1. Write a pois.prob() function that computes P(X=x),  $P(X\neq x)$ , P(X< x),  $P(X\leq x)$ , P(X>x), and  $P(X\geq x)$ . Enable the user to specify the rate parameter  $\lambda$ . Solution: The poisson probability can be calculated for different expressions. The less than probability can be found by taking the cumulative probability of the discrete value one less than the current.

```
pois.prob <- function(x, size, prob, type="<="){</pre>
  # Use dpois and ppois to conditionally return the correct probability
  lambda = prob* size
  if(type == "="){
    return(dpois(x=x, lambda = lambda))
  }else if(type == "!="){
   return(1 - dpois(x=x, lambda = lambda))
  }else if(type == "<"){</pre>
   return(ppois(q=(x-1), lambda = lambda))
  }else if(type == ">"){
   return(1 - ppois(q=x, lambda = lambda))
  }else if(type == ">="){
   return(1 - ppois(q=(x-1), lambda = lambda))
  }else if(type == "<="){</pre>
   return(ppois(q=x, lambda = lambda))
#testing all
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = "=")
## [1] 0.1754674
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = "!=")
## [1] 0.8245326
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = ">=")
## [1] 0.5595067
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = "<")
## [1] 0.4404933
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = "<=")</pre>
## [1] 0.6159607
pois.prob(5, 10, 0.5, type = ">")
## [1] 0.3840393
```

2. Write a beta.prob() function that computes P(X = x),  $P(X \neq x)$ , P(X < x),  $P(X \leq x)$ , P(X > x), and  $P(X \geq x)$  for a beta distribution. Enable the user to specify the shape parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .

```
# beta dist uses a(prob of occuring) and b(prob of not)
beta.prob <- function(x, size, prob, type="<="""){
    # Use dbeta and pbeta to conditionally return the correct probability
    a = prob* size
    b = size *(1-prob)
    if(type == "="){
        return(0)
    }else if(type == "!="){
        return(1)
} else if(type == "<"){
        return(pbeta(q = x, a, b))
} else if(type == ">""){
        return(1 - pbeta(q = x, a, b))
} else if(type == ">=""){
        return(1 - pbeta(q = x, a, b))
} else if(type == "<=""){
        return(1 - pbeta(q = x, a, b))
} else if(type == "<=""){
        return(pbeta(q = x, a, b))
}</pre>
```

```
}
}
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = "=")

## [1] 0
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = "!=")

## [1] 1
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = ">")

## [1] 0.4628312
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = "<=")

## [1] 0.5371688
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = "<")

## [1] 0.5371688
beta.prob(0.3, 10, 0.3, type = ">=")

## [1] 0.4628312
```