

A DATA-DRIVEN EARLY WARNING SYSTEM FOR MINING ACCIDENT

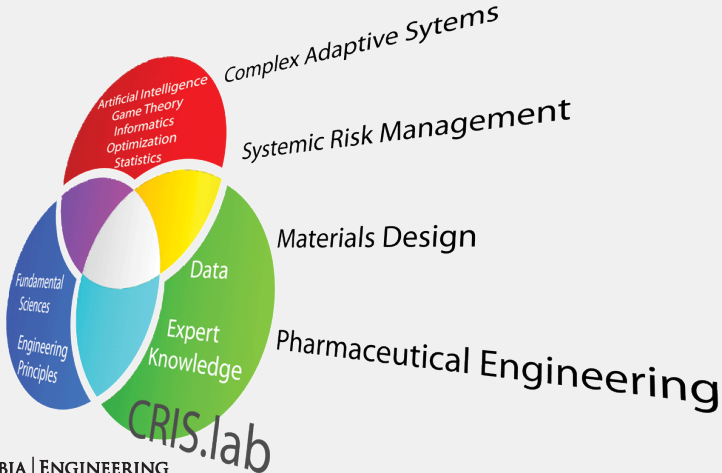
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- 2 METHODS: DATA SOURCES AND MODEL PRELIMINARIES
- 3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
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COMPLEX, RESILIENT, INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS (CRIS LAB)



SYSTEMIC RISK

- Systemic disasters
 - SARS (2003)
 - Northeast Blackout (2003)
 - Subprime Crisis (2008)
 - Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill (2010)
- Emerging systemic risks
 - Climate change
 - Income/wealth inequality
 - Cyber-physical security
 - Technological singularity
- Fast-paced and connected
- Design complex systems
- Analyze systemic risk

UPPER BIG BRANCH MINE DISASTER (2010)

- April 5, 2010, Raleigh County, West Virginia, owned by Massey Energy
- 29 deaths, the worst mining in the United States since 1970
- MSHA cites corporate culture as root cause of Upper Big Branch Mine disaster

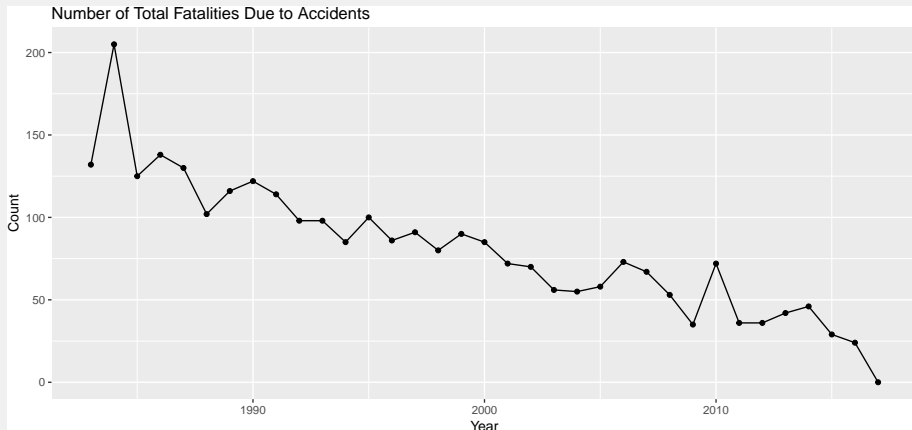
SAGO MINE DISASTER (2006)

- January 2, 2006, Sago, West Virginia, owned by Anker West Virginia Mining
- 13 miners were trapped for nearly two days; only one survived
- Fatality number was exceeded by the Upper Big Branch Mine disaster
- MSHA reports prior history of safety violations and fatalities

MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (MSHA)

- Formed in 1977
- Agency of the United States Department of Labor
- Mission
 - Prevent death, illness, and injury from mining
 - Promote safe and healthful workplaces for U.S. miners
 - Develop and enforce safety and health rules
 - Provide technical, educational, and other types of assistance

FATALITY TREND SINCE 1983



CAN WE FURTHER IMPROVE MINE SAFETY?

- Process MSHA safety data
- Understand the underlying causal relationships
- Develop early warning systems based on past behaviors
- Credit rating/score analogy
 - Predict default probability within 18 months
 - Accidents: defaults a month or a year prior to application
 - Violations: missed payments, late payments, etc.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ENFORCEMENT DATA

- Link: https://enforcedata.dol.gov/views/data_catalogs.php
- Updated daily or weekly
- Enforcement Data Catalog
 - MSHA Enforcement Data
 - OSHA Enforcement Data
 - EPA
 - FDA

MSHA DATA: SOURCES

- Mine accidents table: “msha__accident.csv”
 - 681,386 rows
 - Retrieved 1/26/2017, from
https://enforcedata.dol.gov/views/data_summary.php
- MSHA assessed violations table: “AssessedViolations.csv”
 - 2,169,804 rows
 - Retrieved 12/10/2016, from
<https://arlweb.msha.gov/OpenGovernmentData/OGIMSHA.asp>

MSHA DATA: ADVANTAGES

- Each mine has a unique mine ID, e.g., Upper Big Branch (4608436)
- Rich details, e.g., selected attributes from the accidents table:

## [1]	"mine_id"	"controller_id"	"ai_dt"
## [4]	"inj_degr_desc"	"ai_class_desc"	"ai_occ_desc"
## [7]	"ai_acty_desc"	"exper_tot_calc"	"exper_mine_calc"
## [10]	"exper_job_calc"	"ai_narr"	"cal_yr"
## [13]	"cal_qtr"	"accident_type_cd"	"accident_type"
## [16]	"no_injuries"	"occupation_cd"	"activity_cd"
## [19]	"injury_source_cd"	"injury_source"	"nature_injury_cd"
## [22]	"nature_injury"	"inj_body_part_cd"	"inj_body_part"
## [25]	"schedule_charge"	"days_restrict"	"days_lost"
## [28]	"trans_term"	"return_to_work_dt"	"immed_notify_cd"
## [31]	"immed_notify"	"invest_begin_dt"	"closed_doc_no"
## [34]	"coal_metal_ind"	"load_dt"	"ai_year"

MSHA DATA: CHALLENGES

- Missing data, typos
- Inactive mines are not labeled
- Most data are not numeric
- Relatively few severe accidents ($\sim 0.5\%$)

CONSOLIDATED DATA

- Combine and summarize accidents/violations based on mines
- 664,128 rows, 10,377 unique mines
- From 2000 to 2015 in quarters
- Each row represents data for a unique combination of mine, year, and quarter
 - e.g., Upper Big Branch Mine in the second quarter of 2010
- Each row contains both current and past information

CONSOLIDATED DATA

- Number of days lost (`num.days.lost`), number of days restricted (`num.days.restrict`), number of deaths (`num.death`), number of permanent disabilities (`num.dis`), and number of violations (`viol.quantity`)

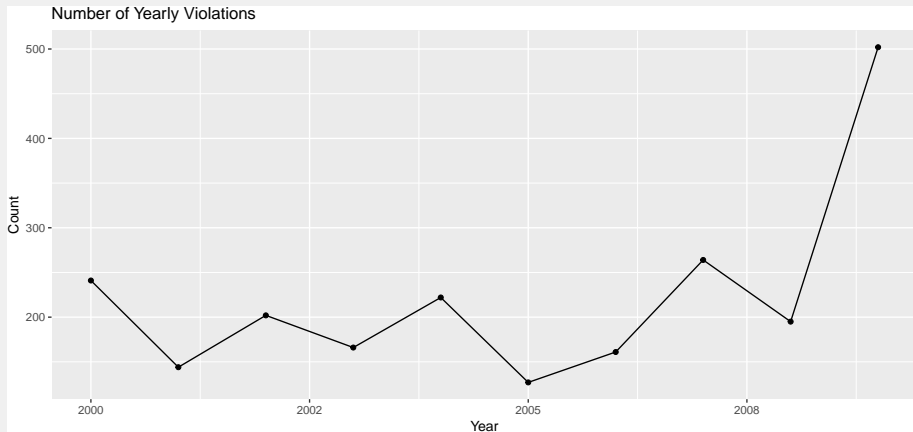
```
## [1] "mine_id"                "mine.name"
## [3] "year"                   "quarter"
## [5] "active"                 "num.days.lost"
## [7] "last.quarter.lost"      "last.year.lost"
## [9] "last.three.years.lost"  "num.days.restrict"
## [11] "last.quarter.restrict"  "last.year.restrict"
## [13] "last.three.years.restrict" "num.death"
## [15] "last.quarter.death"     "last.year.death"
## [17] "last.three.years.death" "num.dis"
## [19] "last.quarter.dis"       "last.year.dis"
## [21] "last.three.years.dis"   "viol.quantity"
## [23] "last.quarter.viol"      "last.year.viol"
## [25] "last.three.years.viol"
```



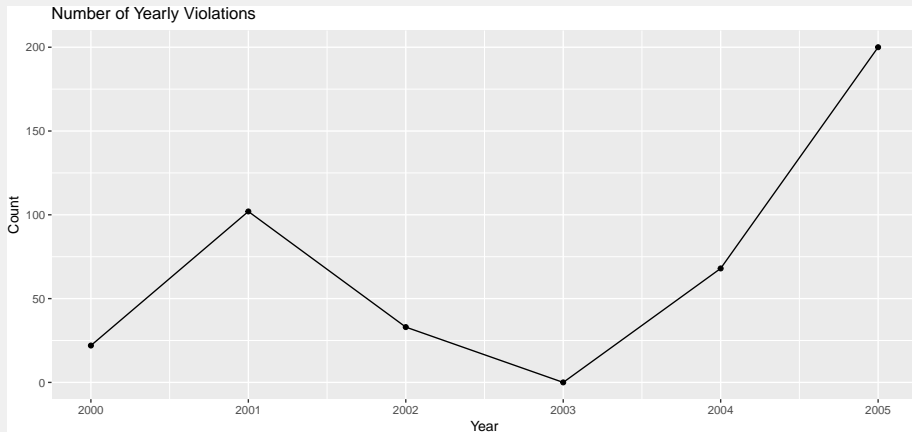
TOP 10 FATAL ACCIDENTS SINCE 2005

##		mine.name	mine_id	year	quarter	num.death
## 1	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	4608436	2010	2	29	
## 2	Sago Mine	4608791	2006	1	12	
## 3	Crandall Canyon Mine	4201715	2007	3	9	
## 4	Darby Mine No 1	1518185	2006	2	5	
## 5	Gibson Mine	1202215	2007	3	3	
## 6	Affinity Mine	4608878	2013	1	2	
## 7	Aracoma Alma Mine #1	4608801	2006	1	2	
## 8	Black Stallion UG Mine	4609086	2014	2	2	
## 9	Cucumber Mine	4609066	2007	1	2	
## 10	D-14 Stillhouse	1517165	2005	3	2	

VIOLATION TREND: UPPER BIG BRANCH



VIOLATION TREND: SAGO MINE



PREDICTIVE MODEL

- Rising violation trends before disasters
- A disaster classifier based on historical data?
- Define a **severe** accident as one with death or permanent disability
- Unbalanced data

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 3
##   severe      n perc
##   <lgl>   <int> <dbl>
## 1  FALSE 477077 99.46
## 2   TRUE  2608  0.54
```

FIXED-MINE EFFECTS

- Biostatisticians and epidemiologists call it “conditional logistic regression” (`survival::clogit`)
- Suitable for **panel data** (e.g., our consolidated data)
- Model includes mine-specific but time-invariant variables
- Logistic regression (for every mine)

$$\Pr(Y = 1|\mathbf{X}) = F(\mathbf{X}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\alpha + \beta\mathbf{X})}}$$

- Logistic regression with fixed effects (for the i -th mine)

$$\Pr(Y = 1|\mathbf{X}, i) = F(\mathbf{x}, i) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\alpha_i + \beta\mathbf{x})}}$$

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITHOUT FIXED EFFECTS

■ In-sample model

##		Reference	
##	Prediction	FALSE	TRUE
##	FALSE	477011	2600
##	TRUE	66	8

##	Sensitivity	Specificity	Pos Pred Value
##	0.003067	0.999862	0.108108
##	Neg Pred Value	Precision	Recall
##	0.994579	0.108108	0.003067
##	F1	Prevalence	Detection Rate
##	0.005966	0.005437	0.000017
##	Detection Prevalence	Balanced Accuracy	
##	0.000154	0.501465	

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITHOUT FIXED EFFECTS

- Fail to predict top 10 true positives

##	mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2010	2	TRUE	FALSE
## 2	Sago Mine	2006	1	TRUE	FALSE
## 3	Crandall Canyon Mine	2007	3	TRUE	FALSE
## 4	Darby Mine No 1	2006	2	TRUE	FALSE
## 5	Gibson Mine	2007	3	TRUE	FALSE
## 6	Affinity Mine	2013	1	TRUE	FALSE
## 7	Aracoma Alma Mine #1	2006	1	TRUE	FALSE
## 8	Black Stallion UG Mine	2014	2	TRUE	FALSE
## 9	Cucumber Mine	2007	1	TRUE	FALSE
## 10	D-14 Stillhouse	2005	3	TRUE	FALSE

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITHOUT FIXED EFFECTS

■ False positive predictions

##		mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2008	3	FALSE	TRUE
## 2	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2008	2	FALSE	TRUE
## 3	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2007	4	FALSE	TRUE
## 4	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2008	4	FALSE	TRUE
## 5	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2008	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 6	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2009	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 7	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2007	3	FALSE	TRUE
## 8	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2006	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 9	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2005	4	FALSE	TRUE
## 10	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2006	2	TRUE	TRUE

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITH FIXED EFFECTS

- Out-of-sample model (randomly select half of the data to train and the other half to test)

##	Reference		
##	Prediction	FALSE	TRUE
##	FALSE	141332	483
##	TRUE	97167	852

##	Sensitivity	Specificity	Pos Pred Value
##	0.6382	0.5926	0.0087
##	Neg Pred Value	Precision	Recall
##	0.9966	0.0087	0.6382
##	F1	Prevalence	Detection Rate
##	0.0172	0.0056	0.0036
##	Detection Prevalence	Balanced Accuracy	
##	0.4087	0.6154	

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITH FIXED EFFECTS

- Successfully predict all top 10 true positives

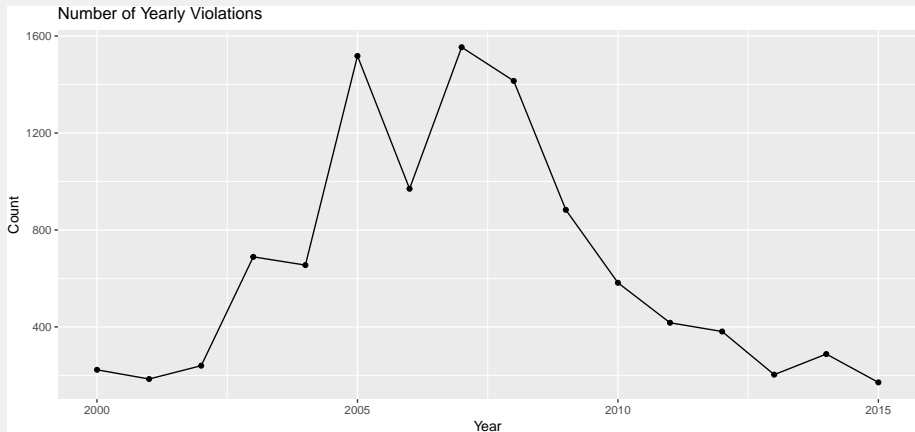
##		mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1		Sago Mine	2006	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 2		Crandall Canyon Mine	2007	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 3		Darby Mine No 1	2006	2	TRUE	TRUE
## 4		Cucumber Mine	2007	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 5		Dotiki Mine	2010	2	TRUE	TRUE
## 6		Equality	2011	4	TRUE	TRUE
## 7		Meikle Mine	2010	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 8		Nanuuq Gold Project	2007	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 9	4 J's Gravel Crushing Plant 2		2011	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 10		Adams	2006	3	TRUE	TRUE

LOGISTIC REGRESSION WITH FIXED EFFECTS

■ False positive predictions

##	mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1	The American Coal Company New Era Mine	2006	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 2	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2009	3	FALSE	TRUE
## 3	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2009	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 4	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2006	4	FALSE	TRUE
## 5	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2005	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 6	The American Coal Company New Era Mine	2005	3	FALSE	TRUE
## 7	The American Coal Company New Era Mine	2008	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 8	The American Coal Company New Era Mine	2007	4	FALSE	TRUE
## 9	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2006	1	FALSE	TRUE
## 10	Upper Big Branch Mine-South	2006	3	FALSE	TRUE

NEW ERA MINE



NEW LABELS INCLUDING DAYS LOST

- Previously defined severe accidents and days lost > 300

##	Reference		
##	Prediction	FALSE	TRUE
##	FALSE	148496	1267
##	TRUE	88426	1645

##	Sensitivity	Specificity	Pos Pred Value
##	0.5649	0.6268	0.0183
##	Neg Pred Value	Precision	Recall
##	0.9915	0.0183	0.5649
##	F1	Prevalence	Detection Rate
##	0.0354	0.0121	0.0069
##	Detection Prevalence	Balanced Accuracy	
##	0.3756	0.5958	

NEW LABELS INCLUDING DAYS LOST

- Successfully predict 9 out of top 10 true positives

##	mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1	Sago Mine	2006	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 2	Crandall Canyon Mine	2007	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 3	Darby Mine No 1	2006	2	TRUE	TRUE
## 4	Cucumber Mine	2007	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 5	Dotiki Mine	2010	2	TRUE	TRUE
## 6	Equality	2011	4	TRUE	TRUE
## 7	Meikle Mine	2010	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 8	Nanuuq Gold Project	2007	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 9	4 J's Gravel Crushing Plant 2	2011	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 10	Adams	2006	3	TRUE	FALSE

NEW LABELS INCLUDING DAYS LOST



##		mine.name	year	quarter	severe	pred
## 1	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2006	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 2	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2005	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 3	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2005	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 4		Monongalia County Mine	2014	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 5		Powhatan No. 6 Mine	2013	3	TRUE	TRUE
## 6		Powhatan No. 6 Mine	2013	4	TRUE	TRUE
## 7		Marshall County Mine	2015	4	TRUE	TRUE
## 8	The American Coal Company	New Era Mine	2008	1	TRUE	TRUE
## 9		Willow Lake Portal	2008	2	TRUE	TRUE
## 10		Powhatan No. 6 Mine	2013	1	TRUE	TRUE

UNSUPERVISED CLUSTERING

MARKOV CHAIN

CONCLUSION

■ Summary

- Two deadliest mine accidents in the last decade: Upper Big Branch & Sago
- MSHA

■ Application

- “Credit score” for mine safety
- Regulators, mines, stakeholders

■ Future

- Expand data: OSHA, EPA, etc.
- Models and techniques: artificial neural networks (restricted boltzmann machine), text mining, etc.

APPENDIX: SIMPLE LINEAR MODEL

■ Adjusted $R^2 = 0.36$

##	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
## (Intercept)	0.5243	0.06725	7.8	6.4e-15
## last.quarter.lost	0.0566	0.00179	31.6	2.9e-218
## last.year.lost	0.0724	0.00093	77.8	0.0e+00
## last.three.years.lost	0.0338	0.00032	105.6	0.0e+00
## last.quarter.restrict	-0.0173	0.00461	-3.8	1.7e-04
## last.year.restrict	-0.0123	0.00243	-5.1	3.9e-07
## last.three.years.restrict	0.0072	0.00085	8.4	3.8e-17
## last.quarter.viol	0.3083	0.01095	28.1	3.5e-174
## last.year.viol	0.1352	0.00490	27.6	2.1e-167
## last.three.years.viol	-0.0346	0.00141	-24.7	4.2e-134
## last.quarter.death	-5.7149	1.09783	-5.2	1.9e-07
## last.year.death	-3.6943	0.64330	-5.7	9.3e-09
## last.three.years.death	-0.5155	0.33261	-1.5	1.2e-01