

C: structs; Number representation: binary

COSC 208, Introduction to Computer Systems, 2022-02-03

Warm-up

Q1: Write a function called `count_words` that takes a string and counts the number of words in the string. Assume each word is separated by a single space, and the string will contain at least one word. For example, "`Today is Wednesday.`" contains 3 words.

🛑 Stop here after completing the warm-up; if you have extra time please **skip ahead** to the extra practice.

- Q2: Draw the stack right before the return from *mystery*

```
struct personT {
    char name[32];
    int age;
};

void mystery(int i_val, struct personT per, int a[], int n);

int main() {
    struct personT person;
    int x, i;
    int arr[5];

    for(i=0; i < 5; i++) {
        arr[i] = i;
    }
    x = 13;
    strcpy(person.name, "Lila");
    person.age = 10;
    mystery(x, person, arr, 5);

    for(i=0; i < 5; i++) {
        printf("arr[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i], 5);
    }
    printf("x = %d age = %d name = %s\n", x, person.age, person.name);
}

void mystery(int i_val, struct personT per, int a[], int n) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        a[i] = a[i]*a[i];
    }
    strcpy(per.name, "Orso");
    per.age = 18;
    i_val = 100;
    /***/ DRAW STACK IS RIGHT BEFORE return STATEMENT IS EXECUTED
    return;
}
```

Binary (i.e., base 2)

Convert these binary numbers to decimal (i.e., base 10):

Q3: 0b10

Q4: 0b11

Q5: 0b1010

Q6: 0b1111

Q7: 0b11001100

Extra practice

Extra practice

- Convert these binary numbers to decimal:
 - QA: 0b1111

- QB: 0b10100

- QC: 0b101000