Apache Hive 2.0.1 Configuration with Ubuntu 14.x / 16.x Documentation

Prerequisites:
Apache Hadoop 2.6.x / 2.7.x must be configured and running.

1. Download Apache Hive 2.0.1

sudo wget http://redrockdigimark.com/apachemirror/hive/hive-2.0.1/apache-hive-2.0.1-bin.tar.gz
sudo tar zxvf apache-hive-2.0.1-bin.tar.gz
sudo mv apache-hive-2.0.1-bin /usr/local/hive
sudo chown hadoop:hduser hive

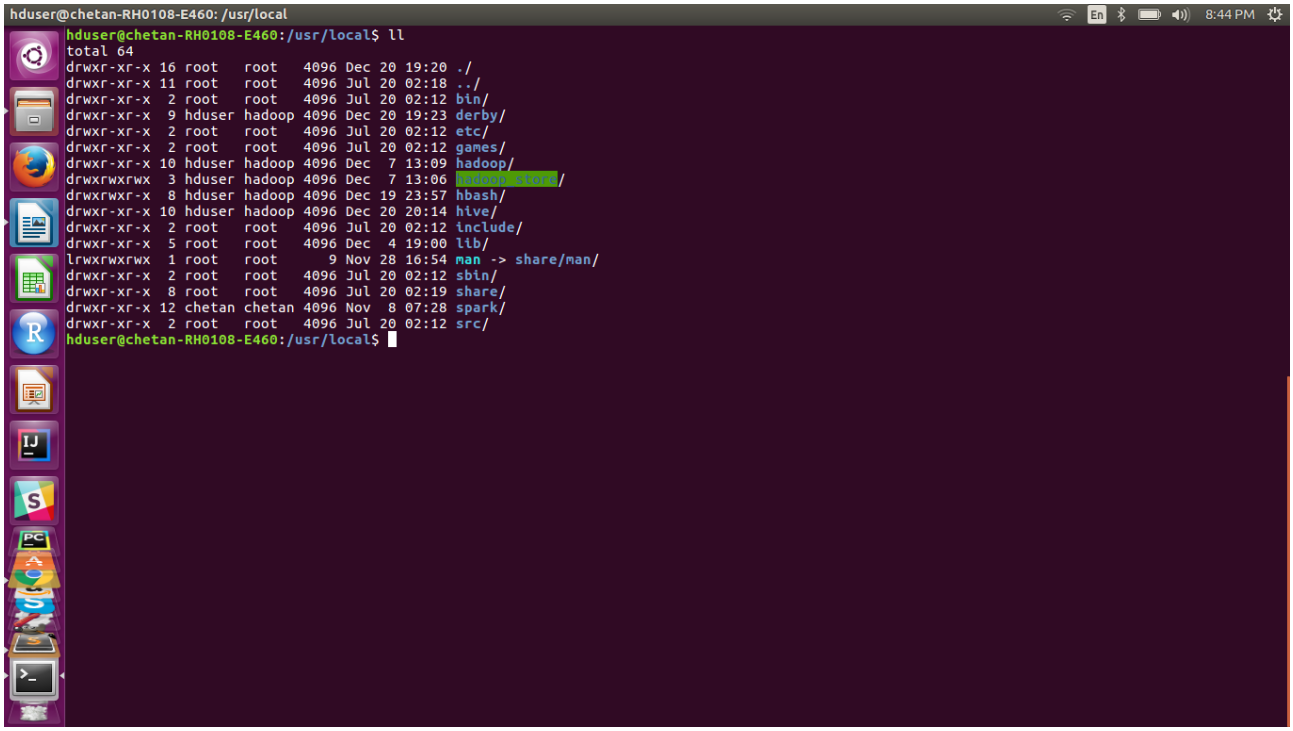

Figure 1: *Hadoop – Hive OS User and Group Level Permissions*

2. Create Hive Directories within HDFS and grant appropriate permissions

hadoop fs -mkdir /tmp
hadoop fs -mkdir -p /usr/local/hive/warehouse
hadoop fs -chmod g+w /tmp
hadoop fs -chmod g+w /usr/local/hive/warehouse

3. Configure Environment Variables

sudo vim ~/.bashrc

#HIVE VARIABLES START
export HIVE_HOME=/usr/local/hive
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
#HIVE VARIABLES END

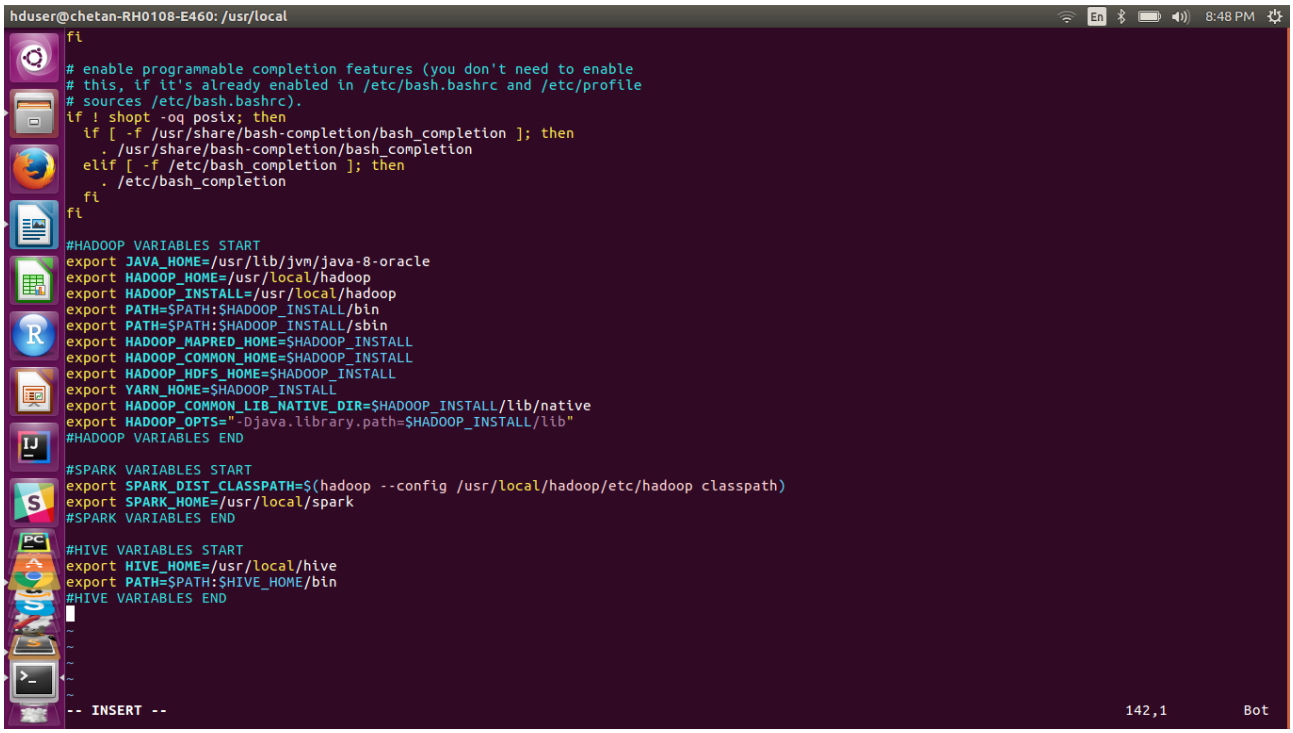

Figure 2: *Environment variables – Apache Hadoop, Apache Hive at ~/.bashrc file*

4. Install MySQL for Hive Metastore

sudo apt-get install mysql-server
sudo apt-get install libmysql-java

4.1 Provide softlink to mysql connector at Hive Library directory

sudo ln -s /usr/share/java/mysql-connector-java.jar $HIVE_HOME/lib/mysql-connector-java.jar

4.2 Create Hive MetaStore Schema and execute hive-schema script there.

mysql -u root -p

mysql> CREATE DATABASE metastore;
mysql> USE metastore;

```
mysql> SOURCE usr/local/hive/scripts/metastore/upgrade/mysql/hive-schema-0.14.0.mysql.sql;

mysql> CREATE USER 'hiveuser'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'hivepassword';
mysql> GRANT all on *.* to 'hiveuser'@localhost identified by 'hivepassword';
mysql> flush privileges;
```

5. hive-site.xml configuration setup

Add below at conf/hive-site.xml , if not there then create it.

```
<property>
    <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>
    <value>jdbc:mysql://localhost/metastore?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true</value>
    <description>metadata is stored in a MySQL server</description>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
    <value>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</value>
    <description>MySQL JDBC driver class</description>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName</name>
    <value>hiveuser</value>
    <description>user name for connecting to mysql server</description>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword</name>
    <value>hivepassword</value>
    <description>password for connecting to mysql server</description>
  </property>
```

Replace below 3 properties tag with whatever already exist by default. otherwise it will throw an error

"java.net.URISyntaxException: Relative path in absolute URI: ${system:java.io.tmpdir%7D/$%7Bsystem:user.name%7D"

```
<property>
   <name>hive.querylog.location</name>
   <value>$HIVE_HOME/iotmp</value>
   <description>Location of Hive run time structured log file</description>
</property>
```

<property>
<name>hive.exec.local.scratchdir</name>
<value>$HIVE_HOME/iotmp</value>
<description>Local scratch space for Hive jobs</description>
</property>

<property>
<name>hive.downloaded.resources.dir</name>
<value>$HIVE_HOME/iotmp</value>
<description>Temporary local directory for added resources in the remote file system.</description>
</property>

6. Testing Hive with MySQL Metastore

Go to **/usr/local/hive** and start hive by **bin/hive** command

Now Hive is running for you, You can test it out with MySQL Metastore.

hive> create table employee(id int, name string);

mysql -u root -p
mysql> use metastore;
mysql> show tables;
mysql> select * from TBLS;

You can see your table over there.

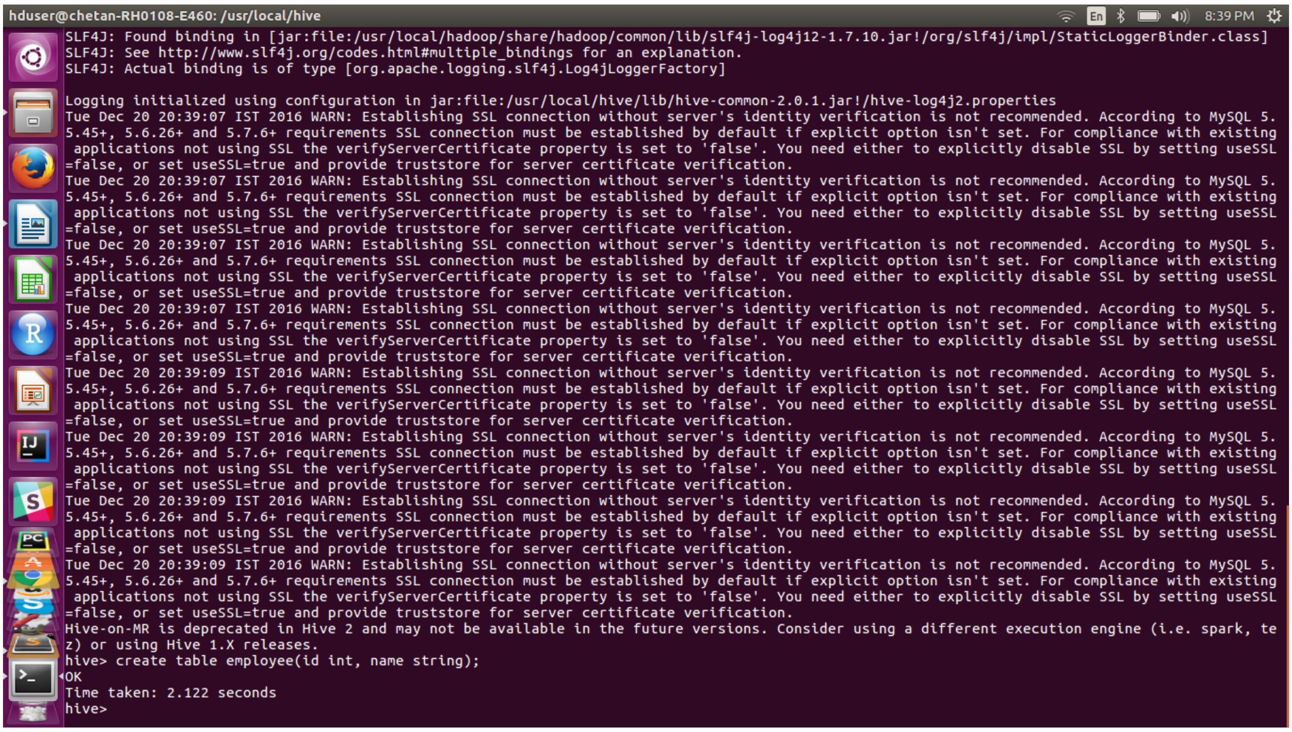

Figure 3: *Running Hive Query at Hive Shell*

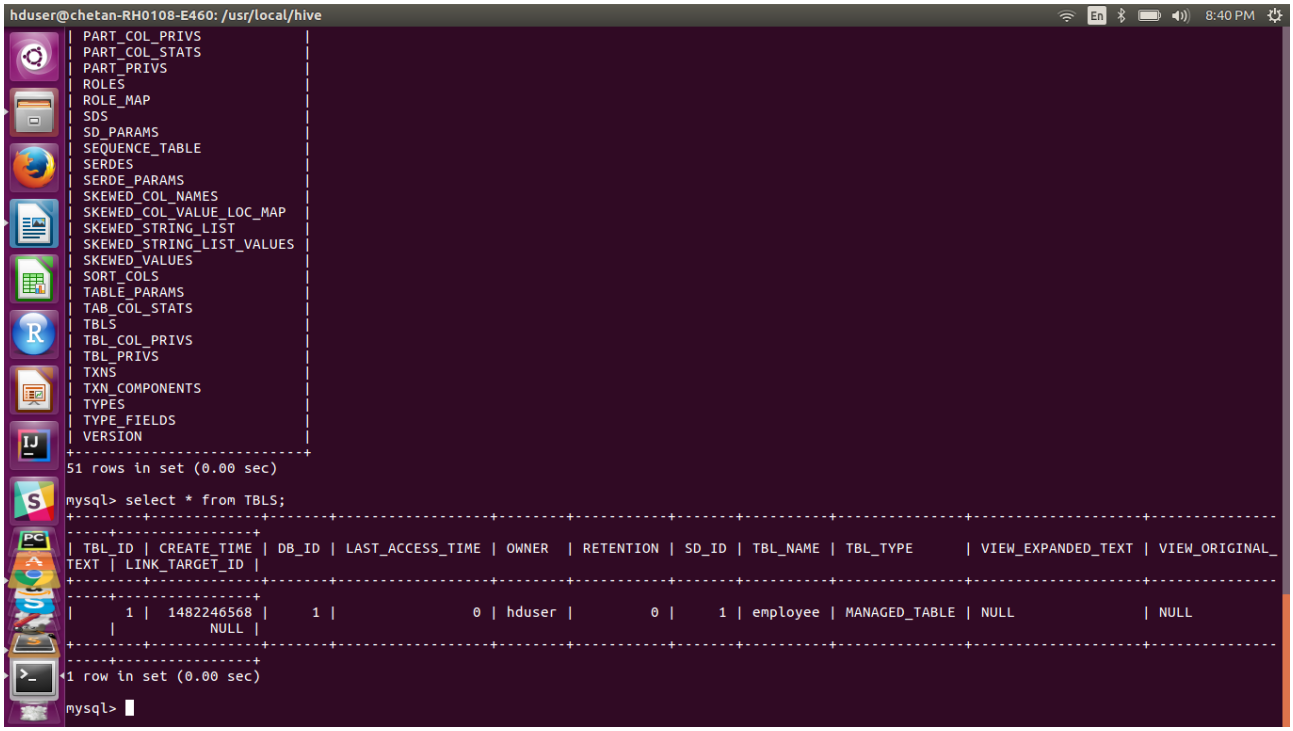

Figure 4: *Already created table metastore data at MySQL*