# **ALLIANCE & CORIOLIS Checker Toolkit**

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## **Toolkit Purpose**

This toolkit has been created to allow developpers to share through  $\mathtt{git}$  a set of benchmarks to validate their changes in Alliance & Coriolis before committing and pushing them in their central repositories. A change will be considered as validated when all the developpers can run successfully all the benchs in their respective environments.

As a consequence, this repository is likely to be *very* unstable and the commits not well documenteds as they will be quick corrections made by the developpers.

### **Toolkit Contents**

The toolkit provides:

• Eleven benchmark designs:

Design	Technology	Cell Libraries
adder	MOSIS	nsxlib, mpxlib, msplib
AM2901 (standard cells)	Alliance dummy	sxlib, pxlib
AM2901 (datapath)	Alliance dummy	sxlib, dp_sxlib, pxlib
alliance-run (AM2901)	Alliance dummy	sxlib, dp_sxlib, padlib
CPU	MOSIS	nsxlib, mpxlib, msplib
SNX	MOSIS	nsxlib, mpxlib, msplib
мірѕ (microprogrammed)	Alliance dummy	sxlib, dp_sxlib, rf2lib
мірѕ (pipeline)	Alliance dummy	sxlib, dp_sxlib, rf2lib
мірѕ (pipeline+chip)	ALLIANCE dummy	sxlib, dp_sxlib, rf2lib, pxlib
FPGA (Moc4x4_L4C12)	Alliance dummy	sxlib
ISPD05 (bigblue1)	Aucune	Genérée à la volée.

• Three cell libraries.

All thoses libraries are for use with the Mosis technology. We provides them as part of the toolkit as we are still in the process of validating that technology, and we may have to perform quick fixes on them. The design are configured to use them instead of those supplied by the ALLIANCE installation.

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- nsxlib: Standard Cell library.
- mpxlib: Pad library, compliant with CORIOLIS.
- msplib: Pad library, compliant with ALLIANCE / ring. Cells in this library are wrappers around their counterpart in mpxlib, they provides an outer layout shell that is usable by ring.
- The RDS file for the MOSIS technology scn6m\_deep\_09.rds, for the same reason as the cell libraries.
- Miscellenous helper scripts.

## **Benchmark Makefiles**

The main body of the Makefile has been put into benchs/etc/rules.mk.

The Makefile provides some or all of the following targets. If the place and route stage of a bench can be done by both CORIOLIS and ALLIANCE an alliance/ subdirectory will be present.

	layout	The complete symbolic layout of the design (P&R).							
CORIOLIS	gds	Generate the real layout (GDSII)							
	druc	Symbolic layout checking							
	lvx	Perform LVS.							
	graal	Launch graal in the Makefile's environement							
	dreal	Launch dreal in the Makefile 's environement, and							
		load the gds file of the design.							
	view	Launch cgt and load the design (chip)							
	cgt	Launch cgt in the Makefile 's environement							

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A top Makefile in a bench directory must looks like:

```
BOOMOPT = -A
BOOGOPT =
LOONOPT =
NSL2VHOPT = -vasy
LIBRARY_FAMILY = nsxlib
USE_SYNTHESIS = Yes
USE_CLOCKTREE = No
USE_DEBUG = No

NETLISTS = cla16 \
inc16 \
reg4 \
type_dec \
alu16_model \
snx_model
```

include ../etc/rules.mk

lvx: lvx-chip\_kite
druc: druc-chip\_kite
view: cgt-chip\_kite

layout: chip\_kite.ap
gds: chip\_kite.gds

Where variables have the following meaning:

Variable	Usage
NETLISTS	The list of <i>netlists</i> that are requireds to perform the place and route stage. The files must we given <i>without</i> extension. According to the value of <code>USE_SYNTHESIS</code> they are user supplied or generated. In the later case, be aware that calling the <code>clean</code> target will remove the generated files.
LIBRARY_FAMILY	Tells which library set to use. Legal values are sxlib (default) and nsxlib (Mosis technology).
USE_SYNTHESIS	If set to Yes, then the files given in the NETLISTS variables will be synthetised from the reference vhdl or nsl description, if this tool is available. Note that the clean will remove all generated files.
USE_CLOCKTREE	Adds a clock-tree to the design (CORIOLIS).
USE_DEBUG	Activate debug support on cgt.

## **CORIOLIS Configuration Files**

Unlike Alliance which is entirely configured through environement variables or system-wide configuration file, Coriolis uses configuration files in the current directory. They are present for each bench:

- <cwd>/.coriolis2/techno.py: Select which symbolic and real technology to use.
- <cwd>/.coriolis2/settings.py: Override for any system configuration, except for the technology.

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### **CORIOLIS and Clock Tree Generation**

When Coriolis is used, it create a clock tree which modificate the original netlist. The new netlist, with a clock tree, has a postfix of clocked.

#### Note



**Trans-hierarchical Clock-Tree.** As CORIOLIS do not flatten the designs it creates, not only the top-level netlist is modificated. All the sub-blocks connected to the master clock are also duplicateds, whith the relevant part of the clock-tree included.

## **RHEL6 and Clones**

Under RHEL6 the developpement version of CORIOLIS needs the devtoolset-2. rules.mk tries, based on uname to switch it on or off.

# **Benchmarks Special Notes**

#### alliance-run

This benchmark comes mostly with it's own rules and do not uses the ones supplieds by rules.mk. It uses only the top-level configuration variables.

It a sligtly modified copy of the alliance-run found in the ALLIANCE package (modification are all in the Makefile). It build an AM2901, but it is splitted in a control and an operative part (data-path). This is to also check the data-path features of ALLIANCE.

And lastly, it provides a check for the CORIOLIS encapsulation of ALLIANCE through PYTHON wrappers. The support is still incomplete and should be used only by very experienced users. See the demo\* rules.

## **Tools & Scripts**

### One script to run them all: go.sh

To call all the bench's Makefile sequentially and execute one or more rules on each, the small script utility go.sh is available. Here are some examples:

```
dummy@lepka:bench$ ./bin/go.sh clean
dummy@lepka:bench$ ./bin/go.sh lvx
```

## Command Line cgt: doChip.py

As a alternative to cgt, the small helper script doChip.py allows to perform all the P&R tasks, on an stand-alone block or a whole chip.

### Pad Layout Converter px2mpx.py

The px2mpx.py script convert pad layout from the pxlib (ALLIANCE dummy technology) into mpxlib (MOSIS compliant symbolic technology).

Basically it multiplies all the coordinate by two as the source technology is  $1\mu$  type and the target one a  $2\mu$ . In addition it performs some adjustement on the wire extension and minimal width and the blockage sizes.

As it is a one time script, it is heavily hardwired, so before using it do not forget to edit it to suit your needs.

The whole conversion process is quite tricky as we are cheating with the normal use of the software. The steps are as follow:

1. Using the Alliance dummy technology and in an empty directory, run the script. The layouts of the converted pads (\*\_mpx.ap) will be created.

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- 2. In a second directory, this time configured for the MoSIS technology (see .coriolis2\_techno.conf) copy the converted layouts. In addition to the layouts, this directory must also contain the behavioral description of the pads (.vbe). Otherwise, you will not be able to see the proper layout.
- 3. When you are satisfied with the new layout of the pads, you can copy them back in the official pad cell library.

#### Note

**How Coriolis Load Cells.** Unlike in ALLIANCE, CORIOLIS maintain a much tighter relationship between physical and logical (structural or behavioral) views. The loading process of a cell try *first* to load the logical view, and if found, keep tab of the directory it was in. *Second* it tries to load the physical view from the same directory the logical view was in. If no logical view is found, only the physical is loaded.



Conversely, when saving a cell, the directory it was loaded from is kept, so that the cell will be overwritten, and not duplicated in the working directory as it was in ALLIANCE.

This explains why the behavioral view of the pad is needed in the directory the layouts are put into. Otherwise you would only see the pads of the system library (if any).

# **CADENCE Support**

To perform comparisons with CADENCE EDI tools (i.e. <code>encounter</code> NANOROUTE), some benchmarks have a sub-directory <code>encounter</code> holding all the necessary files. Here is an example for the design named <fpga>.

encounter directory						
File Name	Contents					
fpga_export.lef	Technology & standard cells for the design					
fpga_export.def	The design itself, flattened to the standard cells.					
fpga_nano.def	The placed and routed result.					
fpga.tcl	The TCL script to be run by encounter					

The LEF/DEF file exported or imported by Coriolis are *not* true physical files. They are pseudoreal, in the sense that all the dimensions are directly taken from the symbolic with the simple rule 1 lambda = 1 micron.

## Note



**LEF/DEF files:** Coriolis is able to import/export in those formats only if it has been compiled against the S<sub>12</sub> relevant libraries that are subjects to specific license agreements. So in case we don't have access to thoses we supplies the generated LEF/DEF files.

The encounter directory contains the LEF/DEF files and the TCL script to be run by encounter:

```
ego@home:encounter> . ../../etc/EDI1324.sh
ego@home:encounter> encounter -init ./fpga.tcl
```

Example of TCL script for encounter:

```
set_global _enable_mmmc_by_default_flow $CTE::mmmc_default
suppressMessage ENCEXT-2799
```

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```
win
loadLefFile fpga_export.lef
loadDefFile fpga_export.def
floorPlan -site core -r 0.998676319592 0.95 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
getIoFlowFlag
fit
setDrawView place
setPlaceMode -fp false
placeDesign
generateTracks
generateVias
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -drouteFixAntenna 0
\verb|setNanoRouteMode - quiet - drouteStartIteration 0|\\
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -routeTopRoutingLayer 5
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -routeBottomRoutingLayer 2
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -drouteEndIteration 0
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -routeWithTimingDriven false
setNanoRouteMode -quiet -routeWithSiDriven false
routeDesign -globalDetail
global dbgLefDefOutVersion
set dbgLefDefOutVersion 5.7
defOut -floorplan -netlist -routing fpga_nano.def
```

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