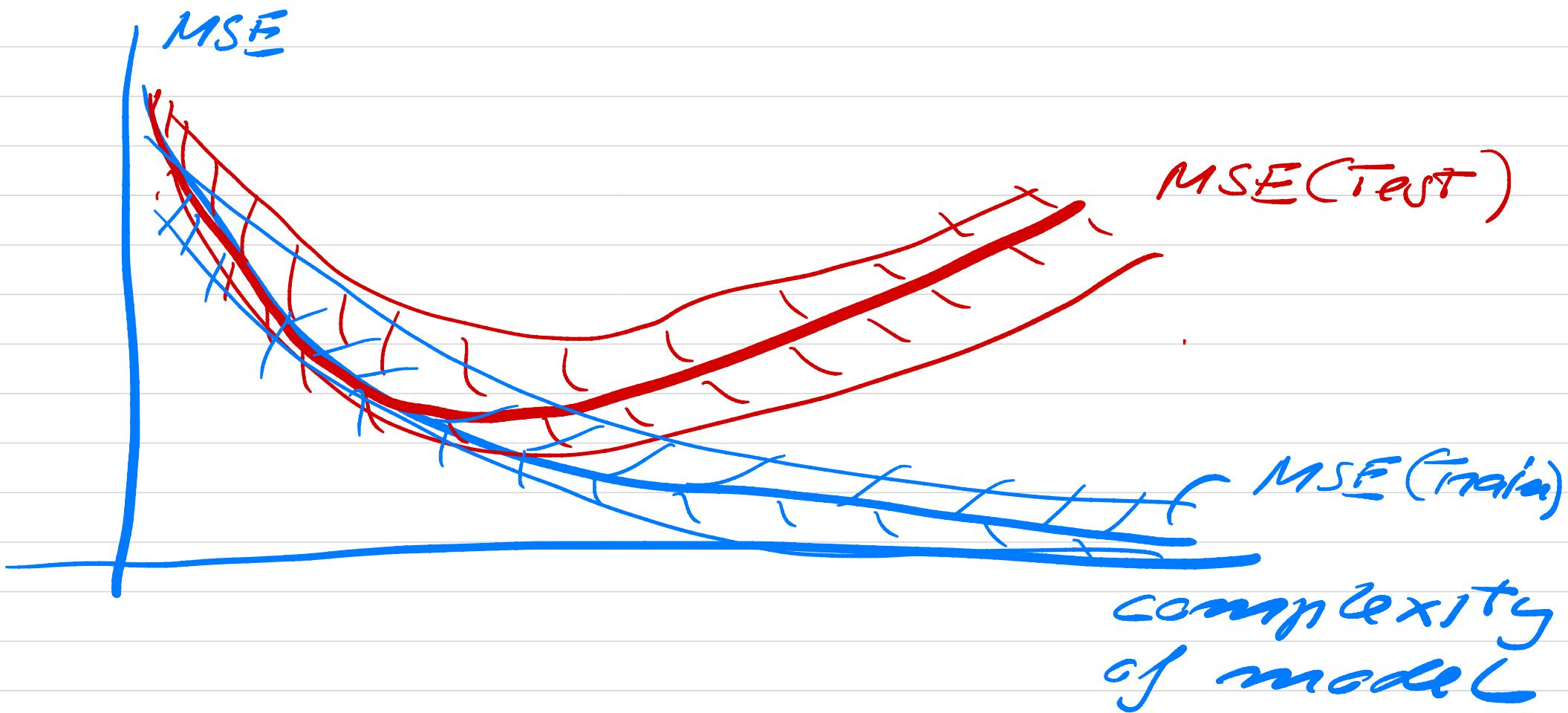
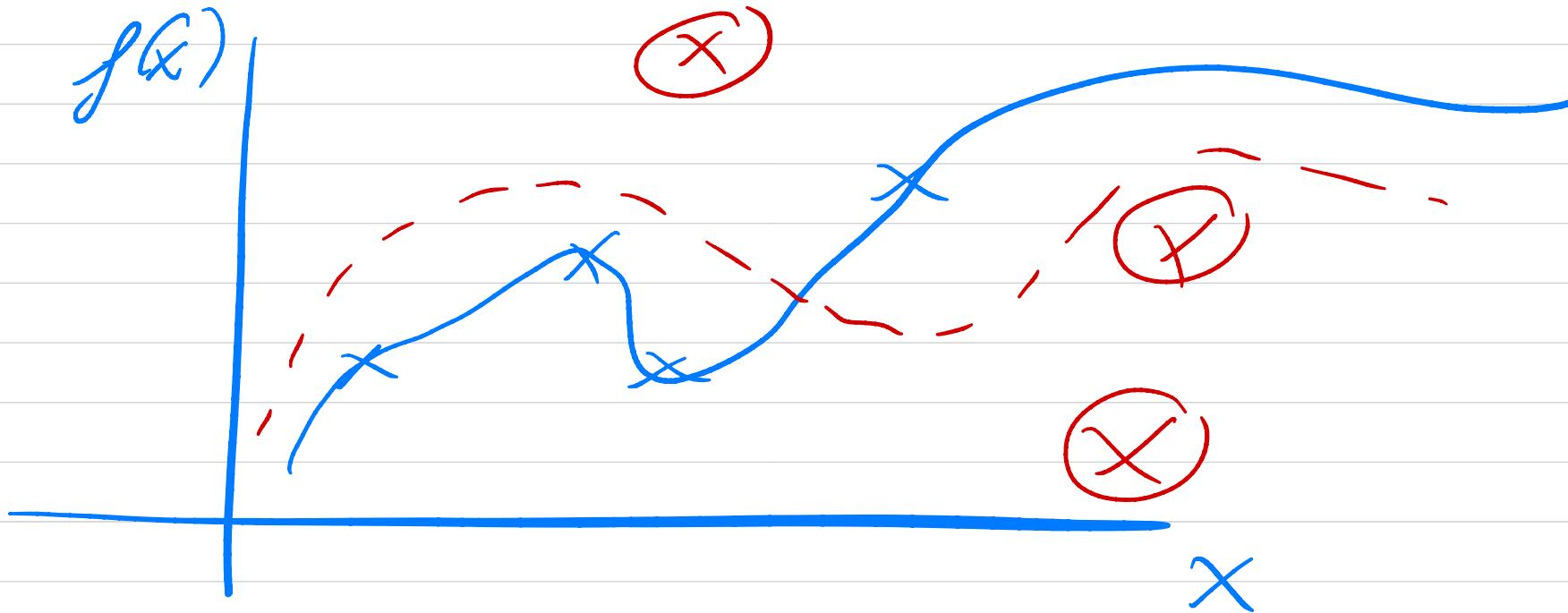


**Erasmus+ course on
Machine Learning,
lecture October 30,
2023**

Function fitting, MSE as a test
of the model \hat{y}_i

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$





Resampling

$$MSE(\bar{test}) = \frac{1}{B} \sum_{i=1}^B MSE(test_i)$$

$$MSE(\bar{train}) = \frac{1}{B} \sum_{i=1}^B MSE(train_i)$$

Bootstrap method

$$D = \{x_0, x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}\}$$

FOR $i=1, B$

reshuffle D

$$D_i' = \{x_0^*, x_1^*, \dots, x_{n-1}^*\}$$

PICK randomly n entries
with replacement

calculate various expectation
values

END

calculate final averages

Bias-variance tradeoff

$$MSE = \int p(x)(y - \tilde{g})^2 dx$$

$$= [E[\bar{y}^2] - 2E[yy^*] + E[\tilde{g}^*]^2]$$

$$E[y^*] = \int_{x \in D_N} p(x) y^*(x) dx$$
$$\left(\sum_{\substack{i=1 \\ x_i \in D}}^{n^*} p(x_i) y^*(x_i) \right)$$

$$E[\tilde{g}^*] = \text{var}[\tilde{g}] + (E[\tilde{g}])^2$$

$$y(x) = f(x) + \epsilon$$
$$E[\tilde{g}^*] = E[(f + \epsilon)^2]$$

$$= E[f^2] + 2E[f\varepsilon] + E[\varepsilon^2]$$

$\overbrace{\quad}^{\text{me stochastic function}}$

$$E[f^2] = \int_{z \in D} p(z) f(\star) dz$$

$$= f(x) \underbrace{\int p(z) dz}_{=1}$$

$$= f^2 + 2f \cancel{E[\varepsilon]} + \underbrace{E[\varepsilon^2]}_{\sigma^2}$$

$$= f^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E[S\tilde{S}] = E[(f+\varepsilon)\tilde{S}] =$$

$$= E[\hat{f}\hat{g}] + E[\varepsilon\hat{g}]$$

$$\hat{f}E[\hat{g}] + E[\hat{g}]E[\varepsilon] \stackrel{=0}{=}^{\text{!}}$$

\hat{g} and ε are independent of each other

Bringing everything together

$$\hat{f}^2 - 2E\hat{f}E[\hat{g}] + \sigma^2 + \text{var}[\hat{g}] \\ + (E[\hat{g}])^2$$

$$= E((\hat{f} - E\hat{g})^2) + \text{var}[\hat{g}] \\ + \sigma^2$$

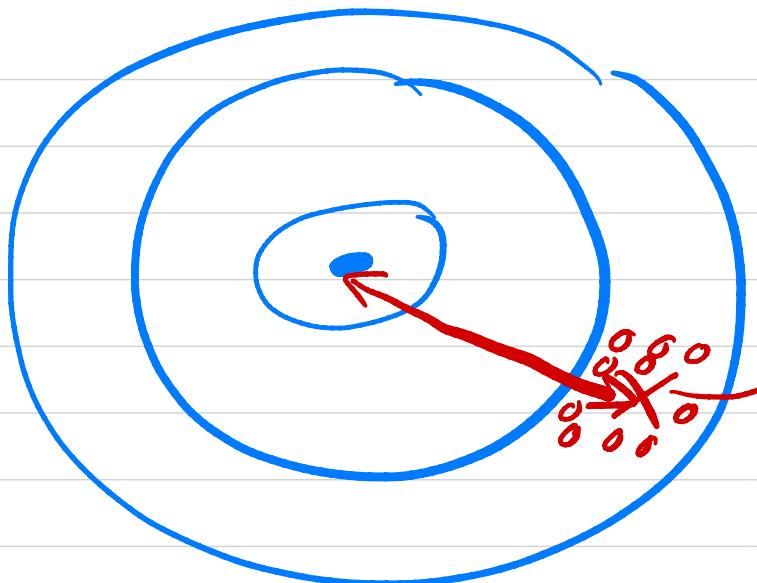
$$\underbrace{[E[(f - E[g])^2]]}_{\text{Bias}} + \underbrace{\text{var}[g]}_{\text{variance}}$$

$$+ \sigma^2$$

f is an unknown, then we replace f with the output y

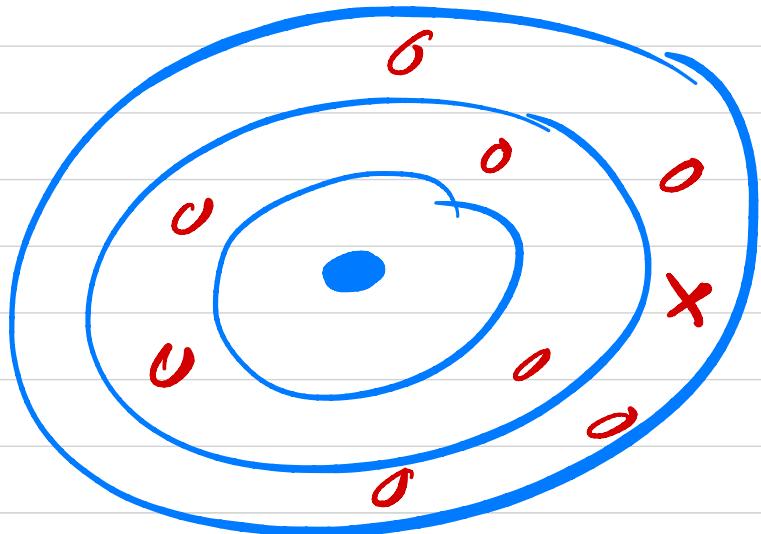
$$\text{Bias} \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (y_i - E[y])^2$$

Analysis here is made on test data



High Bias

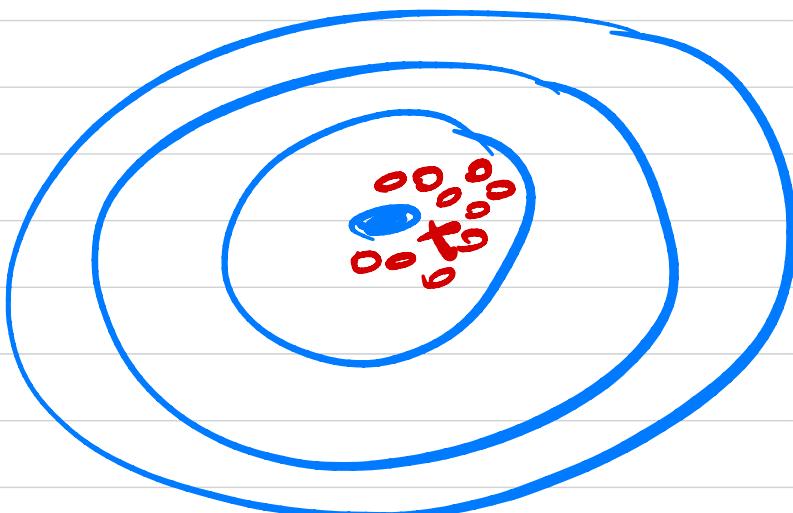
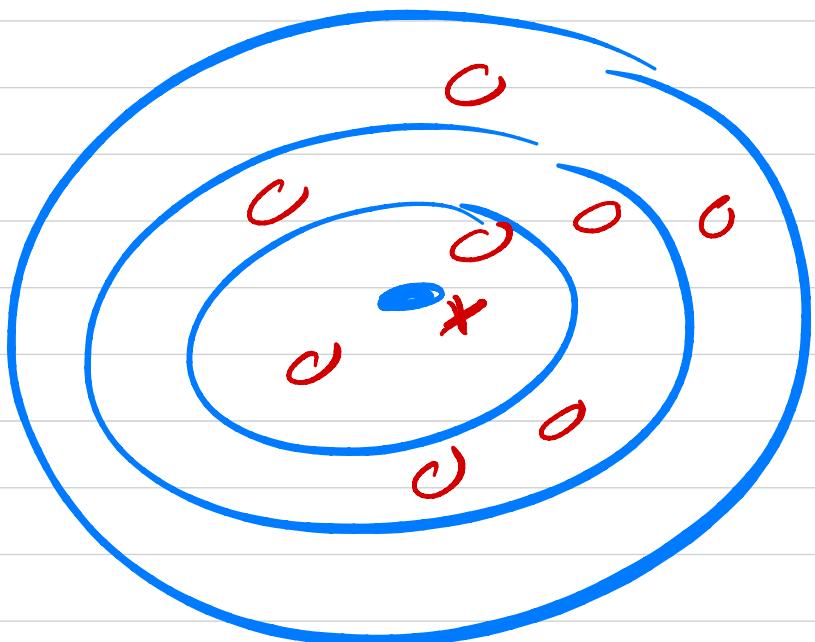
Low variance
(low spread in
model
prediction)



High Bias

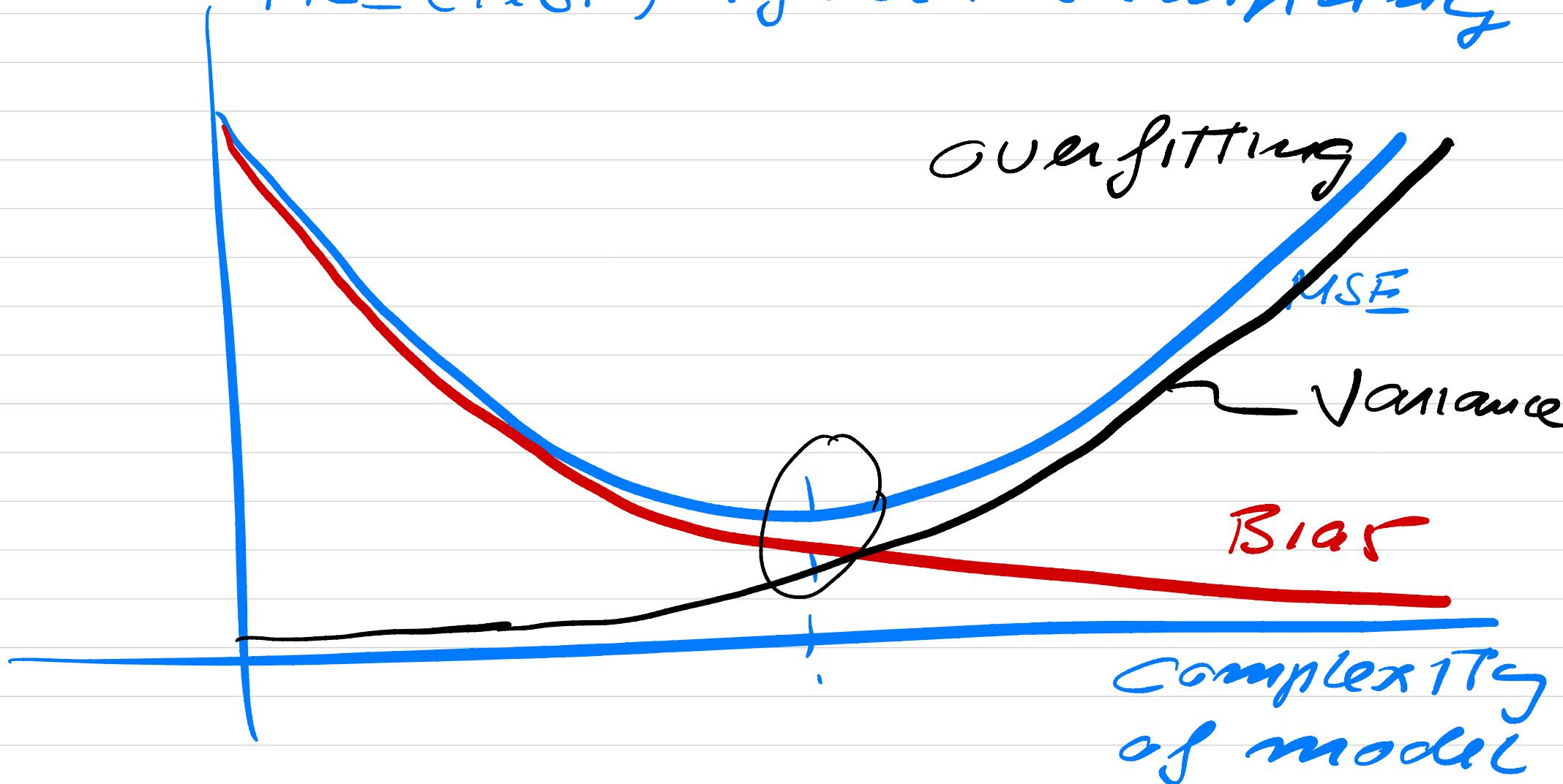
high variance
high spread

Low Bias
high variance
(high spread)



Low Bias
low variance
ideal case

MSE (test) after Resampling



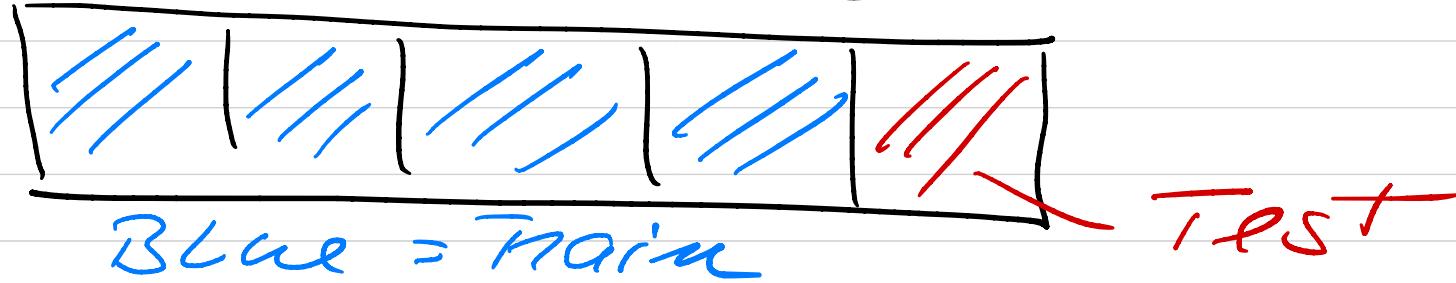
Cross-validation

Divide data in K -folds

$$K=5$$

n data entries

(i)

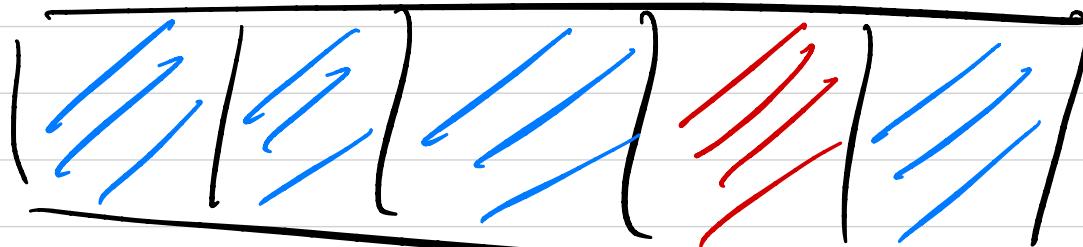


Blue = Train

Test

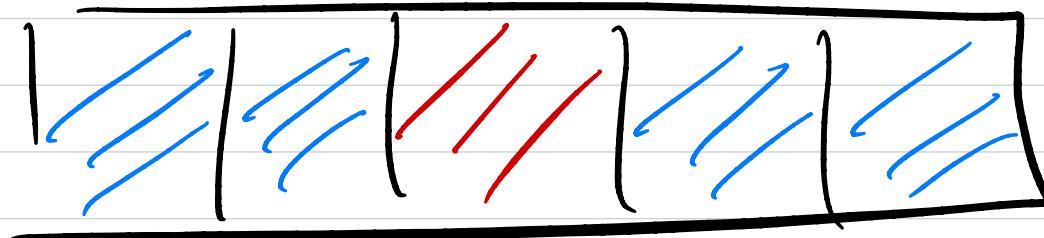
calculate $MSE(\text{Test}(i))$

(ii)



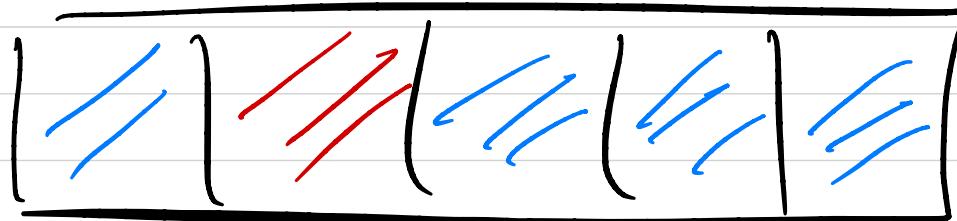
calculate $MSE(\text{Test}(ii))$

(iii)



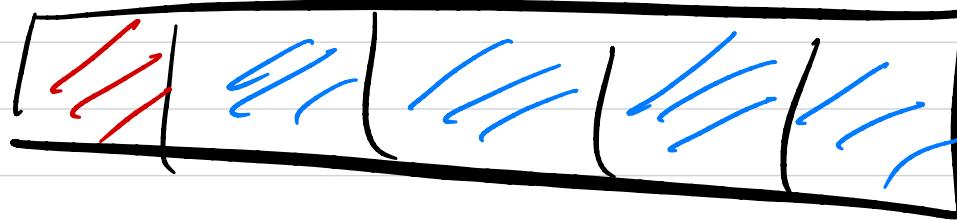
MSE(Test(iii))

(iv)



KNS-10

(v)



$$MSE(\text{Test}) = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{i=1}^5 MSE(\text{Test}(i))$$