

```
In [2]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 dades = {'Nom': ['Sònia', 'Laura', 'David', 'Rosa', 'Sam'],
3          'Dept': ['PROD', 'ADMIN', 'MANT', 'ADMIN', 'PROD'],
4          'DiesV': [32, 55, 20, 43, 30]}
5 df = pd.DataFrame(dades)
```

	Nom	Dept	DiesV
0	Sònia	PROD	32
1	Laura	ADMIN	55
2	David	MANT	20
3	Rosa	ADMIN	43
4	Sam	PROD	30

```
In [4]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 ventas = pd.DataFrame({"A": [41, 32, 56, 18],
3                          "B": [17, 54, 6, 78],
4                          "C": [12, 13, 16, 18] })
```

	A	B	C
0	41	17	12
1	32	54	13
2	56	6	16
3	18	78	18

```
In [10]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 ventas = pd.DataFrame({"A": [41, 32, 56, 18],
3                          "B": [17, 54, 6, 78],
4                          "C": [12, 13, 16, 18] },
5 index = ["Gen", "Feb", "Mar", "Abr"])
```

	A	B	C
Gen	41	17	12
Feb	32	54	13
Mar	56	6	16
Abr	18	78	18

Práctica P01 Ejercicio 1: Dado este diccionario crea un DataFrame con nombre de columnas 'nombre' y 'nota': notas={'Juan':9.0,'María':6.5,'Pablo':4.0,'Carmen':8.5,'Luis':5.0}
Calcula la nota mínima, la máxima, la media y la desviación típica.

```
In [17]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 notas={'Juan':9.0,'María':6.5,'Pablo':4.0,'Carmen':8.5,'Luis':5.0}
3 df = pd.DataFrame({'nombre':notas.keys(),
4                    'nota':notas.values()})
5
6 print (df)
7 print("datos estadísticos")
```

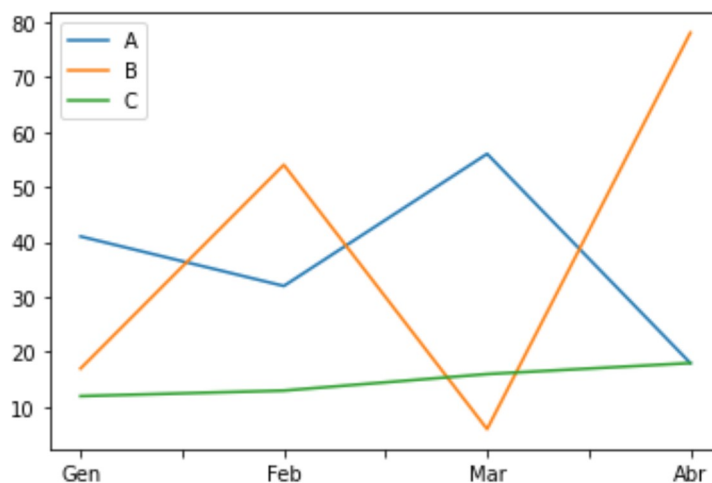
	nombre	nota
0	Juan	9.0
1	María	6.5
2	Pablo	4.0
3	Carmen	8.5
4	Luis	5.0

datos estadísticos

	nota
count	5.000000
mean	6.600000
std	2.162175
min	4.000000
25%	5.000000
50%	6.500000
75%	8.500000
max	9.000000

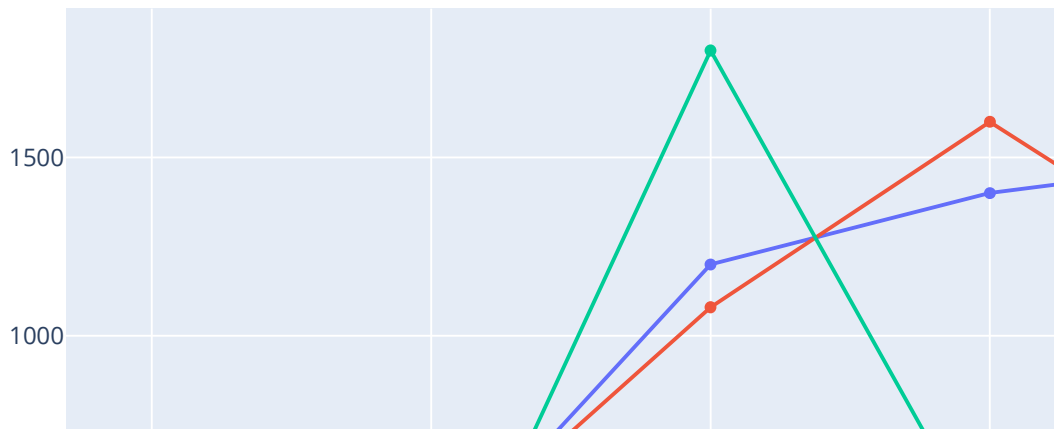
```
In [25]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 ventas = pd.DataFrame({"A":[41,32,56,18],
3 "B":[17,54,6,78],
4 "C":[12,13,16,18] },
5 index = ["Gen", "Feb", "Mar", "Abr"])
6 ventas.plot()
```

Out[25]: <AxesSubplot:>



Ejercicio 4 Añade 3 productos y un año a la siguiente gráfica.

```
In [4]: 1 import plotly.graph_objects as go
2 x = ["Manzanas", "Peras", "Bananas"]
3 year2021 = [200, 350, 1200]
4 year2022 = [700, 380, 1080]
5 x = x + ["Fresa", "Nispero", "Piña"]
6 year2021 = year2021 + [1400, 1500, 100]
7 year2022 = year2022 + [1600, 1100, 260]
8 year2023 = [123, 111, 1800, 400, 655, 988]
9 fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Scatter(x=x, y=year2021, name='2021'),
10                                go.Scatter(x=x, y=year2022, name='2022'),
11                                go.Scatter(x=x, y=year2023, name='2023')])
12
13
14
```



```
In [8]: 1 import pandas as pd
        2
        3
        4 import plotly.graph_objects as go
        5
        6 df = pd.read_csv( 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/asalber/manual-pyt
        7
        8 df.info()
        9 df = df.dropna()
       10
       11 print(df.sort_values(by=['colesterol']))
       12
       13 fig = px.line(df, x="nombre", y="peso", title='Peso')
       14 fig.show()
       15 fig = px.line(df, x="nombre", y="colesterol", title='Colesterol')
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 14 entries, 0 to 13
```

```
Data columns (total 6 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	nombre	14 non-null	object
1	edad	14 non-null	int64
2	sexo	14 non-null	object
3	peso	13 non-null	float64
4	altura	14 non-null	float64
5	colesterol	13 non-null	float64

```
dtypes: float64(3), int64(1), object(2)
```

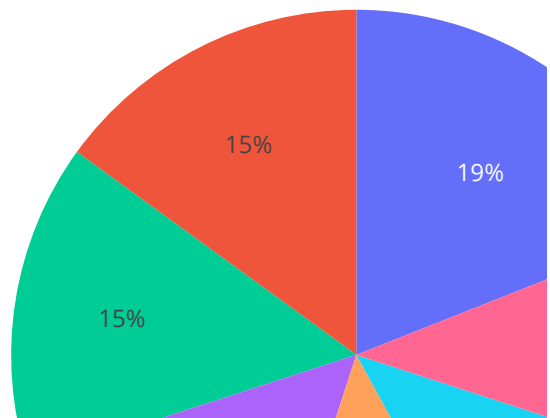
```
memory usage: 800.0+ bytes
```

	nombre	edad	sexo	peso	altura	colesterol
4	Marisa López Collado	46	M	51.0	1.58	148.0
0	José Luis Martínez Izquierdo	18	H	85.0	1.79	182.0
13	Carolina Rubio Moreno	20	M	61.0	1.77	194.0
11	José María de la Guía Sanz	58	H	78.0	1.87	198.0
3	Carmen López Pinzón	35	M	65.0	1.70	200.0

```
In [5]: 1 import pandas as pd
        2
        3 URL = 'http://raw.githubusercontent.com/BindiChen/machine-learning/mast
        4 df = pd.read_json(URL)
        5
        6 print(df)
```

	id	name	math	physics	chemistry
0	A001	Tom	60	66	61
1	A002	James	89	76	51
2	A003	Jenny	79	90	78

```
In [1]: 1 import plotly.graph_objects as go
        2
        3 labels = ['8-12', '13-17', '18-24', '25-29', '30-34', '35-39', '40-45']
        4 values = [12, 13, 15, 15, 19, 15, 11]
        5
        6 fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=labels, values=values)])
        7
```



```
In [5]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        2 import numpy as np
        3
        4 y = np.array([35, 25, 25, 15])
        5 mylabels = ["Apples", "Bananas", "Cherries", "Dates"]
        6
        7 plt.pie(y, labels = mylabels, startangle = 90)
```

