Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter



Programmer's Reference Guide

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1 Introduction to Programming

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This chapter introduces the remote programming basics of the U2741A device. The programming commands provide the means of remote control.



1

Introduction to the SCPI Language

Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI), is an ASCII-based instrument command language designed for test and measurement instruments. SCPI commands are based on a hierarchical structure, also known as a tree system. In this system, associated commands are grouped together under a common node or root, thus forming subsystems. A portion of the <code>CONFigure</code> subsystem is shown below to illustrate the tree system.

CONFigure

```
[:VOLTage]
  [:DC]
       [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]
:CURRent
  :AC
       [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]
```

CONFigure is the root keyword of the command, **VOLTage** and **CURRent** are second-level keywords, and DC and AC are third-level keywords. A colon (:) separates a command keyword from a lower-level keyword.

SCPI Conventions and Data Formats

The following SCPI conventions are used throughout this guide.

Angle brackets Items within angle brackets are parameter abbreviations. For example,

<range> indicates a specific form of numerical data. < >

Vertical bar Vertical bars separate alternative parameters. For example,

VOLT | CURR indicates that either VOLT or CURR can be used as a

parameter.

()

{}

Square brackets Items within square brackets are optional. The representation

[SOURce:]VOLTage means that SOURce: may be omitted. []

Parenthesis Items within parentheses are used in place of the usual parameter types to

specify a channel list. The notation (@1:3) specifies a channel list that includes channels 1, 2, and 3. The notation (@1,3) specifies a channel list

that includes only channels 1 and 3.

Braces Braces indicate parameters that may be repeated zero or more times. It is

used especially for showing arrays. The notation <A>{, } shows that parameter "A" must be entered, while parameter "B" may be omitted, or

may be entered one or more times.

1 Introduction to Programming

The SCPI language defines several different data formats to be used in program messages and response messages.

Numeric Commands that require parameters to accept all commonly used decimal

representations of numbers including optional signs, decimal points, and scientific notation. You can also send engineering unit suffixes with

numeric parameters, for example, $M\Omega$ or $k\Omega$.

Discrete Parameters used to program settings that have a limited number of

values, for example, **BUS**, **IMMediate**, **EXTernal**. They have a short form and a long form just like command keywords. You can mix upper- and lower-case letters. Query responses will always return the short form in all

upper-case letters.

Boolean Parameters that represent a single binary condition that is either true or

false. For a false condition, the U2741A will accept **OFF** or **0**. For a true condition, the U2741A will accept **ON** or **1**. When you query a boolean

setting, the U2741A will always return 0 or 1.

String Parameters that contain virtually any set of ASCII characters. A string

must begin and end with matching quotes; either with a single quote or a double quote. You can include the quote delimiter as part of the string by

typing it twice without any characters in between.

Command Separators

A colon (:) is used to separate a command keyword from a lower-level keyword. You must insert a blank space to separate a parameter from a command keyword. If a command requires more than one parameter, you must separate adjacent parameters using a comma as shown below:

```
CONF: VOLT: DC 1, 1e-5
```

A semicolon (;) is used to separate commands within the same subsystem and also minimize typing. For example, sending the following command string.

```
SENS: VOLT: DC: RANG 1; NPLC 10
```

... is the same as sending the following two commands:

```
SENS:VOLT:DC:RANG 1
SENS:VOLT:DC:NPLC 10
```

Use a colon and a semicolon to link commands from different subsystems. For example, in the following command string, an error is generated if you do not use both the colon and semicolon:

```
CONF: VOLT: DC 1; :SENS: VOLT: DC: NPLC 10
```

Querying Parameter Settings

You can query the current value of most parameters by adding a question mark (?) to the command. For example, the following command sets the DC voltage range to 1:

```
SENS: VOLT: DC: RANG 1
```

You can then query the voltage range setting by sending:

SENS: VOLT: DC: RANG?

1

SCPI Command Terminators

A command string sent to the U2741A must terminate with a <new line> (<NL>) character. The IEEE-488 End-Of-Identify (EOI) message is interpreted as a <NL> character and can be used to terminate a command string in place of a <NL> character. A <carriage return> followed by a <NL> is also accepted. Command string termination will always reset the current SCPI command path to the root level.

IEEE-488.2 Common Commands

The IEEE- 488.2 standard defines a set of common commands that perform functions such as reset, self-test, and status operation. Common commands always begin with an asterisk (*), are three characters in length, and may include one or more parameters. The command keyword is separated from the first parameter by a blank space. Use a semicolon (;) to separate multiple commands as shown below.

*RST; *CLS; *ESE 32; *OPC?

Using the MIN, MAX, and AUTO Parameters

You can substitute MINimum, MAXimum, or AUTOmatic in place of a parameter for many commands. For example, consider the following command:

SENS:VOLT:DC:RANG [<range|MINimum|MAXimum|AUTOmatic>]

Instead of selecting a specific voltage range, you can substitute MIN to set the range to its minimum value, MAX to set the range to its maximum value, or AUTO to set it to automatic.

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2 SCPI Status Registers

SCPI Status Registers

This chapter explains the SCPI status registers that record various instrument conditions of the U2741A.



SCPI Status Registers

The U2741A uses the Status Byte register group and Standard Event register group to record various instrument conditions. The figure below shows the relationship between various registers in the U2741A SCPI status system.

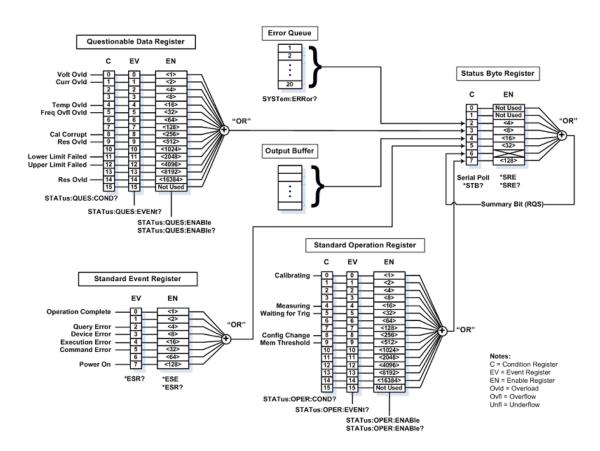


Figure 2-1 Status system diagram

Status Byte Register

The Status Byte summary register reports conditions from the other status registers. Query data that is waiting in the U2741A output buffer is immediately reported through message available bit (bit 4). Bits in the summary register are not latched. Clearing an event register will clear the corresponding bits in the Status Byte summary register. Reading all messages in the output buffer, including any pending queries, will clear the message available bit.

Bit Definitions: Status Byte Register

Bit number	Decimal value	Definition
0 Not Used	1	Always zero
1 Not Used	2	Always zero
2 Error Queue	4	There is at least one error code in the error queue
3 Not Used	8	Always zero
4 Message Available	16	Data is available in the U2741A output buffer
5 Standard Event	32	One or more bits are set in the Standard Event register (bits must be enabled in Standard Event enable register)
6 Master Summary	64	One or more bits are set in Status Byte Register and may generate a Request for Service (RQS)
7 Standard Operation Summary	128	One or more bits are set in the Standard Operation Register (bits must be enabled in Standard Operation enable register)

The Status Byte summary register will be cleared when:

- You execute the clear status (*CLS) command.
- Querying the Standard Event register (*ESR? command will clear only bit 4 in the Summary Register)

The Status Byte Enable register is cleared when you execute the *SRE 0 command.

Standard Event Register

The Standard Event register reports the following types of instrument events: power-on detected, command syntax errors, command execution errors, calibration errors, query errors, or when an *OPC command is executed. Any or all of these conditions can be reported in the Standard Event summary bit through enable register. To set the enable register mask, you write a decimal value to the register using the event status enable (*ESE) command.

Bit Definitions: Standard Event Register

Bit number	Decimal value	Definition
O Operation Complete	1	All commands prior to and including *OPC have been executed
1 Not Used	2	Always zero
2 Query Error	4	The U2741A tried to read the output buffer but it was empty. Or, a new command line was received before a previous query has been read. Or, both the input and output buffers are full.
3 Device Error	8	A self-test or calibration error occurred. For a complete listing of the error messages, see SCPI Error Messages.
4 Execution Error	16	An execution error occurred (an error in the -200 range has been generated)
5 Command Error	32	A command syntax error occurred (an error in the -100 range has been generated)
6 Not Used	64	Always zero
7 Power On	128	Power has been turned off and on since the last time the event register was read or cleared

The Standard Event register is cleared when:

- You execute the clear status (*CLS) command.
- Querying the event register using the event status register (*ESR?) command.

The Standard Event Enable register is cleared when you execute the *ESE 0 command.

NOTE

Please refer to Chapter 11 for more details on the common IEEE commands mentioned above.

2

Questionable Data Register

The Questionable Data register group provides the information on the quality or integrity of the U2741A. The outputs of the Questionable Data group are logically-ORed into the Questionable summary bit (3) of the Status Byte register.

Bit number		Decimal value	Definition
0	Voltage Overload	1	Range overload on DC or AC volts
1	Current Overload	2	Range overload on DC or AC current
2	Not Used	4	0 is returned
3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Temperature Overload	16	Range overload on temperature
5	Frequency Overload/ Underflow	32	Range overload or underflow on frequency
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Calibration Corrupt	256	At least one calibration constant is corrupt
9	Resistance Overload	512	Range overload resistance
10	Capacitance Overload/ Underflow	1024	Range overload or underflow on capacitance
11	Lower Limit Failed	2048	Reading is less than lower limit in limit test
12	Upper Limit Failed	4096	Reading is greater than upper limit in limit test
13	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
14	Memory Overflow	16384	Reading memory is full. One or more (oldest) readings have been lost
15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

The STATus: PRESet command will clear all bits in the enable register. This command presets the Questionable Data registers.

Standard Operation Register

The Standard Operation register group provides the information for the operation of the U2741A. The outputs of the Standard Operation group are logically-ORed into the Standard Operation summary bit (7) of the Status Byte register.

Bit number		Decimal value	Definition
0	Calibration in Progress	1	U2741A is performing a calibration
1 to 3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Measuring	16	U2741A is initiated, and is making, or about to make a measurement
5	Waiting for Trigger	32	U2741A is waiting for a trigger
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Configuration Change	256	U2741A configuration has been changed
9	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
10	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
11 to 15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

The STATus: PRESet command will clear all bits in the enable register. This command presets the Standard Operation registers.

2 SCPI Status Registers

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3 CALibrate Subsystem

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This chapter explains the CALibrate commands that allow users to perform external calibration for the U2741A.



CALibration: ADC?

Syntax

CALibration:ADC?

This command performs a low-level calibration of the analog-to-digital (ADC) converter circuitry. This is the first step in a recalibration sequence, and must be done before doing the offset calibration.

Remarks

It will return a +0 if the calibration passes and +1 if it fails. Refer to the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide* for detailed procedures, including how to connect to a calibration source, recommended equipments, the specified calibration points, and so forth.

Example

CAL:ADC?

//Commands the U2741A to execute the calibration

Typical Response: +0

See Also

CALibration:VALue
CALibration[:ALL]?

CALibration:SECure:STATe

CALibration[:ALL]?

Syntax

CALibration[:ALL]?

This command performs the calibration of the U2741A using the specified calibration value set by the **CALibrate:VALue** command. Before you can calibrate the U2741A, you must unsecure it by entering the correct security code.

Remarks

It will return a **0** if the calibration passes and **+1** if it fails. Refer to the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide* for detailed procedures, including how to connect to a calibration source, recommended equipments, the specified calibration points, and so forth.

Example

CAL?

//Commands the U2741A to execute the calibration

Typical Response: +0

See Also

CALibration: VALue

CALibration:SECure:STATe

CALibration: COUNt?

Syntax

CALibration: COUNt?

This command queries the number of times the U2741A has been calibrated.

NOTE

Ensure that your U2741A has been calibrated before it leaves the factory. When you receive your U2741A, be sure to read the count to determine the initial values. For a more detailed discussion of the calibration procedures, see the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide*. Please refer to the *Service Guide* before attempting to calibrate the U2741A.

Remarks

- The calibration count increments up to a maximum of 2³² after which it wraps around to 0. Since the value increases by one for each successful calibration point, a complete calibration may increase the value by many counts.
- You can read the calibration count regardless whether the U2741A is secured or unsecured.
- The calibration count is stored in nonvolatile memory and does not change when power has been turned off or after a factory reset (*RST command) if a CAL:STOR command is issued.

Example

CAL: COUN?

Typical Response: 15

CALibration:SECure:CODE

Syntax

CALibration:SECure:CODE <new_code>

This command sets the new security code. To change the security code, you must first unsecure the U2741A using the old security code, and then enter a new code.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
new_code	String	A string of up to 12 characters. You do not have to use all 12 characters but the first character must always be a letter (A to Z). The remaining 11 characters can be letters, numbers (0 to 9), or the underscore character ("_"). Blank spaces are not allowed.	ATU2741A

Remarks

- The security code is set to ATU2741A when the U2741A is shipped from the factory.
- The security code is stored in nonvolatile memory, and does not change when the power has been turned off or after a factory reset (*RST command).

Example

CAL:SEC:CODE ABCDEFGH //Sets the new security code to

ABCDEFGH

See Also

CALibration:SECure:STATe

CALibration:SECure:STATe

Syntax

CALibration:SECure:STATe {OFF|0|ON|1|RESET}, <code>

This command secures or unsecures the U2741A for calibration. To unsecure the U2741A, you must provide a security code to prevent accidental or unauthorized calibrations of the U2741A. Before you can calibrate the U2741A, you must unsecure it by entering the correct security code.

CALibration:SECure:STATe?

This command queries the secured state of the U2741A.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1 RESET} OFF or 0: Disables the security ON or 1: Enables the security RESET: Resets the security code to the factory default setting	OFF
code	String	A string of up to 12 characters. You do not have to use all 12 characters but the first character must always be a letter (A to Z). The remaining 11 characters can be letters, numbers (0 to 9), or the underscore character ("_"). Blank spaces are not allowed.	ATU2741A

Remarks

- The security code is set to ATU2741A and is secured when the U2741A is shipped from the factory.
- Unsecuring the U2741A using this command enables the U2741A to be calibrated
- The security code is stored in nonvolatile memory, and does not change when the power has been turned off or after a factory reset (*RST command).
- To calibrate the U2741A, use the CAL: VAL and CAL? commands.
- If you forget your security code, you can use the CAL:SEC:STAT RESET,
 ATU2741A to override user-defined security code.

Example

CAL:SEC:STAT ON,ABCDEFG

CAL:SEC:STAT?

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CALibration:SECure:CODE

//Sets the secured state to **ON**

//Queries the secured state

CALibration:STORe

Syntax

CALibration:STORe

This command stores the calibration results of the known calibration signal used by the calibration procedures as outlined in the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide.* The results is stored in a nonvolatile memory.

Remarks

Refer to the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide* for detailed procedures, including how to connect to a calibration source, recommended equipments, the specified calibration points, and so forth.

Example

CAL:STOR

//Stores all the calibration results into the nonvolatile memory

See Also

CALibration[:ALL]?

CALibration:STRing

Syntax

CALibration:STRing <string>

This command can be used to record the U2741A calibration information. For example, you store such information as the last calibration date, the next calibration due date, the U2741A serial number and so forth.

CALibration:STRing?

This command queries the calibration message.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
string	String	A string of up to 40 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A to Z), numbers (0 to 9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*".	N/A

Remarks

- The calibration message can be read or write regardless of the secured state.
- Recording a calibration message will overwrite any message previously stored in the memory.
- The calibration string is stored in nonvolatile memory, and does not change when the power has been turned off or after a factory reset (*RST command).
- If no message has been entered, an empty quoted string " " will be returned.

Examples

CAL:STR "CAL: 21 Nov 2005" //Sets the calibration message
CAL:STR? //Queries the calibration message

Typical Response: "CAL: 21 Nov 2005"

See Also

CALibration:SECure:STATe

CALibration: VALue

Syntax

CALibration: VALue < value>

This command specifies the value of the known calibration signal used by the calibration procedures as outlined in the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide*.

CALibration: VALue?

This command queries the present calibration value.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	The applied calibration signal in the units specified by the present measurement function.	N/A

Remarks

Refer to the *Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Service Guide* for detailed procedures, including how to connect a calibration source, recommended equipment, the specified calibration points, and so forth.

Examples

CAL:VAL 10.0001 //Sets the calibration value to 10.0001

CAL: VAL? //Queries the calibration value

Typical Response: +1.00001E+01

See Also

CALibration[:ALL]?

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4 CONFigure Subsystem

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```

This chapter explains the CONFigure subsystem.



4 CONFigure Subsystem

CONFigure?

Syntax

CONFigure?

This command queries the present U2741A configuration and response returned in quoted string.

Remarks

The *RST command will set all measurement parameters to their factory settings, clear reading memory, and clear all stored statistical data.

Example

CONF?

//Queries the present configuration state

Typical Response: "VOLT +1.00000E+01,+3.00000E-05"

CONFigure: CONTinuity

Syntax

CONFigure: CONTinuity

This command presets and configures the U2741A for continuity measurements. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- The range is fixed at 1 k Ω (a two-wire resistance measurement) and the resolution is fixed at 4.5 digits.
- The measurement is considered to have continuity if the measured resistance is less than or equal to the continuity threshold of 10. If the measurements are more than 10, +9.9E+37 is returned from the remote interface.

Examples

```
CONF: CONT //Configures the U2741A to measure continuity

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read
```

Typical Response: +8.68500E-01

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

RFAD?

CONFigure: CURRent: AC

Syntax

CONFigure:CURRent:AC [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for AC current measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement. For AC measurements resolution is fixed at the 5.5 digits.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A	1 A
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

 If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface. Examples

CONF: CURR: AC 2 //Configures the U2741A to measure AC

current at 2 A range

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E+00

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

4

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]

Syntax

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC] [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for DC current measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A	1 A
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.

Examples

CONF:CURR 2, 0.00001

//Configures the U2741A to measure DC current at 2 A range and 10 μA

resolution

READ?

//Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E+00

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure:DIODe

4

Syntax

CONFigure:DIODe

This command presets and configures the U2741A for diode measurements. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- The range and resolution are fixed for diode test with the range at 1 VDC with a 1 μ A constant current source output and the resolution is fixed at 4.5 digits.
- The voltage value is returned if it is within 0 V and 1.2 V. If the value is greater than 1.2 V, +9.9E+37 is returned from the remote interface.

Example

CONF:DIOD //Configures the U2741A to measure diode

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +8.68500E-01

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

RFAD?

CONFigure: FREQuency

Syntax

CONFigure:FREQuency[<range|MIN|MAX|DEF>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for frequency measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	1 Hz, 1 MHz	1 Hz
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- Frequency is measured on AC voltage signals. Thus, the proper AC voltage should be first set using the [SENS:]VOLT:AC:RANG command. The voltage range should be 0.1 V or greater for more accurate frequency measurement.
- The range parameter is required only to specify the measurement resolution parameter. Therefore, it is not necessary to send a new command for each new frequency to be measured.
- If the input signal voltage is greater than can be measured on the selected voltage range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface. Autorange can be enabled for the input voltage.
- The frequency measurement does not autorange.
- With no signal applied, **0** is returned.

4 CONFigure Subsystem

Example

CONF:FREQ 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure

frequency of 1 Hz
//Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

READ?

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure: FRES istance

Syntax

CONFigure:FRESistance [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for four-wire resistance measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 10 M Ω ,100 M Ω	100 Ω
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

 If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.

4 CONFigure Subsystem

Examples

CONF: FRES 1e3, 0.00001

//Configures the U2741A to measure resistance at 1 k Ω range and 10 μ Ohm resolution using four-wire measurement method

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E+02

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure: RESistance

Syntax

CONFigure:RESistance [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO}
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for two-wire resistance measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 10 M Ω , 100 M Ω	100 Ω
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Down range at:	<10% of range
Up range at:	>120% of range

 If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.

4 CONFigure Subsystem

Examples

CONF:RES 1e3, 0.00001

//Configures the U2741A to measure resistance at 1 k Ω range and 10 μOhm

resolution

READ?

//Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E+02

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure:SSI

Syntax

CONFigure:SSI {SLAVe|NONE}, (@address_list)

This command sets the Synchronous Simultaneous Interface (SSI) state (slave or none) when used in the U2781A modular instrument chassis. This command will force all triggering sources to the SSI.

CONFigure:SSI?

This query command returns the SSI state as **SLAV** or **NONE** and the corresponding address

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
SSI	Discrete	SLAVe or NONE	NONE
address_list	Numeric	0 to 7	0

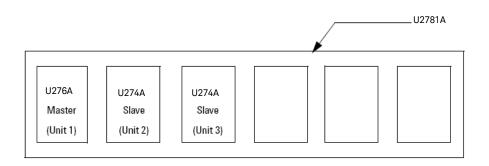
NOTE

- Slaves can only be controlled by one master, normally a source unit.
- If the SSI configuration is set to NONE, then the address list need not be specified.
- For more information on the SSI, refer to the Keysight U2781A USB Modular Instrument Chassis User's Guide.

Examples

The following example sets one unit of the U2761A to master and two units of the U2741A to slaves. Refer to *Keysight U2761A USB Modular Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator Programmer's Reference Guide* for information on the U2761A.

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For Unit 1: CONF:SSI MAST, (@0,1)

For Unit 2: CONF:SSI SLAV, (@0)

For Unit 3: CONF:SSI SLAV, (@1)

The following queries return the string values.

For Unit 1: CONF:SSI?

Typical Response: MAST, 0, 1

For Unit 2: CONF:SSI?

Typical Response: SLAV,0

For Unit 3: CONF:SSI?

Typical Response: SLAV,1

CONFigure: TEMPerature

Syntax

CONFigure: TEMPerature [configure: TEMPe

This command presets and configures the U2741A for temperature measurements with the specified probe type. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
probe_type	Discrete	THER DEFault	THER

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- For temperature measurements, the U2741A internally selects the range. You cannot select the range to be used.
- To change the temperature units, use the UNIT: TEMP command.
- For the thermistor measurements, U2741A autoranges to the correct range for the transducer resistance measurement.

Examples

CONF: TEMP THER //Configures the U2741A to measure temperature using a two-wire thermistor
READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +7.780E+01

See Also CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

UNIT: TEMPerature

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure[:VOLTage]:AC

Syntax

CONFigure[:VOLTage]:AC [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for AC voltage measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement. For AC measurements resolution is fixed at the 5.5 digits.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV	10 V
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.

Examples

CONF:AC 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure AC

voltage at 1 V range

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E-01

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC]

Syntax

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC][<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets and configures the U2741A for DC voltage measurements with the specified range and resolution. This command does not initiate the measurement.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV	10 V
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- The CONF command does not place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
 Use the INIT or READ? command in conjunction with CONF to place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.

Examples

CONF 1, 0.00001 //Configures the U2741A to measure DC

voltage at 1 V range and 10 μV

resolution

READ? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.86850E-01

See Also

CONFigure?

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

FETCh?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

4 CONFigure Subsystem

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5 MEASure Subsystem

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```

This chapter explains how the MEASure command subsystem is configured when acquiring data from the U2741A.



MEASure: CONTinuity?

Syntax

MEASure: CONTinuity?

This command presets, configures the U2741A for continuity measurements and make a measurement. Continuity is a special type of fixed-range two-wire resistance measurement. The reading is sent to the U2741A output buffer.

Remarks

- The range is fixed at 1 k Ω (a two-wire resistance measurement) and the resolution is fixed at 4.5 digits.
- The measurement is considered to have continuity if the measured resistance is less or equal to the continuity threshold of 10 Ω and the value can be obtained via the remote interface. If the measurements are more than 10 Ω , +9.9E+37 is returned from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS: CONT?

//Configures the U2741A to measure continuity and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +8.65800E-01

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure: CURRent: AC?

Syntax

MEASure:CURRent:AC? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for AC current measurements with the specified range and resolution and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer. For AC measurements, the resolution is fixed at 5.5 digits.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A	1 A
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:CURR:AC? 2

//Configures the U2741A to measure AC current at 2 A range and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E+00

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure:CURRent[:DC]?

Syntax

MEASure:CURRent[:DC]? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for DC current measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A	1 A
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

5

Example

MEAS:CURR? 2

//Configures the U2741A to measure DC current at 2 A range and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E+00

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure:DIODe?

Syntax

MEASure:DIODe?

This command presets, configures the U2741A for diode measurements, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Remarks

- The range and resolution are fixed for diode test with the range at
 1 VDC with a 1 mA constant current source output and the resolution is fixed at
 4.5 digits.
- The voltage value is returned if it is within 0 V and 1.2 V. If the value is greater than 1.2 V, +9.9E+37 is returned from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:DIOD?

//Configures the U2741A to measure diode and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +8.65800E-01

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure:FREQuency?

Syntax

MEASure:FREQuency? [<range|MIN|MAX|DEF>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for frequency measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	1 Hz, 1 MHz	1 Hz
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- Frequency is measured on AC voltage signals. Thus, the proper AC voltage should be first set using the [SENS:]VOLT:AC:RANG command. The voltage range should be ≥0.1 V for more accurate frequency measurement.
- The range parameter is required only to specify the measurement resolution parameter. Therefore, it is not necessary to send a new command for each new frequency to be measured.
- If the input signal voltage is greater than can be measured on the selected voltage range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface. Autorange can be enabled for the input voltage.
- The frequency measurement does not autorange.
- With no signal applied, @ is returned.
- If the TRIG:SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:FREQ? 1

//Configures the U2741A to measure frequency of 1 Hz and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure: FRESistance?

Syntax

MEASure:FRESistance? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for four-wire resistance measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 10 M Ω , 100 M Ω	100 Ω
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:FRES? 1e3, 0.00001

//Configures the U2741A to measure resistance at 1 k Ω range and 10 μ Ohm resolution using four-wire measurement method and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E+02

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure: RESistance?

Syntax

MEASure:RESistance? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for two-wire resistance measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 10 M Ω , 100 M Ω	100 Ω
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:RES? 1e3, 0.00001

//Configures the U2741A to measure resistance at 1 k Ω range and 10 $\mu\Omega$ resolution using two-wire measurement method and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E+02

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem
CONFigure:RESistance

MEASure:TEMPerature?

Syntax

MEASure:TEMPerature? [cprobe_type|DEF>]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for temperature measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
probe_type	Discrete	THER DEFault	THER

Remarks

- For temperature measurements, the U2741A internally selects the range. You cannot select the range to be used.
- For temperature measurements, the resolution is fixed at 3.5 digits.
- To change the temperature units, use the **UNIT: TEMP** command.
- For the thermistor measurements, U2741A autoranges to the correct range for the transducer resistance measurement.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS: TEMP? THER

//Configures the U2741A to measure temperature using a two-wire thermistor and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +7.78000E+01

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

UNIT: TEMPerature

MEASure[:VOLTage]:AC?

Syntax

MEASure[:VOLTage]:AC? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for AC voltage measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer. For AC measurements resolution is fixed at the 5.5 digits.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV	10 V
resolution	Numeric	N/A	5.5

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS:AC? 1

//Configures the U2741A to measure AC voltage at 1 V range and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E-01

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]?

Syntax

MEASure[:VOLTage][:DC]? [<range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>
[,<resolution|MIN|MAX|DEF>]]

This command presets, configures the U2741A for DC voltage measurements with the specified range and resolution, and make a measurement. The reading is sent to the output buffer.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV	10 V
resolution	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- You can allow the U2741A to automatically select the measurement range using autorange or you can select a fixed range using manual range. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A decides which range to use for each measurement based on the input signal. For faster measurements, use manual range on each measurement as additional time is required for autorange since the U2741A has to make a range selection.
- Autorange thresholds

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range, the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- If the TRIG: SOUR is set to BUS, the MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and returns a measurement.

Example

MEAS? 1, 0.0001

//Configures the U2741A to measure DC voltage at 1 V range and 100 μ V resolution and triggers a measurement

Typical Response: +1.86850E-01

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

Keysight U2741A USB Modular 5.5 Digits Digital Multimeter Programmer's Reference Guide

6 SENSe Subsystem

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[SENSe:]FUNCtion

Syntax

[SENSe:]FUNCtion <function>

This command selects the measurement function. All the function-related measurement attributes except autorange are retained.

[SENSe:]FUNCtion?

This command queries the selected measurement function.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
function	String	CONTinuity, CURRent:AC, CURRent[:DC], DIODe, FREQuency, RESistance, FRESistance, TEMPerature, VOLTage:AC, or VOLTage[:DC]	Required parameter

Remarks

- If you change the measurement function, all measurement attributes of the previous function (range, resolution, and so forth) are retained. If you return to the original function, all previously-defined measurement attributes will be restored.
- This command has no default value. However, the U2741A defaults to DC volts after a factory reset (*RST command).
- Autorange will be turned off after [SENS:] FUNC has been set.
- The parameter is case-sensitive.

Examples

FUNC"CONT" //Selects the continuity function

FUNC? //Queries the selected measurement function

Typical Response: CONT

See Also

CONFigure Subsystem

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for AC current measurements.

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe?

This command queries the measurement range for AC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A MIN = 10 mA MAX = 2 A	1 A

Remarks

- Selecting a fixed range will disable autorange.
- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- The U2741A is set to 1 A, with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

CURR: RANG 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure AC

current at 1 A range

CURR: RANG? //Queries the range

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent:AC

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for AC current measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for AC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	ON

Remarks

- Autorange thresholds:

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- With autorange enabled, the U2741A selects the appropriate range based on the input signal detected.
- Selecting a discrete range (see [SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe command) will disable autorange.
- The U2741A enables autorange after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

CURR:RANG:AC:AUTO ON

//Sets autorange for AC current
measurement to ON
//Queries the autorange mode

CURR:RANG:AC:AUTO?
Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent:AC

[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:NPLC

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:NPLC <PLC|MIN|MAX|DEF>

This command sets the integration time in number of power line cycles (PLCs) for DC current measurements. Integration time affects the measurement resolution (for better resolution, use a longer integration time) and measurement speed (for faster measurements, use a shorter integration time).

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:NPLC?

This command queries the NPLC settings for DC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
PLC	Numeric	{0 0.025 1 2 10 20} MIN = 0 PLC MAX = 20 PLC	20

Remarks

- Only those integration times set to an integral number of power line cycles
 (1, 2, 10, or 20 PLCs) provides a normal mode (line frequency noise) rejection.
- The U2741A sets the integration time to 20 PLCs after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST: PRES command).

Examples

CURR: NPLC 1 //Sets the NPLC for DC current

measurements to 1 PLC

CURR: NPLC? //Queries the NPLC setting for current

DC measurements

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for DC current measurements.

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe?

This command queries the measurement range for DC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	10 mA, 100 mA, 1 A, 2 A MIN = 10 mA MAX = 2 A	1 A

Remarks

- Selecting a fixed range will disable autorange.
- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- The U2741A is set to 1 A, with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

CURR: RANG 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure DC

current at 1 A range

CURR: RANG? //Queries the DC current range

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for DC current measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for DC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	ON

Remarks

- Autorange thresholds:

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- With autorange enabled, the U2741A selects the appropriate range based on the input signal detected.
- Selecting a fixed range (see [SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe command) will disable autorange.
- The U2741A enables autorange after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

CURR:RANG:AUTO ON

CURR:RANG:AUTO?
Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]
[SENSe:]CURRent:AC:RANGe

//Sets autorange for DC current measurement to **ON**

//Queries the autorange mode

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RESolution

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RESolution <range|MIN|MAX|DEF>

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:RESolution? {MIN|MAX}

Description

This command selects the measurement resolution for DC current measurements. Specify the resolution in the same units as the selected measurement function, not in number of digits.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e- 6

Remarks

- For the <resolution> parameter, you can substitute MIN or MAX for a numeric value. MIN selects the smallest value accepted, which gives the highest resolution; MAX selects the largest value accepted, which gives the least resolution.
- The U2741A sets the resolution to 5.5 digits after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

CURR: RES 0.00003 //Sets the measurement resolution to

30 μΑ

CURR: RES //Queries the selected resolution

Typical Response: +3.00000E-05

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables the autozero mode for DC current measurements

- When autozero is **ON** (default), the U2741A internally disconnects the input signal following each measurement, and takes a zero reading. It then subtracts the zero reading from the preceding reading. This prevents offset currents present on the U2741A input circuitry from affecting measurement accuracy.
- When autozero is OFF, the U2741A uses the last measured zero reading and subtracts it from each measurement. It takes a new zero reading each time you change the function, range, or integration time.

[SENSe:]CURRent[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO?

This command queries the autozero mode for DC current measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the autozero mode ON or 1: Enables the autozero mode	ON

Remarks

 The autozero mode is reset to the default (ON) at power up, or after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST:PRES command).

Examples

CURR:ZERO:AUTO ON //Sets autozero for DC current

measurements to ON

CURR: ZERO: AUTO? //Queries the autorange mode for DC

current measurements

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure:CURRent[:DC]

[SENSe:]FREQuency:APERture

Syntax

[SENSe:]FREQuency:APERture <value>

This command sets the aperture time (also called gate time) for frequency measurements.

[SENSe:]FREQuency:APERture?

This command queries the aperture setting for frequency measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	{0.1 s 1 s}	1

Examples

FREQ: APER 0.1 //Sets the U2741A to measure frequency

at 0.1 s aperture setting

FREQ: APER? //Queries the aperture

Typical Response: +1.00000E-01

See Also

CONFigure:FREQuency

[SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC

Syntax

[SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC <PLC|MIN|MAX|DEF>

This command sets the integration time in number of power line cycles (PLCs) for resistance measurements. Integration time affects the measurement resolution (for better resolution, use a longer integration time) and measurement speed (for faster measurements, use a shorter integration time).

[SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC?

This command queries the NPLC settings for resistance measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
PLC	Numeric	{0 0.025 1 2 10 20} MIN = 0 PLC MAX = 20 PLC	20

Remarks

- Only those integration times set to an integral number of power line cycles (1, 2, 10, or 20 PLCs) provides a normal mode (line frequency noise) rejection.
- The U2741A sets the integration time to 20 PLCs after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST: PRES command).

Examples

FRES: NPLC 1 //Sets the NPLC for resistance measurements to 1 PLC

FRES:NPLC? //Queries the NPLC setting for resistance measurements

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure: FRESistance

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for four-wire resistance measurements.

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe?

This command queries the measurement range for four-wire resistance measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω , 10 M Ω , 100 M Ω MIN = 100 Ω MAX = 100 M Ω	1 kΩ

Remarks

- Selecting a fixed range will disable autorange.
- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- The U2741A is set to 1 k Ω , with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

FRES:RANG 100 //Configures the U2741A to measure

resistance at 100 Ω range

FRES: RANG? //Queries the resistance range

Typical Response: +1.00000E+02

See Also

CONFigure: FRESistance

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for four-wire resistance measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for four-wire resistance measurements

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1}	ON
		OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode	
		ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	

Remarks

Autorange thresholds:

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- With autorange enabled, the U2741A selects the appropriate range based on the input signal detected.
- Selecting a fixed range (see [SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC command) will disable autorange.
- The U2741A enables autorange after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

FRES:RANG:AUTO ON

FRES:RANG:AUTO?

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure:RESistance

[SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC

//Sets autorange for resistance measurement to **ON**

//Queries the autorange mode

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RESolution

Syntax

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RESolution < range | MIN | MAX | AUTO >

[SENSe:]FRESistance:RESolution?

Description

This command selects the measurement resolution for resistance measurements. Specify the resolution in the same units as the selected measurement function, not in number of digits.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e-6

Remarks

- For the <resolution> parameter, you can substitute MIN or MAX for a numeric value. MIN selects the smallest value accepted, which gives the highest resolution; MAX selects the largest value accepted, which gives the least resolution.
- The U2741A sets the resolution to 5.5 digits after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

FRES:RES 3e-5 //Sets the measurement resolution to

 $30~\mu\Omega$

FRES: RES? //Queries the selected resolution

Typical Response: +3.00000E-05

See Also

CONFigure: FRESistance

[SENSe:]RESistance:NPLC

Syntax

[SENSe:]RESistance:NPLC <PLC|MIN|MAX|DEF>

This command sets the integration time in number of power line cycles (PLCs) for resistance measurements. Integration time affects the measurement resolution (for better resolution, use a longer integration time) and measurement speed (for faster measurements, use a shorter integration time).

[SENSe:]RESistance:NPLC?

This command queries the NPLC settings for resistance measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
PLC	Numeric	{0 0.025 1 2 10 20} MIN = 0 PLC MAX = 20 PLC	20

Remarks

- Only those integration times set to an integral number of power line cycles (1, 2, 10, or 20 PLCs) provides a normal mode (line frequency noise) rejection.
- The U2741A sets the integration time to 20 PLCs after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST:PRES command).

Examples

RES:NPLC 1 //Sets the NPLC for resistance measurements to 1 PLC

RES:NPLC? //Queries the NPLC setting for

resistance measurements

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure: RESistance

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for resistance measurements.

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe?

This command gueries the measurement range for resistance measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 Ω , 1 k Ω , 10 k Ω , 100 k Ω , 1 M Ω ,10 M Ω , 100 M Ω MIN = 100 Ω MAX = 100 M Ω	1 kΩ

Remarks

- Selecting a discrete range will disable autorange.
- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- The U2741A is set to 1 k Ω , with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

RES:RANG 100 //Configures the U2741A to measure

resistance at 100 Ω range

RES:RANG? //Queries the resistance range

Typical Response: +1.00000E+02

See Also

CONFigure: RESistance

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for resistance measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]RESistance:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for resistance measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1}	ON
		OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode	
		ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	

Examples

RES:RANG:AUTO ON//Sets autorange for resistance

measurement to ON

RES:RANG:AUTO? //Queries the autorange mode

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure: RESistance

[SENSe:]FRESistance:NPLC

[SENSe:]RESistance:RESolution

Syntax

[SENSe:]RESistance:RESolution <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

[SENSe:]RESistance:RESolution?

Description

This command selects the measurement resolution for resistance measurements. Specify the resolution in the same units as the selected measurement function, not in number of digits.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e- 6

Remarks

- For the <resolution> parameter, you can substitute MIN or MAX for a numeric value. MIN selects the smallest value accepted, which gives the highest resolution; MAX selects the largest value accepted, which gives the least resolution.
- The U2741A sets the resolution to 5.5 digits after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

RES:RES 3e-5 //Sets the measurement resolution to

 $30 \, \mu\Omega$

RES:RES? //Queries the selected resolution

Typical Response: +3.00000E-05

See Also

CONFigure: RESistance

[SENSe:]RESistance:ZERO:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]RESistance:ZERO:AUTO <state>

[SENSe:]RESistance:ZERO:AUTO?

Description

This command disables or enables the autozero mode for resistance measurements

- When autozero is **ON** (default), the U2741A internally disconnects the input signal following each measurement, and takes a zero reading. It then subtracts the zero reading from the preceding reading. This removes offset variations present on the U2741A input circuitry from affecting measurement accuracy.
- When autozero is OFF, the U2741A uses the last measured zero reading and subtracts it from each measurement. It takes a new zero reading each time you change the function, range, or integration time.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the autozero mode ON or 1: Enables the autozero mode	OFF

Remarks

- This command does not affect four-wire resistance measurements. All four-wire measurements are made with autozero ON, regardless of the state set or returned by this command or query.
- The autozero mode is set indirectly when you set the resolution and integration time using the CONFigure or MEASure commands. Autozero is automatically turned off when you select an integration time less than 1 PLC with these commands.
- The autozero mode is reset to the default (OFF) at power up, or after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST:PRES command).

Examples

The following command disables autozero. With autozero disabled, a new zero measurement is not issued until the next configuration change (function, range, or NPLC).

RES:ZERO:AUTO OFF

The following query returns the autozero setting.

RES:ZERO:AUTO?
Typical Response: 0

See Also

CONFigure:RESistance

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RJUNction?

Syntax

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RJUNction?

This command queries the internal reference junction temperature. It will return the reference temperature in °C regardless of the selected temperature unit.

Example

TEMP: RJUN? //Queries the internal reference junction temperature

Typical Response: +2.89753E+01

See Also

UNIT: TEMPerature

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:ZERO:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:ZERO:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables the autozero mode for temperature measurements.

- When autozero is **ON** (default), the U2741A internally disconnects the input signal following each measurement, and takes a zero reading. It then subtracts the zero reading from the preceding reading. This prevents offset voltages present on the U2741A input circuitry from affecting measurement accuracy.
- When autozero is OFF, the U2741A uses the last measured zero reading and subtracts it from each measurement. It takes a new zero reading each time you change the function, range, or integration time.

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:ZERO:AUTO?

This command queries the autozero mode for temperature measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1}	OFF
		OFF or 0: Disables the autozero mode	
		ON or 1: Enables the autozero mode	

Remarks

- The autozero mode is set indirectly when you set the resolution and integration time using the CONF or MEAS? commands.
- The autozero mode is reset to the default (OFF) at power-up, or after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST:PRES command).

Examples

TEMP:ZERO:AUTO ON

TEMP: ZERO: AUTO?

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure:TEMPerature

//Sets autozero for temperature measurements to **ON**

//Queries the autorange mode for temperature measurements

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for AC voltage measurements.

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe?

This command gueries the measurement range for AC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV MIN = 100 mV MAX = 1 kV	10 V

Remarks

- Selecting a discrete range will disable autorange.

The U2741A is set to 10 V, with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

VOLT:AC:RANG 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure AC

voltage at 1 V range

VOLT:AC:RANG? //Queries the voltage range

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage]:AC

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for AC voltage measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for AC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	ON

Remarks

Autorange thresholds:

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- With autorange enabled, the U2741A selects the appropriate range based on the input signal detected.
- Selecting a discrete range (see [SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe command) will disable autorange.
- The U2741A enables autorange after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

VOLT:RANG:AC:AUTO ON

//Sets autorange for AC voltage measurement to **ON**

VOLT:RANG:AC:AUTO?

//Queries the autorange mode

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage]:AC
[SENSe:]VOLTage:AC:RANGe

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:NPLC

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:NPLC <PLC|MIN|MAX|DEF>

This command sets the integration time in number of power line cycles (PLCs) for DC voltage measurements. Integration time affects the measurement resolution (for better resolution, use a longer integration time) and measurement speed (for faster measurements, use a shorter integration time).

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:NPLC?

This command queries the NPLC settings for DC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
PLC	Numeric	{0 0.025 1 2 10 20} MIN = 0 PLC MAX = 20 PLC	20

Remarks

- Selecting a fixed range will disable autorange.
- The U2741A is set to 20 PLCs, with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

VOLT: NPLC 10 //Configures the NPLC of the

U2741A to 10

VOLT: NPLC? //Queries the NPLC settings

Typical Response: +1.00000E+01

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC]

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe <range|MIN|MAX|AUTO>

This command sets the measurement range for DC voltage measurements.

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe?

This command gueries the measurement range for DC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	100 mV, 1 V, 10 V, 100 V, 1 kV	10 V
		MIN = 10 mV	
		MAX = 1 kV	

Remarks

- Selecting a fixed range will disable autorange.
- If the input signal is greater than can be measured on the selected range (manual range), the U2741A gives an overload indication of +9.9E+37 from the remote interface.
- The U2741A is set to 10 V, with autorange enabled, after a factory reset (*RST command)

Examples

VOLT: RANG 1 //Configures the U2741A to measure DC

voltage at 1 V range

VOLT: RANG? //Triggers a measurement and read

Typical Response: +1.00000E+00

See Also

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables autorange for DC voltage measurements. Autorange is convenient because the U2741A automatically selects the range for each measurement based on the input signal detected.

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RANGe:AUTO?

This command queries the autorange mode for DC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1}	OFF
		OFF or 0: Disables the auto mode	
		ON or 1: Enables the auto mode	

Remarks

Autorange thresholds:

Lower range at:	<10% of range
Upper range at:	>120% of range

- With autorange enabled, the U2741A selects the appropriate range based on the input signal detected.
- Selecting a fixed range (see [SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:NPLC command) will disable autorange.
- The U2741A enables autorange after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

VOLT:RANG:AUTO 1 //Sets autorange for DC voltage to ON

VOLT:RANG:AUTO? //Queries the autorange mode

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC]
[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:NPLC

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RESolution

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RESolution <range|MIN|MAX|DEF>

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:RESolution?

Description

This command selects the measurement resolution for DC voltage measurements. Specify the resolution in the same units as the selected measurement function, not in number of digits.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
range	Numeric	3.00e-5, 2.00e-5, 1.00e-5, 5.00e-6, 2.00e-6, 1.50e-6	1.50e- 6

Remarks

- For the <resolution> parameter, you can substitute MIN or MAX for a numeric value. MIN selects the smallest value accepted, which gives the highest resolution; MAX selects the largest value accepted, which gives the least resolution.
- The U2741A sets the resolution to 5.5 digits after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

VOLT:DC:RES 0.00003 //Sets the measurement resolution

to 30 μV

VOLT:DC:RES? //Query returns the selected resolution

Typical Response: +3.00000E-05

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC]

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO

Syntax

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO <state>

This command disables or enables the autozero mode for DC voltage measurements

- When autozero is **ON**, the U2741A internally disconnects the input signal following each measurement, and takes a zero reading. It then subtracts the zero reading from the preceding reading. This prevents offset voltages present on the U2741A input circuitry from affecting measurement accuracy.
- When autozero is OFF, the U2741A uses the last measured zero reading and subtracts it from each measurement. It takes a new zero reading each time you change the function, range, or integration time.

[SENSe:]VOLTage[:DC]:ZERO:AUTO?

This command queries the autozero mode for DC voltage measurements.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
state	Boolean	{OFF 0 0N 1} OFF or 0: Disables the autozero mode ON or 1: Enables the autozero mode	OFF

Remarks

The autozero mode is reset to the default (OFF) after a factory reset (*RST command) or an Instrument Preset (SYST: PRES command).

Examples

VOLT:ZERO:AUTO ON //Sets autozero for DC voltage

measurements to ON

VOLT: ZERO: AUTO? //Queries the autorange mode for DC

voltage measurements

Typical Response: 1

See Also

CONFigure[:VOLTage][:DC]

6 SENSe Subsystem

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7 STATus Subsystem

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```

This chapter explains how the STATus command subsystem functions.



STATus: OPERation: CONDition?

Syntax

STATus: OPERation: CONDition?

This command queries the condition register for the Standard Operation Register group. This is a read-only register and the bits are not cleared when you read the register.

NOTE

For more information on the SCPI Status System, see Chapter 2.

Remarks

- The condition register bits reflect the current condition. If a condition goes away, the corresponding bit is cleared in the condition register.
- The following table lists the bit definitions for the Standard Operation Register.

Bit number		Decimal value	Definition
0	Calibration in Progress	1	U2741A is performing a calibration
1 to 3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Measuring	16	U2741A is initiated, and is making, or about to make a measurement
5	Waiting for Trigger	32	U2741A is waiting for a trigger
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Configuration Change	256	U2741A configuration has been changed
9	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
10	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
11 to 15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

Example

STAT:OPER:COND?

//Reads the condition register (bit 5 is set)

Typical Response: +32

See Also

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle
STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

STATus: OPERation: ENABle

Syntax

STATus:OPERation:ENABle <enable_value>

This command enables bits in the enable register for the Standard Operation Register group. The selected bits are then reported to the Status Byte.

STATus:OPERation:ENABle?

This command queries the Questionable Data enable register. The U2741A returns a binary-weighted decimal representing the bits set in the enable register.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
enable_ value	Numeric	A decimal value which corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of the bits in the register (see table below)	0

NOTE

For more information on the SCPI Status System, see Chapter 2.

Remarks

- The following table lists the bit definitions for the Standard Operation Register.

Bit number		Decimal value	Definition
0	Calibration in Progress	1	U2741A is performing a calibration
1 to 3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Measuring	16	U2741A is initiated, and is making, or about to make a measurement
5	Waiting for Trigger	32	U2741A is waiting for a trigger
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Configuration Change	256	U2741A configuration has been changed
9	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
10	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
11 to 15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

- Use the <enable_value> parameter to specify which bits will be reported to the Status Byte. The decimal value specified corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of the bits you wish to enable in the register. For example, to enable bit 5 (decimal value = 32) and bit 8 (decimal value = 256), the corresponding decimal value would be 288 (32 + 256).
- The clear status (*CLS) command will not clear the enable register but it does clear all the bits in the event register.
- The STAT: PRES command will clear all the bits in the enable register.
- The *RST command has no effect on this register.

Examples

STAT: OPER: ENAB 32 //Sets the enable register (bit 5 is set)

STAT: OPER: ENAB? //Queries the enable register

Typical Response: +32

See Also

STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?

STATus: PRESet

STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?

Syntax

STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?

This command queries the event register for the Standard Operation Register group. This is a read-only register and the bits are cleared when you read the register.

NOTE

For more information on the SCPI Status System, see Chapter 2.

Remarks

- The condition register bits reflect the current condition. If a condition goes away, the corresponding bit is cleared in the condition register.
- The following table lists the bit definitions for the Standard Operation Register.

Bit number		Decimal value	Definition
0	Calibration in Progress	1	U2741A is performing a calibration
1 to 3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Measuring	16	U2741A is initiated, and is making, or about to make a measurement
5	Waiting for Trigger	32	U2741A is waiting for a trigger
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Configuration Change	256	U2741A configuration has been changed
9	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
10	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
11 to 15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

- Once a bit is set, it remains set until cleared by reading the event register or the clear status (*CLS) command.
- The *RST command has no effect on this register.

Example

STAT: OPER? //Reads the event register

Typical Response: +32

See Also

STATus:OPERation:ENABle

STATus:OPERation:CONDition?

STATus:PRESet

Syntax

STATus:PRESet

This command clears all the bits in the Questionable Data enable register and the Standard Operation enable register.

NOTE

For more information on the SCPI Status System, see Chapter 2.

Example

STAT: PRES

//The following command clears all the enable register bits.

STATus: QUEStionable: CONDition?

Syntax

STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?

This command queries the condition register for the Questionable Data Register group. This is a read-only register and the bits are not cleared when you read the register.

Description

This query returns the value of the Questionable Data condition register. The condition register is a read-only register, which holds the live (unlatched) questionable status of the U2741A. Reading the Questionable condition register does not clear it. This query returns the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.

Remarks

For more information on the Questionable condition register, refer to Chapter 2, "SCPI Status Registers" on page 19.

Example

The following query reads the Questionable condition register.

STAT:QUES:COND?

Typical Response: +512

See Also

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle
STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle

Syntax

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <enable_value>

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?

Description

This command and its query set and read the value of the Questionable Data enable register. The enable register is a mask for enabling specific bits from the Questionable event register to set the questionable summary bit (QUES) of the Status Byte register. This bit (bit 3) is the logical OR of all the Questionable event register bits that are enabled by the Questionable enable register. This query returns the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
enable_value	Numeric	0 to 65535	0

Remarks

- The STATus: PRESet command will clear all bits in the enable register.
- For more information on the Questionable enable register, refer to Chapter 2, "SCPI Status Registers" on page 19.

Examples

The following command enables bit 4 (decimal value = 16) in the enable register.

STAT: QUES: ENAB 16 //Sets the enable register (bit 4 is set)

The following query returns the bits enabled in the register.

STAT: QUES: ENAB? //Queries the enable register

Typical Response: +16

See Also

STATus: PRESet

STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?
STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

Syntax

STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

This command queries the event register for the Questionable Data Register group. This is a read-only register and the bits are cleared when you read the register.

NOTE

For more information on the SCPI Status System, see Chapter 2.

Remarks

- The condition register bits reflect the current condition. If a condition goes away, the corresponding bit is cleared in the condition register.
- The following table lists the bit definitions for the *Questionable Data Register*.

Bit nur	nber	Decimal value	Definition
0	Voltage Overload	1	Range overload on DC or AC volts
1	Current Overload	2	Range overload on DC or AC current
2	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
3	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
4	Temperature Overload	16	Range overload on temperature
5	Frequency Overload/Underflow	32	Range overload or underflow on frequency
6 to 7	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
8	Calibration Corrupt	256	At least one calibration constant is corrupt
9	Resistance Overload	512	Range overload resistance
10	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
11	Lower Limit Failed	2048	Reading is less than lower limit in limit test
12	Upper Limit Failed	4096	Reading is greater than upper limit in limit test
13	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned
14	Memory Overflow	16384	Reading memory is full. One or more (oldest) readings have been lost.
15	Not Used	Not Used	0 is returned

- Once a bit is set, it remains set until cleared by reading the event register or the clear status (*CLS) command.
- The *RST command has no effect on this register.
- The STAT: QUES? command reads the event register and returns a decimal value which corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.
- For example, if bit 1 (decimal value = 2) and bit 9 (decimal value = 512) are set, this command will return +514.

Example

STAT:QUES? //Reads the questionable register (bit 9 is set)

Typical Response: +512

See Also

STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle

7 STATus Subsystem

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8 SYSTem Subsystem

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SYSTem:LFRequency 130
SYSTem:PRESet 131
SYSTem:VERSion? 132

This chapter explains how the SYSTem command subsystem functions.



SYSTem: CDEScription?

Syntax

SYSTem:CDEScription?

Description

This query identifies which slot and chassis that the U2741A is plugged into the U2781A, and returns the slot and chassis number respectively.

Remarks

- If the U2741A is in standalone mode, then this query would return +7,+0.
- Please refer to the *U2781A Modular Instrument Chassis User's Guide* for the details.

Example

SYST:CDES?

//Queries the U2741A slotted in the chassis (assume slot 5 of chassis #12)

Typical Response: +5,+12

SYSTem: ERRor?

Syntax

SYSTem: ERRor?

Description

This query returns the next error number and its corresponding message string from the error queue. The queue is a first-in, first-out (FIFO) buffer that stores errors as they occur. As it is read, each error is removed from the queue.

Remarks

- If more than 20 errors have occurred, the last error stored in the queue (the most recent error) is replaced with -350, "Queue overflow".
- If no errors have occurred when you read the error queue, the U2741A responds with +0, "No error".
- The error queue is cleared by the clear status (*CLS) command and when power is cycled.
- Please refer to Chapter 12, "SCPI Error Messages" on page 155 for the error messages.

Example

SYST: ERR? //Queries for any system errors (assume that an invalid command is specified)

Typical Response: -113, "Undefined header"

SYSTem:LFRequency

Syntax

SYSTem:LFRequency <value>

It sets the line frequency.

SYSTem: LFRequency?

It queries for the line frequency.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	50 Hz, 60 Hz	50 Hz

Examples

SYST:LFR 50 //Sets the line frequency to 50 Hz

SYST: LFR? //Queries the line frequency

Typical response: 50

SYSTem:PRESet

Syntax

SYSTem: PRESet

It resets the hardware and set it to the factory default settings.

Remarks

It does the same function as a *RST command would do.

Example

SYST:PRES

See Also

*RST

SYSTem: VERSion?

Syntax

SYSTem: VERSion?

Description

This query returns the version of the SCPI standard in which the U2741A complies with. The version is in a numeric form YYYY.V, where YYYY represents the year of the version and V represents a version for that year.

Example

SYST: VERS?

//This query will return the SCPI version

Typical Response: 1997.0

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9 TRIGger Subsystem

TRIGger:SOURce 134

This chapter explains how the TRIGger command subsystem functions.



TRIGger:SOURce

Syntax

TRIGger:SOURce <source>

This command selects the trigger source for measurements. The U2741A will accept a software (bus) command, immediate (continuous) trigger, or a star trigger.

TRIGger:SOURce?

This command queries the trigger source setting.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
source	Discrete	{IMMediate BUS STRG}	IMM

Remarks

- After selecting the trigger source, you must place the U2741A in the
 "wait-for-trigger" state using the INIT command. A trigger will not be
 accepted from the selected trigger source until the U2741A is in the
 "wait-for-trigger" state. The INIT command only initiates the measurement
 and needs a trigger (BUS or IMMediate) to make the actual measurement.
- For the IMMediate (continuous) source, the trigger signal is always present.
 When you place the U2741A in the "wait-for-trigger" state, the trigger is issued immediately.
- For the BUS (software) source, the U2741A is triggered by the *TRG command received over the remote interface. The *TRG command will not be accepted unless the multimeter is in the "wait-for-trigger" state.
- A CONF or MEAS? command overwrites the BUS trigger and sets the trigger source to IMMediate.
- The U2741A selects the immediate trigger source after a factory reset (*RST command).
- The bus trigger mode is initiated by sending a bus trigger command (*TRG), after selecting BUS as the trigger source.
- The star trigger is only applicable when the U2741A is used in the U2781A chassis. It is use for triggering multiple units in the chassis.

Examples

TRIG:SOUR BUS

TRIG:SOUR?

Typical Response: **BUS**

See Also

*TRG

//Sets the trigger source to bus

//Queries the source setting

TRIGger Subsystem

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10 Other Commands

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READ? 141
UNIT:TEMPerature 142
```

This chapter explains the operation of the other system commands that are not categorized under major subsystems.



ABORt

Syntax

ABORt

This command aborts a measurement in progress.

Remarks

- This command may be useful to abort a measurement when the U2741A is waiting for a trigger.
- The *RST command will abort a measurement and set all measurement parameters to their factory settings.
- When trigger source is set to BUS, the INIT command will change the state of the triggering system from the "idle" state to the "wait-for-trigger" state. At this time, if the ABOR command is issued, *TRG is not allowed, the U2741A will return a system error -211, "Trigger ignored".

Example

ABOR

//Aborts the measurement in progress

See Also

*RST

FETCh?

Syntax

FETCh?

This command transfers the reading to the U2741A output buffer where you can read it into your PC.

Remarks

- The FETCh? command will wait until the measurement is complete to terminate.
- The U2741A clears any reading from volatile memory after a factory reset (*RST command) when mainframe power is cycled, when the configuration is changed (see Chapter 4, "CONFigure Subsystem"), or on an INIT command.

Examples

CONF 10, 0.00003	//Configures to measure DC voltage at 10 V range and 30 μ V resolution
TRIG:SOUR IMM	//Sets the trigger source to immediate
INIT	//Places the U2741A in wait-for-trigger state
FETC?	//Transfers the reading from memory to the U2741A output buffer

Typical Response: +1.45341E+00

See Also

INITiate[:IMMediate]

READ?

INITiate[:IMMediate]

Syntax

INITiate[:IMMediate]

This command changes the state of the triggering system from the "idle" state to the "wait-for-trigger" state. Measurements will begin when the specified trigger conditions are satisfied following the receipt of the **INIT** command.

NOTE

The INIT command also clears the previous reading from the memory.

Remarks

- To retrieve the reading, use the FETC? command.
- The ABOR command may be used to set the U2741A to idle state.
- The INIT command only initiates the measurement and needs a trigger (BUS or IMMediate) to make the actual measurement.

Examples

CONF 10, 0.00003 //Configures to measure DC voltage at

10 V range and 30 μ V resolution

TRIG:SOUR IMM //Sets the trigger source to immediate

INIT //Places the U2741A in

wait-for-trigger state

FETC? //The FETCh? command transfers the

reading from memory to the U2741A

output buffer

Typical Response: +1.45341E+00

See Also

FETCh?

READ?

ABORt

RFAD?

Syntax

READ?

This command changes the U2741A triggering system from the "idle" state to the "wait-for-trigger" state. Measurements will begin when the specified trigger conditions are satisfied following the receipt of the READ? command. The reading is then sent immediately to volatile memory and the U2741A output buffer.

Remarks

When the trigger source is IMMediate, sending the READ? command is similar
to sending the INIT command followed immediately by the FETC? command.
When the trigger source is BUS, sending the READ? command is similar to
sending the following commands.

TNTT

*TRG

FFTC?

 The U2741A clears reading memory after a factory reset (*RST command), when the power is cycled, when the configuration is changed (see Chapter 4, "CONFigure Subsystem"), or on an INIT command.

Examples

CONF 10, 0.00003 //Configures to measure DC voltage at 10 V range and 30 μV resolution
 TRIG:SOUR IMM //Sets the trigger source to immediate
 READ? //Places the U2741A in wait-for-trigger state and when triggered, transfers the reading from memory to the U2741A output buffer

Typical Response: +1.45341E+00

See Also

INITiate[:IMMediate]

FFTCh?

UNIT:TEMPerature

Syntax

UNIT: TEMPerature <unit>

This command selects the units (°C, °F, or K) to be used for temperature measurements.

UNIT: TEMPerature?

This command queries the unit for temperature measurement. It will return either C, F, or K.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
unit	Discrete	{C CEL F FAR K} C, CEL = Celcius F, FAR = Fahrenheit K = Kelvin	С

Remarks

 The temperature unit selection is stored in nonvolatile memory. The selection is set to °C after a factory reset (*RST command).

Examples

UNIT: TEMP C //Sets the temperature unit to Celcius
UNIT: TEMP? //Queries the temperature unit setting

Typical Response: C

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11 IEEE Common Commands

```
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*ESE/*ESE? 145

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*IDN? 147

*OPC/*OPC? 148

*RST 149

*SRE/*SRE? 150

*STB? 151

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```

This chapter gives an introduction to the IEEE-488.2 common commands. It defines a set of common commands that perform functions such as reset, self-test, and status operations.



*CLS

Syntax

*CLS

This command is used to clear the event registers in all register groups and also clears the error queue.

Example

*CLS

//This will clear the event register bits

*ESE/*ESE?

Syntax

*ESE <value>

This command enables bits in the enable register for the Standard Event register group. The selected bits are then reported to bit 5 of the Status Byte register.

*ESE?

This will query the Standard Event register group and returns a decimal value that corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	0 to 65535	0

Remarks

For more information on the Standard Event registers, refer to Chapter 2, "SCPI Status Registers" on page 19.

Examples

*ESE 16 //This command enables bit 4 (decimal value = 16) in the enable register

*ESE? //This query returns the bits that are enabled in the register

*ESR?

Syntax

*ESR?

This query returns the value of the event register of the Standard Event group as a decimal value that corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.

Parameter

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	0 to 65535	0

Remarks

- Once a bit is set, it will remain set until cleared by reading the event register or the clear status (*CLS) command.
- For more information on the Standard Event registers, refer to Chapter 2, "SCPI Status Registers" on page 19.

Example

*ESE 16 //This command enables bit 4 (decimal value = 16) in the enable register

*ESR? //The query will return the bits enabled in the register

*IDN?

Syntax

*IDN?

This query reads the U2741A identification string which contains four comma-separated fields. The first field is the manufacturer's name, the second is the model number of the U2741A, the third is the serial number, and the fourth is the firmware revision number. This query returns a string with the following format.

KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES, U2741A, < Serial Number > , m.mm-f.ff-b.bb

m.mm = main firmware revision number

f.ff = I/O processor firmware revision number

b.bb = boot loader firmware revision number

Example

*IDN

//This query returns the U2741A indentification string

Typical Response:

KEYSIGHT TECHNOLOGIES, U2741A, MY12345678, 1.00-1.00-1.00

*OPC/*OPC?

Syntax

*OPC

Sets the "Operation Complete" bit (bit 0) in the Standard Event register after all of the previous commands have been completed.

*0PC?

This query always returns 1 to the output buffer after the previous commands have been completed. Other commands cannot be executed until this command completes.

Examples

*OPC //This command sets the "Operation Complete" bit (bit 0)

*OPC? //The following query returns 1 after the operation has completed

*RST

Syntax

*RST

This command resets the U2741A to its factory default state.

NOTE

Refer to Chapter 13, "Factory Default Settings" on page 165 for a complete listing of the U2741A default settings.

Example

*RST

//This command resets the U2741A

*SRE/*SRE?

Syntax

*SRE <value>

This command enables the bits in the Status Byte enable register. The selected enabled bits are summarized in the "Master Summary" bit (bit 6) of the Status Byte Register. If any of the selected bit condition change from 0 to 1, a Service Request is generated.

*SRE?

The query command reads the enable register and returns a decimal value that corresponds to the binary-weighted sum of all bits set in the register.

Parameters

Item	Туре	Range of values	Default value
value	Numeric	0 to 65535	0

Remarks

For more information on the Status Byte registers, refer to Chapter 2, "SCPI Status Registers" on page 19.

Examples

*SRE 16 //This command enables bit 4 (decimal value = 16) in the enable register

*SRE? //This query returns the bits enabled in the register

*STB?

Syntax

*STB?

This query reads the summary (condition) of the Status Byte register. This command is similar to a Serial Poll but it is processed like any other instrument command. This command returns the same result as a Serial Poll but the "Master Summary" bit (bit 6) is not cleared by the *STB? command.

Example

*STB?

//This query reads the Status Byte register (assume that bits 3 and 4 are set)

*TRG

Syntax

*TRG

This command triggers a measurement from the remote interface only if the bus (software) trigger source is currently selected.

Remarks

After setting the trigger source, you must set the U2741A to the "wait-for-trigger" state using the **INITiate** command. The *TRG command will not be accepted unless the U2741A is in the "wait-for-trigger" state.

Examples

The following command performs a trigger.

TRIG:SOUR BUS

INIT

*TRG

*TST?

Syntax

*TST?

This query command performs a self-test of the U2741A and returns a pass/fail indication.

Remarks

The command returns +0 (all tests passed) or +1 (one or more tests failed).

Example

*TST //This query command performs a self-test and returns a pass/fail indication

11 IEEE Common Commands

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12 SCPI Error Messages

SCPI Error Messages 156

This chapter lists down all the SCPI command errors.



SCPI Error Messages

Error messages are created once a command error or and erroneous condition has been detected.

- Errors are retrieved in first-in-first-out (FIFO) order using the SYSTem: ERRor?
 command. The first error returned is the first error that was stored. Errors are cleared as you retrieve them.
- If more than 20 errors have occured, the last error stored in the queue (the most recent error) is replaced with -350, "Queue overflow". No additional errors are stored until you remove errors from the queue. If no errors have occurred when you read the error queue, the U2741A responds with +0, "No error".
- The error queue is also cleared by the clear status (*CLS) command or when the power is cycled. The error queue is not cleared by an instrument reset (*RST) command.

Command Errors

The following table shows the list of command errors.

Table 12-1 Command Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #5)

Error number	Command errors
-100	Command error
	Generic syntax error
-101	Invalid character
	An invalid character was found in the command string. You may have inserted a character such as $\#$, $\$$, or $\%$ in a command keyword or within a parameter.
-102	Syntax error
	Invalid syntax was found in the command string. You may have inserted a blank space before or after a colon in the command header, or before a comma.
-103	Invalid separator
	An invalid separator was found in the command string. Check for proper usage of , ; :
-104	Data type error
	The wrong parameter type was found in the command string. You may have specified a number where a string was expected, or vice versa.

 Table 12-1
 Command Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #5) (continued)

Error number	Command errors
-105	GET not allowed A group execute trigger is not allowed in a command string
-108	Parameter not allowed More parameters were received than expected for the command. You may have entered an extra parameter, or you added a parameter to a command that does not accept a parameter.
-109	Missing parameter Fewer parameters were received than expected for the command. You omitted one or more parameters that are required for this command.
-110	Command header error An error was detected in the header
-111	Header separator error A character that was not a valid header separator was found in the command string
-112	Program mnemonic too long The header contains more than 12 characters
-113	Undefined header A command was received that is not valid. You may have misspelled the command or it may not be a valid command. If you are using the short form of the command, remember that it may contain up to four letters.
-114	Header suffix out of range The value of the numeric suffix is not valid
-120	Numeric data error Generic numeric data error
-121	Invalid character in number An invalid character was found in the number specified for a parameter value Example: *ESE #2
-123	Exponent too large A numeric parameter was found whose exponent was larger than 32,000
-124	Too many digits The mantissa of a numeric parameter contained more than 255 digits, excluding leading zeros
-128	Numeric data not allowed A numeric parameter was received but a character string was expected

 Table 12-1
 Command Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #5) (continued)

Error number	Command errors
-130	Suffix error
	Generic suffix error
-131	Invalid suffix
	A suffix was incorrectly specified for a numeric parameter
-134	Suffix too long
	The suffix contains more than 12 characters
-138	Suffix not allowed
	A suffix is not supported for this command
-140	Character data error
	Generic character data error
-141	Invalid character data
	Either the character data element contains an invalid character, or the element is not valid
-144	Character data too long
	The character data element contains more than 12 characters
-148	Character data not allowed
	A discrete parameter was received, but a string or numeric parameters was expected
-150	String data error
	Generic string data error
-151	Invalid string data
	An invalid character string was received. Check that the string is enclosed in quotation marks
-158	String data not allowed
	A character string was received, but is not allowed for this command
-160	Block data error
	Generic block data error
-161	Invalid block data
	The number of data bytes sent does not match the number of bytes specified in the header
-168	Block data not allowed
	Data was sent in arbitrary block format but is not allowed for this command

Table 12-1 Command Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #5) (continued)

Error number	Command errors
-170	Expression error
	Generic expression error
-171	Invalid expression
	The expression data element was invalid
-178	Expression data not allowed
	Expression data element was sent but is not allowed for this command
-180	Macro error
	An error was encountered when defining a macro or executing a macro
-181	Invalid outside macro definition
	A macro parameter placeholder was encountered outside of a macro definition
-183	Invalid inside macro definition
	The program message unit sequence, sent with a *DDT or a *DMC command, is syntactically invalid
-184	Macro parameter error
	A command inside the macro definition had the wrong number or type of parameters

Execution Errors

The execution errors are listed in the table below.

Table 12-2 Execution Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #4)

Error number	Execution errors
-200	Execution error
	Generic syntax error
-201	Invalid while in local
	A command is not executable while the device is in local mode due to a hard local control
-202	Settings lost due to RTL
	A setting associated with a hard local control was lost when the device changed to LOCS from REMS or to LWLS from RWLS $$
-210	Trigger error
	Generic trigger error

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 Table 12-2
 Execution Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #4) (continued)

Error number	Execution errors
-211	Trigger ignored A Group Execute Trigger (GET) or *TRG was received but the trigger was ignored
-212	Arm ignored An arming signal was received and recognized by the device but was ignored
-213	Init ignored A request for a measurement initiation was ignored as another measurement was already in progress
-214	Trigger deadlock A trigger source for the initiation of a measurement is set to GET and a subsequent measurement query is received. The measurement cannot begin until a GET is received, but the GET would cause an INTERRUPTED error.
-215	Arm deadlock The arm source for the initiation of a measurement is set to GET and a subsequent measurement query is received. The measurement cannot begin until a GET is received, but the GET would cause an INTERRUPTED error.
-220	Parameter error A data element related error occurred
-221	Settings conflict A data element could not be executed because of the present instrument state
-222	Data out of range A data element could not be executed because the value was outside the valid range
-223	Too much data A data element was received that contains more data than the U2741A can handle
-224	Illegal parameter value An exact value was expected but not received
-230	Data corrupt or stale Possibly an invalid data. A new reading was started but not completed
-231	Data questionable The measurement accuracy is suspect
-240	Hard ware error The command could not be executed because of a hardware problem with the U2741A
-241	Hard ware missing The command could not be executed because of missing hardware, such as an option

 Table 12-2
 Execution Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #4) (continued)

Error number	Execution errors
-260	Expression error
	An expression program data element related error occurred
-261	Math error in expression
	An expression program data element could not be executed due to a math error
-270	Macro error
	A macro-related execution error occurred. This error message is used when the device cannot detect the more specific errors described for errors –271 through –278.
-271	Macro syntax error
	A syntactically legal macro program data sequence, written in accordance with IEEE 488.2, 10.7.2, could not be executed due to a syntax error within the macro definition
-272	Macro execution error
	A syntactically legal macro program data sequence could not be executed due to an error within the macro definition
-273	Illegal macro label
	The macro label defined in the *DMC command was a legal string syntax, but could not be accepted by the device. For example, the label was too long, the same as a common command header, or contained invalid header syntax.
-274	Macro parameter error
	The macro definition improperly used a macro parameter placeholder
-275	Macro definition too long
	A syntactically legal macro program data sequence could not be executed because the string or block contents were too long for the device to handle
-276	Macro recursion error
	A syntactically legal macro program data sequence could not be executed because the device found it to be recursive
-277	Macro redefinition not allowed
	The macro label defined in the *DMC command could not be executed because the macro label was already defined
-278	Macro header not found
	A syntactically legal macro label in the *GMC? query could not be executed because the header was not previously defined

Device Dependent Errors

The table below contains the device-dependent errors.

 Table 12-3
 Device Dependent Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #3)

Error number	Device dependent errors
-310	System error This indicates that some error, termed as "system error" by the device, has occurred. The U2741A internal operation has not completed properly, possibly due to an abnormal hardware or firmware condition.
-313	Calibration memory lost The nonvolatile memory used to store the U2741A calibration constants has detected a checksum error which may be caused by a device failure or extreme conditions such as lightning or strong magnetic fields
-315	Configuration memory lost The nonvolatile memory used to store the U2741A configuration settings has detected a checksum error which may be caused by a device failure or extreme conditions such as lightning or strong magnetic fields
-321	Out of memory There is insufficient working memory available
-330	Sel f-test failed An executed self-test failed
-350	Queue overflow The error queue is full because more than 20 errors have occurred. No additional errors are stored until you remove the errors from the queue.

Query Errors

The list of query errors is shown in the following table.

 Table 12-4
 Query Errors (these errors set Standard Event Status register bit #2)

Error number	Query errors
-400	Query error
	Generic error query
-410	Query INTERRUPTED
	A condition causing an interrupted query error occurred
-420	Query UNTERMINATED
	A condition causing an unterminated query error occurred
-430	Query DEADLOCKED
	A condition causing a deadlocked query error occurred
-440	Query UNTERMINATED after indefinite response
	A query was received in the same program message after a query indicating an indefinite response was executed

Self-Test Errors

The self-test errors are listed in the following table.

Table 12-5 Self-Test Errors

Error number	Self-test errors
601	Calibration constant corrupted This indicates that the U2741A has failed to retrieve the valid calibration constants from the nonvolatile memory
605	A/D & FE measure zero This indicates that the U2741A has failed to communicate with A/D converter or has front end switching error

Calibration Errors

The calibration errors are listed in the following table.

Table 12-6 Calibration Errors

Error number	Calibration errors
702	Cal secured
	The multimeter is secured against calibration
703	Invalid secure code
	An invalid calibration security code was received when attempting to unsecure or secure the multimeter. You must use the same security code to unsecure the multimeter as was used to secure it, and vice versa. The security code may contain up to 12 alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter.
704	Secure code too long
	A security code was received which contained more than 12 characters
705	Cal aborted
	A calibration in progress is aborted when you send a device clear, or change the local/remote state of the multimeter
706	Cal value out of range
	The specified calibration value (CALibration: VALue) is invalid for the present function and range

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13 Factory Default Settings

This chapter will list the factory default settings.



Remarks

- The U2741A is shipped with the factory default settings.
- It is set once the *RST or SYST: PRES command is sent to the U2741A.
- Below are the factory default settings.

Measurement configuration	Factory settings
Function	DC volts
Range	Autorange (for all functions)
Resolution	5.5 digits (1.50e-6)
NPLC	20
Autozero	OFF
Frequency	OFF
Line frequency	50

Triggering operations	Factory settings
Trigger source	Immediate
CONFigure:SSI	NONE
Fetch buffer	CLEAR

Details

DCV parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (10 V)
Autozero	OFF
Resolution	1.50e-6
NPLC	20

DCI parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (1 A)
Autozero	OFF

DCI parameters	Factory settings
Resolution	1.50e-6
NPLC	20

ACV parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (10 V)

ACI parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (1 A)

RES parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (1 kΩ)
Autozero	OFF
Resolution	1.50e-6
NPLC	20

FRES parameters	Factory settings
Range	AUTO (1 kΩ)
Resolution	1.50e-6
NPLC	20

TEMP parameters	Factory settings
Probe type	THER
Autozero	OFF
Resolution	1.50e-6
NPLC	20
Unit temperature	°C

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