

closed

Demo ticket

Session ID: demoZR8RYC-CBY
Time limit: 120 min.

Status: closed
Started on: 2014-01-05 06:51 UTC

Score:

100

of 100



★ 1. FrogJump

Count minimal number of jumps from position X to Y.

score: 100 of 100



Task description

A small frog wants to get to the other side of the road. The frog is currently located at position X and wants to get to a position greater than or equal to Y. The small frog always jumps a fixed distance, D.
Count the minimal number of jumps that the small frog must perform to reach its target.
Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int solution(int X, int Y, int D); }
```

that, given three integers X, Y and D, returns the minimal number of jumps from position X to a position equal to or greater than Y.
For example, given:

```
X = 10  
Y = 85  
D = 30
```

the function should return 3, because the frog will be positioned as follows:

- after the first jump, at position 10 + 30 = 40
- after the second jump, at position 10 + 30 + 30 = 70
- after the third jump, at position 10 + 30 + 30 + 30 = 100

Assume that:

- X, Y and D are integers within the range [1..1,000,000,000];
- X ≤ Y.

Complexity:

- expected worst-case time complexity is O(1);
- expected worst-case space complexity is O(1).

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Solution

Programming language used: C#

Total time used: 2 minutes

(?)

Effective time used: 1 minutes

(?)

Notes: correct functionality and scalability

Task timeline

What is it? (?)



06:51:14

06:52:27

Code: 06:52:27 UTC, cs, final, score: 100.00

```
01. using System;  
02. // you can also use other imports, for  
    // example:  
03. // using System.Collections.Generic;  
04. class Solution {  
05.     public int solution(int X, int Y,  
        int D)  
06.     {  
07.         // write your code in C90  
08.         if (X < 0 || Y < 0 || D < 0 ||  
             X > 1000000000 || Y >  
             1000000000 || D >  
             1000000000) throw new  
09.             ArgumentException();  
10.         if (X > Y) throw new  
11.             InvalidOperationException();  
12.         return (int)Math.Ceiling(((Y -  
13.             X) / (D * 1.0M)));  
    }  
}
```

Analysis



Detected time complexity:

O(1)

test	time	result
example example test	0.080 s.	OK
simple1 simple test	0.080 s.	OK

simple2	0.080 s.	OK
extreme_position no jump needed	0.080 s.	OK
small_extreme_jump one big jump	0.080 s.	OK
many_jump1 many jumps, D = 2	0.080 s.	OK
many_jump2 many jumps, D = 99	0.080 s.	OK
many_jump3 many jumps, D = 1283	0.080 s.	OK
big_extreme_jump maximal number of jumps	0.080 s.	OK
small_jumps many small jumps	0.080 s.	OK

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