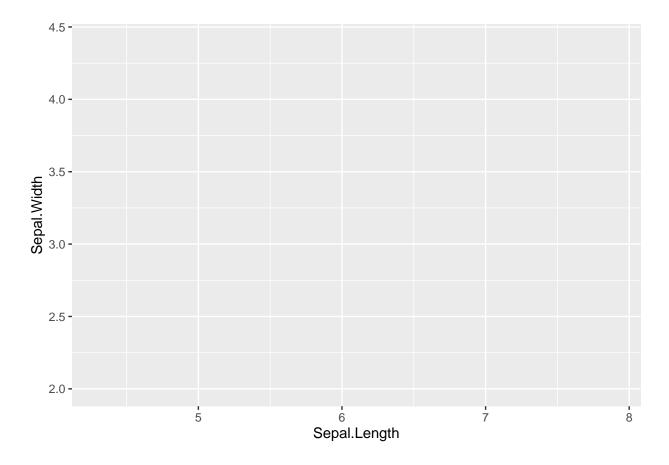
CM580A3: Plotting with ggplot()

1. ggplot()		
Nothing happens because v	we did not specify aesthetics or a geometry.	
#### #01# #### iris %>% ggplot()		

2. Mapping x and y Aesthetics with aes() Inside of ggplot()

We're closer now but we didn't specify a geometry.

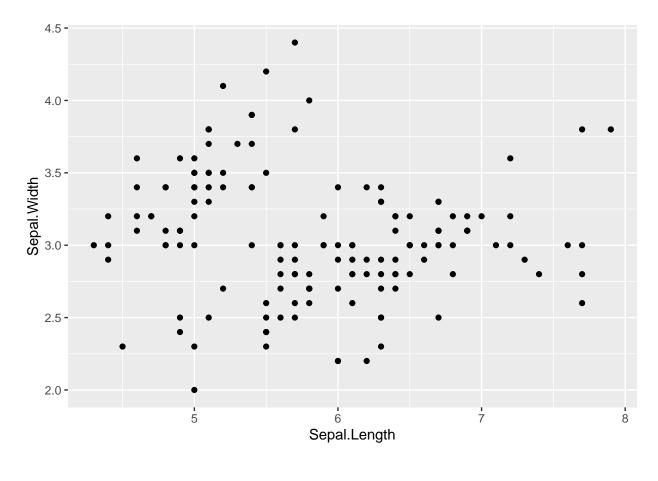
```
####
#02#
####
iris %>%
ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width))
```



3. Specifying a Geometry

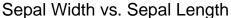
Specifying aesthetics and a geometry are the minimum requirement to make a plot using ggplot(). In this case, I specified $geom_point()$. Notice that I added it to the ggplot() function with "+".

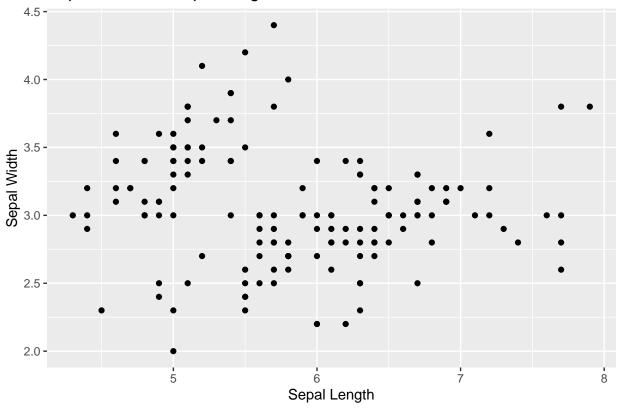
```
####
#03#
####
iris %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
    geom_point()
```



4. Adding Labels and a Title

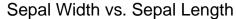
Adding the labs() function with "+" lets us give the plot x and y labels as well as a title

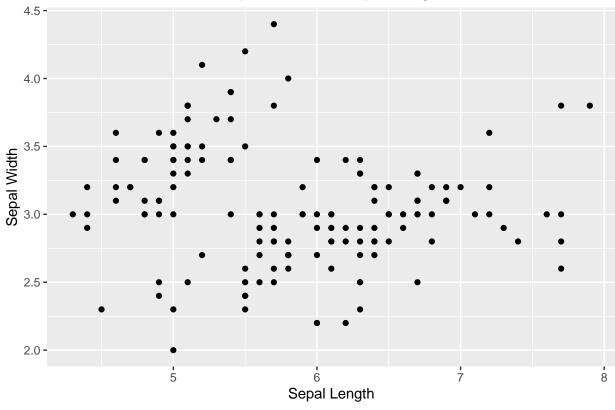




5. Centering the Title

Many parameters can be adjusted in the theme function. Overall, its fairly unintuitive but typically, someone has done what you would like to do and posted the solution on the internet so it's worth looking it up. I never remember how to center the title so I always have to look it up and copy the code.

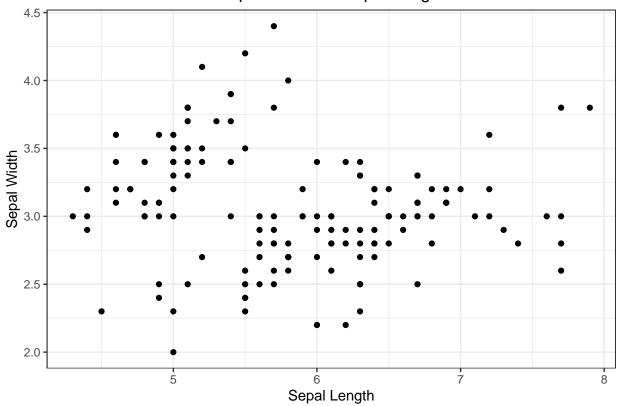


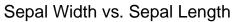


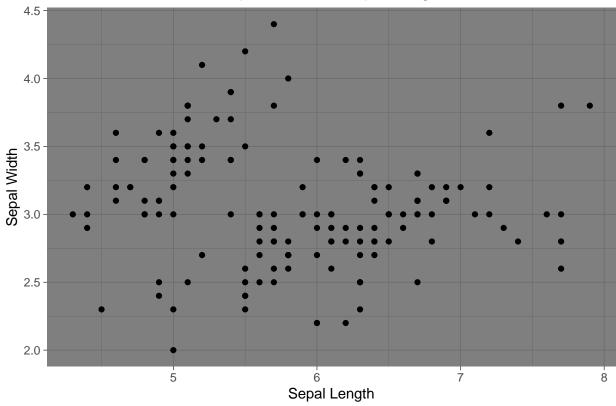
6. Choosing a Theme

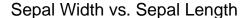
There are many themes in ggplot(). Here is a link to see a complete list: https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/ggtheme.html. The theme can be added using "+" and specifying a theme, such as "theme_bw()". Here are 3 examples. Note that the "theme()" function comes after "theme_bw()".

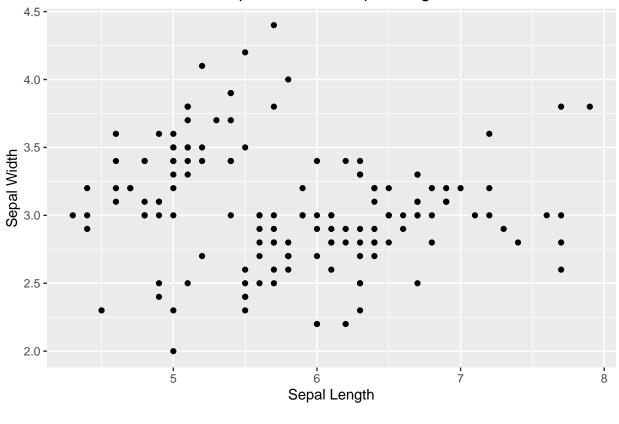
Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length







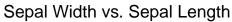


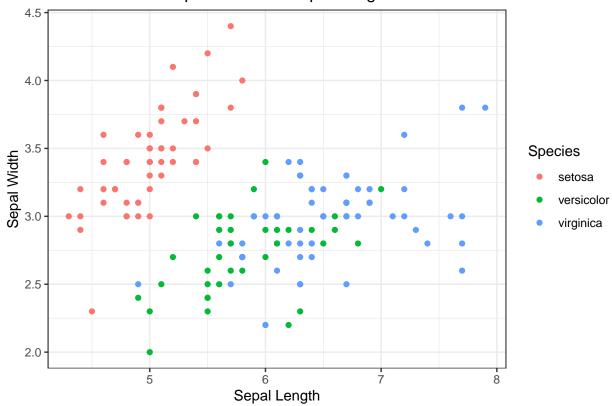


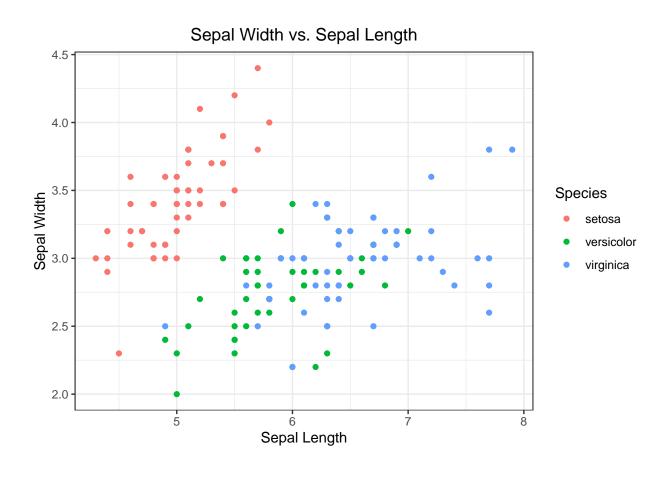
7. Coloring by Factor

We can color points by a factor, which is typically a categorical variable, to highlight specific trends. This is done by specifying "color" (sometimes abbreviated as "col") within the aes() function. In this case, we specify that the points should be colored according to the factor "Species".

Note: For some geometries and/or variables you may need to use "fill" instead of "color" but overall they function similarly.

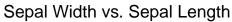


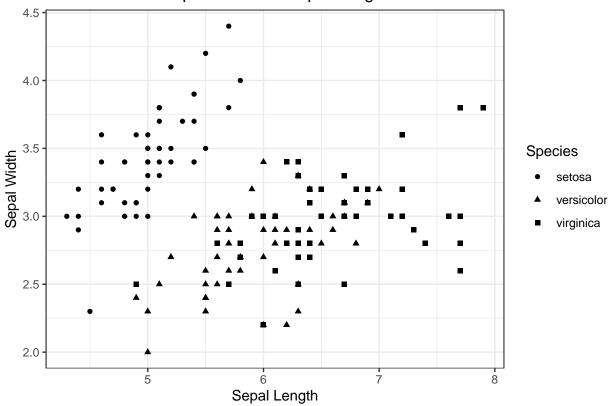




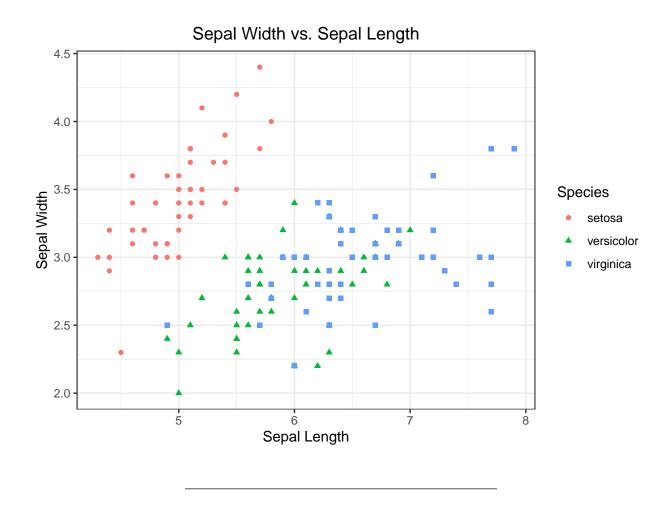
8. Using Shape to Denote a Factor

Similar to "color" we can also make points different shapes based on a factor. To do so, we specify "shape = Species" inside the aes() function. By specifying "color = Species" and "shape = species", each species gets a unique shape and color.



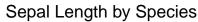


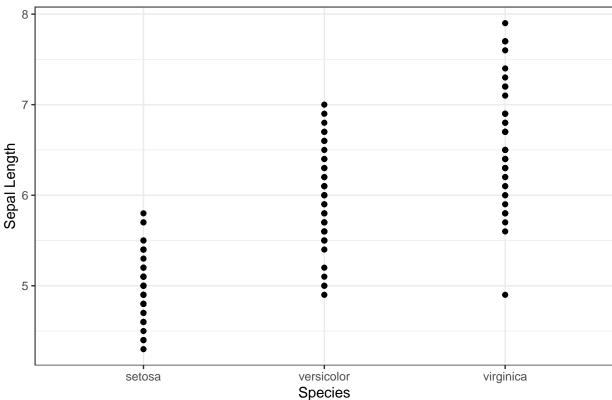
```
iris %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, color = Species, shape = Species)) +
   geom_point() +
   labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
        title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
   theme_bw() +
   theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```



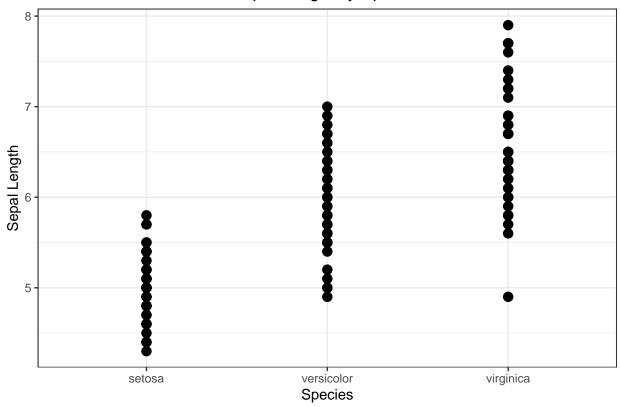
9. Plotting a Continuous Variable Against A Categorical Variable

As a Scatter Plot

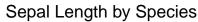


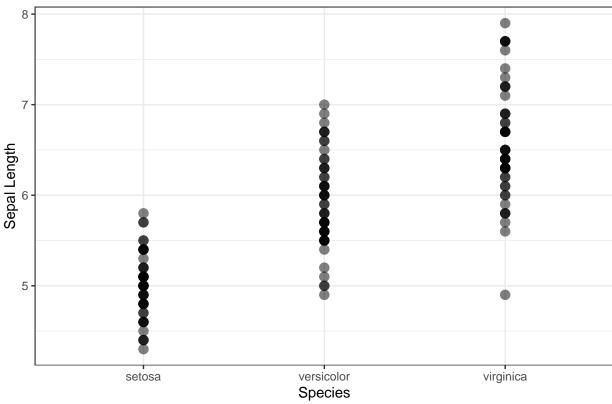


The size of points can be changed by specifying "size" withing the geom_point() function.



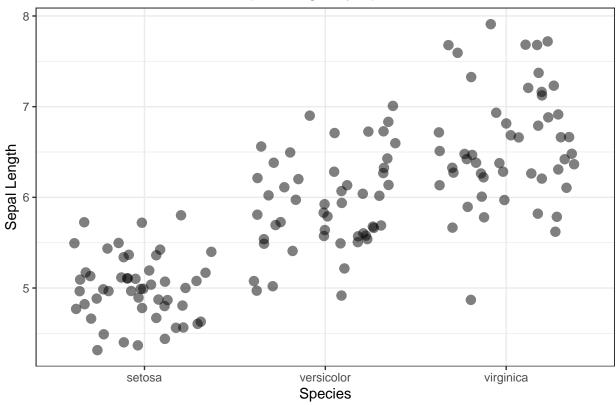
Similarly, we can adjust transparency with "alpha". We can see that some points overlap so maybe geom_jitter() is a better option



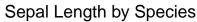


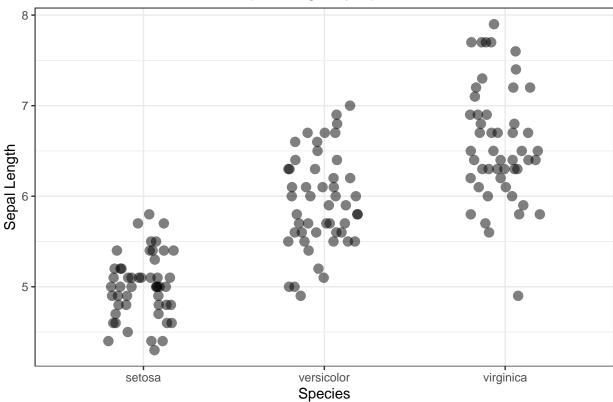
As a Jitter Plot

Now we can see individual points better.



The default "jitter" settings "spread" the points too much for my liking, so I always adjust them using "width" and "height" within the geom_jitter() function.

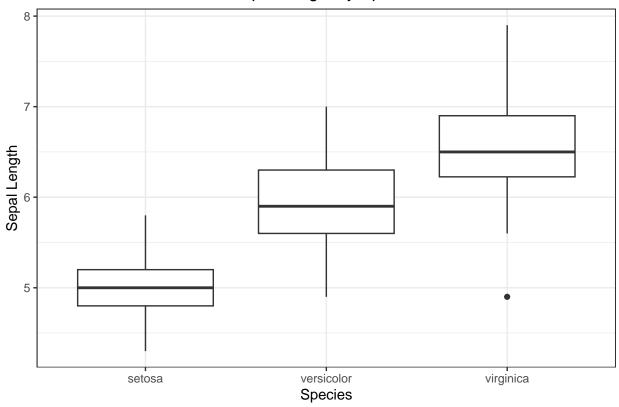




As a Box Plot

We could also use geom_boxplot().





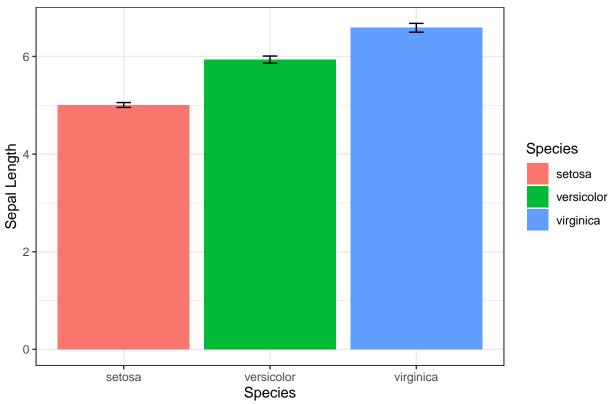
As a Bar Plot with Error Bars

We could use geom_col() and geom_errorbar() to make a bar plot but this requires calculating the Species mean and standard error "by hand" using the group_by() and summarise() functions and then plotting with ggplot().

Note that we must specify "ymin" and "ymax" within the aes() of geom_errorbar(). These are the lower and upper bounds of the error bars. I also adjusted the width of the error bars by specifying "width = .1" within geom_errorbar() but outside of aes().

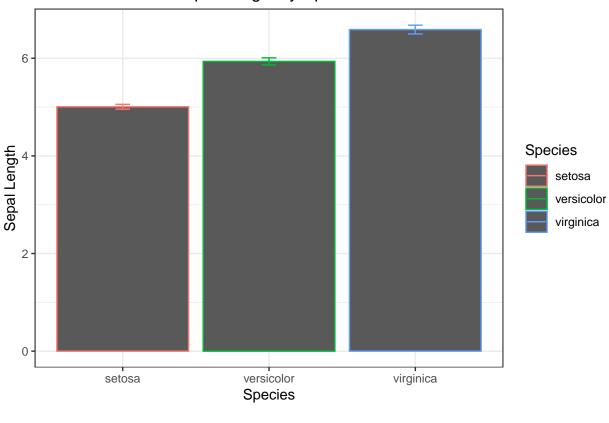
```
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
        sd = sd(Sepal.Length),
        n = n(),
        se = sd/sqrt(n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
    Species
                mean
                         sd
                                      se
     <fct>
                <dbl> <dbl> <int>
                                   <dbl>
## 1 setosa
                5.01 0.352
                               50 0.0498
## 2 versicolor 5.94 0.516
                               50 0.0730
## 3 virginica
                6.59 0.636
                               50 0.0899
```



Specifying "fill" instead of "color" has a similar but different effect on the plot.

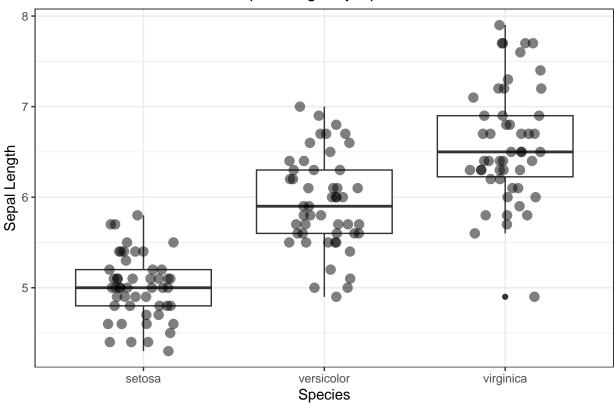
```
width = .1) +
labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
    title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
theme_bw() +
theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```



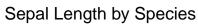
10. Overlaying Geoms: Boxplot with Points Overlain

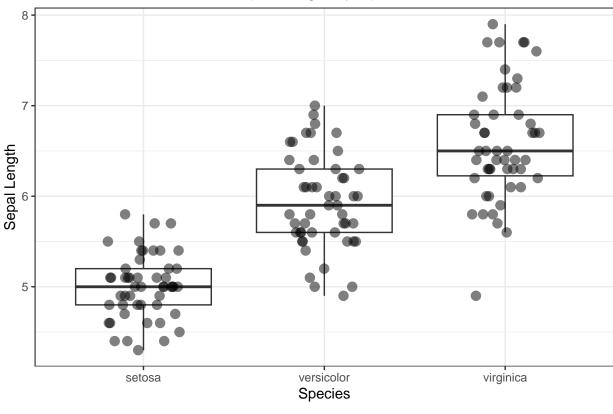
You can layer multiple geometries simply by including them in the same ggplot. Adding points over a boxplot is common form of this. However, because geom_boxplot() plots outliers as points geom_jitter plots all points, some observations are plotted twice. This problem can be seen above for the vriginica species.

```
####
#10#
####
iris %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
```



To correct this, we can specify "outlier.shape = NA" withing geom_boxplot() as seen below.





Appendix

```
library(datasets)
library(tidyverse)
library(knitr)
data(iris)
####
#01#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot()
####
#02#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width))
####
#03#
```

```
####
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
 geom_point()
####
#04#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length")
####
#05#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
####
#06#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
 geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
  geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
  theme dark() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width)) +
  geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
 theme_gray() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
####
#07#
```

```
####
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, color = Species)) +
  geom point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
 theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, col = Species)) +
  geom_point() +
  labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
 theme bw() +
 theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
####
#08#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, shape = Species)) +
 geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
 theme bw() +
 theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, color = Species, shape = Species)) +
  geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Sepal Length", y = "Sepal Width",
       title = "Sepal Width vs. Sepal Length") +
 theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
####
#09#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
 geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_point(size = 3) +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```

```
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_point(size = 3,
             alpha = .5) +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 3,
              alpha = .5) +
 labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 3,
              alpha = .5,
              width = .2,
             height = 0) +
 labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
 theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
            sd = sd(Sepal.Length),
            n = n(),
            se = sd/sqrt(n))
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
            sd = sd(Sepal.Length),
```

```
n = n(),
            se = sd/sqrt(n)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = mean, fill = Species)) +
  geom_col() +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymax = mean + se, ymin = mean - se),
                width = .1) +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
      title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
            sd = sd(Sepal.Length),
            n = n(),
            se = sd/sqrt(n)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = mean, color = Species)) +
  geom_col() +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymax = mean + se, ymin = mean - se),
                width = .1) +
 labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
#10#
####
iris %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  geom_jitter(width = .2,
              height = 0,
              alpha = .5,
              size = 3) +
 labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
iris %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length)) +
  geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA) +
  geom_jitter(size = 3,
              width = .2,
              height = 0,
              alpha = .5) +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Sepal Length",
       title = "Sepal Length by Species") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```