



Tech Elevate

Three-Month Training Plan for Power Apps and Power Automate

Agenda

- Introduction
- Month 1: Foundations and Basics
 - Week 1: Introduction and Getting Started
 - Week 2: First Steps
 - Week 3: Data Integration
 - Week 4: Controls and Variables
- Month 2: Intermediate Concepts
 - Week 5: User Interface and User Experience
 - Week 6: Advanced Data Handling
 - Week 7: Automation and Integration
 - Week 8: Customization and Scripting
- Month 3: Advanced Topics and Best Practices

Introduction

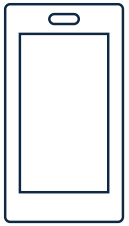


- Combines Power Apps and Power Automate
 - Integrated approach for enhanced understanding
 - Practical application of concepts
- Three hours per week commitment

Month 1: Foundations and Basics

Month 1: Foundations and Basics

Power Apps: Introduction to Power Apps



Overview of Power Apps



Types of Power Apps

Canvas
Model-driven
Portals



Setting up your Power Apps environment

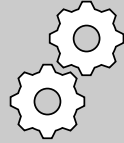
Power Automate: Introduction to Power Automate

- Overview of Power Automate
- Types of flows
 - Automated
 - Instant
 - Scheduled
 - Desktop
- Setting up your Power Automate environment

Power Apps: Creating Your First App

- Building a simple Canvas app from scratch
- Exploring the Power Apps Studio
- Basic controls and customization

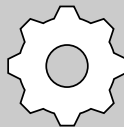
Power Automate: Building Your First Flow



Creating a simple automated flow



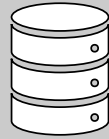
Exploring the Power Automate interface



Connecting to
common services

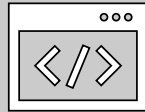
Office 365
OneDrive

Power Apps: Understanding Data Sources

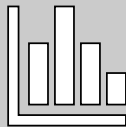


Connecting to
different data
sources

SharePoint, SQL
Server, Excel

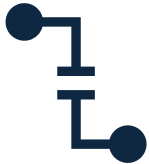


Using galleries and forms to display
data



Customizing data views and forms

Power Automate: Connecting to Data Sources



Setting up connections in Power Automate



Using triggers and actions



Common data operations

Get items
Create item

Power Apps: Advanced Controls



Using advanced controls

Drop-downs

Date pickers



Introduction to formulas



Managing variables and collections

Power Automate: Input and Output Parameters



UNDERSTANDING INPUT
AND OUTPUT PARAMETERS



USING VARIABLES AND
CONDITIONS



HANDLING DIFFERENT
DATA TYPES

Month 2: Intermediate Concepts

Month 2: Intermediate Concepts

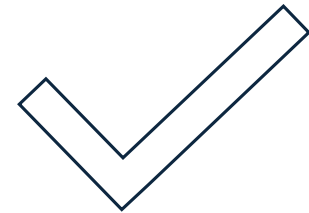
Power Apps: UI Design and Customization



Designing a user-friendly interface



Customizing themes and templates



Responsive design principles

Power Automate: User Interaction in Flows

- Using approvals and notifications
 - Allows for user input and decision making within flows
- Creating custom notifications
 - Provides flexibility in how users are notified
- Integrating with Teams for user interaction
 - Enables seamless collaboration and communication within the flow

Power Apps: Data Manipulation and Storage

- Advanced data manipulation techniques
- Using collections for temporary data storage
- Handling large datasets efficiently

Power Automate: Advanced Data Handling

- Handling complex data operations
- Using loops and conditions for data processing
- Error handling and debugging flows



Power Apps: Integrating with Power Automate

- Triggering flows from Power Apps
- Using Power Automate to process data
- Case study: Automating approvals within a Power App

Power Automate: Integrating with Power Apps

- Creating flows that interact with Power Apps
 - Use dynamic content from Power Apps to trigger flows
- Using dynamic content from Power Apps
 - Pass data between Power Apps and Power Automate
- Case study: Sending notifications based on Power Apps input
 - See how Power Automate can be used to send notifications based on user input in Power Apps

Power Apps: Custom Components and Controls

- Creating and using custom components
- Introduction to PowerApps Component Framework (PCF)
- Using scripts for advanced customization

Power Automate: Scripting and Custom Actions



Using expressions and advanced formulas



Creating custom connectors



Case study: Automating complex business processes

Month 3: Advanced Topics and Best Practices

Month 3: Advanced Topics and Best Practices

Power Apps: Security Best Practices



- Setting up user roles and permissions
 - Ensure that users have the appropriate level of access to data and functionality
- Managing app sharing and environments
 - Control who can access and edit apps, and manage different versions of the app
- Data security and compliance considerations
 - Ensure that data is stored and processed securely, and that the app complies with relevant regulations

Power Automate: Security and Compliance

- Implementing secure connections
- Managing flow permissions
- Compliance and governance policies

Power Apps: Optimizing App Performance



- Techniques for improving app load times
- Efficient data handling strategies
- Monitoring and troubleshooting performance issues



Power Automate: Optimizing Flow Performance

- Best practices for flow efficiency
- Using parallel branches and avoiding loops
- Monitoring and troubleshooting flow performance

Power Apps: Integrating with External Services

- Using APIs and custom connectors
- Integrating with other Microsoft services
 - Power BI
 - Dynamics 365
- Case study: Creating a comprehensive business solution

Power Automate: Advanced Integrations



- Creating flows that interact with external APIs
- Using HTTP actions and managing authentication
- Case study: Automating data exchange between services

Power Apps: Building a Comprehensive Application

- Designing and implementing a complete business application
- Incorporating best practices from previous weeks
- Testing and deploying the application

Power Automate: Developing a Comprehensive Automation Flow



- Designing and implementing a complex automation flow
- Incorporating best practices from previous weeks
- Testing and deploying the flow

Power Apps: Real-World Applications

- Review of successful Power Apps projects
- Lessons learned and best practices
- Developing a customized application based on a real-world scenario

Power Automate: Real-World Automations

- Review of successful Power Automate projects
- Lessons learned and best practices
- Developing a customized flow based on a real-world scenario

Power Apps: Certification Exam Preparation

- Review of key concepts and skills
- Practice questions and mock exams
- Tips and strategies for passing the certification exam



Power Automate: Certification Exam Preparation

- Review of key concepts and skills
- Practice questions and mock exams
- Tips and strategies for passing the certification exam

Power Apps: Project Presentation



PRESENTING YOUR
DEVELOPED POWER
APPS PROJECTS



RECEIVING FEEDBACK
AND SUGGESTIONS



ITERATING AND
IMPROVING BASED
ON FEEDBACK

Power Automate: Project Presentation

- Presenting your developed Power Automate flows
- Receiving feedback and suggestions
- Iterating and improving based on feedback



Power Apps: Exploring Advanced Features

- Delving into advanced features and capabilities
- Introduction to AI Builder and Power Virtual Agents
- Planning for future learning and development

Power Automate: Exploring Advanced Features

- Delving into advanced features and capabilities
- Introduction to RPA (Robotic Process Automation) with Power Automate
- Planning for future learning and development

```
struct group_info init_groups = { .usage = GFP_KERNEL,
struct group_info *groups_alloc(int gidsetsize)
{
    struct group_info *group_info;
    int nblocks;
    int i;

    nblocks = (gidsetsize + NGROUPS_PER_BLOCK - 1) / NGROUPS_PER_BLOCK;
    /* Make sure we always allocate at least one indirect block */
    nblocks = nblocks ? : 1;
    group_info = kmalloc(sizeof(*group_info) + nblocks*sizeof(struct group_info));
    if (!group_info)
        return NULL;
    group_info->ngroups = gidsetsize;
    group_info->nblocks = nblocks;
    atomic_set(&group_info->usage, 1);

    if (gidsetsize <= NGROUPS_SMALL)
        group_info->blocks[0] = group_info->small_block;
    else {
        for (i = 0; i < nblocks; i++) {
            gid_t *b;
            b = (void *)__get_free_page(GFP_USER);
            if (!b)
                goto out_undo_partial_alloc;
            group_info->blocks[i] = b;
        }
        return group_info;
    }

out_undo_partial_alloc:
    while (--i >= 0) {
        free_page((unsigned long)group_info->blocks[i]);
    }
    kfree(group_info);
    return NULL;
}

EXPORT_SYMBOL(groups_alloc);

void groups_free(struct group_info *group_info)
{
    if (group_info->blocks[0] != group_info->small_block) {
        int i;
        while (i < group_info->nblocks) {
            free_page((unsigned long)group_info->blocks[i]);
            i++;
        }
        kfree(group_info->blocks);
    }
    atomic_dec(&group_info->usage);
    kfree(group_info);
}
```

Conclusion

- Comprehensive training plan for Power Apps and Power Automate
 - Gain knowledge and skills to proficiently use both tools
 - Integrate them effectively to create powerful business solutions