

Kernel: Python 3 (system-wide)

In [1]:

```
print("str,int,float")
```

Out[1]: str,int,float

In [2]:

```
x = "Hello World"
y = 5
z = 12.4
```

In [3]:

```
type(x)
```

Out[3]: str

In [4]:

```
type(y)
```

Out[4]: int

In [5]:

```
type(z)
```

Out[5]: float

In [6]:

```
type(09)
```

Out[6]:

```
File "/tmp/ipykernel_1155/3159953376.py", line 1
      type(09)
          ^
SyntaxError: leading zeros in decimal integer literals are not permitted;
use an 0o prefix for octal integers
```

In [7]:

```
type(1,000,000)
```

Out[7]:

```
-----
TypeError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel_1155/3794323429.py in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 type(1,000,000)

TypeError: type.__new__() argument 1 must be str, not int
```

In [8]:

```
type(1_000_000)
```

Out[8]: int

In [9]:

```
type(12.45)
```

Out[9]: float

In [10]:

`type(-1.5)`

Out[10]: float

In [11]:

`type(.32)`

Out[11]: float

In [12]:

`type(0.32)`

Out[12]: float

In [13]:

`Tom = 1
Dick = 1.5
Harry = "2"`

In [14]:

`type(Tom)`

Out[14]: int

In [15]:

`type(Dick)`

Out[15]: float

In [16]:

`type(Harry)`

Out[16]: str

In [17]:

`type(tom)`

Out[17]:

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel_1155/1653626368.py in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 type(tom)

NameError: name 'tom' is not defined
```

The error appeared above because the the "t" in Tom was not capitalized

In [18]:

`a_string = "25"`

In [19]:

```
print(type(a_string))
```

Out[19]: <class 'str'>

In [20]:

```
print(a_string)
```

Out[20]: 25

In [21]:

```
print()
```

Out[21]:

In [22]:

```
an_int = int(a_string)
print(type(an_int))
```

Out[22]: <class 'int'>

In [23]:

```
print(an_int)
```

Out[23]: 25

In [26]:

```
a_string = "25."
print(type(a_string))
an_int = int(a_string)
```

Out[26]: <class 'str'>

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel_1155/2134826193.py in <cell line: 3>()
      1 a_string = "25."
      2 print(type(a_string))
----> 3 an_int = int(a_string)

ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '25.'
```

In [27]:

```
print(3.4)
```

Out[27]: 3.4

In [28]:

```
x = 3.4
```

In [29]:

```
print(5/2)
```

Out[29]: 2.5

In [30]:

```
print(5//2)
```

Out[30]: 2

An expression is a combination of values, variables, and operators. A value all by itself is considered an expression, and so is a variable, so the following are all legal expressions (assuming that the variable x has been assigned a value):

In [1]:

```
print(2+3*5)
```

Out[1]: 17

In [2]:

```
print((2+3)*5)
```

Out[2]: 25

In [3]:

```
print(2/3/5)
```

Out[3]: 0.13333333333333333

In [4]:

```
print(2*3/5)
```

Out[4]: 1.2

In [6]:

```
print(-2**2)
```

Out[6]: -4

In [7]:

```
no_p = 2**3**5
left_p = (2**3)**5
right_p = (2**(3**5))
```

In [8]:

```
print(no_p)
```

Out[8]: 14134776518227074636666380005943348126619871175004951664972849610340958208

In [9]:

```
print(left_p)
```

Out[9]: 32768

In [10]:

```
print(right_p)
```

Out[10]: 14134776518227074636666380005943348126619871175004951664972849610340958208

```
no_p = right_p
```

In [11]:

```
print(5%2)
```

Out[11]: 1

In [12]:

```
print(13%5)
```

Out[12]: 3

In [13]:

```
print(4%2)
```

Out[13]: 0

In [14]:

```
print(0%2)
```

Out[14]: 0

In [15]:

```
print(-5%2)
```

Out[15]: 1

In [1]:

```
"Hello" + "Joe"
```

Out[1]: 'HelloJoe'

In [2]:

```
"Hello" + ", " + "Joe"
```

Out[2]: 'Hello, Joe'

In [3]:

```
3*("Hello"+"", "+"Joe ")
```

Out[3]: 'Hello, Joe Hello, Joe Hello, Joe '

In [2]:

```
"A" + 2* " Merry" + " Christmas" + " To You"
```

Out[2]: 'A Merry Merry Christmas To You'

In [3]:

```
inp = input()
```

Out[3]:

In [4]:

```
print(inp)
```

Out[4]: Some silly stuff

In [5]: `name = input('What is your name?\n')`

Out[5]: What is your name?

Colton Hveem

In [6]: `print(name)`

Out[6]: Colton Hveem

In [7]: `a_string = "25."`

In [8]: `print(type(a_string))`

Out[8]: `<class 'str'>`

In [9]: `an_int = int(float(a_string))`
`print(an_int)`

Out[9]: 25

In [10]: `print(type(an_int))`

Out[10]: `<class 'int'>`