

Characterization of the Finite Complement Topology on the Real Line

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July 16, 2017

Abstract

A proof that all open sets in the finite complement topology on the real line can be written as the finite union $(-\infty, a_1) \cup (a_1, a_2) \cup \cdots \cup (a_{n-1}, a_n) \cup (a_n, \infty)$.

Definitions

Given a set X let \mathcal{T}_f be the collection of all subsets U of X such that $X \setminus U$ is either all of X or is finite. That is,

$$\mathcal{T}_f = \{U \subset X \mid U \setminus X = X \text{ or } U \setminus X \text{ is finite}\}.$$

A Characterization of \mathcal{T}_f

Given any open set U in $(\mathbb{R}, \mathcal{T}_f)$, U is either all of \mathbb{R} or can be written in the form

$$U = (-\infty, a_1) \cup (a_1, a_2) \cup \cdots \cup (a_{n-1}, a_n) \cup (a_n, \infty)$$

with $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$ and $i \in \mathbb{N}$.

Proof

First we claim that given any U open in \mathbb{R} there must exist some $n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that

$$\mathbb{R} \setminus U = \{x_i\}_{i=1}^n \text{ with } x_i \in \mathbb{R}.$$

If not then either the RHS is empty and the hypotheses holds with $U = \mathbb{R}$.