

## Homework 9

You have to submit your solutions as announced in the lecture.  
**Unless mentioned otherwise, all problems are due 2017-04-20, 8:00.**  
There will be no deadline extensions unless mentioned otherwise in the lecture.

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### Problem 9.1 *Graphs*

Points: 10

Implement a type *Graph* for the following special case of graphs:

A graph consists of

- the number  $numNodes : int$  of nodes (assuming  $N = \mathbb{Z}_{numNodes} = \{0, \dots, numNodes - 1\}$ )

supports the side-effect free operations

- $getEdge(i : int, j : int) : Option[int]$
- $incoming(i : int) : List[int \times int]$
- $outgoing(i : int) : List[int \times int]$

and is mutable via operations

- $addNode() : unit$
- $addEdge(from : int, to : int, weight : int) : unit$

All operations should be efficient—so use the double adjacency list data structure.

Write a large graph on paper (include the graph in your submission) and write a program that builds it.

### Problem 9.2 *BFS*

Points: 6

Implement a function for BFS in a graph, i.e.,

```
precondition:  $0 \leq start < G.numNodes$   
postcondition:  $BFS(G, start)$  is list of nodes reachable in  $G$  from  $start$  in BFS order  
fun  $BFS(G : Graph, start : int) : List[int] =$   
  ...
```

Test your program on the example graph from above.

### Problem 9.3

Points: 10

Implement Kruskal's algorithm.

You do not have to implement *isSetOfTrees* with optimal efficiency—any implementation is fine.

Test your program on the example graph from above.