Sapienza Master's Degree in Cybersecurity
Practical Network Defense (prof. Spognardi)
Written exam, 11th of July 2019

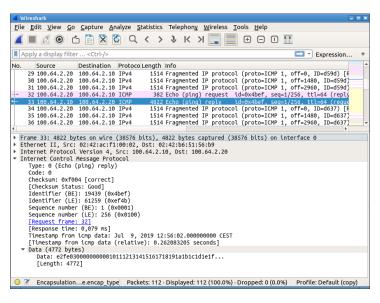
Student name:	
Matricola	

## Open questions (60%)

Provide an answer within the space allocated for each question.

1. Explain why address spoofing is a problem for network protections and which techniques can mitigate its effects. 2. Write the sequence of iptables commands you would use in a firewall to block all the traffic incoming from \$OUTSIDE\_IF toward your \$INSIDE\_NET, with the exception of pings and ssh requests—and related traffic—from \$MONITOR\_IP. All IP addresses are public and routable.

3. Describe what you can recognize in the following figure:



Describe how the NAT table of <i>iptables</i> works and is arranged.

	ectical Network Defense (prof. Spognardi) itten exam, 11th of July 2019, page 2 of 4	Student name:						
WI	nuen exam, 11th of July 2019, page 2 of 4	Matricola:						
5.	From a point of view of performances like bandwidth, la OpenVPN and IPSec? Explain your motivations.	tency and throughput, which VPN solution you think is better between						
6.	Describe which are pros-and-cons of behavioral-based into	rusion detection systems.						
7.	Define and describe the main characteristics of directories	in the context of LDAP.						
8.	List and briefly describe the services a complete SIEM is	ikely to provide.						
9.	Describe the main differences between a forward proxy an	d a reverse proxy.						
10	Describe the release ICMDs ( in the IDs) ( management of the	in any out of ingreed and an also a consequence of the IDs A						
10.	Describe the role of ICMPv6 in the IPv6 management of f	ragmentation and make a comparison with 1774.						

Practical Network Defense (prof. Spognardi)	
Written exam, 11th of July 2019, page 3 of 4	

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## **Multi-choice questions (40%)**

Mark all the options you think are correct.

- 1. What is true when considering an SSL-tunnel-based site-to-site VPN?
  - A. The security parameters of the tunnel can be negotiated by the internal hosts of the sites.
  - B. It is by far more efficient than an IPSec-tunnel-based site-to-site VPN.
  - C. The IP addresses of the two endpoints of the SSL tunnel are likely to be eavesdropped. ★
  - D. All the IP addresses of the tunneled traffic are likely to be eavesdropped.
- 2. If a user wants to hide its source IP address, which of the following tools could she use?
  - A. A forward proxy ★
  - B. A transparent proxy
  - C. A SOCKS proxy ★
  - D. A reverse proxy
- 3. What actually the following filter does? ip and not net 10.0.0.0
  - A. It only matches IPv4 packets that are not sent to the 10.0.0.0 network
  - B. It is syntactically wrong
  - C. It only matches IPv4 packets with an IP address not in the 10.0.0.0 network ★
  - D. It only matches IP addresses that does not belong to the 10.0.0.0 network
- 4. Which function is not expected from RADIUS?
  - A. Assignment ★
  - B. Authorization
  - C. Accounting
  - D. Authentication
- 5. To inspect HTTPS traffic before reaching your servers, you can use:
  - A. SOCKS
  - B. Modsecurity ★
  - C. HTTP CONNECT
  - D. SSL bump ★
- 6. If > denotes the relation "has higher priority", mark the correct relations about the *iptables* chains:
  - A. RAW > MANGLE > FILTER ★
  - B. NAT > FILTER > RAW
  - C. MANGLE > NAT > FILTER ★
  - D. NAT > MANGLE > FILTER
- 7. Which type of events are likely to be found in a SIEM log?
  - A. Every firewall rule match
  - B. Every operating system patch installed by critical systems
  - C. Every alert raised by IDS/IPS  $\star$
  - D. User log-in attempts in critical systems ★

- 8. The Header Checksum in IPv6
  - A. has been removed ★
  - B. has been taken of a similar length than IPv4 (16 bits)
  - C. has been provided extra bits (32 bits)
- D. has been moved in an extension header
- 9. A typical firewall has the following interfaces:
  - A. monitor
  - B. inside ★
  - C. partner
- D. DMZ ★
- 10. Which statements about subnet masks are true?
  - A. A subnet masks consists of a string of zeroes and ones
  - B. Every network client has a unique subnet mask
  - C. A subnet masks consists of a string of ones followed by a string of zeroes ★
  - D. Every client on a network shares the same subnet mask ★
- 11. Which of the following *iptables* targets are used to configure the destination NAT?
  - A. SNAT
  - B. DNAT ★
  - C. MASQUERADING
  - D. MASQUERADE
- 12. LDAP is not well suited for
  - A. Information that is read more often than it is written
  - B. Information that is unstructured  $\star$
  - Information that needs to be accessed from more than one location
  - D. Information that is referenced by many entities and applications
- 13. What is true about vulnerability scanners?
  - A. They can be used to find unknown buffer overflow vulnerabilities in applications
  - B. They can be used to find unknown bugs in applications
  - C. They are used to verify if a system has patched some application ★
  - D. They can be used to check if a system has users with default logins ★
- 14. Which of the following are tools that are not well suited to be used in an IDS for comparing the traffic features against a normal behavior?
  - A. Neural networks
  - B. Hamming distance
  - C. Markov models
  - D. Signatures ★
- 15. Mark the invalid wireshark display filters:
  - A. eth.addr != 00:01:02:03:04:05
  - B. protocol == ftp  $\bigstar$

Practical Netw	ork Defense	(prof.	Spognardi)
Written exam,	11th of July	2019,	page 4 of 4

- C. ip.host == error
- D. ip.address eq 10.0.0.2 ★
- 16. Which of the following network traffic elements is not well suited to be used as a feature for an IDS?
  - A. Domain names of involved hosts ★
  - B. % of connections to same host with SYN errors
  - C. Connection lifetimes
  - D. Illegal fragments
- 17. Which of the following IPv6 addresses is NOT a Link-Local multicast address?
  - A. FF02::1
  - B. FF18::BABA:1234 ★
  - C. FF05::1:3 ★
  - D. FF12::BABA:1234
- 18. Which of the following IP addresses can be assigned to a host within the network 12.34.48.1/20?
  - A. 12.34.48.255 ★
  - B. 12.34.48.0

- C. 12.34.56.0 ★
- D. 12.34.63.254 ★
- 19. What is false about the *openvpn* tool?
  - A. It cannot be used for a host-to-site VPN ★
  - B. It cannot be used to establish a VPN without a valid certificate ★
  - C. It is used to establish a IPSec VPN ★
  - D. It can be used to establish a VPN on any reachable port
- 20. What is the decision for a HTTPS GET request on the standard port when thee firewall that protects the webserver has the following set of rules?

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --destination-port 80 -j ACCEPT iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --destination-port 443 -j ACCEPT iptables -A INPUT -j REJECT
```

- A. HTTP 200 OK if the requested resource is available, HTTP 404 ERROR otherwise ★
- B. It depends on the source IP address
- C. No connection will be possible
- D. The request will be dropped and a ICMP PORT UNREACH-ABLE will be sent back

Please, transcript your answers in the boxes below:

c	ac	c	a	bd	ac	bcd	a	bd	cd	b	b	cd	d	bd	a	bc	acd	abc	a
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20