# **Test**

# Screening Report COMPOUND PLATFORM

blabla

Type: Cytotoxicity screen

Cell viability of HeLa cells after exposition to compounds for three days

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#### Introduction

This report summarizes the result of the cytotoxicity test routinely conducted at our insitut IBCS-FMS in the working group ComPlat at the KIT.

In order to measure the cytotoxicity for mammalian organisms, HeLa cells are used within the assay. First, 100 µL of a solution containing  $10^5$  cells/mL are sowed into 96 well plates. Subsequently, after 24 h, different concentrations (0.5 µM, 5µM, 10µM and 25 µM; diluted in cell media) of the respective compounds are added to the cells. After incubation of three days, MTT [3-(4,5-Dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-Diphenyltetrazoliumbromid)] is added. The cells reduce MTT to a formazan by oxidizing the reductant equivalents NADH or NADPH. Likewise, electrons from succinate are used for the reduction of MTT. This step is catalyzed by the enzyme succinate-dehydrogenase. The reaction is stopped after 3 hours, using an aqueous solution consisting of 10% SDS and roughly 0.3% HCl. The last step is the absorbance measurement of the formazan at 595 nm.

As a positiv control cells were lysed using a 20% triton solution, directly before adding MTT. Cells incubated exclusively in cell medium served as a negative control.

The cell viability is calculated using the following equation:

$$cell \ viability_{well_i} = \frac{absorbance_{well_i} - mean(positive \ control)}{mean(negative \ control)}$$

# Representation of data analysis

The screening results are shown in the next section. The data is represented in one plots shown at the right column. The normalized data is depicted in the Boxplots which also include the corresponding fit. The graphics are produced by using ggplot2 (for details see Wickham (2016)). The fit is calculated based on the equation below. For further details please refer to Ritz et al. (2015) and Seber et al. (1989). As a side note, the outliers were detected using a method described by Motulsky and Brown (2006).

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} [(y_i - f_i)/w_i]^2$$

where:

- $y_i$  is the ith observation of the measured data
- $w_i$  is the weight for the ith observation  $f(i) = c + \frac{d-c}{1+\exp(b(\log(i)-\log(e)))}$  is the expected ith value

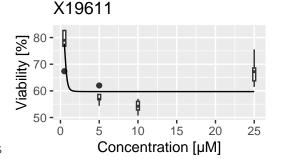
The following parameter are listed in the table beneath the plot:

- The estimated residual standard error (RSE)
- The response at the lowest and highest concentration
- The -log10(IC50/1000000) value (pIC50)
- The p value compares the dose-response model with a simple linear regression model with slope 0 (a horizontal regression line corresponding to no dose effect)
- The IC50 relative higher/lower arre the  $IC50 \pm 95\%$  confidence intervall
- The relative IC50 (e in the equation above)
- The Hill coefficient (b in the equation above)
- The first and second asymptote (parameter c and d respectively in the equation above)

### Compounds and results

RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
pIC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one
0.07
0.77
0.79
0.59

0.07062273 0.777 0.597 6.19 0.000346 -12.9 14.2 0.645 4.96 0.8282411 0.5973585



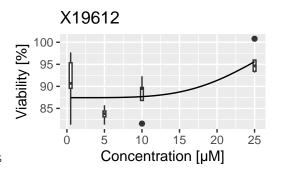
Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
plC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

0.05054661 0.874 0.956 4.52 0.0247

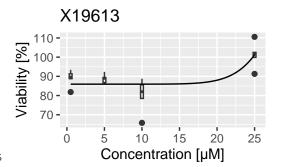
29.9 -4.26 1.131484 0.8743631

Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

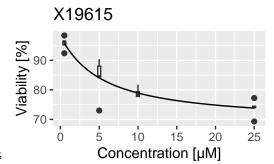


RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
pIC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

0.07336625 0.859 1.01 4.48 0.00292 -471 538 33.4 -9.23 3.227958 0.8593316



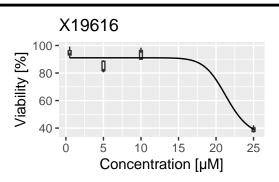
0.03889559 **RSE** Response\_lowestdose 0.958 Response\_highestdose 0.738 pIC50 5.27 p\_value IC50\_relative\_lower IC50\_relative\_higher 3.98e-08 -0.981 11.7 IC50\_relative 5.37 HillCoefficient 1.06 asymptote\_two 0.9790008 0.6914785 asymptote\_one



Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

RSE
Response_lowestdose
Response_highestdos
pIC50
p_value
IC50_relative_lower
IC50_relative_higher
IC50_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote_two
asymptote_one

0.05684555 0.911 0.391 4.67 4.72e-13 -97.5 140 21.5 13.9 0.9105367 0.3294355



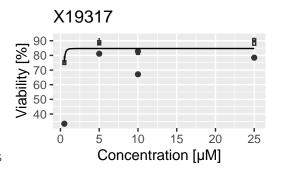
RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
pIC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

0.847 6.46 0.136 0.348 -4.32 0.8471666 0.3623655

0.06596228

0.763

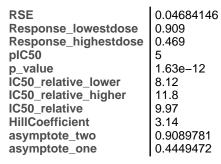
Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

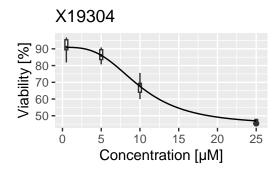


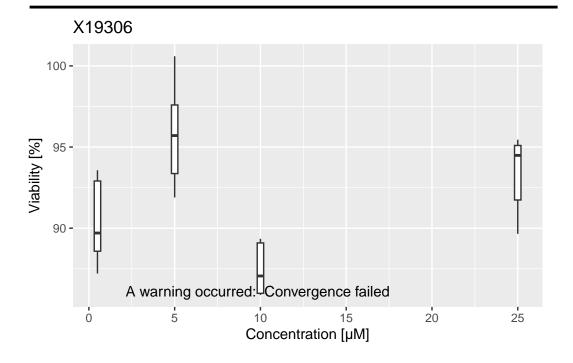
RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
pIC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

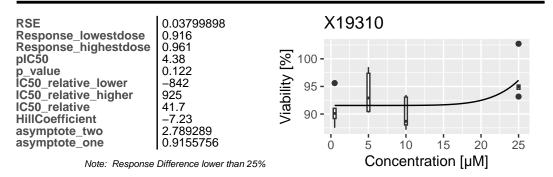
0.03912835 0.847 0.892 5.14 0.0795 -3.26 17.6 7.19 -18 0.8916742 0.847149 X19322

| 3/2 | 90 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| Concentration [µM]



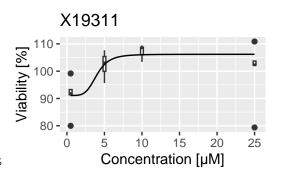






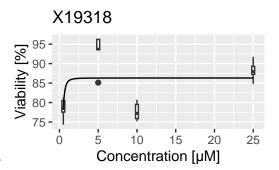
Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose pIC50 p_value IC50_relative_lower IC50_relative_higher IC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two  0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 7. 6. 6. 7. 6. 6. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 6. 7. 7. 6. 8. 8. 8. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 1. 1.	04992366 911 06 4 000126 445 54 99 1.92 061785 9109509
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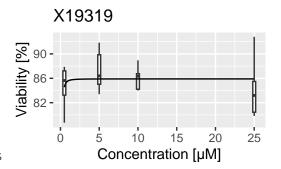
RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value	0.06963272 0.784 0.863 6.76 0.152
IC50_relative_lower IC50_relative_higher IC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two asymptote_one	0.172 -2.78 0.8630709 -0.7482009

Note: Response Difference lower than 25%



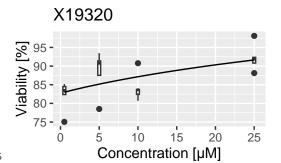
RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative_higher lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two asymptote_one	0.0396847 0.845 0.859 7.12 0.911 0.0752 -2.12 0.8590009 0.09874114
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Note: Response Difference lower than 25%



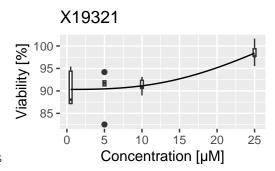
RSE Response\_lowestdose Response\_highestdose plC50 0.05100648production production asymptote\_two asymptote\_one

0.83 0.916 4.14 0.046 -440 586 72.6 -0.9461.161983 0.826958



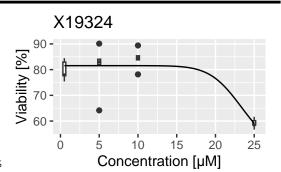
Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose pIC50 p_value IC50_relative_lower IC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two	0.03368396 0.903 0.984 4.4 0.00101 40 -2.76 1.278347 0.9033188
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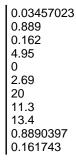


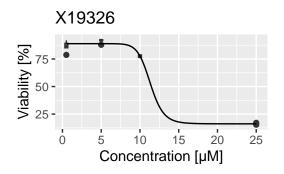
RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative_higher lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two asymptote_one	0.06003911 0.815 0.591 4.62 2.18e-06 -57.4 105 23.8 10.6 0.8154458 0.4594908





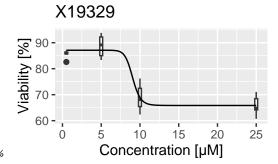
RSE	0
Response_lowestdose	0
Response_highestdose	0
pIC50	4
p_value	0
IC50_relative_lower	2
IC50_relative_higher	2
IC50_relative	1
HillCoefficient	1
asymptote_two	0
asymptote_one	0



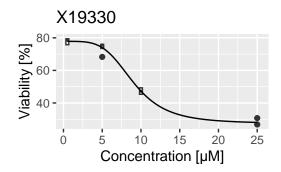


RSE
Response_lowestdose
Response_highestdose
pIC50
p_value
IC50_relative_lower
IC50_relative_higher
IC50_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote_two
asymptote_one

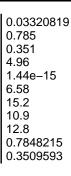
0.04356657 0.871 0.658 5.04 9.46e-09 -1.73 19.9 9.06 18 0.8709772 0.6584553

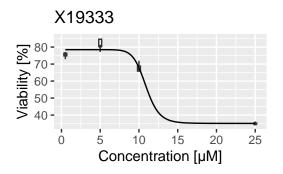


RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative_higher lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two	0.02341382 0.778 0.281 5.04 0 8.51 9.57 9.04 4.21 0.7781533
asymptote_two asymptote_one	0.7781533 0.2737777



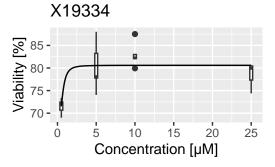
RSE
Response_lowestdose
Response_highestdose
pIC50
p_value
IC50_relative_lower
IC50_relative_higher
IC50_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote_two
asymptote_one



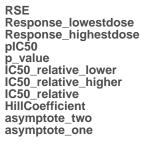


RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative HillCoefficient
HillCoefficient
asymptote_two
asymptote_one

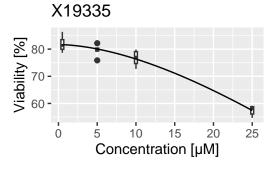
0.03870952 0.715 0.806 6.2 0.000886 -39.3 40.5 0.631 -2.73 0.805956 0.6670083



Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

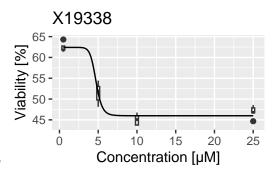


0.02634992 0.816 0.574 4.01 1.82e-12 -491 685 97.1 1.73 0.8167432 -1.973702



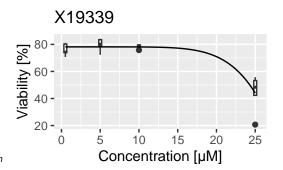
Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative_higher lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two  0.624 0.46 0.335 6.09 4.72 12	
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RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose pIC50 p_value IC50_relative_lower IC50_relative_higher IC50_relative	0.07931081 0.782 0.441 4.45 2.6e-07 -140 211
IC50_relative_higher	211
IC50_relative	35.7
HillCoefficient	7.22
asymptote_two	0.7815112
asymptote_one	-3.996934

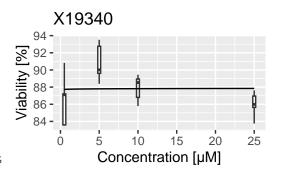
Note: IC50 larger than highest measured concentration



RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
pIC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

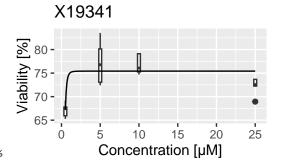
0.03027321 0.877 0.878 4.92 1 12.1 -0.0893 0.8848514 0.8716144

Note: Response Difference lower than 25%

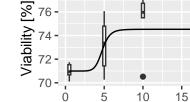


RSE
Response\_lowestdose
Response\_highestdose
plC50
p\_value
IC50\_relative\_lower
IC50\_relative\_higher
IC50\_relative
HillCoefficient
asymptote\_two
asymptote\_one

0.03616457 0.671 0.754 6.37 0.00113 -4.05 4.89 0.422 -4.37 0.7542343 0.4983305



Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two	0.02273579 0.71 0.745 5.32 0.0428 2.37 7.14 4.75 -9.72 0.7452793 0.7099544
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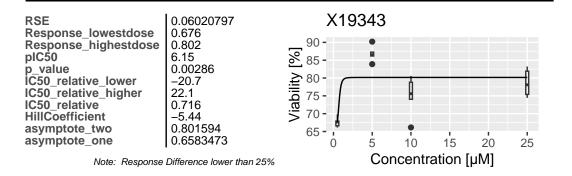
20

Concentration [µM]

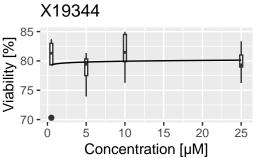
25

X19342





RSE Response_lowestdose Response_highestdose plC50 p_value lC50_relative_lower lC50_relative_higher lC50_relative HillCoefficient asymptote_two asymptote_one	0.03958419 0.793 0.801 6.14 0.987 0.721 -0.169 0.8187335 0.7694794	Viability [%]	X 85 - 80 - 75 - 70 -	
Note: Response Difference lower than 25%				



RSE Response_lowestdose	0.05761183 0.782	X19	345				
Response_highestdose	0.764	85 -					1
pIC50	2.49	Niability [%] 85 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -					Н
p_value	0.953	Z 80 - L	ή				П
IC50_relative_lower IC50_relative_higher		<u></u>					-
IC50_relative_mgner	3220	ල ' ' I	- 1	À			
HillCoefficient	0.0172	<del>5</del> 70 -		Ų			•
asymptote_two	1.283614					-,-	
asymptote_one	0.1998623	0	5	10	15	20	25
Note: Response Difference lower than 25%		Concentration [µM]					

### References

- Motulsky, Harvey J, and Ronald E Brown. 2006. "Detecting Outliers When Fitting Data with Nonlinear Regression a New Method Based on Robust Nonlinear Regression and the False Discovery Rate." *BMC Bioinformatics* 7 (1): 123. https://doi.org/10.1186/1471-2105-7-123.
- Ritz, C., F. Baty, J. C. Streibig, and D. Gerhard. 2015. "Dose-Response Analysis Using r." *PLOS ONE* 10 (e0146021, 12). http://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0146021.
- Seber, G. A. F., Wild, and C. J. 1989. *Nonlinear Regression*. New York: Wiley & Sons. Wickham, Hadley. 2016. *Ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis*. Springer-Verlag New York. https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org.