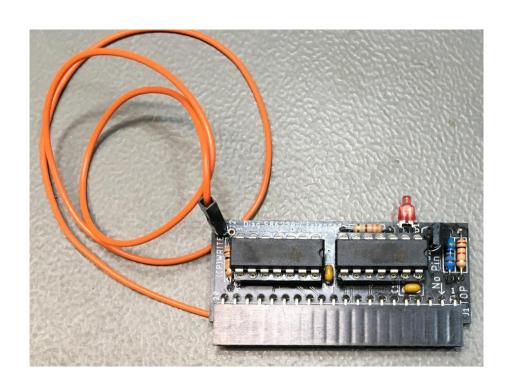
# **Project Documentation**

# Diagnostic Rev. 586220 – Extended Keyboard Dongle

Project number: 143

Revision: 1

Date: 11.03.2020



# Module Description

# Introduction

The extended Keyboard Dongle is meant to be an extension to existing Diagnostic Harnesses. It prevents the false OK when testing the control ports, while the keyboard PCB is inserted. This is accomplished by analog switches for the feedbacks, that are in common with the joystick signals on the control ports.

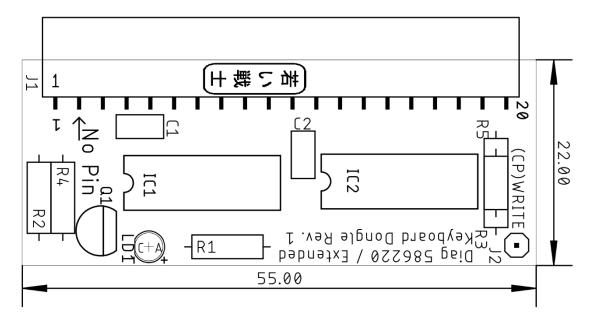


Figure 1: Dimensions of the PCB

The extended Keyboard Dongle for Diagnostic 586220 provides the required feedback connections for testing the C64's CIA U1, which the keyboard is connected to. An LED serves as an alternative power and operation indicator. It is normally on and switches off while testing the Control Ports.

The Restore key is connected to a dedicated line and is not tested.

# What does Extended Keyboard PCB do better than the normal keyboard PCB?

As long as the old keyboard dongle is connected to the keyboard header, the feedbacks bridge the analog switches for testing the control ports. These analog switches are found on the User Port PCB. They are inside the two 4066 ICs there.

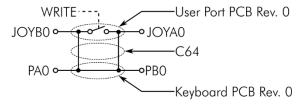


Figure 2: Test situation with the original diagnostic harness

11.03.2020 09:59

Doc.-No.: 143-6-01-01

For properly testing the control ports, the old keyboard dongle has to be removed. This way, the test actually requires two passes. Otherwise, the control ports are tested improperly. A broken trace to the control port or a defective port connector would not be detected.

The extended Keyboard Dongle provides switched feedbacks for the signals, that are shared with the joysticks.

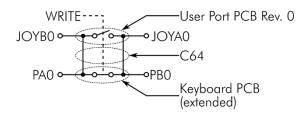


Figure 3: Test situation with the extended Keyboard Dongle

These are PBO↔PAO, PB1↔PA1, PB2↔PA2, PB3↔PA3 and PB4↔PA4. The switches are opened by a (cassette port) WRITE signal going high, which also closes the connection on the user port dongle at the same time. The reason is, that

This WRITE signal is generated via a voltage divider on the user Port Dongle, which is also fed back to the Cassette Port Dongle. It can be found on Pin 5 of the cassette edge connector (on every kind of test harness). An existing harness can be easily modified by soldering a 40cm Dupont cable to the indicated Pin (refer to Figure 4), which is then connected to J2 (one pin) of the extended Keyboard Dongle.

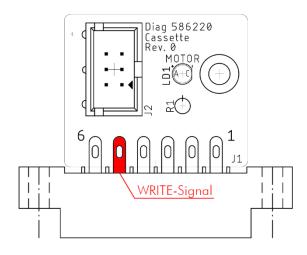


Figure 4: Locating the Write signal

In case this cable is not connected, the extended Keyboard Dongle shows a behavior, that depends on which resistor R3 or R5 is placed. In case R3 is placed, it works like a normal keyboard dongle. The analog switches are closed.

In case R5 is placed, the keyboard feedbacks are open in case J2 is not connected. The test would report keyboard "BAD" (not open, since 3 feedbacks are still present). This might be the preferred behavior, since it indicates that the test did not work properly due to a lack of WRITE signal on this dongle. The LED is switched off, too.

The open state of the switches is indicated by the LED, which is off while testing the control ports (this needs to be observed).

11.03.2020 09:59

Doc.-No.: 143-6-01-01

The extended Keyboard Dongle works with all versions of the standard Diagnostic 586220 software. A modification of the software is not required.



Figure 5: The Extended Keyboard Dongle on an ASSY 250469

# Connections

J1: 20p receptacle (pitch 2.54mm)

Pin	Signal		Signal	Pin
5	PB3	$\leftrightarrow$	PA3	17
6	PB6	$\leftrightarrow$	PA6	14
7	PB5	$\leftrightarrow$	PA5	15
8	PB4	$\leftrightarrow$	PA4	16
9	PB7	$\leftrightarrow$	PA7	20
10	PB2	$\leftrightarrow$	PA2	18
11	PB1	$\leftrightarrow$	PA1	19
12	PB0	$\leftrightarrow$	PA0	13

J2: Single pin (DuPont). Input for the WRITE signal from the Cassette Port (Dongle).

# Revision History

### Rev O

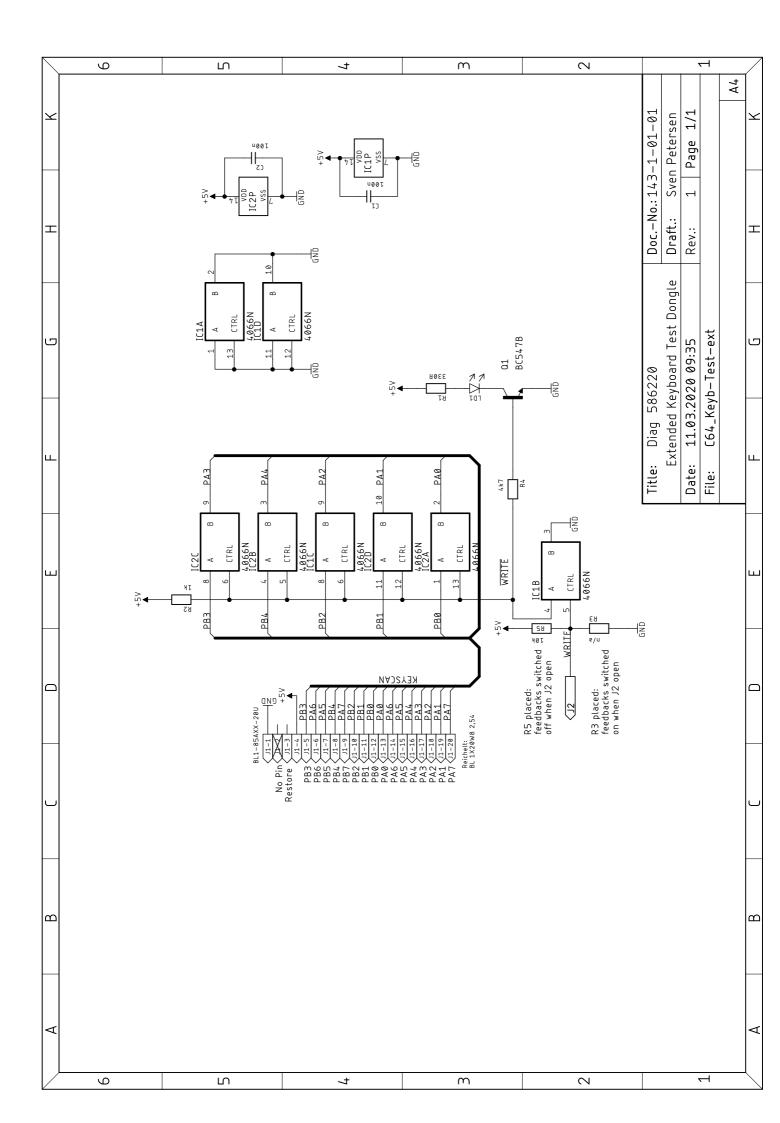
Prototype. It requires a modification for working properly (see document 143-6-02-00).

## Rev. 1

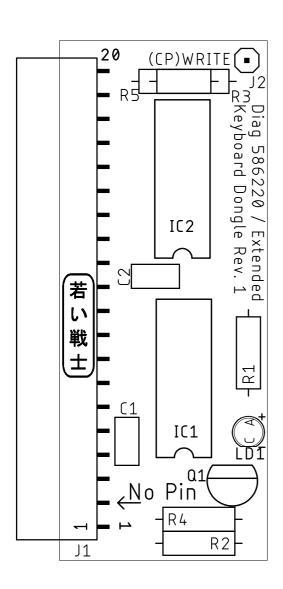
- Board revision
- Required modifications (tested on Rev. 0)
- R5 is new for a choice of behavior while J2 (WRITE) is open

11.03.2020 09:59

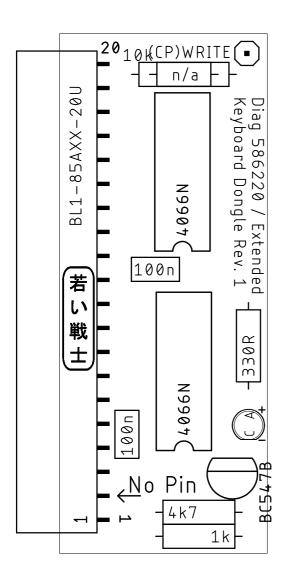
Doc.-No.: 143-6-01-01



Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-6	01-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-La	yers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t			
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1
placement component	side			

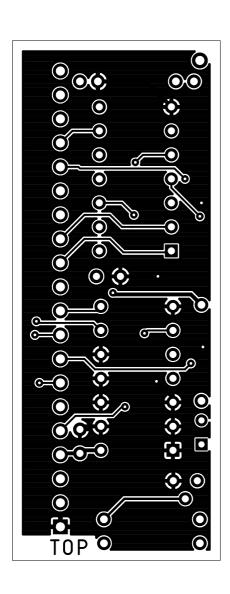


Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-	01-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-La	yers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t			
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1
placement component	side			

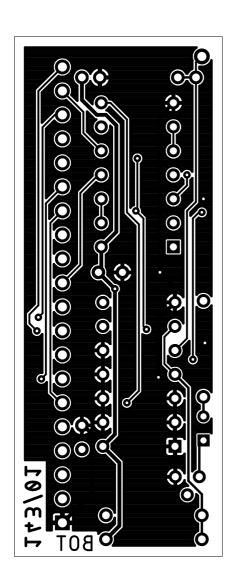


R5 and R3 can be placed alternatively R5 is the left pads, R3 is the right pads.

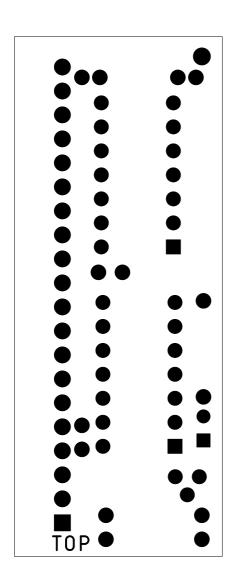
Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-01-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-Layers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t		
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.: 1
top			



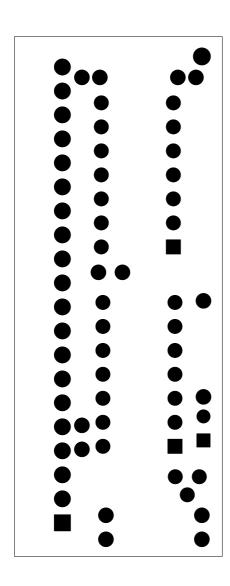
Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-0	1-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-Lay	ers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t			
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1
bottom				



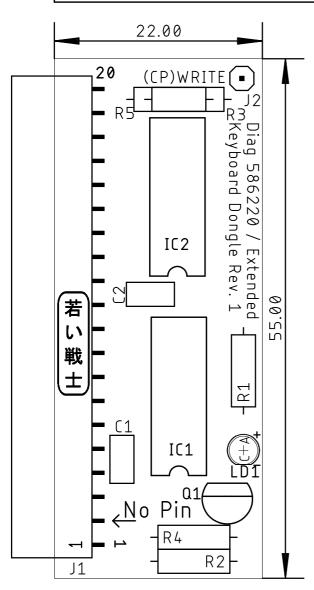
Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-	01-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-La	yers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t			
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1
stopmask component	side			



Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-	01-01
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-La	yers: 2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t			
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1
stopmask solder side				



Sven Petersen	Doc.	-No.: 1	43-2-	01-0	1
2020	Cu:	$35\mu m$	Cu-La	yers:	2
C64_Keyb-Test-ext	t				
11.03.2020 09:38			Rev.:	1	
placement component	side	mea	sures		



# Diagnostic 586220 Harness - Keyboard Dongle Extended Rev. 1

# **Testing**

The **Rev.** O prototype was not functional and required a modification to work properly.

R2 had to be changed from 10k to 1k and an additional resistor (R4) had to be inserted between the pull up and the base of Q1.

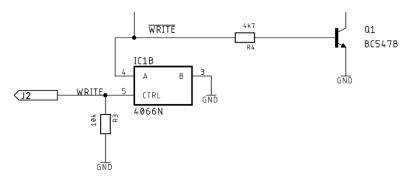


Figure 1: Required modification on Rev. 0

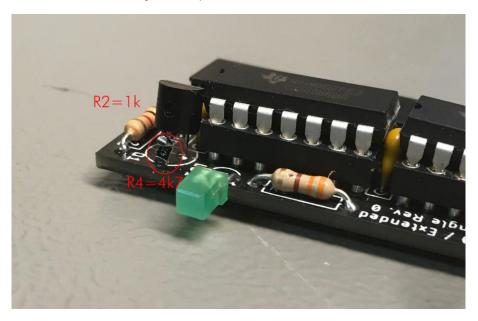


Figure 2: Modified Board Rev. 0

The modified Extended Keyboard Dongle was connected to a C64 (ASSY250469) instead of a Keyboard Dongle Rev. 0. The rest of the Diagnostic Harness was also connected to the C64. J2 (for the WRITE signal) was left open. The diagnostic Rev. 586220 test was running as usual, the keyboard and the control port were reported "OK".

The WRITE signal was connected to J2. The test was repeated, both, the Control Ports and the Keyboard were reported "OK".

IC2 was extracted from the socket (= four missing keyboard feedbacks). The test was repeated and the keyboard was reported "BAD". IC2 was re-installed.

IC1 on the User Port Dongle was extracted from the socket (= four missing control port feedbacks). The test was repeated and the control ports were reported "BAD".

WRITE was disconnected from the Extended Keyboard Dongle. The test was repeated and the Control Ports were reported "OK" (which is a false OK, because the feedbacks are missing). IC1 was reinstalled on the User Port Dongle. WRITE was connected to J2.

Finally, a 3 hours test run was performed, no problems were reported.

# The modified Extended Keyboard Dongle Rev. 0 is fully functional. A PCB revision is required.

Rev. 1 was built and tested. Without the cable to the write signal, the feedbacks are open (R5 is placed), the keyboard is reported as "BAD". With the WRITE signal connected, the keyboard is reported "OK", the LED is normally on and goes off three times per test pass.

Rev. 1 is fully functional.

# Diagnostic Rev. 586220 Harness - Extended Keyboard Dongle Rev. 1

Bill of Material Rev. 1.0

				)
Pos.	Qty Value	Footprint	RefNo.	Comment
_	1 143-2-01-01	2 Layer	PCB Rev. 1	2 layer, Cu 35µ, HASL, 22.0mm × 55.0mm, 1.6mm FR4
2	1 3mm green	3MM	LD1	LED
က	1 pin header 1x1p	1X01	J2	standard, suitable for dupont pin
4	2 100n	C-5	C1, C2	ceramic cap, 2.5mm pitch
2	1 n/a	R-10	R3	1/4 Watt, 5%
9	1 330R	R-10	R1	1/4 Watt, 5%
7	2 HCF4066B	DIL14	IC1, IC2	ST Micro or equivalent
∞	1 BC547B	TO92	ଚ	NPN Transistor
6	1 BL1-85AXX-20U	BL1-85AXX-20U	l J1	e.g. MPE Garry, Reichelt BL 1x20W8 2,54
10	1 1k	R-10	R2	1/4 Watt, 5%
11	1 4k7	R-10	R4	inserted between the base pad and the base of Q1
12	1 10k	R-10	R5	1/4 Watt, 5%

Rev. History Rev.  $0.0 \rightarrow \text{Rev. } 0.1$ 

10 value of R2 11 R4 is new **Rev. 0.1 → Rev. 1.0** 1 Board Revision

Pos Pos

11 integrated into layout Pos Pos Pos

12 new