



Your Day 10: Binary Numbers submission got 30.00 points.

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Day 10: Binary Numbers

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Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

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Objective

Today, we're working with binary numbers. Check out the [Tutorial](#) tab for learning materials and an instructional video!

Task

Given a base-**10** integer, n , convert it to binary (base-**2**). Then find and print the base-**10** integer denoting the maximum number of consecutive **1**'s in n 's binary representation.

Input Format

A single integer, n .

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^6$

Output Format

Print a single base-**10** integer denoting the maximum number of consecutive **1**'s in the binary representation of n .

Sample Input 1

5

Sample Output 1

1

Sample Input 2

13

Sample Output 2

2

Explanation

Sample Case 1:

The binary representation of **5** is **101**, so the maximum number of consecutive **1**'s is **1**.

Sample Case 2:

The binary representation of **13** is **1101**, so the maximum number of consecutive **1**'s is **2**.

Submissions: 10270

Max Score: 30

Difficulty: Easy

[More](#)Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)  Python 2 

```
1 #!/bin/python
2
3 import sys
4
5
6 n = int(raw_input().strip())
7 b= bin(n)
8 b=len(max(b[2:].split('0')))
9 print b
```

Line: 9 Col: 8

 [Upload Code as File](#)☐ Test against custom input[Run Code](#)[Submit Code](#)

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

✓ Test Case #0

✓ Test Case #1

✓ Test Case #2

✓ Test Case #3

✓ Test Case #4

✓ Test Case #5

✓ Test Case #6

✓ Test Case #7

✓ Test Case #8

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