

CSCE 221 Assignment 3 Cover Page

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Type of sources				
People	Peng Li	Peer Teacher	Dr. Teresa Leyk	
Web pages (provide URL)	http://www.cplusplus.com/			
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On my honor as an Aggie, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized help on this academic work.

Your Name Chris Comeaux Date 3/1/2016

Program Description

This program utilizes Linked Lists and vectors to create a database that holds information on different books. The first part is centered around creating a Doubly Linked List. The students first created a simple Doubly Linked List, then a Doubly Linked List for integers, and finally a templated Doubly Linked List. In part 2, the students create a simple program that allowed user to search a database utilizing Linked Lists and add to the database.

Purpose of the Assignment

The purpose of the assignment was to grow student's knowledge of Linked Lists. The students had to use their knowledge and understanding of Linked List to write the implementation of the Linked List and write an application for it.

Data Structures Description

The data structure that I learned about was the Doubly Linked List. It is a sequence of nodes that are 'linked' by pointers. Every node has 3 parts. The first part of the node is a pointer that points to the previous node, the middle part holds the data, and the third part is another pointer that points to the next node. The nodes were implemented by using a class called DListNode. This class has three members: obj, which holds the data, prev, which holds the pointer to the previous node, and next, which holds the pointer to the next node. It also provides a few member functions which are getElem(), getElemT(), getNext(), and getPrev(). All of the functions do the same thing; they provide access to private members of the class. Also, they all run in $O(1)$. The Doubly Linked List was implemented by using the DoublyLinkedList class, which is a friend of DListNode. This class provides two member functions: header and trailer. These are both 'dummy' nodes which are used to help keep track of the first and last nodes and help to see if the list is empty. DoublyLinkedList provides many member function that do a wide range of things. Some of these function include: a constructor and destructor, overloaded output operator, insertOrderly() function, and many other access functions. Since DoublyLinkedList is a friend of DListNode, it is able to access all of its members. To use DoublyLinkedList, first construct an object, then insert nodes by using the insertOrderly() function, which will insert nodes in order from smallest to largest. Finally, you can use the member functions to manipulate the DoublyLinkedList to use it for various applications.

Algorithm Description

Part 1

- **insert_before(int d):** This function inserts a new node with the integer d into a linked list. It is called with the node that you wish to insert before. It then uses that node as a reference to insert the new node into the list. Its running function is $f(n) = 3$ which is $O(1)$.
- **insert_after(int d):** This function inserts a new node with the integer d into a linked list. It is called with the node that you wish to insert after. It then uses that node as a reference to insert the new node into the list. Its running function is $f(n) = 3$ which is $O(1)$.
- **delete_before():** This function deletes a node from linked list. It is called with the node that is after the node you wish to delete. It then uses that node as a reference to delete the node from the list. Its running function is $f(n) = 4$ which is $O(1)$.
- **delete_after():** This function deletes a node from linked list. It is called with the node that is before the node you wish to delete. It then uses that node as a reference to delete the node from the list. Its running function is $f(n) = 4$ which is $O(1)$.
- **Copy Constructor:** This allows you to copy the contents of an existing Doubly Linked List into a new Doubly Linked List, giving you two, totally separate, Doubly Linked Lists. It does a deep copy of the first Doubly

Linked List and copies everything to a new Doubly Linked List. The run time function is $f(n) = 2n+4$, which is $O(n)$.

- **Assignment Constructor:** This allows you to assign one existing Doubly Linked List to another existing Doubly Linked List. It first deletes the data from one Doubly Linked List and then does a deep copy of the other Doubly Linked List into the first Double Linked List. Its running time function is $f(n) = n+2n+6 = 3n+6$ which is $O(n)$.
- **Output Operator:** This overloads the $<<$ operator and allows you to output all of the data stored in the Doubly Linked List. Its running time function is $f(n) = n+1$ which is $O(n)$.

Part 2

- **Overloaded Input Operator:** This allows you to write to all of the member of Record with using only one $>>$ operator from either a keyboard or a file. It uses the `getline()` function to read one line at time and then stores the data in the correct member. Its run time function is $f(n) = 5$ which is $O(1)$.
- **Overloaded Output Operator:** This allows you to output all of the Record's data with one $<<$ operator to wither the screen or a file. Its run time function is $f(n) = 5$ which is $O(1)$.
- **Overloaded Less-Than Operator:** This operator allows you to do a less-than compare of two records. First it compares the Record's titles, if they are the same, then it compares the Record's author, and if those are the same, it will compare the Record's ISBN. If all three are the same, it will return false. The run time function is $f(n) = 3$ which is $O(1)$
- **insertOrderly(const T& obj):** This function will allow you to insert a new node into a Doubly Linked List while keeping the correct alphabetic order. The average run time function is $f(n) = 4n + 4$ which is $O(n)$.
- **search(vector<DoublyLinkedList<Record>>&, string, vector<Record>&):** This function will search the database of Records based on a name you provide it. It modifies a passed-in vector of Records that holds the results. If the vector is empty then the search could not find the Record with that name. If the size is 1 then the search function found the Record and stored it in the vector. If the size is greater that one, then it found more than one record with that name and stores both in the vector. The average run time function is $f(n) = 3n + 2$ which is $O(n)$.

Program Organization and Description of Classes

I put most of the files into one header file because that was how they were given to me. The `SimplyDoublyLinkedList` definitions and implementations were in a single .cpp file called `SimplyDoublyLinkedList.cpp`. The `DoubleLinkedList` was split up into a header file, named `DoublyLinkedList.h`, which contained the definitions and a .cpp file, named `DoublyLinkedList.cpp`, which contained the implementation. The `TemplatedDoublyLinkedList` was in one header file, name `TemplatedDoublyLinkedList.h`, and contained both the definitions and implementations. `Record`'s definitions and implementations are in one header file named `Record.h`. The main function for Part 2 is located in `LibraryManagementSystem.cpp`.

Instructions to Compile and Run your Program

To compile part 1 navigate to the Part1 directory using `cd csce221/PA3/Part1/...` The '...' is which program you would like to compile; they include `SimplyDoublyLinkedList`, `DoubleLinkedList`, and `TemplatedDoublyLinkedList`. Each of these directories have their own Makefile. To compile, just use the 'make' command. This will compile the program and produce and executable file. To run par 1, locate the name of the output file which is listed in the Makefile. Then use the command `./...` to run the program.(... is the name of the executable file) To compile part 2, navigate the the Part2 directory by using `cd cse221/PA3/Part2`. Then use the 'make' command to compile. To run the program use `./LibraryManagmentSystem`.

Input and Output Specifications

One specification is that the user must input new books in order of title, author's name, 13-digit ISBN, publishing year, and edition. Also, the user must press enter after entering one of the members. This allows the input operator to write to the correct member. Another specification is the the book titles must be capitalized correctly or they will not be stored correctly in the database. Finally, the user must enter a book title that starts with an capitalized letter otherwise the search function will return an empty vector. There are no cases that will cause the program to crash or throw an exception.

Logical Exceptions

The program will not crash due to any logical exceptions. The only case that will catch an exception is if a file does not open correctly.

C++ object oriented or generic programming features

Both object oriented and generic programming were used in this assignment. The object oriented features include abstraction and inheritance. Abstraction was used because the implementation of DoublyLinkedList and Record was hidden in header files. Also, all classes used private members. Inheritance was used when I defined classes and operators as friends to other classes. For example, DoubleLinkedList was a friend of DListNode so it could access DListNode's private members. Generic programming was used when I templated DoublyLinkedList.

Tests

In a valid case, the program will either output a Record, output more than one Records and ask the user to specify, or ask the user to enter a new Record into the database. In an invalid case, the program will not output any Records and ask the user to input a new Record. The random case will either be an invalid case or a valid case so it will output the same as those cases.

Valid Case:

```
J. K. Rowling
978-0439136365
2001
1st edition

H is for Hawk
Helen Macdonald
978-0802123411
2015
1st edition

Harry Potter And The Chamber Of Secrets
J. K. Rowling
978-0439064873
2000
1st edition

Harry Potter and the Cursed Child
J. K. Rowling
978-1338099133
2016
1st edition

Pride and Prejudice
Jane Austen
978-7020040179
1993
1st edition

Red Sorghum: A Novel of China
Mo Yan
978-0140168549
1994
Reissue edition

The Kite Runner
Khaled Hosseini
978-1594631931
2013
1st edition

The War that Saved My Life
Kimberly Brubaker Bradley
978-0803740815
2015
1st edition

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Menu

Please enter a book title(using the correct capitalization) to seach for
Harry Potter and the Cursed Child
The book was found in the database:
Harry Potter and the Cursed Child
J. K. Rowling
978-1338099133
2016
1st edition

[cmc236]@build ~/csce221/PA3/Part2> (20:35:20 03/01/16)
:: █
```

Invalid case:

```
978-0439874022
2015
2nd edition

Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban
J. K. Rowling
978-0439136365
2001
1st edition

H is for Hawk
Helen Macdonald
978-0802123411
2015
1st edition

Harry Potter And The Chamber Of Secrets
J. K. Rowling
978-0439064873
2000
1st edition

Harry Potter and the Cursed Child
J. K. Rowling
978-1338099133
2016
1st edition

Pride and Prejudice
Jane Austen
978-7020040179
1993
1st edition

Red Sorghum: A Novel of China
Mo Yan
978-0140168549
1994
Reissue edition

The Kite Runner
Khaled Hosseini
978-1594631931
2013
1st edition

The War that Saved My Life
Kimberly Brubaker Bradley
978-0803740815
2015
1st edition

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Menu

Please enter a book title(using the correct capitalization) to search for
789
A book with that title was not found in the list.
Plese provide the book information to be entered into the database.
Enter the information in order of title, author's name, 13-digit ISBN, publishing year, and edition
and press 'Enter' after each.
```