding valuable for 2nd generation sequencing?

3rd Gen: Nanopore Sequencing

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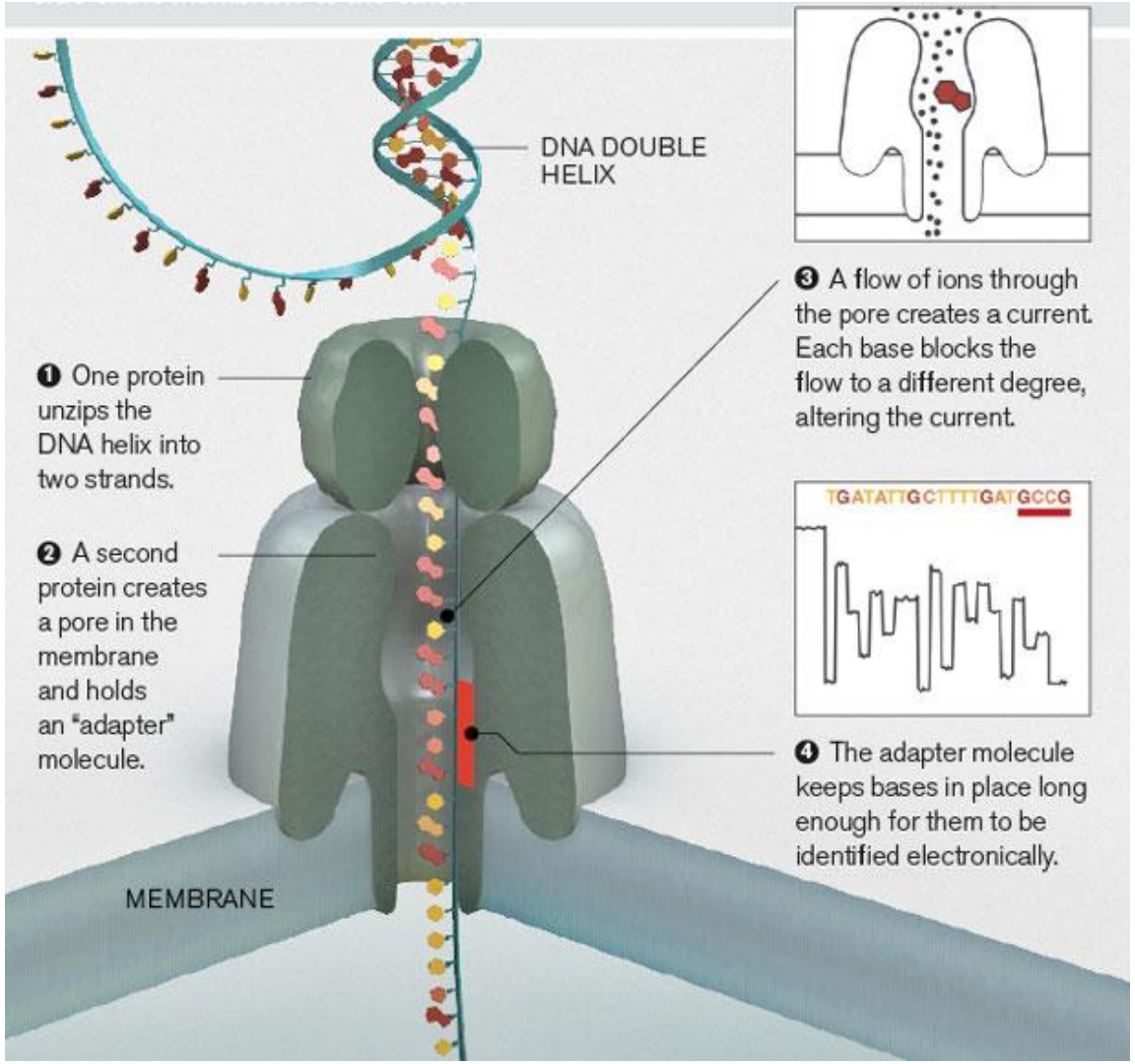

* Coming soon

3rd Gen: Nanopore Sequencing

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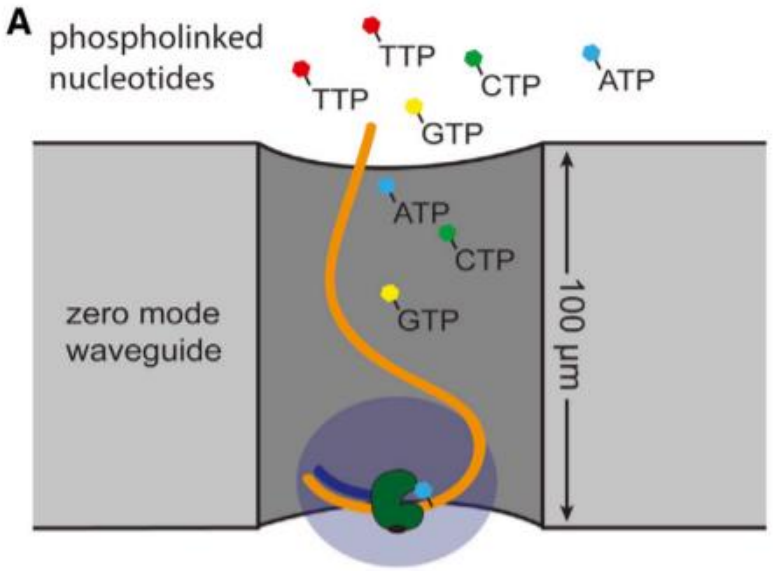

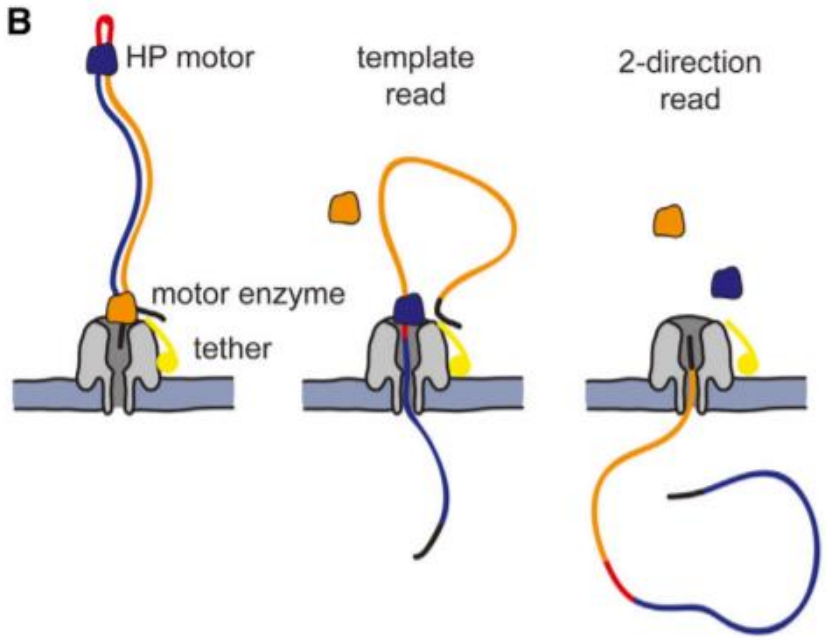

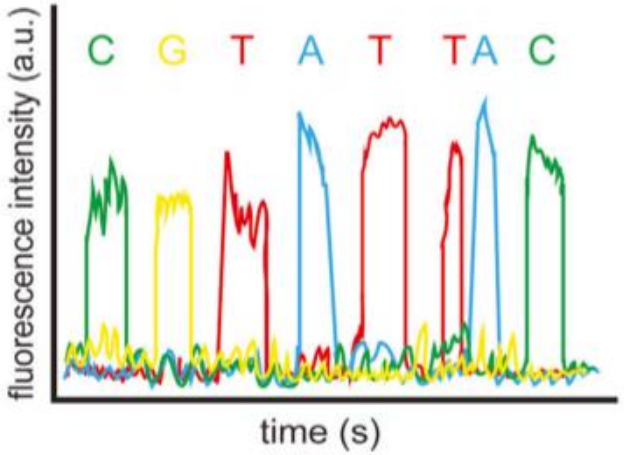

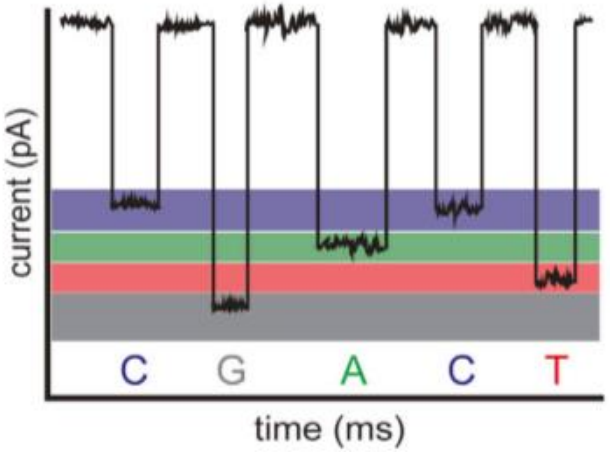

Qian-long et al. (2014)

Nanopore Sequencing Comparison

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Platform	Instrument	Mreads	Length (bp)	Gbp	Type
Illumina	NovaSeq 6000 S4	10000	300	3000	SR & PE
Illumina	NextSeq 500 High-Output	400	300	120	SR & PE
Illumina	HiSeq X	375	300	112.5	PE
Illumina	HiSeq High-Output v4	250	250	62.5	SR & PE
Illumina	MiSeq v3	25	600	15	SR & PE
Illumina	MiniSeq High-Output	25	300	7.5	SR & PE
Oxford Nanopore	MinION		1M+	20	SR
Oxford Nanopore	PromethION			1000	SR
Ion	Proton I	60	200	12	SR
Ion	PGM 318	4	400	1.6	SR
Ion	PGM 316	2	400	0.8	SR
Ion	PGM 314	0.4	400	0.16	SR
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