

# Lab 02 – MATH 240 – Computational Statistics

Jack Schaeffer  
Professor Cipolli  
MATH 240  
jschaeffer@colgate.edu

## Abstract

This lab focused on using R code to procure data about various songs for analysis. Additionally, the lab focused on skills producing plots and tables to assist with interpretation.

**Keywords:** Lists; Objects in R, Coding Structures, Graphs, Tables

## 1 Introduction

This lab is focused on the song Allentown, a song released by The Front Bottoms and Manchester Orchestra (and also with additional writing credit to All Get Out). The main question of the lab is determining which artist had the greatest influence on Allentown. To do so, several data processing tools were used. These include Essentia for song analysis and a language analysis tool called LIWC, which utilized `jsonlite` to manipulate the data in R (Bogdanov et al., 2013) (Ooms, 2014). In the rest of this report, I will explain how these tools produced helpful data and how this data was analyzed to obtain a proposed answer to what artist most influenced Allentown.

## 2 Methods

A majority of the work that went into the lab was focused on acquiring data for future analysis of each artist and the song Allentown. The package `stringr` was very helpful for taking our song files and prepping them for data extraction (Wickham, 2023). The data was then collected through JSON files loaded by `jsonlite` as well as Essentia (Ooms, 2014) (Bogdanov et al., 2013). The last set of information included lyrical analysis through LIWC. Once the data was collected, information on Allentown was compared to each song written by the three specified artists to determine what parameters were out of the standard range of each artist. `xtable` and `ggplot` were used to form the table and plot featured below for analysis. These were the main resources used to make interpretations on what artist had the greatest influence on Allentown (Dahl et al., 2019) (Wickham, 2016).

## 3 Results

The initial result from our lab was an extensive list of information that would be extremely difficult to analyze as it consisted of over 100 different qualities and their values for

each song. Using a summary of information for each artist, the code produced results for Allentown and whether it remained within the bounds of each artist for various features. The data was counted and produced the following table detailing the number of times Allentown exhibited qualities that were outside the bounds of each artist.

| Artist               | Description  | Count |
|----------------------|--------------|-------|
| All Get Out          | Out of Range | 22    |
| All Get Out          | Outlying     | 17    |
| All Get Out          | Within Range | 158   |
| Manchester Orchestra | Out of Range | 3     |
| Manchester Orchestra | Outlying     | 11    |
| Manchester Orchestra | Within Range | 183   |
| The Front Bottoms    | Out of Range | 30    |
| The Front Bottoms    | Outlying     | 11    |
| The Front Bottoms    | Within Range | 156   |

Table 1: Count of Allentown in Comparison to Each Artist

The results provide helpful information to compare Allentown to the other artists. Unlike the more complicated information, this table provides a far more understandable group of information that shows that Allentown tends to align closer to certain artists. An even better way to compare the values of each artist can be done with the following plot:

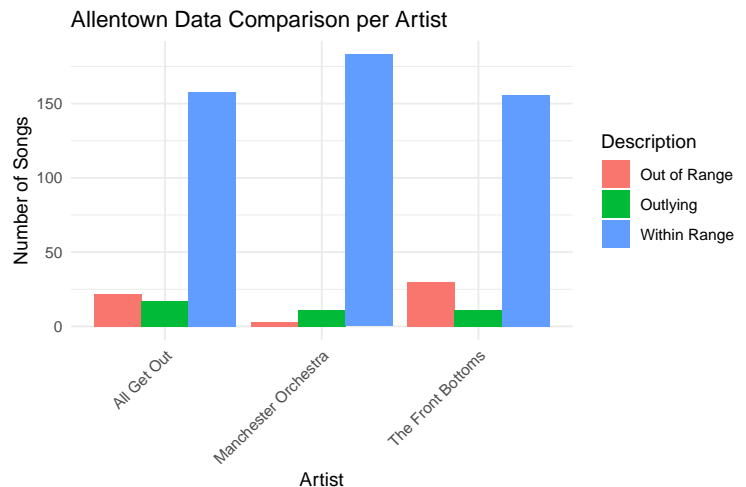


Figure 1: A comparison of Allentown's data to each artist

This plot shows important comparison among each artist. Values within range, specified in blue, generally demonstrates

ways that Allentown is similar to that artist. Values for outlying and out of range shows how Allentown is different from that artist, potentially signifying ways that it was influenced less by that artist.

## 4 Discussion

From the results we acquired during the lab, it would seem that Allentown aligns closely with each of the three artist but has the most similarities to Manchester Orchestra's music. For most features, Allentown is within the standard range of each of the three artists, but there are significant fewer features that are outlying or out of range compared to Manchester Orchestra. It is understandable that All Get Out would not bear the largest similarity as they were not a performing artist for Allentown. This answers the question that Manchester Orchestra had the largest influence on the creation of

Allentown.

An interesting finding from the data, however, is how closely Allentown related to each of the three artists. Due to the nature of song variety, it would be interesting to see if this trend is present in most artists, not just those that contributed to the song. This shows that Allentown was closely related to all three of its contributing artists, and they combined their styles together in a way that ensured Allentown was a blend of all three bands.

## References

- Bogdanov, D., Wack, N., Gómez, E., Gulati, S., Herrera, P., Mayor, O., Roma, G., Salamon, J., Zapata, J. R., and Serra, X. (2013). *Essentia: An open-source library for sound and music analysis*. pages 855–858.
- Dahl, D. B., Scott, D., Roosen, C., Magnusson, A., and Swinton, J. (2019). *xtable: Export Tables to LaTeX or HTML*. R package version 1.8-4.
- Ooms, J. (2014). The jsonlite package: A practical and consistent mapping between json data and r objects. *arXiv:1403.2805 [stat.CO]*.
- Wickham, H. (2016). *ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis*. Springer-Verlag New York.
- Wickham, H. (2023). *stringr: Simple, Consistent Wrappers for Common String Operations*. R package version 1.5.1.