

VPKID

# MCIAM OF





If S can't complete ANY tasks, switch to a lower entry point. If S struggles with a task, stop here and skip to next slide. Do a level-appropriate warm-up. S answers questions about the pictures, mostly using correct grammar (L2U10). S talks about the landforms in the pictures mostly, using correct compound sentences (L3U1). S shows awareness of bodies of water, land animals, and semi-a quatic animals. L3U4) S can tell a story about visiting a desert/ocean/mountain or other landform using past tense (L4U1).





One day, a shark was swimming in the ocean. He was hungry, but he did not want to catch any fish. He was thinking about eating a zebra.

Some zebras were eating grass by the ocean. As they were eating, they saw a shark jumping out of the water. The shark was trying to catch a zebra.



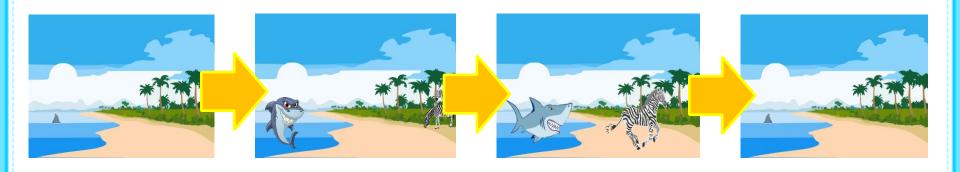


"I am going to eat you," said the shark. The zebras were just laughing at the shark. They were not scared.

The shark jumped back into the ocean and never tried to eat a zebra for lunch ever again.



#### Retell the Story



Some zebras were \_\_\_\_\_ grass by the ocean. As they were \_\_\_\_\_, they \_\_\_\_ a shark jumping out of the water. The shark was \_\_\_\_\_ to catch a zebra.

If S can't complete L3U4 or lower tasks, stop and switch to a lower entry point. If all tasks were TOO easy for S, switch to a higher entry point. Student reads text with five letter words with fluency (L2U10). S re-tells the story using good detail, but does not use past tense (L3U1). S re-tells the story in good detail, mostly using past tense, and completes the grammar exercise (L3U4). S compares the characters using evidence from the story (L4U1).



### Meet the Trip Family



Mrs. Trip

**Dennis Trip** 



**Linda Trip** 

Mr. Trip

The Trip family likes to <u>travel</u>. They like traveling to see new places. Linda and Dennis helped Mr. and Mrs. Trip <u>pack</u> the <u>suitcases</u> for their <u>trip</u>.

TD: Introduce "Travel and Recreation" unit. Tell S that in this unit they will learn about the "Trip" family and they travels and adventures in China. You may ask S if they have ever travelled anywhere within China. Ask how they travelled, what for of transportation did they use (car, taxi, bus, train, ship, plane). Have S read the sentence. (Assist as needed)



### Packing





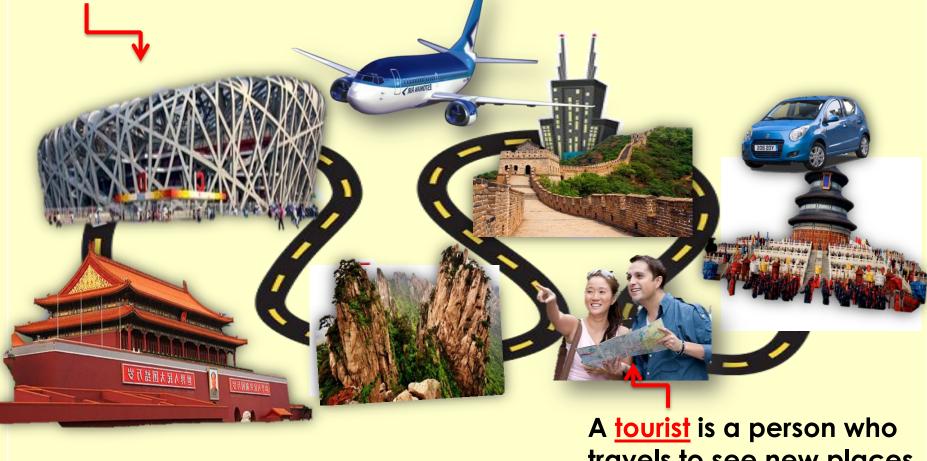
Linda and Dennis are <u>packing</u>. Linda and Dennis put their clothes and toys in the <u>suitcase</u>.



### Trip/Tourist







travels to see new places.

TD: Define trip (a journey or voyage made by a boat, train, bus, or the like, between two points) Have S read the sentence. (Assist as needed)



### To the Airport





The family takes a <u>taxi</u> to the <u>airport</u>. They arrive at <u>Terminal</u> 2.

A <u>terminal</u> is big building at an airport. People get on the planes from here.

TD: Define taxi (a journey or voyage made by a boat, train, bus, or the like, between two points) Have S read the sentence. (Assist as needed) TD: Define terminal (a "station" at the airport ) Have S read the sentence. (Assist as needed)



### At Terminal 2





"Where are you flying today?" asks the lady.
"We are flying to Shanghai," says Mr. Trip.
"OK, not leaving China. All right. This way, please, to the domestic gate," says the lady.



### At Terminal 2





"The <u>international</u> gate is for people who are going to another country," explains Dennis to Linda.



#### Check-in



"Here are the tickets," Mrs. Trip says to the lady at the <a href="check-in">check-in</a>
<a href="counter">counter</a>. The lady <a href="weighs their luggage">weighs their luggage</a> and gives them their

boarding passes.







"Your flight departs at 11:00 AM for Shanghai. Boarding is at 10:30. Please be at the gate by 10:15. Have a nice trip," says the kind lady.



## **Boarding Pass**





"What is a boarding pass, Mom?" asks Linda.

"A boarding pass is your ticket for the plane. It shows you the flight number, the date you are flying, your name, and your <u>destination</u>." "Destination? What is that?"

"Our destination is Shanghai. That is where we are flying."



## **Boarding Pass**







- "What are these numbers on the boarding pass?"
- "12E is your <u>seat number</u>, 3 is the <u>gate</u> and 11:00 is the time the plane <u>departs</u>."
- "Departs? What is depart?"
- "Depart means leave the airport, or take off."



### Boarding





A <u>flight attendant</u> shows the Trip family to their seats. Mr. Trip puts their bags into a <u>locker</u> above their seats.

TD: Have S read the paragraph. Go over boarding, and introduce flight attendant. Ask about previous flying experience.



### Boarding



"Ladies and gentlemen, this is the captain speaking.







Please <u>fasten your seatbelts</u>, we are ready to <u>take off</u>."

TD: Have S read the paragraph. Define captain/pilot and explain fastening the seat belt on a plane. Ask about previous flying experience.



### Boarding



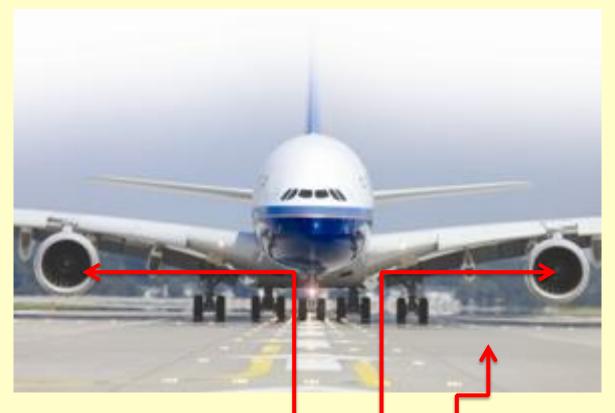


"Mom, does the captain fly the plane?", asks Linda. "Yes, Linda. The captain is in charge, he is the pilot of the plane.", says mom. "I am so excited!! We are taking off!!!", says Linda.



#### Take Off





The pilot starts up the engines of the big plane. The plane speeds down the runway and zooms up into the air.



### It's Time to Eat





"Here's your lunch," the flight attendant says to the family. She also brings them drinks.



### Landing





The plane is coming down. They are <a href="Ianding">Ianding</a> on the runway. "Hello Shanghai", yell Dennis and Linda.



#### Getting off the Plane



The Trip family walks down the stairs, and goes to the terminal building.





They collect their luggage at the baggage carousel.



#### Leaving the Airport





"There is the <u>city bus</u>", says Mr. Trip. They all get on the bus and they are off to their <u>hotel</u> in Shanghai.



#### **Grammar Corner**



### **Verbs**

A verb is word that can show action.

When a verb tells what people or things do, it is called an action word.



TD: Define verbs. Ask S to come up with some verbs (action words) on his own, after reading the action words on the slide.



TD: Read the following words to S. Have students read the words with you. S reads the words alone. Make a big deal of how fast they can read. Please click the screen twice before you begin to time. Click again when you want to stop it.



#### Listen to Our Sounds



th

th thorn

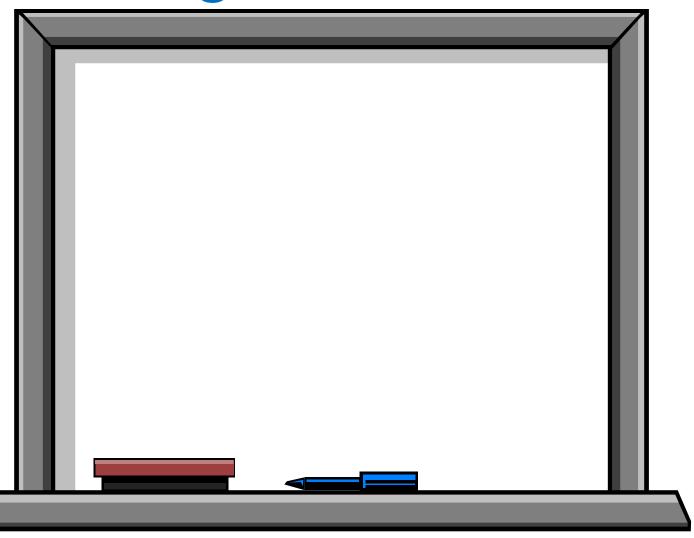
ch child

TD: Read the three words out loud to S. Emphasize the three digraphs highlighted. Say the individual sounds to student. Have S read the words and the sounds out loud on his own. Assist as necessary.



#### **Building the Word Bank**





TD: Say: We are ready for some reading and writing practice. You have 5 sight words and one content word today to write in the word bank. I will say each word, then I want you to write the word on your whiteboard. We will make corrections before you use them in your quick write. Dictate words: this, thorn, child. If there are any struggles assist student using syllables to identify number of "parts" in each word. Remind student that each word part has at least one vowel. When correct, practice any words that were difficult. Praise student.



### Homework Help



TD: Assign S homework, located after the Goodbye Slide. Briefly introduce the HW to S by giving clear instructions of how to complete each slide.













The Trip family likes to <u>travel</u> a lot. They travel because they enjoy seeing new places. Linda and Dennis help Mr. and Mrs. Trip <u>pack</u> the <u>suitcases</u> for their <u>trip</u>.

The family takes a <u>taxi</u> to the <u>airport</u>. They arrive at <u>Terminal</u> 2. "If you are not leaving China, please go to the domestic gate." says the flight attendant.

"Here are the tickets," Mrs. Trip says to the clerk at the <u>check-in</u> <u>counter</u>. The lady <u>weighs their luggage</u> and gives them their <u>boarding passes</u>.

#### Read the text.







- A <u>boarding pass</u> is your ticket for the plane. It shows you the flight number, the date you are flying, your name your <u>destination</u>, your <u>seat number</u>, the <u>gate</u>, and the plane <u>departure</u> time.
- The pilot starts up the <u>engines</u> of the plane. The plane speeds down the <u>runway</u> and zooms up into the air. The plane is coming down. They are <u>landing</u> on the runway. "Hello, Shanghai!" yell Dennis and Linda.
- 3 They collect their luggage at the <u>baggage carousel</u>.
- 4 They all get on the city bus and take off for their hotel in Shanghai.

#### Read the text.

**WPKID** 

### Things to Pack





Circle the things Linda and Dennis should pack for their trip!

Use or to identify the things Linda and Dennis should pack for their trip.

### Order the Images Lesson 1-4









a. checking in

b. getting off

c. packing

d. going to the airport









e. boarding

f. landing

g. taking off

h. at the terminal



Put the travel steps in order.



## Grammar Corner



#### <u>Verbs</u>

A verb is a word that shows action. When a verb tells what people or things do, it is called an action verb.



Which word in each sentence shows an action?

Ex. Linda and Dennis <u>put</u> their clothes and toys in the suitcase.

- 1. They arrive at the terminal.
- 2. The check-in clerk weighs their luggage and gives them their boarding passes.

Read the sentence and underline the action word.



#### Listen to Our Sounds



th this

th thorn

<u>ch</u> <u>child</u>

Read the sound and the word out loud.



. A \_\_\_\_\_ is when we travel to new places to see new things.



trip

2. Linda and Dennis put their clothes and toys in a \_\_\_\_\_ when they were packing.

pilot



3. The Trip family are \_\_\_\_ the plane at 10:30.



takeoff

A \_\_\_\_\_ helps the Trip family to find their seats.

suitcase



5. The person who flies the plane to Shanghai is a \_\_\_\_\_\_.



boarding

6. You must fasten your seat belt before

flight attendant