1. Write a pois.prob() function that computes P(X = x), $P(X \neq x)$, P(X < x), $P(X \leq x)$, P(X > x), and $P(X \geq x)$. Enable the user to specify the rate parameter λ .

```
pois.prob <- function(x, size, prob, type="<=", lambda) {
    if(type == "=") {
        return(dpois(x,lambda))
    }
    else if(type == "!=") {
        return(1-dpois(x,lambda))
    }
    else if(type == "<") {
        return(ppois(x-1,lambda))
    }
    else if(type == "<=") {
        return(ppois(x,lambda))
    }
    else if(type == ">") {
        return(1-ppois(x,lambda))
    }
    else if(type == ">=") {
        return(1-ppois(x,lambda))
    }
}
```

2. Write a beta.prob() function that computes P(X = x), $P(X \neq x)$, P(X < x), $P(X \leq x)$, P(X > x), and $P(X \geq x)$ for a beta distribution. Enable the user to specify the shape parameters α and β .

```
beta.prob <- function(x, size, prob, type="<=", alpha, beta){
   if(type == "="){
      return(dbeta(x,alpha,beta))
   }
   else if(type == "!="){
      return(1-dbeta(x,alpha,beta))
   }
   else if(type == "<" || type == "<="){
      return(pbeta(x,alpha,beta))
   }
   else if(type == ">" || type == ">="){
      return(1-pbeta(x,alpha,beta))
   }
}
```