

# **Day 10: Binary Numbers**



Problem Submissions Leaderboard Discussions Editorial Tutorial

## Objective

Today, we're working with binary numbers. Check out the Tutorial tab for learning materials and an instructional video!

### Task

Given a base-10 integer, n, convert it to binary (base-2). Then find and print the base-10 integer denoting the maximum number of consecutive 1's in n's binary representation.

#### Input Format

A single integer, n.

#### Constraints

•  $1 \le n \le 10^6$ 

# **Output Format**

Print a single base-10 integer denoting the maximum number of consecutive 1's in the binary representation of n.

## Sample Input 1

5

# Sample Output 1

1

## Sample Input 2

13

# Sample Output 2

2

# Explanation

# Sample Case 1:

The binary representation of  $\mathbf{5}$  is  $\mathbf{101}$ , so the maximum number of consecutive  $\mathbf{1}$ 's is  $\mathbf{1}$ .

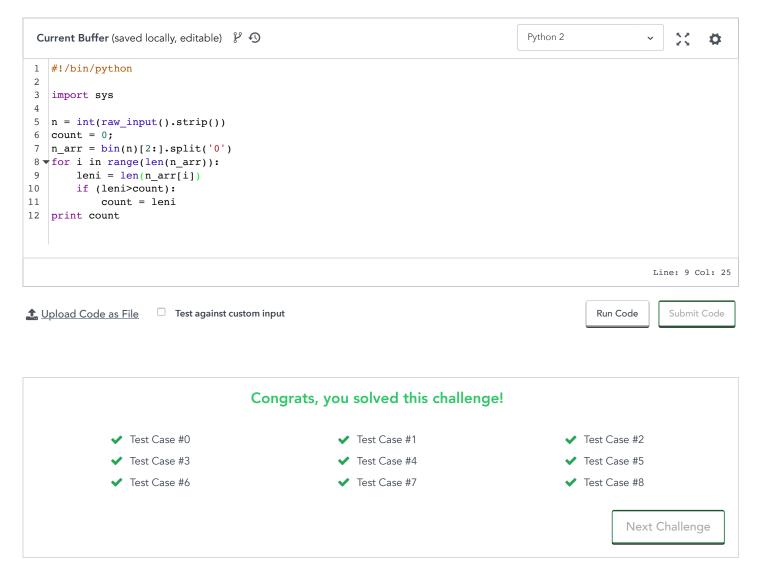
# Sample Case 2:

The binary representation of  ${\bf 13}$  is  ${\bf 1101}$ , so the maximum number of consecutive  ${\bf 1}$ 's is  ${\bf 2}$ .

Submissions: 10274

Max Score: 30 Difficulty: Easy

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