

Numerical explorations with R

means, median, SD; use R as calc

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Import data

```
# import dataset  
data <- read.csv("bwmal.csv")
```

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data <- read.csv("bwmal.csv")
```

```
dim(data) #Returns the dimension of the dataset
```

```
## [1] 791 12
```

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# import dataset  
data <- read.csv("bwmal.csv")
```

```
dim(data)  #Returns the dimension of the dataset
```

```
## [1] 791  12
```

```
names(data)  #Returns variable names of the dataset
```

```
## [1] "X"          "matage"     "mheight"    "gestwks"    "sex"  
## [7] "smoke"      "pfplacen"  "parity"     "workload"   "matage"
```

View data

```
head(data) #Returns first six rows of dataset
```

```
##      X matage mheight gestwks sex bweight smoke pfplacen pa
## 1 1      26   1.575     40    0    3.11     0         0
## 2 2      23   1.529     40    0    2.65     0         0
## 3 3      18   1.540     40    1    3.41     0         0
## 4 4      25   1.581     40    1    2.99     0         0
## 5 5      25   1.555     40    1    3.16     0         0
## 6 6      21   1.561     40    1    2.82     0         0
##      matagegp gestcat
## 1           3        2
## 2           3        2
## 3           1        2
## 4           3        2
## 5           3        2
## 6           2        2
```

Some data explorations

```
# some data explorations  
mean(data$mheight)  
  
## [1] 1.543
```

Some data explorations

```
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```

```
mean(data$mheight)
```

```
## [1] 1.543
```

```
var(data$mheight)
```

```
## [1] 0.002885
```

Some data explorations

```
# some data explorations
```

```
mean(data$mheight)
```

```
## [1] 1.543
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var(data$mheight)
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## [1] 0.002885
```

```
sd(data$matage)
```

```
## [1] 5.14
```


Some data explorations

```
# some data explorations
```

```
mean(data$mheight)
```

```
## [1] 1.543
```

```
var(data$mheight)
```

```
## [1] 0.002885
```

```
sd(data$matage)
```

```
## [1] 5.14
```

```
median(data$matage)
```

```
## [1] 23
```

More data explorations

```
summary(data$matage) #sumarize continous variable
```

##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
##	13.0	20.0	23.0	23.8	27.0	46.0

Explorations for categorical variables

```
table(data$sex) #summarize categorical variable
```

```
##
```

```
##      0      1
```

```
## 381 410
```

Explorations for categorical variables

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table(data$sex)  #summarize categorical variable
```

```
##
```

```
##      0      1
```

```
## 381 410
```

```
table(data$sex, data$smoke)  #cross-tabulation of two categories
```

```
##
```

```
##           0      1
```

```
##  0 346    35
```

```
##  1 378    32
```

Explorations for categorical variables

```
table(data$sex)  #summarize categorical variable
```

```
##
```

```
##      0      1
```

```
## 381 410
```

```
table(data$sex, data$smoke)  #cross-tabulation of two categorical variables
```

```
##
```

```
##           0      1
```

```
## 0 346 35
```

```
## 1 378 32
```

```
with(data, table(sex, smoke))  #Alternatively, with variable names
```

```
##      smoke
```

```
## sex      0      1
```

```
## 0 346 35
```

Use R as calculator

```
# enter the expression that we want evaluated and hit enter  
1000 - 2 * 10^2/(8 + 2)  
  
## [1] 980
```

```
# Built-in functions:  
log(1.4) #returns the natural logarithm of the number 1.4  
  
## [1] 0.3365  
  
log10(1.4) # returns the log to the base of 10  
  
## [1] 0.1461  
  
sqrt(16) #returns the square root of 16  
  
## [1] 4
```