CAN WE LEARN FROM FOMC STATEMENTS/MINUTES ABOUT THE PROBABILITY OF A FUTURE CHANGE IN INTEREST RATES?

Group 4D-Intelli

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WHY THIS TOPIC?

- Fed is a very predictable central bank and that its communications have helped markets to anticipate future policy rate changes
- Through textual analysis of transcripts of FOMC meetings, can we identify the primary concerns that cause the Federal Reserve to change the target federal funds rate?
- Can we do this by quantifying the content of the meeting?
- We want to answer the above questions



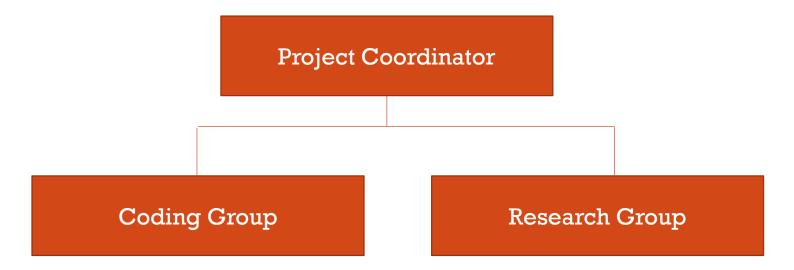
WHY IS FONC STATEMENTS/MINUTES IMPORTANT?

- Over time, the Fed has substantially increased its level of transparency thereby aiming at making monetary policy more effective.
- the release of the minutes can have a sizable impact on Treasury bond yields. The
 impacts are largest when the tone of the minutes differs from the tone of the
 statement. This presumably leads markets to change their expectations of future
 monetary policy.
- The Fed is a highly predictable central bank and its communications have helped markets to anticipate future policy rate changes. The policy decision and communications by which the Fed or its officials explain monetary policy may have an impact on the market assessment of the future monetary policy course.



GROUP INTRODUCTION &

- Who are we?
- We are a collaborative team combined with coding skills and research skills.
- We use coding methods (Python) to do data scraping and tokenization
- We implement our trading data with research theories to do academic studies





MEMBER LIST AND

- Yuhang Xia- Team leader & Coordinator
- Chon Wai Ho- Specialty in data collecting and data cleaning
- HyunJin Cho-Well executed in term tokenization and bow claculation
- Xueyang Wei- Proficient at acquiring online data, familiar with selenium, request and scraping. Responsible for data processing
- Jiahao Sun- Adept at data merging
- Diyi Li- Skilled in data organizing and data analyzing
- Cheng Peng- Good at paper research and analysis



HOW WE DO THIS == :--SUB TASKS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. Scrape the FOMC statements/minutes from the website –Yuhang Xia
- 2. Collect the daily interest rate data from US government –Chon Wai Ho
- 3. Tokenize the FOMC minutes –Cho Hyun Jin
- 4. Calculate the bag of words –XueYang Wei
- 5. Data merging- Jiahao Sun
- 6. Evaluate predictive performance-Cheng Peng
- 7. Upload our finding and everything to the github- Diyi Li



FORSEE THE RESULT-WHAT WE ARE LOOKING FOR(OUR GOAL)

- In this project, we examine whether the release of statements/minutes has helped markets in real time to predict the federal funds rate.
- Hopefully we will find that timely FOMC meeting minutes have provided assurance to markets about the most likely path of future interest rates.
- our textual analysis reveals insights on the relative frequencies of topics discussed during FOMC meetings and their change over time.



TIMETABLE &WHAT WE HAVE DONE SO FAR

Week 5 (by Feb 23rd)

Hands on Project, finish the first 2 steps: (done) Scrape online & Collect interest rate

Week 6& 7 (by Mar 8th)
 Data processing & Get first result

Week 8 (by March 15th)Wrap up and blog post



查看

MCTranscriptAnalysis-master > feddata > 1982

名称

- FOMC19820202meeting.pdf
- FOMC19820202meeting.txt
- FOMC19820202meetingStop.txt
- FOMC19820202meetingStopstemmed.txt
- FOMC19820330meeting.pdf
- FOMC19820330meeting.txt
- FOMC19820330meetingStop.txt
- FOMC19820330meetingStopstemmed.txt
- FOMC19820518meeting.pdf
- FOMC19820518meeting.txt
- FOMC19820518meetingStop.txt
- FOMC19820518meetingStopstemmed.txt
- FOMC19820520confcall.pdf

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on some catch-up theory. How many other people areengaged in that it ours and then wewill be in the hole next year!MR. ZEISEL. You tocontinue to be characterized by relatively high wage settlen idthe easy strategy, number 2, has inflation virtually leveling the price side.to outside forecasts, we have a fairly optimistic mirroring the decline in unit labor costs. There apparently isn't 'esee some realgrowth.It's small relative to past cycles, but it iside risks, particularly in the shorter term.MR. PARTEE.That's .s worthwhile to think about where the shocks could be.Wehad, wh ited.that are unanticipated are precisely that; we can't predict pigBut I must say that in recentshock that would cause a real bu ession?the last few weeks.MR. KEEHN. I think there's more commer :the so-called raw z-scores, the predictors of bankruptcy, as to ; one of the fundamental differences in thepicture now.CHAIRMAN >recast] a scenario that could be quite explosive. This levelof :hat puzzles me. How would you explain that?MR. PRELL. Well, the ig that we cannot control interest rates except maybevery tempor :ial dropping to the lowest level since 1960. That is a fairly lor of alternatives was set forth--strategies one, two, and three, ten away, output dropped and theunemployment rate rose. That was no change in monetary policy?That'scorrect.№2/1-2/82MS. TEETEF



FURTHER PLAN



• We will stick to our plan to finish the whole process, each part in our workflow my iterate, however, as our work go deeper, we may find it necessary to make some adjustment in our work flows to achieve our final goal.



CONCLUSION AND OUTLOOK

- Understanding how interest rate changes with regards to FOMC communications requires qualitative information into quantitative measures.
- In this project, we apply pre-processing methods and transformations that lead to statistical analysis using machine learning methodology to interpret FOMC transcripts.
- We hope to find empirical evidence on the correlation between FOMC statements/minutes and interest rate return
- We aim to deliver high-quality code and presentations, and we are very excited about what we will finally get as a result.



Q & A

