

Thời gian còn lại 0:19:30

Câu hỏi 13

Chính xác

Điểm 1,00 của 1,00

Implement method `bubbleSort()` in class `SLinkedList` to sort this list in ascending order. After each bubble, we will print out a list to check (using `printList`).

```

#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
using namespace std;

template <class T>
class SLinkedList {
public:
    class Node; // Forward declaration
protected:
    Node* head;
    Node* tail;
    int count;
public:
    SLinkedList()
    {
        this->head = nullptr;
        this->tail = nullptr;
        this->count = 0;
    }
    ~SLinkedList(){};
    void add(T e)
    {
        Node *pNew = new Node(e);

        if (this->count == 0)
        {
            this->head = this->tail = pNew;
        }
        else
        {
            this->tail->next = pNew;
            this->tail = pNew;
        }

        this->count++;
    }
    int size()
    {
        return this->count;
    }
    void printList()
    {
        stringstream ss;
        ss << "[";
        Node *ptr = head;
        while (ptr != tail)
        {
            ss << ptr->data << ",";
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }

        if (count > 0)
            ss << ptr->data << "]";
        else
            ss << "]";
        cout << ss.str() << endl;
    }
public:
    class Node {
    private:
        T data;
        Node* next;
        friend class SLinkedList<T>;
    public:
        Node() {

```

```

        next = 0;
    }
    Node(T data) {
        this->data = data;
        this->next = nullptr;
    }
};

void bubbleSort();
};

```

For example:

Test	Result
int arr[] = {9, 2, 8, 4, 1};	[2,8,4,1,9]
SLinkedList<int> list;	[2,4,1,8,9]
for(int i = 0; i <int(sizeof(arr))/4;i++)	[2,1,4,8,9]
list.add(arr[i]);	[1,2,4,8,9]
list.bubbleSort();	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1  template <class T>
2  void SLinkedList<T>::bubbleSort() {
3      if (count <=1) {return;}
4      bool cmp = true;
5      for (int i=0;i<count;i++)
6      {
7          cmp = false;
8          Node* curr = head->next;
9          Node* prev = head;
10         for (; curr != NULL; prev = curr, curr= curr->next)
11         {
12             if (prev->data > curr->data)
13             {
14                 T temp = prev->data;
15                 prev->data = curr->data;
16                 curr->data = temp;
17                 cmp = true;
18             }
19         }
20         if (cmp==true)
21             printList();
22     }
23 }

```

Precheck

Kiểm tra

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	<pre>int arr[] = {9, 2, 8, 4, 1}; SLinkedList<int> list; for(int i = 0; i <int(sizeof(arr))/4;i++) list.add(arr[i]); list.bubbleSort();</pre>	<pre>[2,8,4,1,9] [2,4,1,8,9] [2,1,4,8,9] [1,2,4,8,9]</pre>	<pre>[2,8,4,1,9] [2,4,1,8,9] [2,1,4,8,9] [1,2,4,8,9]</pre>	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Chính xác

Điểm cho bài nộp này: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi 14

Chính xác

Điểm 1,00 của 1,00

Implement static method `selectionSort` in class **Sorting** to sort an array in ascending order. After each selection, we will print out a list to check (using `printArray`).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template <class T>
class Sorting
{
public:
    /* Function to print an array */
    static void printArray(T *start, T *end)
    {
        int size = end - start;
        for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
            cout << start[i] << ", ";
        cout << start[size - 1];
        cout << endl;
    }

    static void selectionSort(T *start, T *end);
};
```

For example:

Test	Result
<code>int arr[] = {9, 2, 8, 1, 0, -2};</code>	-2, 2, 8, 1, 0, 9
<code>Sorting<int>::selectionSort(&arr[0], &arr[6]);</code>	-2, 0, 8, 1, 2, 9
	-2, 0, 1, 8, 2, 9
	-2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9
	-2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 template <class T>
2 void Sorting<T>::selectionSort(T *start, T *end)
3 {
4     int size = end - start;
5     for (int i=0;i<size-1;i++)
6     {
7         int minIdx = i;
8         for (int j=i+1;j<size;j++)
9         {
10             if (start[j]< start[minIdx])
11             {
12                 minIdx=j;
13             }
14         }
15         if (minIdx!=i)
16         {
17             T temp = start[i];
18             start[i] = start[minIdx];
19             start[minIdx] = temp;
20         }
21         printArray(start,end);
22     }
```

Precheck

Kiểm tra

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	<pre>int arr[] = {9, 2, 8, 1, 0, -2}; Sorting<int>::selectionSort(&arr[0], &arr[6]);</pre>	<pre>-2, 2, 8, 1, 0, 9 -2, 0, 8, 1, 2, 9 -2, 0, 1, 8, 2, 9 -2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9 -2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9</pre>	<pre>-2, 2, 8, 1, 0, 9 -2, 0, 8, 1, 2, 9 -2, 0, 1, 8, 2, 9 -2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9 -2, 0, 1, 2, 8, 9</pre>	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Chính xác

Điểm cho bài nộp này: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi 15

Precheck results

Điểm 0,00 của 1,00

Implement static methods **sortSegment** and **ShellSort** in class **Sorting** to sort an array in ascending order.

```
#ifndef SORTING_H
#define SORTING_H

#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <type_traits>
using namespace std;

template <class T>
class Sorting {
private:
    static void printArray(T* start, T* end)
    {
        int size = end - start;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            cout << start[i] << " ";
        cout << endl;
    }

public:
    // TODO: Write your code here
    static void sortSegment(T* start, T* end, int segment_idx, int cur_segment_total);
    static void ShellSort(T* start, T* end, int* num_segment_list, int num_phases);
};

#endif /* SORTING_H */
```

For example:

Test	Result
int num_segment_list[] = {1, 3, 5};	5 segments: 5 4 3 2 1 10 9 8 7 6
int num_phases = 3;	3 segments: 2 1 3 5 4 7 6 8 10 9
int array[] = { 10, 9, 8 , 7 , 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 };	1 segments: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Sorting<int>::ShellSort(&array[0], &array[10], &num_segment_list[0], num_phases);	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 // TODO: Write your code here
2
3 static void sortSegment(T* start, T* end, int segment_idx, int cur_segment_total) { //insertion sort
4     // TODO
5     int segment_size = (end-start) / cur_segment_total;
6     T* segment_start = start + segment_idx*segment_size;
7     T* segment_end = segment_start + segment_size;
8     |
9
10    return ;
11 }
12
13 static void ShellSort(T* start, T* end, int* num_segment_list, int num_phases) {
14     // TODO
15     // Note: You must print out the array after sorting segments to check whether your algorithm is true.
16     for (int i=num_phases-1;i>=0;i--)
17     {
18         int k=num_segment_list[i];
19         for (int segment_idx=0; segment_idx < k; segment_idx++)
```



```

20         sortSegment(start, end, segment_idx, k);
21         cout << k << " segments: ";
22         printArray(start,end);
23     }
24 }

```

Precheck

Kiểm tra

Precheck only

	Test	Expected	Got	
✗	<pre> int num_segment_list[] = {1, 3, 5}; int num_phases = 3; int array[] = { 10, 9, 8 , 7 , 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 }; Sorting<int>::ShellSort(&array[0], &array[10], &num_segment_list[0], num_phases); </pre>	<pre> 5 segments: 5 4 3 2 1 10 9 8 7 6 3 segments: 2 1 3 5 4 7 6 8 10 9 1 segments: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 </pre>	<pre> 5 segments: 9 10 7 8 5 6 3 4 1 2 3 segments: 7 9 10 5 6 8 1 3 4 2 1 segments: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 </pre>	✗

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