# Apply filters to SQL queries

## Project description

In this project I was asked to investigate potential security issues and to update computers. Using SQL I was asked to filter the information required to get more information about the security issue.

## Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

First I was asked to retrieve all failed login attempts that occurred after business hours. I needed to filter all attempts that occurred after 18:00.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM log_in_attempts
   -> WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = FALSE;
event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address
                                                                           success
                      2022-05-10 | 20:27:27
                                                          192.168.205.12
      18
                      2022-05-11 |
                                   19:28:50
                                                US
           pwashing |
                                                          192.168.66.142
           tshah
                    | 2022-05-12 | 18:56:36
                                              | MEXICO | 192.168.109.50
```

This query filters for failed login attempts that occurred after 18:00. First, I started by selecting all data from the  $log_in_attempts$  table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with an AND operator to filter my results to output only login attempts that occurred after 18:00 and were unsuccessful. The first condition is  $login_time > '18:00'$ , which filters for the login attempts that occurred after 18:00. The second condition is success = FALSE, which filters for the failed login attempts.

#### Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

Second I need to retrieve login attempts that occurred on specific dates. There was a suspicious event noted on 2022-05-09 so I needed to retrieve all login attempts that occurred on this date.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT
   -> FROM log_in_attempts
   -> WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08';
event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address
                                                                             success
                      2022-05-09
                                    04:56:27
                                                 CAN
                                                           192.168.243.140
                                                                                    0
           dkot
                      2022-05-09
                                    06:47:41
                                                 USA
                                                           192.168.151.162
                      2022-05-08 | 02:00:39
                                                           192.168.178.71
```

First, I started by selecting all data from the log in attempts table. Then, I used a WHERE

clause with an OR operator to filter my results to output only login attempts that occurred on either 2022-05-09 or 2022-05-08. The first condition is  $login_date = '2022-05-09'$ , which filters for logins on 2022-05-09. The second condition is  $login_date = '2022-05-08'$ , which filters for logins on 2022-05-08.

## Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

I then needed to get information on logins that didn't originate in Mexico.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT
   -> FROM log_in_attempts
   -> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
           username | login_date | login_time | country |
                                                                                     0
                       2022-05-09
                                    04:56:27
                                                 CAN
                                                            192.168.243.140
        1
           jrafael
        2
                       2022-05-10
                                                 CAN
                                                            192.168.205.12
                                                                                     0
            apatel
                                    20:27:27
                       2022-05-09
                                                 USA
                                    06:47:41
                                                            192.168.151.162
```

I started by selecting all data from the <code>log\_in\_attempts</code> table. Then, I used a <code>WHERE</code> clause with <code>NOT</code> to filter for countries other than Mexico. I used <code>LIKE</code> with <code>MEX%</code> as the pattern to match because the dataset represents Mexico as <code>MEX</code> and <code>MEXICO</code>. The percentage sign (%) represents any number of unspecified characters when used with <code>LIKE</code>.

## Retrieve employees in Marketing

I then needed to get information on employees in the marketing department.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE
 employee_id | device_id
                                         department
                              username
               a320b137c219
                              elarson
                                         Marketing
        1000
                            | jdarosa
                                         Marketing
        1052
               a192b174c940
                                                       East-195
              x573y883z772 | fbautist |
                                         Marketing
```

I started by selecting all data from the <code>employees</code> table. Then, I used a <code>WHERE</code> clause with <code>AND</code> to filter for employees who work in the Marketing department and in the East building. I used <code>LIKE</code> with <code>East%</code> as the pattern to match because the data in the <code>office</code> column represents the East building with the specific office number. The first condition is the <code>department = 'Marketing'</code> portion, which filters for employees in the Marketing department. The second condition is the <code>office LIKE 'East%'</code> portion, which filters for employees in the East building.

## Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

Updates then needed to be implemented in the finance and sales department so I had to retrieve information from these two departments.

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
 emplovee id |
              device id
                              username
               d394e816f943
                              sgilmore
                                         Finance
                                                       South-153
               h174i497j413
                              wjaffrey
                                          Finance
        1007
                                                       North-406
        1008
               i858j583k571
                              abernard
                                         Finance
                                                       South-170
```

I started by selecting all data from the <code>employees</code> table. Then, I used a <code>WHERE</code> clause with <code>OR</code> to filter for employees who are in the Finance and Sales departments. I used the <code>OR</code> operator instead of <code>AND</code> because I want all employees who are in either department. The first condition is <code>department = 'Finance'</code>, which filters for employees from the Finance department. The second condition is <code>department = 'Sales'</code>, which filters for employees from the Sales department.

## Retrieve all employees not in IT

The last security update needed to be made on employees who were not in the information technology department.

I started by selecting all data from the employees table. Then, I used a WHERE clause with NOT to filter for employees not in this department.

## Summary

Using filters in SQL I was able to retrieve specific information on login attempts and employee machines. I accessed information from two tables, <code>log\_in\_attempts</code> and <code>employees</code>. I used AND, OR, and NOT to help me find and filter for the specific information needed to help solve the security issue. The use of LIKE and the % signs were also use to filter for wildcard patterns.