Course 02402 Introduction to Statistics

Lecture 13: Summary of the course

DTU Compute Technical University of Denmark 2800 Lyngby – Denmark

Overview - the 12 lectures

- Chapter 1: Simple graphics and summary statistics
- Chapter 2: Discrete distributions
- Chapter 2: Continuous distributions
- Chapter 3: One-sample confidence intervals
- Chapter 3: One-sample hypothesis testing
- 6 Chapter 3: Two-sample statistics
- Chapter 4: Statistics by simulation
- Chapter 5: Simple linear regression analysis
- Ochapter 6: Multiple linear regression analysis
- Chapter 7: Inference for proportions
- Chapter 8: One-way analysis of variance
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Chapter 1: Simple graphics and summary statistics

Look at data as it is (descriptive statistics).

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- Summary statistics:
 - Mean \bar{x}
 - Standard deviation s, variance s^2
 - Median, upper and lower quartiles

Chapter 1: Simple graphics and summary statistics

- Look at data as it is (descriptive statistics).
- Summary statistics:
 - Mean \bar{x}
 - Standard deviation s, variance s^2
 - Median, upper and lower quartiles
- Simple graphics:
 - Scatter plot (xy plot)
 - Histogram, cumulative distribution
 - Box plots, bar charts, pie charts

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Chapter 2: Discrete distributions

- General concepts:
 - Definition of a stochastic variable
 - Density function
 - Distribution function
 - Mean and variance

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- General concepts:
 - Definition of a stochastic variable
 - Density function
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 - Mean and variance
- Specific distributions:
 - The binomial distribution
 - The hypergeometric distribution
 - The Poisson distribution

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Chapter 2: Continuous distributions

- General concepts:
 - Density function, distribution function
 - Mean, variance
 - Calculation rules for stochastic variables

Chapter 2: Continuous distributions

- General concepts:
 - Density function, distribution function
 - Mean, variance
 - Calculation rules for stochastic variables
- Specific distributions:
 - Normal
 - Log-normal, uniform, exponential

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Chapter 3: One-sample confidence intervals

General concepts

- Estimation, confidence intervals
- Population and a random sample
- Sampling distributions $(t \text{ and } \chi^2)$
- Central Limit Theorem (CLT)

Chapter 3: One-sample confidence intervals

General concepts

- Estimation, confidence intervals
- Population and a random sample
- Sampling distributions $(t \text{ and } \chi^2)$
- Central Limit Theorem (CLT)
- Specific methods, one sample:
 - Confidence intervals for the mean
 - Confidence intervals for the variance (and standard deviation)

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Chapter 3: One-sample hypothesis testing

- General concepts:
 - Hypotheses, p-value, significance level
 - Type I and Type II error, power
- Specific methods, one sample:
 - t-test for the mean
 - Sample size needed for desired power
 - Normal QQ-plot

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Chapter 3: Two samples

- Specific methods, two samples:
 - Test and confidence interval for the mean difference (*t*-test)

Chapter 3: Two samples

- Specific methods, two samples:
 - Test and confidence interval for the mean difference (t-test)
- Specific methods, two PAIRED samples:
 - "Take difference" ⇒ "One sample"

Chapter 3: Two samples

- Specific methods, two samples:
 - Test and confidence interval for the mean difference (t-test)
- Specific methods, two PAIRED samples:
 - "Take difference" ⇒ "One sample"
- Planning for precision and/or power
 - One-sample confidence interval: sample size needed for desired precision
 - One-sample hypothesis test: sample size needed for desired power (or other combinations)
 - Two-sample hypothesis test: sample size needed for desired power (or other combinations)

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Chapter 4: Statistics by simulation

- Introduction to simulation
- Error propagation rules

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- Introduction to simulation
- Error propagation rules
- Bootstrapping
 - Parametric
 - Non-parametric
 - Confidence intervals (and hence also hypothesis testing)

Chapter 4: Statistics by simulation

- Introduction to simulation
- Error propagation rules
- Bootstrapping
 - Parametric
 - Non-parametric
 - Confidence intervals (and hence also hypothesis testing)
- Specific situations (4 versions of confidence intervals):
 - One-sample and two-sample data
 - Parametric and non-parametric

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Chapter 5: Simple linear regression analysis

- Two quantitative variables, x and y.
- Calculating least squares line.

Chapter 5: Simple linear regression analysis

- Two quantitative variables, x and y.
- Calculating least squares line.
- Inference for a simple linear regression model:
 - Statistical model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \varepsilon_i$
 - Confidence intervals and tests for β_0 and β_1 .
 - Confidence interval for the expected line.
 - Prediction interval.

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 - Confidence intervals and tests for β_0 and β_1 .
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 - Prediction interval.
- r and r^2
 - r describes the strength of a linear relation.
 - r^2 expresses the proportion of the y variability explained by the linear relation.

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Chapter 6: Multiple linear regression analysis

- Many quantitative variables, x_1, \dots, x_p and y.
- Calculating least squares fit

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Chapter 6: Multiple linear regression analysis

- Many quantitative variables, x_1, \dots, x_p and y.
- Calculating least squares fit
- Inference for a multiple linear regression model
 - Statistical model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1,i} + \cdots + \beta_p x_{p,i} + \varepsilon_i$
 - Confidence intervals and tests for β_i , i = 1, ..., p.
 - Confidence interval for the expected fit.
 - Prediction interval.

Chapter 6: Multiple linear regression analysis

- Many quantitative variables, x_1, \dots, x_p and y.
- Calculating least squares fit
- Inference for a multiple linear regression model
 - Statistical model: $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1,i} + \cdots + \beta_p x_{p,i} + \varepsilon_i$
 - Confidence intervals and tests for β_i , i = 1, ..., p.
 - Confidence interval for the expected fit.
 - Prediction interval.
- r^2 expresses the proportion of the y variability explained by the linear relation.

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Chapter 7: Inference for Proportions

- Specific methods, one, two and k > 2 samples
 - Binary/categorical response
- Estimation and confidence intervals for proportions
 - · Large sample vs. small sample methods

Chapter 7: Inference for Proportions

- Specific methods, one, two and k > 2 samples
 - Binary/categorical response
- Estimation and confidence intervals for proportions
 - Large sample vs. small sample methods
- Hypotheses for one proportion
- Hypotheses for two proportions
- Analysis of contingency tables (χ^2 -test) (all expected > 5)

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Chapter 8: One-way analysis of variance

• Specific methods, *k* INDEPENDENT samples

Chapter 8: One-way analysis of variance

- Specific methods, *k* INDEPENDENT samples
- One-way analysis of variance
 - Compares the means of the groups
 - ANOVA-table: SST = SS(Tr) + SSE
 - F-test
 - Post hoc test: Pairwise *t*-test with/without Bonferroni correction.

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Chapter 8: Two-way Analysis of Variance

- Block design two-way analysis of variance
- ANOVA-table: SST = SS(Tr) + SS(Bl) + SSE
 - SST, SS(Tr) and SS(Bl) calculated like for one-way ANOVA
 - SSE = SST SS(Tr) SS(Bl)
- F-test
- Post hoc test: Pairwise t-test with/without Bonferroni correction.

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