Homework 2

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Question 1

i. (a)

$$G(s) = \frac{4s - 8}{s^2 + 2s - 9}$$

DC GAIN =
$$G(0) = \frac{-8}{-9}$$

(b)

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$$

DC GAIN =
$$G(0) = \frac{10}{10} = 1$$

ii. (a)

$$N(0) = s^2 + 2s - 9 = 0$$

Poles:
$$s = -1 \pm \sqrt{10}$$

 $Real(s) = -1 + \sqrt{10} > 0$, so this system is unstable.

(b)

$$N(0) = s^2 + 2s + 10 = 0$$

Poles:
$$s = -1 \pm 3i$$

Real(s) = -1 < 0, so this system is stable.

iii. (a)

From TF, we get the ODE:

$$\ddot{y(t)} + 2\dot{y(t)} - 9\dot{y(t)} = 4\dot{u(t)} - 8\dot{u(t)}$$

Guess that: $y(t) = Ce^{st}$, $\dot{y(t)} = Cse^{st}$, $\ddot{y(t)} = Cs^2e^{st}$ So we get:

$$Cs^2e^{st} + 2Cse^{st} - 9Ce^{st} = 0$$

$$Ce^{st}(s^2 + 2s - 9) = 0$$

$$s = -1 \pm \sqrt{10}$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{(-1+\sqrt{10})t} + c_2 e^{(-1-\sqrt{10})t}$$

(b)

From TF, we get the ODE:

$$\ddot{y(t)} + 2\dot{y(t)} + 10\dot{y(t)} = 10\dot{u(t)}$$

Guess that: $y(t) = Ce^{st}, \dot{y(t)} = Cse^{st}, \ddot{y(t)} = Cs^2e^{st}$ So we get:

$$Cs^2e^{st} + 2Cse^{st} + 10Ce^{st} = 0$$

$$Ce^{st}(s^2 + 2s + 10) = 0$$

$$s = -1 \pm 3i$$

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-t} \cos(3t) + c_2 e^{-t} \sin(3t)$$

iv. (a) Roots: $s = -1 \pm \sqrt{10}$

Homogeneous Solution:

$$y_h(t) = c_1 e^{(-1+\sqrt{10})t} + c_2 e^{(-1-\sqrt{10})t}$$

Input: $u(t) \equiv 2$

$$\dot{y_p(t)} + 2\dot{y_p(t)} - 9\dot{y_p(t)} = -16$$

Guess $y_p(t)=C$, need: -9C=-16 , and then get: $C=\frac{16}{9}$

So general form of Input response:

$$y(t) = y_h(t) + y_p(t) = c_1 e^{(-1+\sqrt{10})t} + c_2 e^{(-1-\sqrt{10})t} + \frac{16}{9}$$

(b) Roots: $s = -1 \pm 3i$

Homogeneous Solution:

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-t} \cos(3t) + c_2 e^{-t} \sin(3t)$$

Input: $u(t) \equiv 2$

$$\ddot{y(t)} + 2\dot{y(t)} + 10\dot{y(t)} = 20$$

Guess $y_p(t) = C$, need: 10C = 20, and then get: C = 2

So general form of Input response:

$$y(t) = y_h(t) + y_p(t) = c_1 e^{-t} cos(3t) + c_2 e^{-t} sin(3t) + 2$$

v. (a) For the zero initial conditions: y(0) = 0, y(0) = 0We get:

$$y(0) = c_1 + c_2 + \frac{16}{9} = 0$$
$$y(0) = (-1 + \sqrt{10})c_1 + (-1 - \sqrt{10}c_2) = 0$$

So:

$$c_1 = -1.17, c_2 = -0.6078$$

So input response:

$$y(t) = -1.17e^{(-1+\sqrt{10})t} - 0.6078e^{(-1-\sqrt{10})t} + \frac{16}{9}$$

(b) For the zero initial conditions: $y(0) = 0, \dot{y(0)} = 0$ We get:

$$y(0) = c_1 + 2 = 0$$

 $y(0) = -c_1 + 3c_2 = 0$

So:

$$c_1 = -2, c_2 = -2/3$$

So input response:

$$y(t) = -2e^{-t}\cos(3t) - \frac{2}{3}e^{-t}\sin(3t) + 2$$

Question 2

a TF:

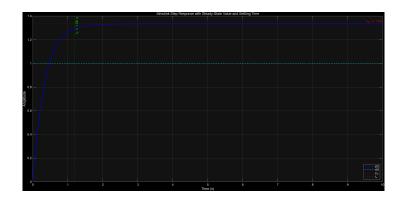
$$G(s) = \frac{4}{s+3}$$

Roots: s = -3 < 0So this system is stable.

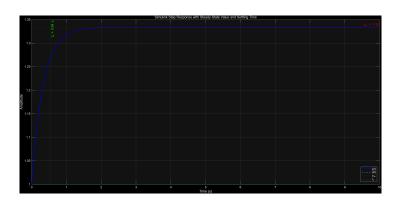
b Poles: s = -3

Time constant:
$$\tau = \frac{1}{|Re(p)|} = \frac{1}{3}s$$

y(0) = 0:



d y(0) = 1:



Question 3

i. (a) TF:

$$G(s) = \frac{12}{s^2 + 2s + 10}$$
$$2\zeta\omega_n = 2, \omega_n^2 = 10$$
$$\omega_n = \sqrt{10}, \zeta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \approx 0.3162 < 1$$

So the system is under-damped. (b) TF:

$$G(s) = \frac{8}{s^2 + 20s + 4}$$
$$2\zeta\omega_n = 20, \omega_n^2 = 4$$
$$\omega_n = 2, \zeta = 5 > 1$$

So the system is over-damped.

ii. (a)

$$T_s \approx \frac{3}{\zeta \omega_n} = 3s$$

(b) This is a over-damped system, and usually the settling time of a over-damped system can be obtain from simulation which is told by professor on piazza and recommended book (Control system: An introduction). But I found a way to estimate the settling time of a over-damped system on the internet called Dominant pole method, from which we can get an approximate value without simulation:

$$T_s \approx \frac{3}{|Re(P_d)|} = \frac{3}{0.202} = 14.8515s$$

Also, for verification, result from simulation:

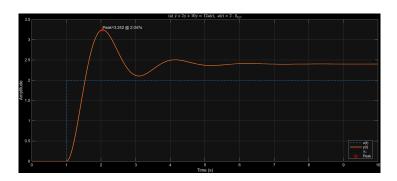
$$T_s = 14.8792$$

iii. (a)

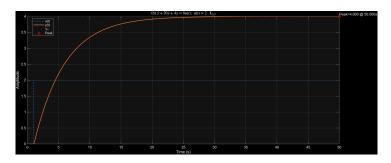
$$M = e^{\frac{-\zeta}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}\pi} = 0.3509 = 35.09\%$$

(b) For it is over-damped system, there is no overshoot and M=0

iv. (a) From iii, M=35.09, step value = 2, DC Gain = 1.2, $y_{ss}=2.4$ So Peak Value = 2.4*(1+0.3509)=3.2422 And from picture, Peak Value = 3.242 which is corresponding to the result we get from iii.



(b) From iii, M=0, step value = 2, DC Gain = 2, $y_{ss}=4$ So Peak Value = 4*(1+0)=4 And from picture, Peak Value = 4 which is also corresponding to the result we get from iii.



Question 4

a

$$G(s) = \frac{8000}{s^5 + 77s^4 + 2051s^3 + 21325s^2 + 80000s + 406250}$$
 Poles: