

Metagenome Analysis of Preterm Birth

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Overview

1 Introduction

2 Materials

3 Methods

4 Results

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1. Introduction

Microbiome

- Microbiota: the microorganisms which live inside & on humans (Turnbaugh et al., 2007)
- Microbiome: 10^{13} to 10^{14} microorganisms whose collective genome (Gill et al., 2006)

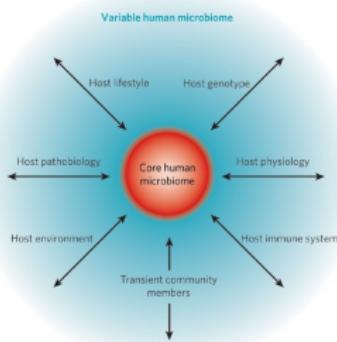


Figure: Concept of a core human microbiome (Turnbaugh et al., 2007)

rRNA

- Ribosomal RNA
- Well-known as a key to phylogeny (Olsen & Woese, 1993)

Preterm Birth (PTB)

PTB:

- ① PTB < 37 GW (Gestational week)
- ② Normal ≥ 37 GW

Detailed PTB:

- ① Early PTB < 34 GW
- ② 34 GW \leq Late PTB < 37 GW
- ③ Normal ≥ 37 GW

(J. Tucker & McGuire, 2004; Voronkov, Solonovych, Liashenko, & Revenko, 2018)

2. Materials

16S rRNA Sequencing

16S rRNA sequencing is the *reference method* for bacterial taxonomy & identification (Mignard & Flandrois, 2006)

Three main reasons (Janda & Abbott, 2007):

- 16S rRNA exists in almost all bacteria
- Functions of the 16S rRNA has not changed over evolution.
- 16S rRNA is large enough for bioinformatics

Data Composition

- JBNU/Helixco data
 - First data
 - Second data
 - Stool data

Table: Sample Information

Data	Participants	Samples	Remarks
First	24	107	-
Second	35	288	-
Third	10	106	-
Stool	63	126	Stool

3. Methods

QIIME 2 Workflow

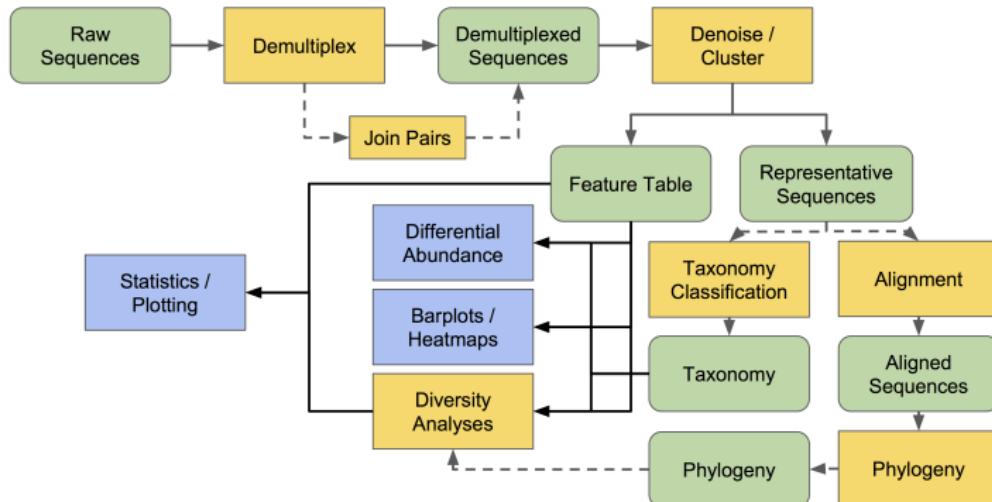


Figure: QIIME 2 workflow (Bolyen et al., 2019; Mandal et al., 2015; McDonald et al., 2012)

4. Results

4. Results

4.1. Taxonomy Overview

Proportion Distribution

Proportion

- Minimum: 0.0
- Mean: 0.00008
- Median: 0.0
- Maximum: 0.793

Proportion without Zero

- Minimum: 0.00002
- Mean: 0.00008
- Median: 0.00153
- Maximum: 0.793

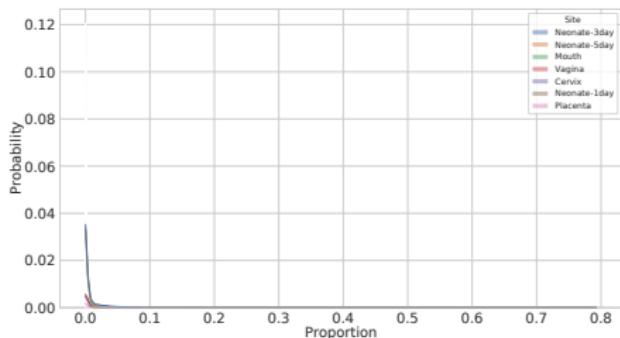


Figure: Proportion distribution

Microbial community with Proportion

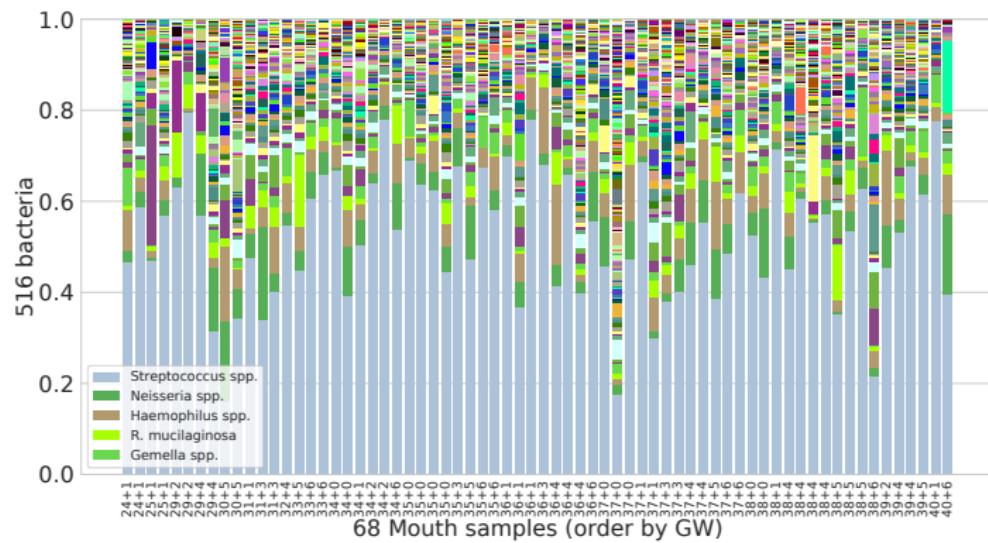
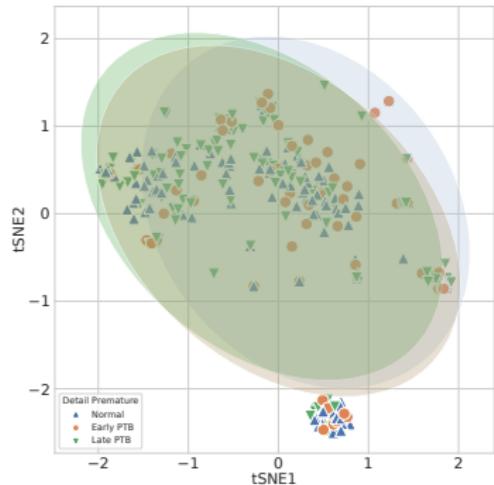
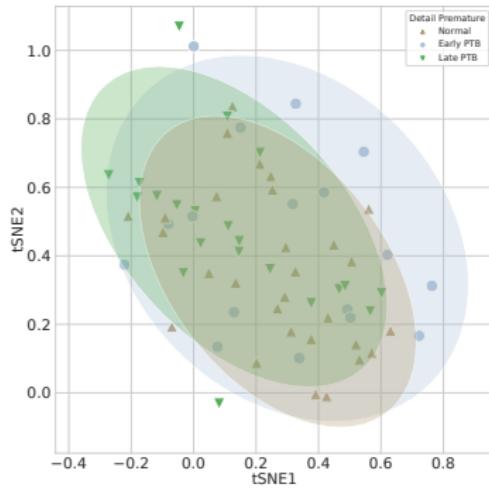


Figure: Microbial community with Proportion

t-SNE with Proportion



(a) All



(b) Mother Mouth

Figure: t-SNE plot of Proportion with PTB

Notable Taxa I

Streptococcus spp.

- *S. mutans*: pathogen of dental caries
- Membrane vesicles of Group B *Streptococcus* disrupt feto-maternal barrier (Surve et al., 2016).
∴ Leading to PTB

Neisseria spp.

- *N.* colonize the mucosal surfaces of many animals.
- Only two pathogens in 11 known species
 - *N. meningitidis*: Meningitis & Sepsis
 - *N. gonorrhoeae*: Gonorrhea (sexual transmitted disease)
- *N. gonorrhoeae* results adverse pregnancy outcomes (Heumann, Quilter, Eastment, Heffron, & Hawes, 2017).

Notable Taxa II

Haemophilus spp.

- *H.* inhabit the mucous membranes of upper respiratory tract, mouth, vagina, & intestinal tract.
- *H. influenzae*: Influenza
- PTB caused by *H. influenzae* (Hills et al., 2022) and *H. parainfluenzae* (Mendz, Petersen, Quinlivan, & Kaakoush, 2014).

R. mucilaginosa

- *Rhodotorula mucilaginosa*
- *R.* is a genus of pigmented yeasts.
- Catheter-related bloodstream infection due to *R. mucilaginosa* (Kitazawa, Ishigaki, Seo, Yoshino, & Ota, 2018).
- ∴ *Rhodotorula* bloodstream infections

Gemella spp.

- *G. bacteria* are primarily found in mucous membranes of human e.g. oral cavity & upper digestive tract.
- *G. haemolysans* causes endocarditis (Mosquera, Zabalza, Laniero, & Blanco, 2000).
- Women who have PTB also have significant lower level of *G.* (Li et al., 2021).

4. Results

4.2. Diversity Index

Diversity Index

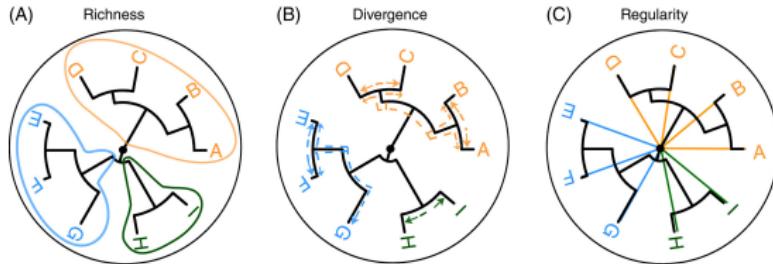


Figure: Three dimensions of phylogenetic information (C. M. Tucker et al., 2017)

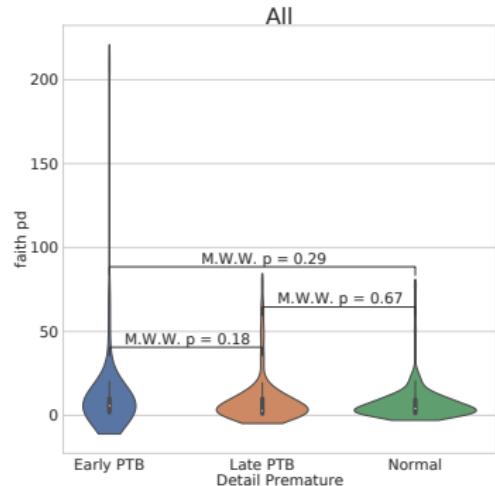
- A quantitative measure that shows richness, divergence, and regularity (C. M. Tucker et al., 2017)
- Alpha diversity: the richness of taxa **at a single community**
- Beta diversity: taxonomy differentiation **between communities**

4. Results

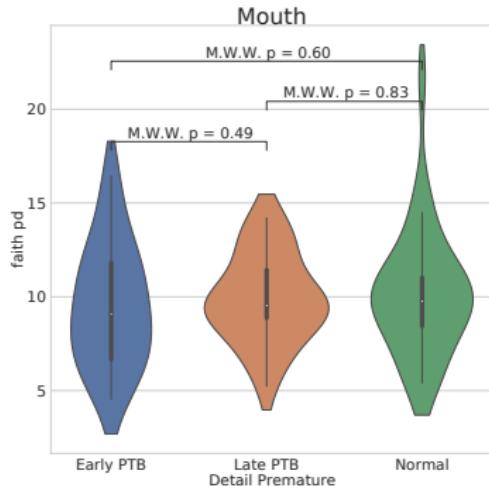
4.2. Diversity Index

4.2.1. Alpha-diversity

Violin Plot with Alpha-diversity I



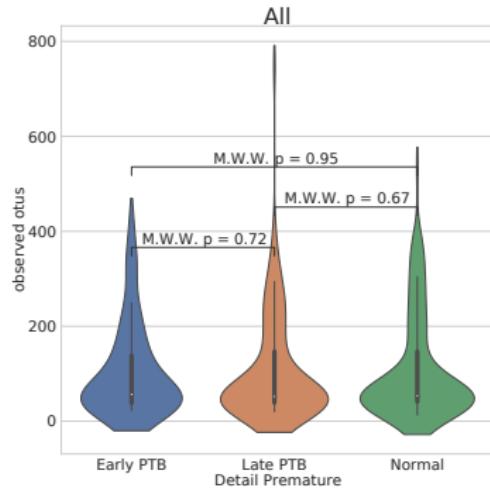
(a) All



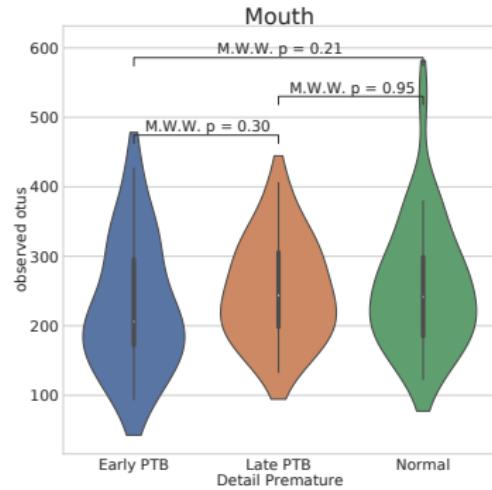
(b) Mother Mouth

Figure: Detail premature & Faith's PD

Violin Plot with Alpha-diversity II



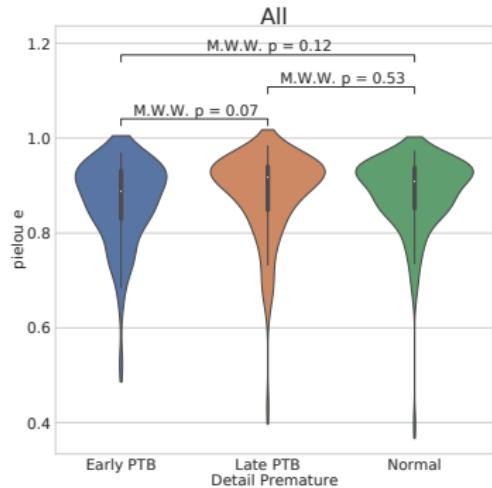
(a) All



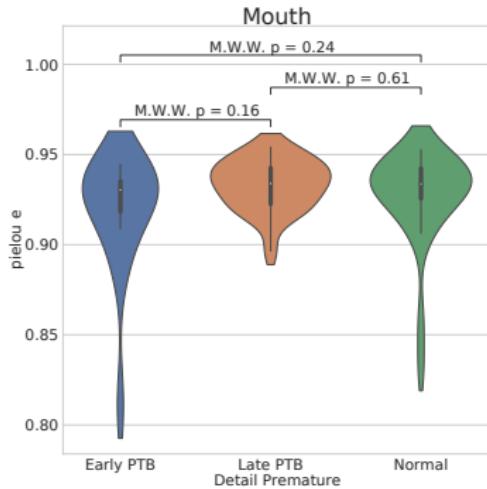
(b) Mother Mouth

Figure: Detail premature & Observed OTUs

Violin Plot with Alpha-diversity III



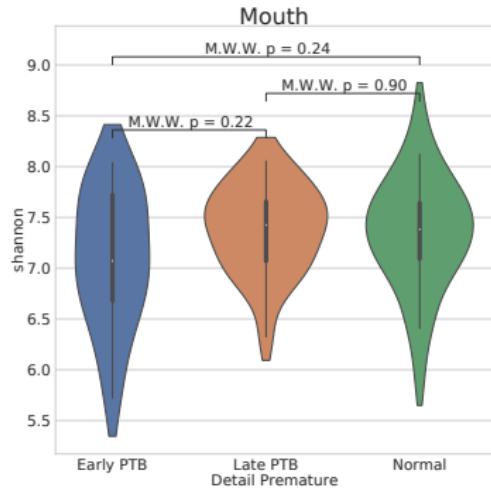
(a) All



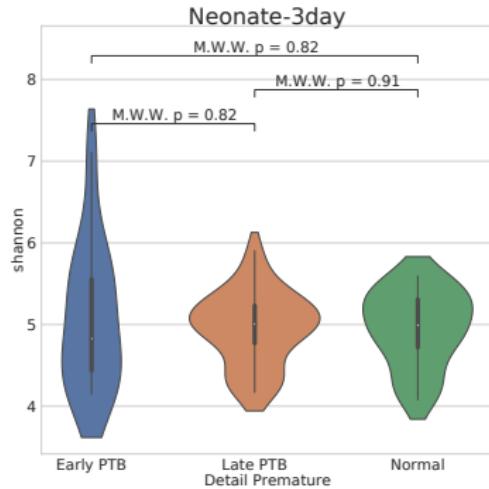
(b) Mother Mouth

Figure: Detail premature & Pielou Evenness

Violin Plot with Alpha-diversity IV



(a) All



(b) Mother Mouth

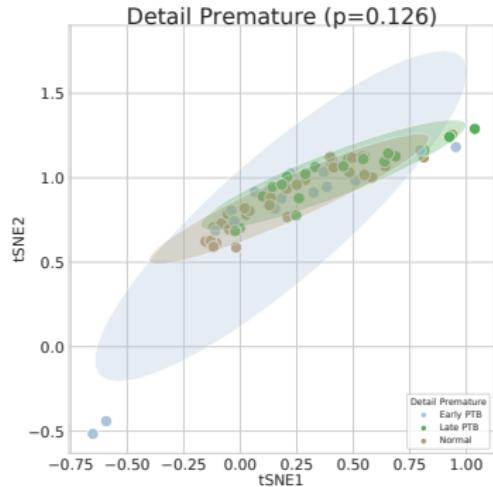
Figure: Detail premature & Shannon Entropy

4. Results

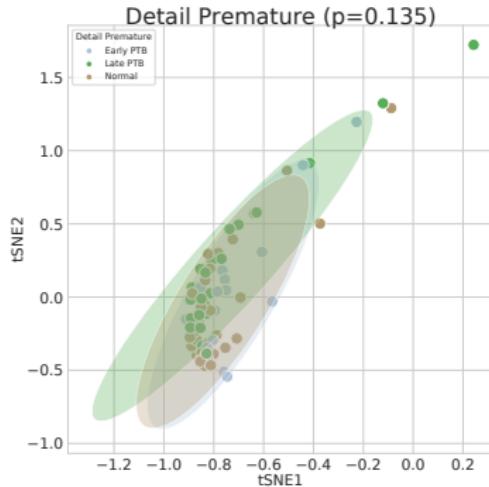
4.2. Diversity Index

4.2.2. Beta-diversity

Beta-diversity t-SNE plots I



(a) Bray-Curtis



(b) Euclidean

Figure: Beta-diversity t-SNE plots

4. Results

4.3. Taxonomy Analyses

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4.3. Taxonomy Analyses

4.3.1. Differentially Abundant Taxa

Volcano plots I

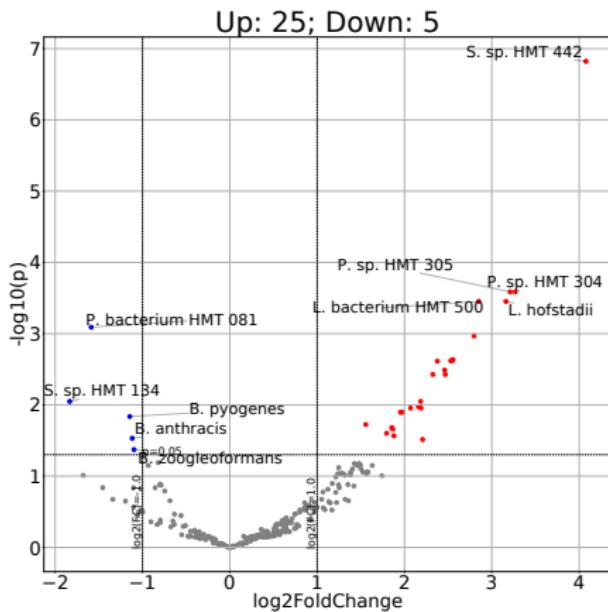
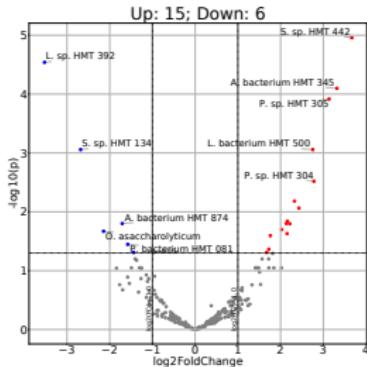
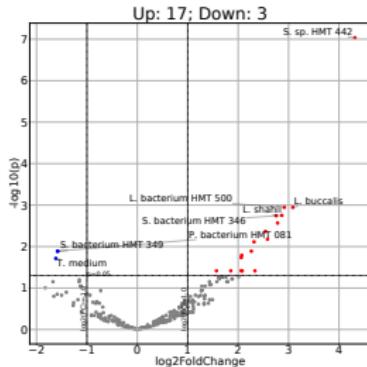


Figure: Differentially abundant taxa in Mouth

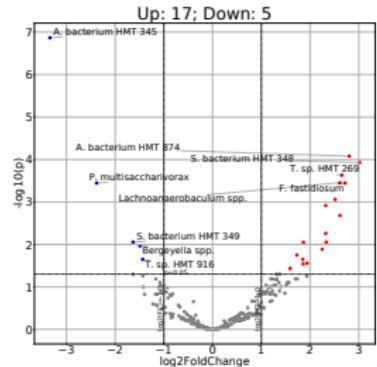
Volcano plots II



(a) Early vs. Late



(b) Early vs. Normal

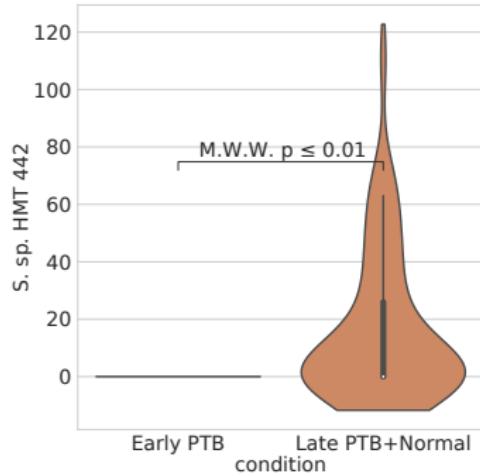


(c) Late vs. Normal

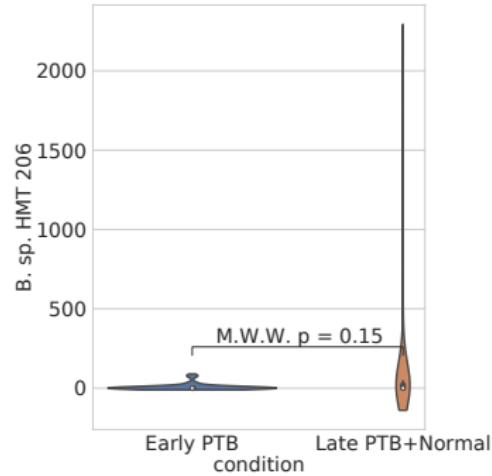
Figure: Differentially abundant taxa in Mouth

Venn Diagrams I

Violin plots I



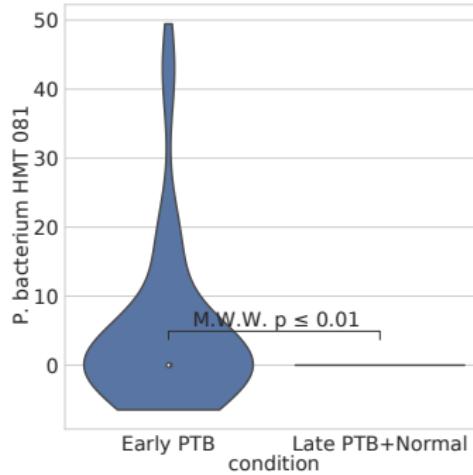
(a) *Selenomonas* sp. HMT 442



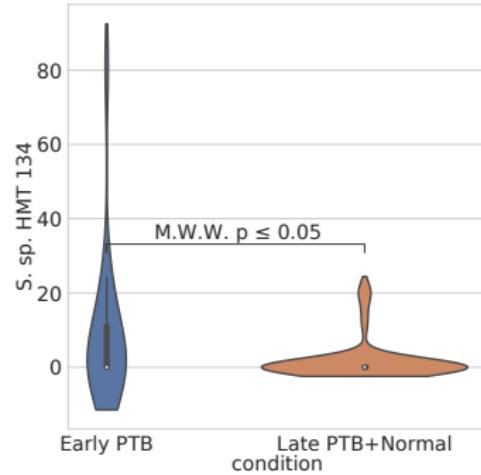
(b) *Bergeyella* sp. HMT 206

Figure: Up-regulated taxa

Violin plots II



(a) *P. bacterium* HMT 081



(b) *Selenomonas* sp. HMT 134

Figure: Down-regulated taxa

4. Results

4.4. Machine Learning

ML algorithm comparison

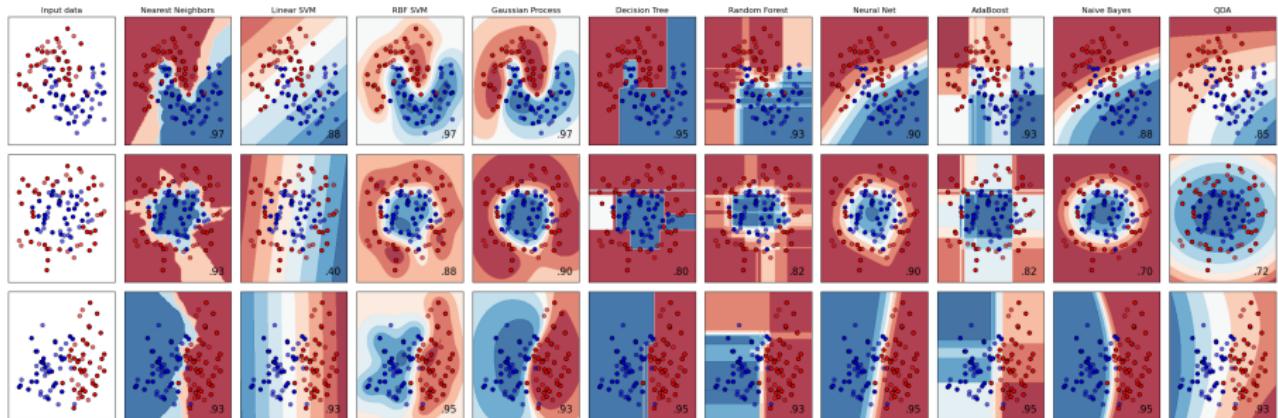


Figure: Classification Comparison (Pedregosa et al., 2011)

Oversampling

SMOTE (Chawla, Bowyer, Hall, & Kegelmeyer, 2002)

- Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique
- An algorithm that makes pseudo-sample
- Using K -Nearest Neighbor algorithm

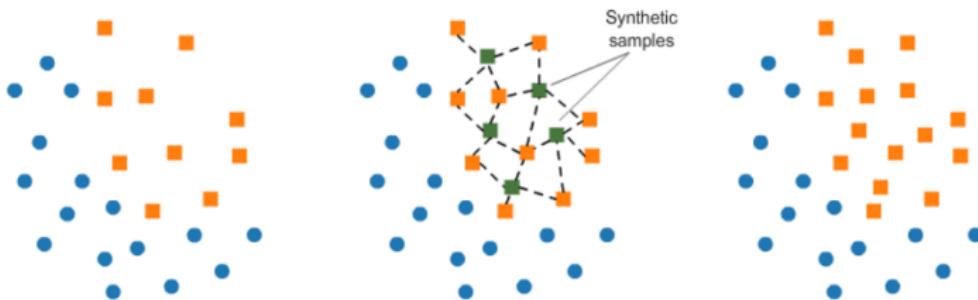


Figure: Workflow of SMOTE

4. Results

4.4. Machine Learning

4.4.1. Random Forest Classifier on Proportion

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late vs. Full) I

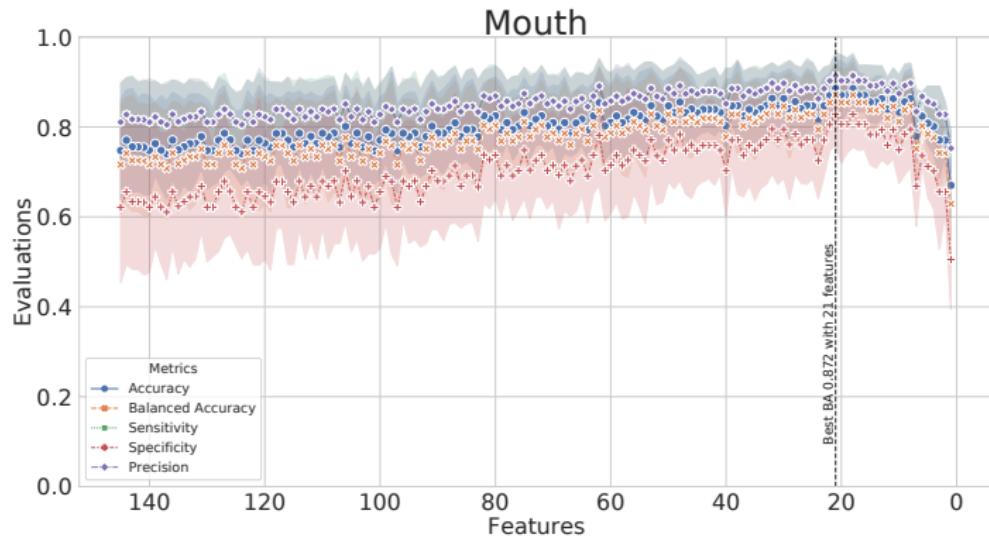


Figure: RF evaluations with feature counts

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late vs. Full) II

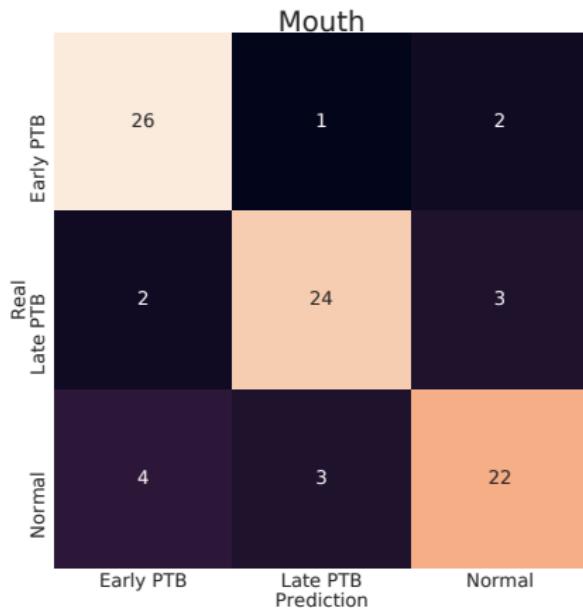


Figure: RF confusion matrix

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late vs. Full) III

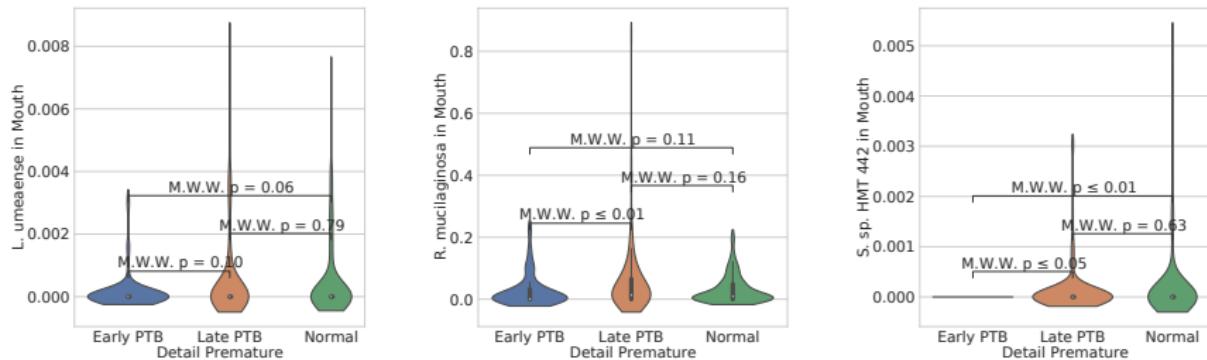


Figure: RF most important taxa

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late + Full) I

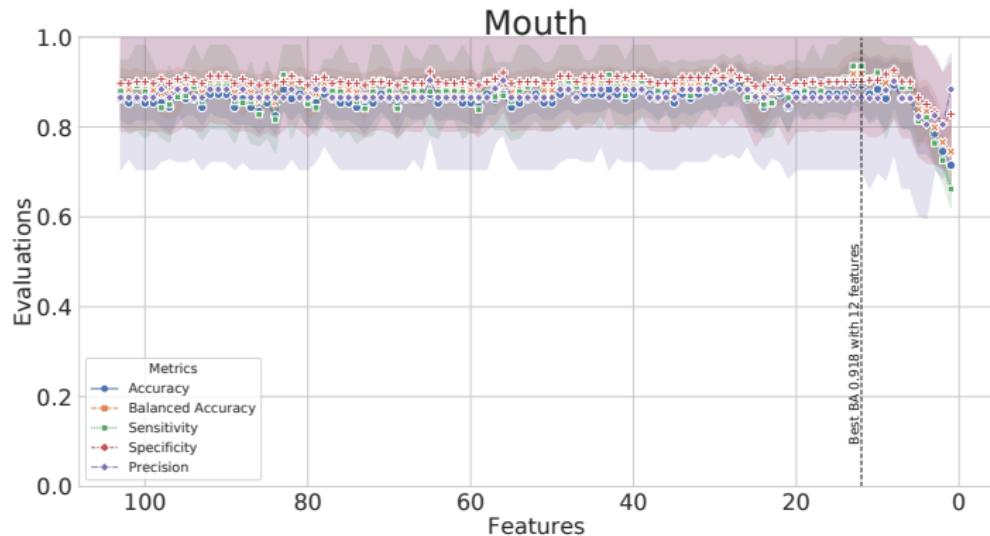


Figure: RF evaluations with feature counts

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late + Full) II

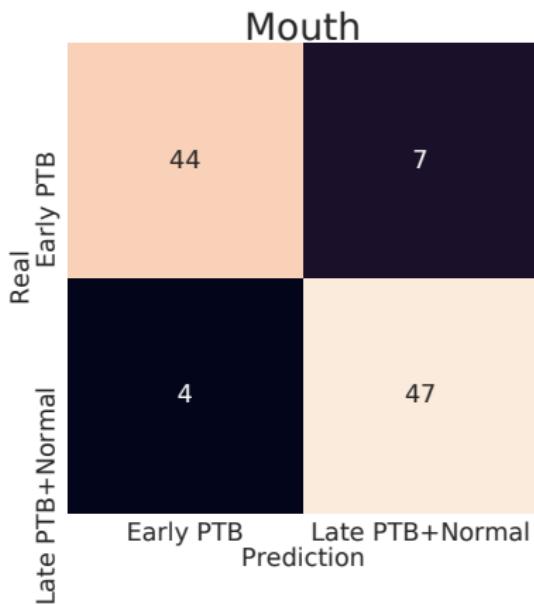


Figure: RF confusion matrix

Random Forest with (Early vs. Late + Full) III

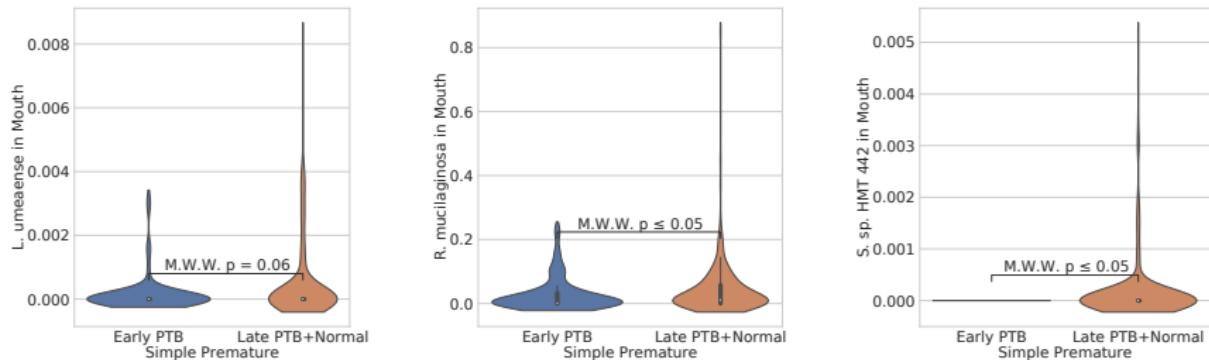


Figure: RF most important taxa

5. Discussion

6. References

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