ERASMUS+, OCT 24, ZOEZ

Statistical interpretation of Lasso and Ridge

OCS

$$P(D/B) = \prod_{n=0}^{m-1} P(g_n \times | B)$$

$$P(g_n \mid B) = \prod_{n=0}^{m-1} P(g_n \mid B)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi 4^2}} e^{-\left(\frac{(9n'-Xi*\beta)^2}{2T^2}\right)}$$

 $X_{i} + B = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} X_{ij} P_{j}$

Bages 1 theorem ; _

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text{in the 64 acod } \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{D}) = ? \qquad \text$$

 $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{D}) \propto \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{D}/\mathcal{B}) \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{B})$

Model
$$p(p) = \frac{p-1}{11} e^{-\frac{p^2}{2p^2}}$$

$$P(B|D) = \frac{m-1}{11} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi q^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(g_1-x_{12}+p)^2}{2q^2}\right)$$

$$\times \frac{p-1}{12} \exp\left(-\frac{p^2}{2q^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{p-1}{2} \exp\left(-\frac{p^2}{2q^2}\right)$$
Take negative \log

$$-\log P(p|D) = \frac{m}{2} \log(2\pi q^2) + \frac{||(g-xp)||_2^2}{2q^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{27^2} ||B||_2^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{27^2} - 2$$

$$= \frac{p}{12} \log p(p^2) + \frac{p}{12} \log p(p^2)$$

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$$C(B)_{Ridge} = \frac{\|(5-x_{B})\|_{2}^{2}}{2R^{2}}$$

$$+ \lambda \|B\|_{2}^{2}$$

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$$P(B) \sim N(0, T^{2})$$

$$moisg$$

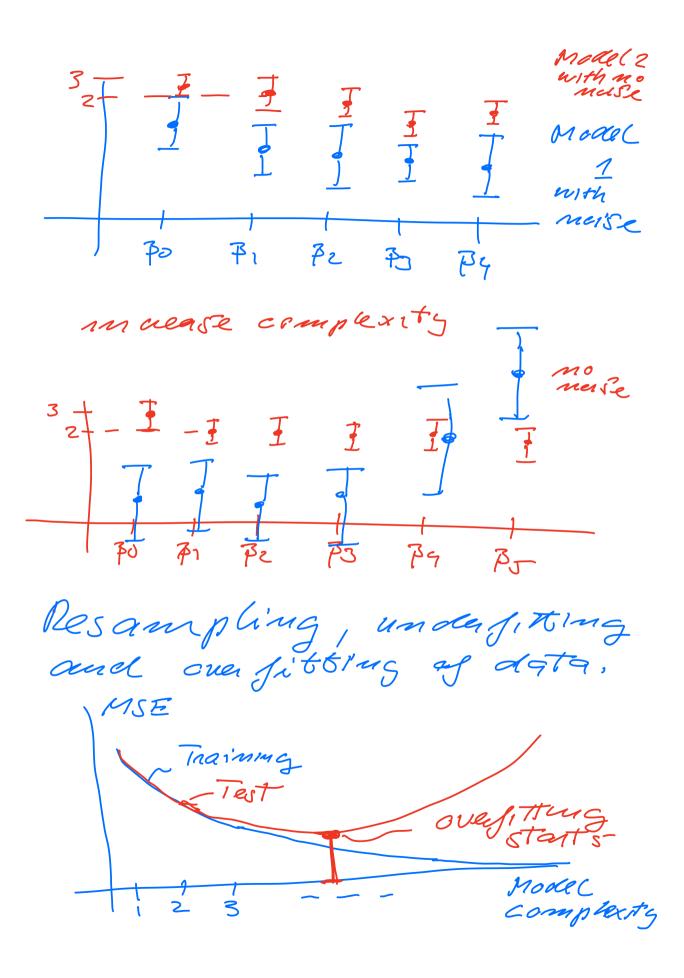
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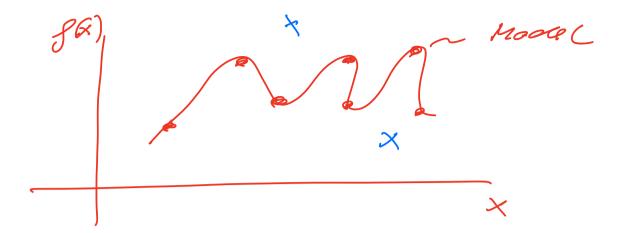
$$model$$

$$complexing$$

$$f(B) = Fo + F_{1}x_{1} + F_{2}x_{1}^{2} + F_{3}x_{1}^{3}$$

$$+ F_{4}x_{1}^{4}$$





Resampling techniques

- Boctstrap

- cross-validation

Alm ; to provide relable

Statistical estimates of

quantities like mean valuer

and variouses, and mean

Squared emens

Mean value $M = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} x_i^i$ variance $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} (x_i^i - \mu)^2$

Sample expectation values $MSE = \frac{1}{m} \sum (g_{i} - \chi_{i*p})^{2}$ $= IE((g - \chi p)^{2})$ can we, with the hunted

data we have, give a good estimate (reliable)

of various sample

expectation values?