

# Lambda Functions

In this example we create a function to square a number. This function is assigned to a variable.

```
square = lambda x : x * x  
print (square(4))
```

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Lambda function with more than 1 argument

```
area = lambda l, w : l * w  
print (area(4,5))
```

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The power of Lambda comes from using them as anonymous functions inside other functions

```
def myFunction(num):  
    return lambda a : a * num  
  
myDoublingFunction = myFunction(2)  
  
print(myDoublingFunction(30))
```

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The doubling function is called with 30, and this is applied the lambda

```
myTriple = myFunction(3)  
print(myTriple(5))
```

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We can see that we can apply the lamda and use it in other functions.