# **Leak Detection N-Grams**

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# Purpose

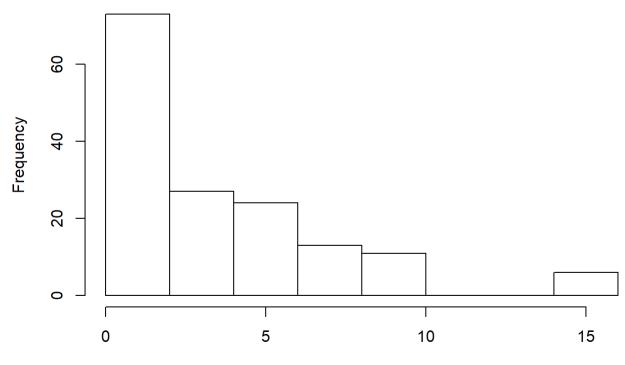
- The purpose of this file is conduct text analysis on the leak\_detection\_field\_technology column in the foundational 06a loss and leak detection file. Distributions of time between testing and age to replace small meters in years.
- This analysis creates token, bi-grams, tri-grams, and four-grams of this text field.
- The data can be found http://cowaterefficiency.com/unauthenticated\_home (http://cowaterefficiency.com/unauthenticated\_home) with permission. Once in the portal, all report years (2013-2017) were selected as well as all water providers.

## Recommendations

- Water detection technology could be a useful factor to correlate and predict with water loss. The current input method does not easily allow for this type of analysis.
- Our suggestion is to create a drop-down menu for this particular part of the reporting with the applicable leak detection technologies.

```
# read in data
found_6a_lossleak <- read.csv("EffDataPortal_Output_User690_20181112192716/foundational/foundational_06a_loss_and_leak_det.c
sv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
hist(found_6a_lossleak$time_between_tests_largemeters_years, main="Distribution of Years Between Tests For Large Meters")</pre>
```

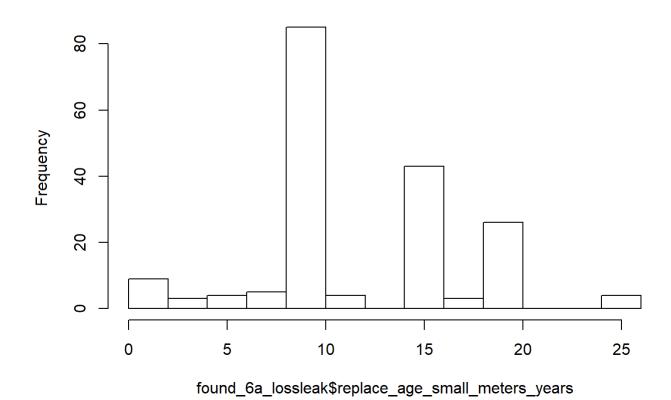
### **Distribution of Years Between Tests For Large Meters**



found\_6a\_lossleak\$time\_between\_tests\_largemeters\_years

hist(found\_6a\_lossleak\$replace\_age\_small\_meters\_years, main="Distribution of Years Between Tests For Small Meters")

#### **Distribution of Years Between Tests For Small Meters**



# Text Analysis of Leak Detection Type with N-grams

leaks <- found\_6a\_lossleak
head(leaks[order(leaks\$ce\_annual\_ndx),], n=3)</pre>

```
##
     ce annual ndx meter test program awwa policy adherence
## 1
              1912
                                  YES
                                                         YES
## 2
              1913
                                  YES
                                                          NO
                                  YES
## 3
              1916
                                                          NO
##
                                                                                     non awwa test procedures
## 1
## 2
                                                   Test as needed to address non-reading or customer requests
## 3 We replace about 20-30 meters per year based on age and largely on reactionary measures due to leakage.
##
                                                             astest largemeters describe
## 1 Yes, we field test using AWWA recommendations for yearly intervals between testing. Go to meter pit, test port, hose t
o field test unit which is calibratied to shop tanks. 1-1.5 are changing out not tested
## 2
                             yes- by contract on concurrent system - Ute Mountain Tribe
## 3
                                                                                      No
##
     time between tests largemeters years replace age small meters years
## 1
                                      3.5
## 2
                                      2.0
                                                                        3
## 3
                                      0.0
                                                                       10
##
                                                                                         water loss comments
## 1 4-12" meters are tested every year, 3" every 2 years, 2" every 4 years, for total average of 3.5 years
## 2
## 3
##
                                               leak detection field technology
## 1 Leak correlators, loggers, and listening devices. Correlators to locate known leaks/breaks, loggers for undiscovered 1
eaks, and microphones on hydrants. Exceptions reporting utilized (attached).
## 2
                          visual, water loss-increased flows from water plant
## 3
                                                    Sonic, hydrostatic, visual
##
     pctannual leak inspection pctannual pipe replaces
## 1
                            35
                                                    0.5
## 2
                            70
                                                    2.0
## 3
                            20
                                                    5.0
##
                                                           leak detection comments
## 1 Very proactive (survey over 300 miles of pipe per year listening for leaks).
## 2
## 3
```

Leak Detection N-Grams

```
leaks_short <- leaks[,c(1,9 )]
head(leaks_short, n=3)</pre>
```

```
##
     ce annual ndx
## 1
              1912
## 2
              1913
## 3
              1916
##
                                              leak detection field technology
## 1 Leak correlators, loggers, and listening devices. Correlators to locate known leaks/breaks, loggers for undiscovered 1
eaks, and microphones on hydrants. Exceptions reporting utilized (attached).
## 2
                          visual, water loss-increased flows from water plant
## 3
                                                   Sonic, hydrostatic, visual
```

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidytext)
leaks_short2<- leaks_short %>% unnest_tokens(word, leak_detection_field_technology)

# get rid of stop words
tidy_leaks <- leaks_short2 %>% anti_join(stop_words)
```

#### Most used Words

• These are the top 20 most common words typed into the leak detection technology field.

```
head(tidy_leaks %>% count(word, sort=TRUE), n=20)
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 2
##
      word
                      n
##
      <chr>>
                  <int>
## 1 leak
                     96
   2 detection
                     50
   3 water
                     32
   4 correlators
                     31
   5 visual
                     29
   6 leaks
                     28
## 7 loggers
                     28
## 8 data
                     27
## 9 surface
                     22
## 10 listening
                     21
## 11 technology
                     21
## 12 noise
                     20
## 13 system
                     20
## 14 equipment
                     19
## 15 acoustic
                     18
## 16 sonic
                     17
## 17 field
                     16
## 18 devices
                     14
## 19 meter
                     14
## 20 subsurface
                     13
```

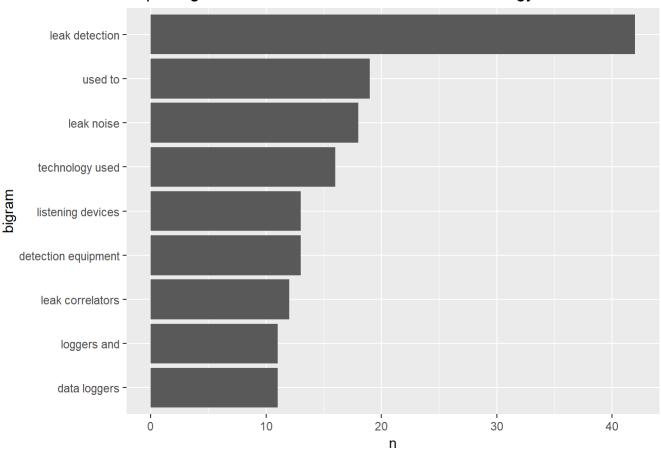
## Finding n-grams

• These are the top 10 bi, tri, and 4-grams for the leak detection technology column.

```
#2-gram
tidy_bigram <- leaks_short %>% unnest_tokens(bigram,leak_detection_field_technology, token="ngrams", n=2)
bill10 <- head(tidy_bigram %>% count(bigram, sort=TRUE), n=10)
# remove NA ( reorder)
bill10 <- bill10[!is.na(bill10$bigram),]
bill10 <- bill10 %>% mutate(bigram=reorder(bigram, n))

ggplot(bill10, aes(bigram, n))+
geom_col()+
coord_flip()+
ggtitle("Top 8 Bigrams From Leak Detection Field Technology")
```

Top 8 Bigrams From Leak Detection Field Technology

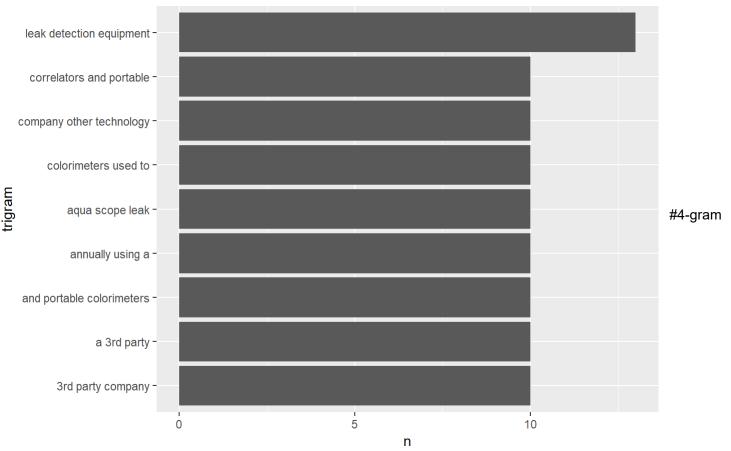


```
#3-gram
tidy_trigram <- leaks_short %>% unnest_tokens(trigram,leak_detection_field_technology, token="ngrams", n=3)
tri10 <- head(tidy_trigram %>% count(trigram, sort=TRUE), n=10)

# remove NA ( reorder)
tri10 <- tri10[!is.na(tri10$trigram),]
tri10 <- tri10 %>% mutate(trigram=reorder(trigram, n))

ggplot(tri10, aes(trigram, n))+
geom_col()+
coord_flip()+
ggtitle("Top 9 Trigrams From Leak Detection Field Technology")
```

Top 9 Trigrams From Leak Detection Field Technology



```
tidy_fourgram <- leaks_short %>% unnest_tokens(fourgram,leak_detection_field_technology, token="ngrams", n=4)
four10 <- head(tidy_fourgram %>% count(fourgram, sort=TRUE), n=10)

# remove NA ( reorder)
four10 <- four10[!is.na(four10$fourgram),]
four10 <- four10 %>% mutate(fourgram=reorder(fourgram, n))

ggplot(four10, aes(fourgram, n))+
geom_col()+
coord_flip()+
ggtitle("Top 9 Fourgrams From Leak Detection Field Technology")
```

Top 9 Fourgrams From Leak Detection Field Technology

