

## 用代码实现上面窗口的设计:

1. 在头文件dialog.h定义窗口继承QDialog,需要包含QListWidget、QStackedWidget、三个QLabel 类成员

## 2. 构造函数内进行配置:

- 设置标题栏setWindowTitle(tr("标题"));
- 设置列表框insertItem(int index,tr("window1"));
- 设置堆栈窗体addWidget(QWidget widegt)
- 设置主窗体布局:
  - 水平布局管理器

QHBoxLayout\*mainLayout=newQHBoxLayout(this);

- 设置边距mainLayout->setMargin(5);
- 设置内部空间边距mainLayout->setSpacing(5);
- 设置伸缩系数void setStretchFactor(int index, int stretch);
- 使用自带的连接信号槽
   connect(leftlist,SIGNAL(currentRowChanged(int)),stack,SLOT(setCurrentIn dex(int)));

```
class Dialog :public QDialog

QOBJECT
public:
```

```
Dialog(QWidget *parent = 0);
  ~Dialog();
private:
QListWidget *leftlist;
QStackedWidget *stack;
QLabel *label1;
QLabel *label2;
QLabel *label3;
};
```

## 3.在源文件dialog.cpp中编写如下代码:

```
1 Dialog::Dialog(QWidget *parent)
2 : QDialog(parent)
  setWindowTitle(tr("StackedWidget"));
5 //设置列表框
  leftlist=new QListWidget(this);
  leftlist->insertItem(0,tr("window1"));
8 leftlist->insertItem(1,tr("window2"));
  leftlist->insertItem(2,tr("window3"));
10 //设置堆栈窗体
   label1=new QLabel(tr("WindowTest1\n\tby liming"));
   label2=new QLabel(tr("WindowTest2\n\tby liming"));
   label3=new QLabel(tr("WindowTest3\n\tby liming"));
   stack=new QStackedWidget(this);
   stack->addWidget(label1);
   stack->addWidget(label2);
   stack->addWidget(label3);
18 //设置主窗体布局
   QHBoxLayout *mainLayout=new QHBoxLayout(this);
   mainLayout->setMargin(5);
   mainLayout->setSpacing(5);
   mainLayout->addWidget(leftlist);
   mainLayout->addWidget(stack,0,Qt::AlignHCenter);
```

```
mainLayout->setStretchFactor(leftlist,1);
mainLayout->setStretchFactor(stack,3);
connect(leftlist,SIGNAL(currentRowChanged(int)),stack,SLOT(setCurrentIndex(int)));
}
```