

Microbiome Premature

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Overview

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Introduction

Microbiome

- Microbiota: the microorganisms which live inside & on humans (Turnbaugh et al., 2007)
- Microbiome: 10^{13} to 10^{14} microorganisms whose collective genome (Gill et al., 2006)

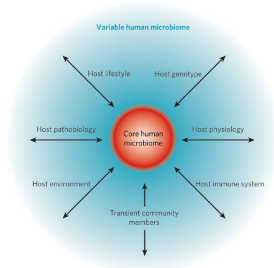


Figure: Concept of a core human microbiome (Turnbaugh et al., 2007)

- Ribosomal RNA
- Well-known as a key to phylogeny (Olsen & Woese, 1993)

Premature (Preterm Birth)



Figure: Definitions of Premature (Tucker & McGuire, 2004)

∴ Hence, in this study,

- Premature: < 37 weeks
- Normal: ≥ 37 weeks

Materials

16S rRNA Sequencing

16S rRNA sequencing is the *reference method* for bacterial taxonomy & identification (Mignard & Flandrois, 2006)

Reasons (Janda & Abbott, 2007):

- 16S rRNA exists in almost all bacteria
- Functions of the 16S rRNA has not changed over time
- 16S rRNA is large enough for bioinformatics

Train/Test Data vs. Validate Data

- Train/Test data
 - Helixco: Data collected by Helixco
- Validate data
 - EBI (European Bioinformatics Institute): Data collected by Dominguez-Bello et al., 2016
 - HMP (Human Microbiome Project): Data collected by Fettweis et al., 2019

Table: Metadata of Data

Data	Participants	Samples	Remarks
Helixco	24	107	-
EBI	18	1016	Only Normal
HMP	1572	9205	Only Premature

Literature Survey

BRIEF COMMUNICATIONS

nature.
medicine

Partial restoration of the microbiota of cesarean-born infants via vaginal microbial transfer

Maria G Dominguez-Bello^{1,2}, Kassandra M De Jesus-Laboy², Nan Shen³, Laura M Cox¹, Amnon Amir⁴, Antonio Gonzalez⁴, Nicholas A Bokulich¹, Se Jin Song^{4,5}, Marina Hoashi^{1,6}, Juana I Rivera-Vinas⁷, Keimari Mendez⁷, Rob Knight^{4,8} & Jose C Clemente^{3,9}

estimated 15% of births that require C-section delivery to protect the health of the mother or baby¹¹.

Here we **exposed C-section-delivered infants to their maternal vaginal fluids** at birth and longitudinally **determined the composition of their microbiota** to assess whether it **developed more similarly to vaginally born babies** than to unexposed C-section-delivered infants. We collected samples from 18 infants and their mothers, including 7 born vaginally and 11 delivered by scheduled C-section, of which four were exposed to the maternal vaginal fluids at birth (**Supplementary Table 1**). Briefly, the **microbial restoration procedure**, or vaginal microbial transfer, consists of incubating sterile gauze in the vagina of moth-

- Study Objectives
 - ① Compare Vaginally vs. Cesarean-section (C-section)
 - ② Restore the microbiota of C-section
- Microbial restoration procedure
 - ① Measure maternal vaginal pH
 - ② Put sterile gauze with saline solution in vagina for 1 hour
 - ③ Swab the infant with the gauze
- Sample collection procedure
 - ① Sample at right after birth, day 3 and weekly for the first month
 - ② Sample from oral, forehead, arm, foot and anal
- Notable Methods/Results
 - ① Using distance methods: e.g. UniFrac distance, Hamming distance

ARTICLES

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-019-0450-2>

nature
medicine

OPEN

The vaginal microbiome and preterm birth

Jennifer M. Fettweis^{1,2,3}, Myrna G. Serrano^{1,3}, J. Paul Brooks^{3,4}, David J. Edwards^{3,5},
Philippe H. Girerd^{2,3}, Hardik I. Parikh¹, Bernice Huang¹, Tom J. Arodz^{3,6}, Laahirie Edupuganti^{1,3},
Abigail L. Glascock⁷, Jie Xu^{3,8,9}, Nicole R. Jimenez^{1,3}, Stephany C. Vivadellji^{1,3}, Stephen S. Fong^{3,10},
Nihar U. Sheth¹¹, Sophonie Jean¹, Vladimir Lee^{1,3}, Yahya A. Bokhari⁶, Ana M. Lara¹, Shreni D. Mistry¹,
Robert A. Duckworth III¹, Steven P. Bradley¹, Vishal N. Koparde¹¹, X. Valentine Orendo¹¹,
Sarah H. Milton², Sarah K. Rozycki¹², Andrey V. Matveyev¹, Michelle L. Wright^{13,14,15},
Snehalata V. Huzurbazar¹⁶, Eugenie M. Jackson¹⁶, Ekaterina Smirnova^{17,18}, Jonas Korfach¹⁹,
Yu-Chih Tsai¹⁹, Molly R. Dickinson¹, Jamie L. Brooks¹, Jennifer I. Drake¹, Donald O. Chaffin²⁰,
Amber L. Sexton²⁰, Michael G. Gravett^{20,21}, Craig E. Rubens²⁰, N. Romesh Wijesooriya⁹,
Karen D. Hendricks-Muñoz^{3,8,9}, Kimberly K. Jefferson^{1,3}, Jerome F. Strauss III^{2,3} and Gregory A. Buck^{1,3,6*}

- Study Objectives

- ① Predicting & Preventing premature
- ② Report community resources
- ③ Provide an analysis of the longitudinal, comprehensive, multi-omic profiling of vaginal samples

- Sample collection Procedure

- ① Premature birth vs. Matched normal birth
- ② Ethnically diverse cohort

- Notable Methods/Results

- ① Imitate figures

HMP Data (Fettweis et al., 2019) III

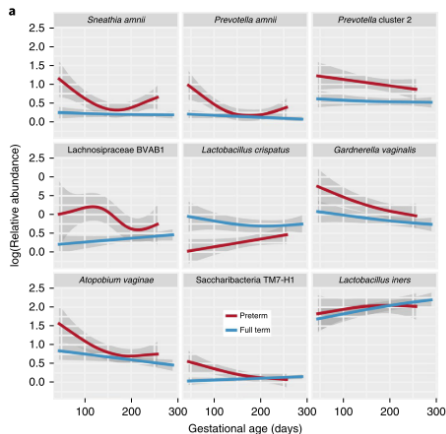


Figure: Microbiome Composition during Pregnancy

Methods

Qiime 2 Workflow

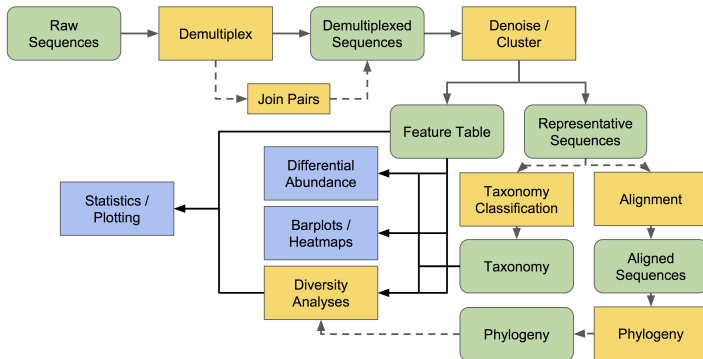


Figure: QIIME 2 workflow (Bolyen et al., 2019; Mandal et al., 2015; McDonald et al., 2012)

Filtering with Quality Score I

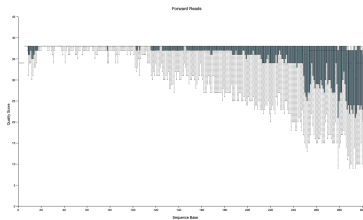
Drawback between:

- Longer sequence read
- Higher quality value

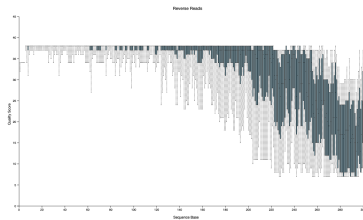
∴ Select the maximum length n where:

$$\begin{aligned} \forall n_i \in \{n_k | \text{MedianQualityScore} \geq 30\} \\ \exists! n \in \{n_i\} : n \geq n_i \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Filtering with Quality Score II



(a) Forward



(b) Reverse

Figure: Sequence Quality Plot from Helixco Data

Maximum Length: 265

Filtering with Quality Score III

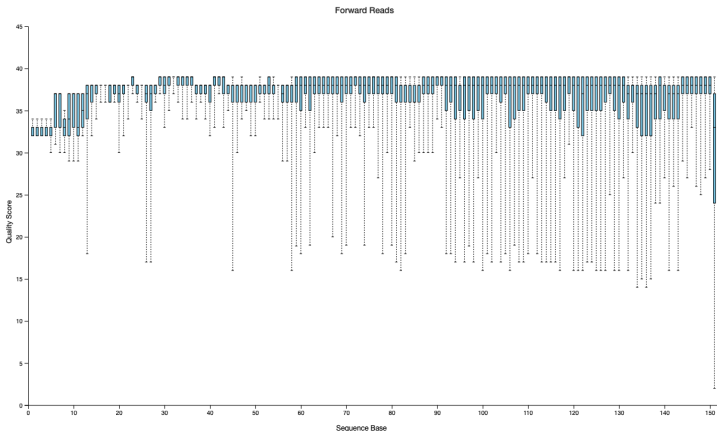
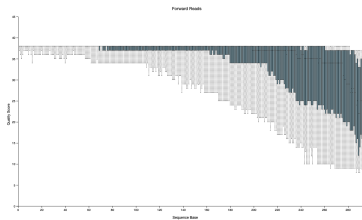


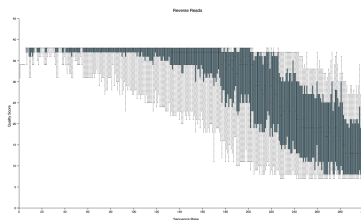
Figure: Sequence Quality Plot from EBI

Maximum Length: 150

Filtering with Quality Score IV



(a) Forward



(b) Reverse

Figure: Sequence Quality Plot from HMP Data

Maximum Length: 226

Denoising Techniques

- DADA2: Amplicon Sequence Variants (ASVs) (Callahan et al., 2016)
- Deblur: Operational Taxonomic Units (OTUs) (Amir et al., 2017)

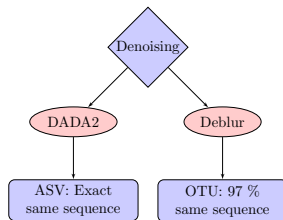


Figure: Denoising Algorithms

Taxonomy Classification

- Greengenes (GG) (DeSantis et al., 2006)
- SILVA (Pruesse et al., 2007; Quast et al., 2012)

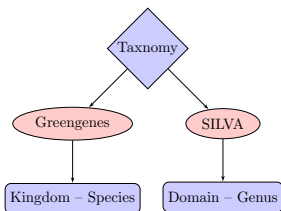


Figure: Taxonomy Classifications

“A **higher** performance at taxonomic levels above *genus level*;
but performance appears to **drop** at *species level*” (Gihawi et al., 2019)

Merging Denoising/Taxonomy

Merging multiple IDs (ASV or OTU) into one, which have

- Different IDs
- Identified as same taxonomy

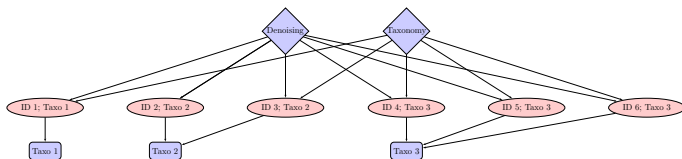


Figure: Example Diagram for Merging Denoising/Taxonomy



Figure: Mothur

Note: Still in progress

t-distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE)



Figure: t-SNE with handwritten data (Maaten & Hinton, 2008)

- Pandas (McKinney et al., 2011)
- Scikit-Learn (Pedregosa et al., 2011)
- SciPy (Virtanen et al., 2020)
- Matplotlib (Hunter, 2007)
- Seaborn (Waskom et al., 2020)

Results

t-SNE for Brief Information I

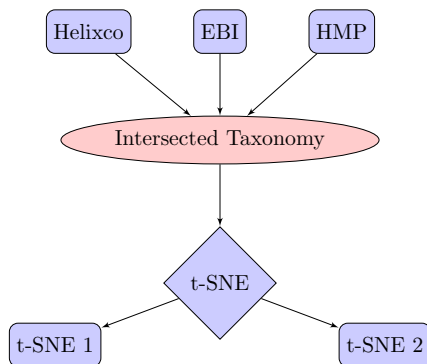


Figure: Workflow of t-SNE for Brief Information

t-SNE for Brief Information II



(a) DADA2 + GG



(b) DADA2 + SILVA



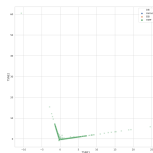
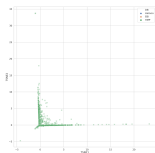
(c) Deblur + GG



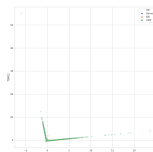
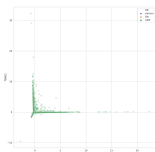
(d) Deblur + SILVA

Figure: Intersected Taxa Information

t-SNE for Brief Information III



(a) DADA2 + GG (b) DADA2 + SILVA



(c) Deblur + GG (d) Deblur + SILVA

Figure: t-SNE for Brief Information

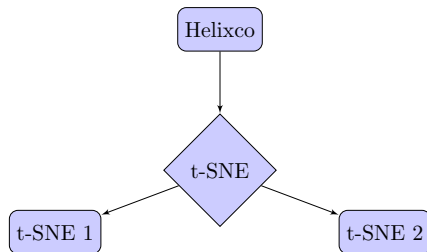
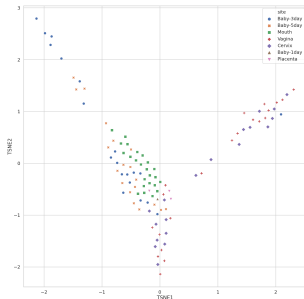
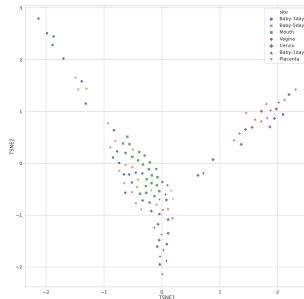


Figure: Workflow of t-SNE for Site Information

t-SNE with Site II



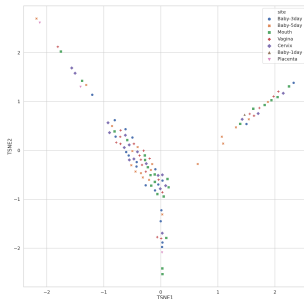
(a) DADA2 + GG



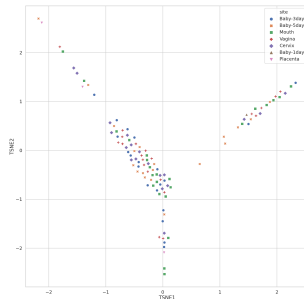
(b) DADA2 + SILVA

Figure: t-SNE with Site

t-SNE with Site III



(c) Deblur + GG



(d) Deblur + SILVA

Figure: t-SNE with Site

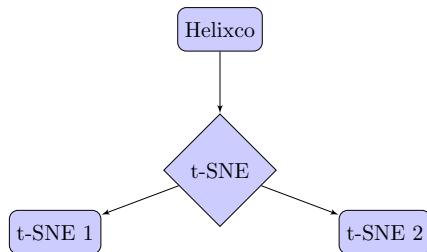
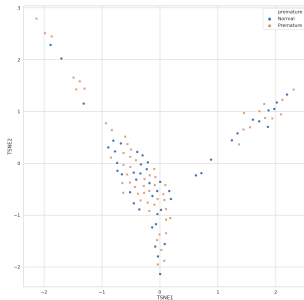
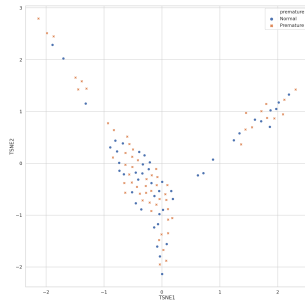


Figure: Workflow of t-SNE for Premature Information

t-SNE with Premature II



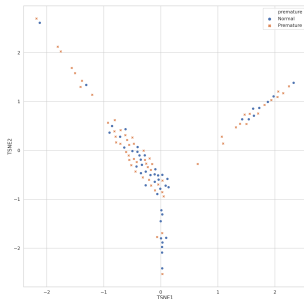
(a) DADA2 + GG



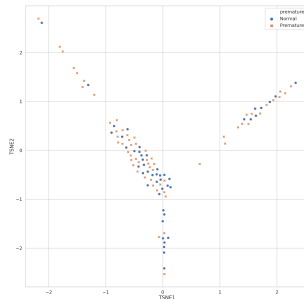
(b) DADA2 + SILVA

Figure: t-SNE with Site + Premature

t-SNE with Premature III



(c) Deblur + GG



(d) Deblur + SILVA

Figure: t-SNE with Site + Premature

Random Forest Classifier I

Input Data was treated with **Deblur** and **SILVA**.

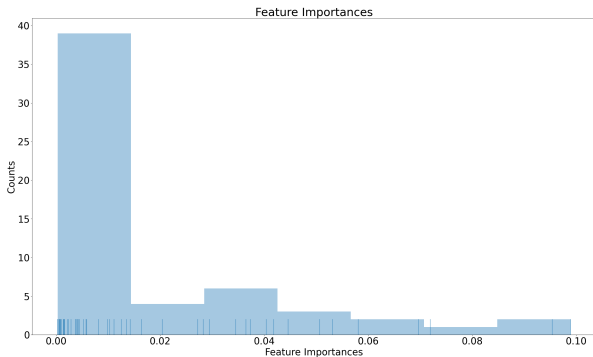


Figure: Feature Importance derived by Random Forest Classifier

Random Forest Classifier II

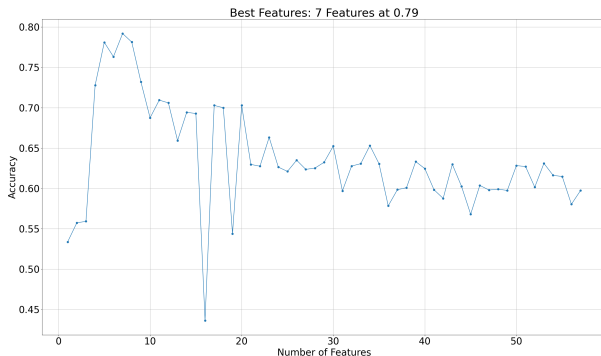


Figure: Number of Features vs. Accuracy

Random Forest Classifier III

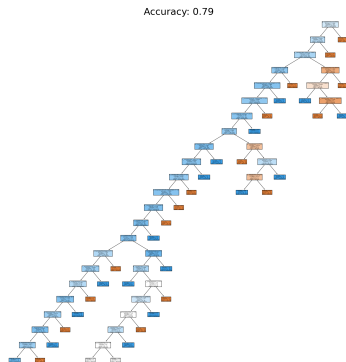
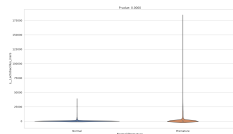
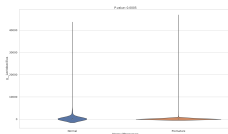


Figure: Random Forest Classifier

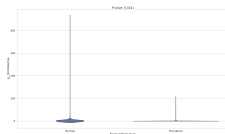
Random Forest Classifier IV



(a) *Lactobacillus iners*



(b) *Lactobacillus*



(c) *Romboutsia*

Figure: Violin Plot of Taxonomy

- a. *Bacteria Firmicutes Bacilli Lactobacillales Lactobacillaceae Lactobacillus Lactobacillus iners*
- b. *Bacteria Firmicutes Bacilli Lactobacillales Lactobacillaceae Lactobacillus*
- c. *Bacteria Firmicutes Clostridia Peptostreptococcales-Tissierellales Peptostreptococcaceae Romboutsia*

Proceedings

- t-SNE with databases
- Random Forest Classifier

Requirements I

- More data
- Metadata for databases
- Mothur pipeline

- Classifier result (Statistical values)

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