

Lung Precancer Study

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Overview

1 Introduction

2 Materials

3 Methods

4 Results

5 Discussion

6 References

1. Introduction

1. Introduction

1.1. Lung Cancer

Lung Cancer?

The most common cancer

The most common form of cancer:

12.3 % of all cancers (Minna, Roth, & Gazdar, 2002)

The most important factor

Tobacco

Cancer Survival Rate in Korea

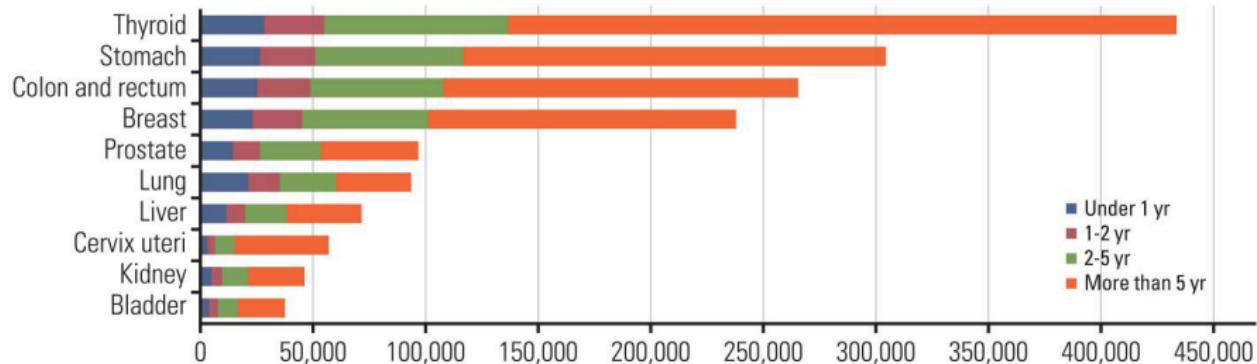


Figure: Common cancer survival rates (S. Hong et al., 2021)

Survival rate (More than 5 yr)

- Thyroid: 68.4 %
- Lung: 35.4 %

Type of Lung Cancer

Types of lung cancer:

- ① Adenocarcinoma (LUAD) (40 %) ★
- ② Squamous cell carcinoma (LUSC) (25 %) ★
- ③ Small cell carcinoma (20 %)
- ④ Large cell carcinoma (10 %)
- ⑤ Adenosquamous carcinoma (< 5 %)
- ⑥ Carcinoid (< 5 %)
- ⑦ Bronchioalveolar (Bronchial gland carcinoma)

(Vincent et al., 1977; Collins, Haines, Perkel, & Enck, 2007)

1. Introduction

1.2. LUAD

LUAD

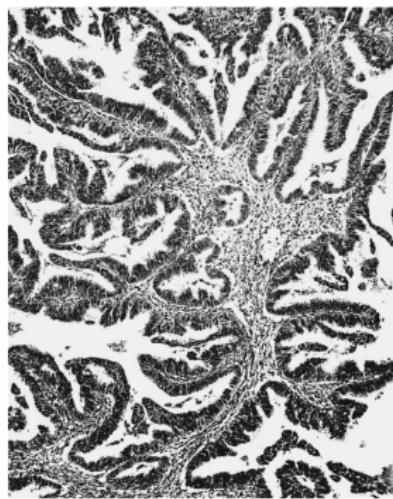
1. Introduction

1.3. LUSC

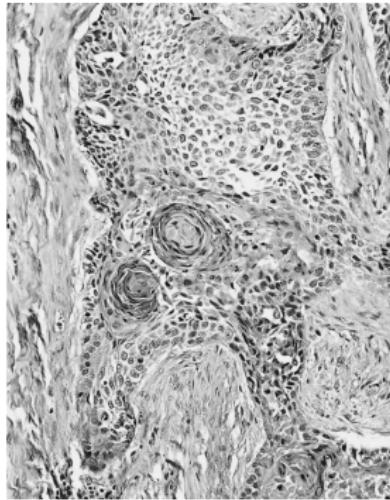
1. Introduction

1.4. LUAD vs. LUSC

LUAD vs. LUSC I



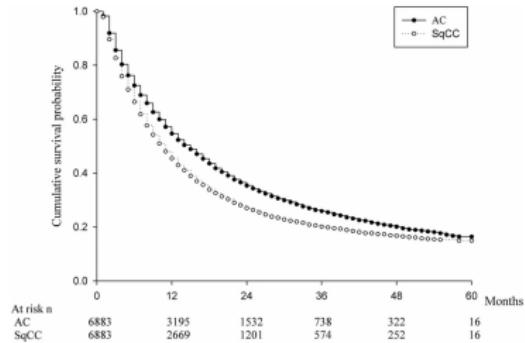
(a) LUAD



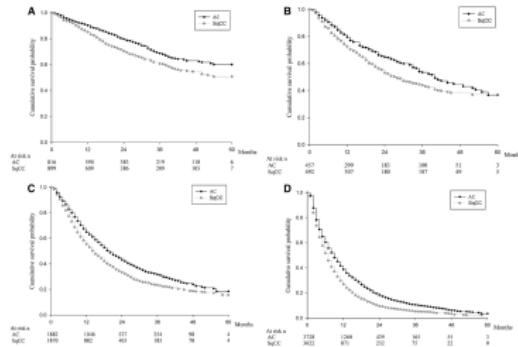
(b) LUSC

Figure: LUAD and LUSC histology in Lung cancer (Travis, 2002)

LUAD vs. LUSC II



(a) All patients



(b) By cancer stages

Figure: Kaplan-Meier survival curves for LUAD & LUSC (Wang et al., 2020)

Findings

LUSC is more dangerous than LUAD. $\therefore p < 0.001$

1. Introduction

1.5. Study Objectives

Study Objectives

Find different mutations

- between WES vs. WTS
- from cancer vs. precancer

Pathway examine

- with the mutation of WES & RNA-seq
- with immune-depleted animal models

Ultra-deep sequencing

to find an *infinitesimal* quantity of Non-Circulating Tumor DNA

- from blood
- from urine
- from bronchus

2. Materials

Lung Cancer Data

- Exome (WES) (n=289) + Transcriptome (WTS) (n=166)
- Normal + {Primary, CIS + AIS, AAH, Dysplasia, MIA}
 - Carcinoma in situ
 - Adenocarcinoma in situ
 - Atypical adenomatous hyperplasia
 - Dysplasia
 - Minimally invasive adenocarcinoma
- Adenocarcinoma (LUAD) & Squamous cell carcinoma (LUSC)
 - ① Normal → AAH → AIS → MIA → LUAD (n=28)
 - ② Normal → Dysplasia → CIS → LUSC (n=80)

2. Materials

2.1. WES Data

WES Data Composition

Table: Number of WES samples

Cancer Subtype	Stage	Number of Samples
LUSC	Normal	77
	Dysplasia	5
	AAH	8
	CIS+AIS	73
	Primary	77
	Total	240
LUAD	Normal	18
	AAH	15
	CIS+AIS	9
	MIA	1
	Primary	18
	Total	61

WES Data Composition with Recurrence I

Table: LUSC WES Data with Recurrence

Recurrence?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	Dysplasia
Recurrence	Normal	14	
	Dysplasia		4
	CIS+AIS	12	
	Primary	14	
	Total	44	
Non-recurrence	Normal	63	
	Dysplasia		1
	AAH	8	
	CIS+AIS	61	
	Primary	63	
	Total	196	

WES Data Composition with Recurrence II

Table: LUAD WES Data with Recurrence

Recurrence?	Number of Samples	
	Stage	
Recurrence	Normal	5
	AAH	8
	CIS+AIS	2
	Primary	5
	Total	20
Non-recurrence	Normal	13
	AAH	7
	CIS+AIS	7
	MIA	1
	Primary	13
	Total	41

WES Data Composition with Smoking I

Table: LUSC WES Data with Smoking

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	Total
Never	Normal	3	
	CIS+AIS	3	
	Primary	3	
	Total	9	
Ex	Normal	41	
	Dysplasia	1	
	AAH	4	
	CIS+AIS	40	
	Primary	41	
	Total	127	
Current	Normal	33	
	Dysplasia	4	
	AAH	4	
	CIS+AIS	30	
	Primary	33	
	Total	104	

WES Data Composition with Smoking II

Table: LUAD WES Data with Smoking

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	Total
Never	Normal	1	
	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	1	
	Total	3	
Ex	Normal	10	
	AAH	9	
	CIS+AIS	6	
	Primary	10	
	Total	35	
Current	Normal	7	
	AAH	6	
	CIS+AIS	2	
	MIA	1	
	Primary	7	
	Total	23	

2. Materials

2.2. WTS Data

WTS Data Composition

Table: Number of WTS samples

Cancer Subtype	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	17
LUSC	Dysplasia		2
	CIS+AIS		34
	Primary		36
	Total		89
LUAD	Normal		13
	AAH		1
	CIS+AIS		5
	Primary		6
	Total		25

WTS Data Composition with Recurrence I

Table: LUSC WTS Data with Recurrence

Recurrence?	Number of Samples	
	Stage	
Recurrence	Normal	1
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	5
	Primary	6
	Total	13
Non-recurrence	Normal	16
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	29
	Primary	30
	Total	76

WTS Data Composition with Recurrence II

Table: LUAD WTS Data with Recurrence

Recurrence?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	Total
Recurrence	Normal	2	2
	CIS+AIS	1	1
	Primary	1	1
	Total	4	4
Non-recurrence	Normal	11	11
	AAH	1	1
	CIS+AIS	4	4
	Primary	5	5
	Total	21	21

WTS Data Composition with Smoking I

Table: LUSC WTS Data with Smoking

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	Total
Never	Normal	1	1
	CIS+AIS	1	1
	Primary	2	2
	Total	4	4
Ex	Normal	8	8
	Dysplasia	1	1
	CIS+AIS	21	21
	Primary	22	22
	Total	52	52
Current	Normal	8	8
	Dysplasia	1	1
	CIS+AIS	12	12
	Primary	12	12
	Total	33	33

WTS Data Composition with Smoking II

Table: LUAD WTS Data with Smoking

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
Never	Normal	10	
	AAH	1	
	CIS+AIS	3	
	Primary	4	
	Total	18	
Ex	Normal	3	
	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	1	
	Total	5	
Current	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	1	
	Total	2	

3. Methods

3. Methods

3.1. Workflows

Data pre-processing for variant discovery

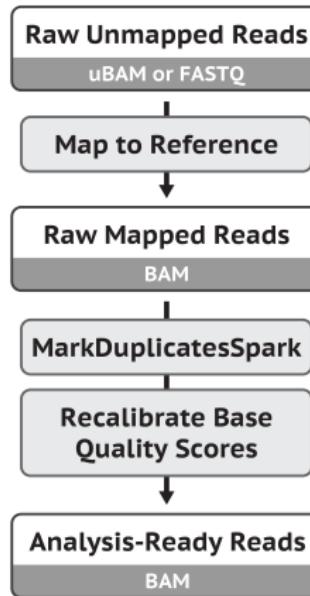


Figure: Data pre-processing for variant discovery (Van der Auwera et al., 2013; DePristo et al., 2011)

Somatic short variant discovery

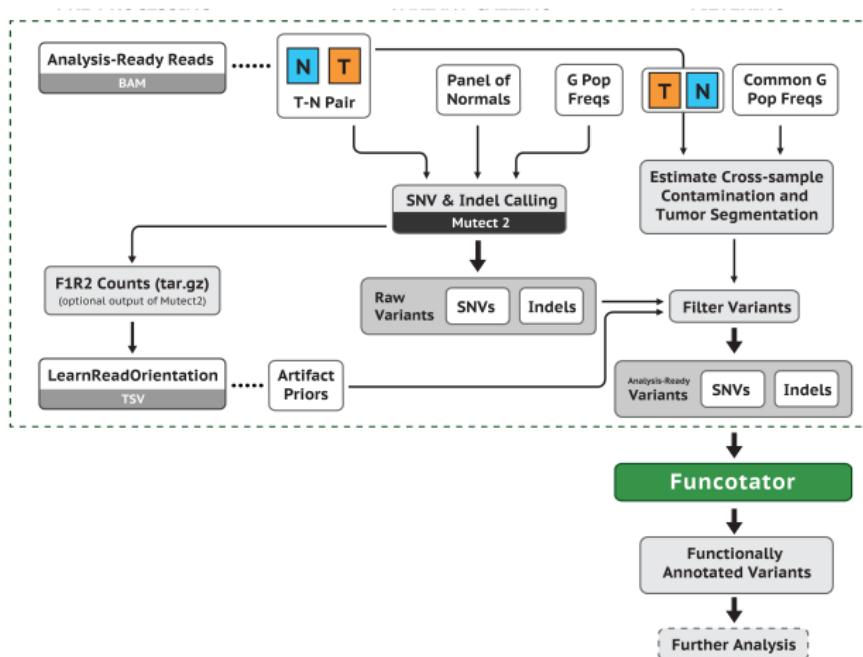


Figure: Somatic short variant (SNVs + Indels) discovery workflow (Van der Auwera et al., 2013; DePristo et al., 2011)

Germline short variant discovery

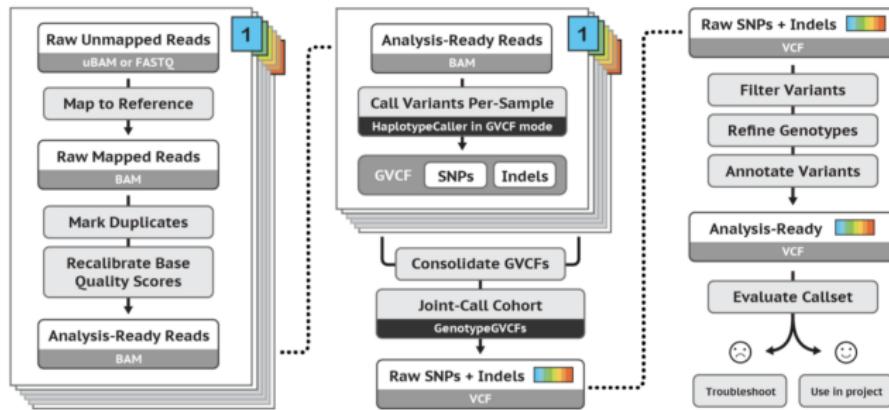


Figure: Germline short variant (SNVs + Indels) discovery workflow (Van der Auwera et al., 2013; DePristo et al., 2011)

RNA-seq short variant discovery

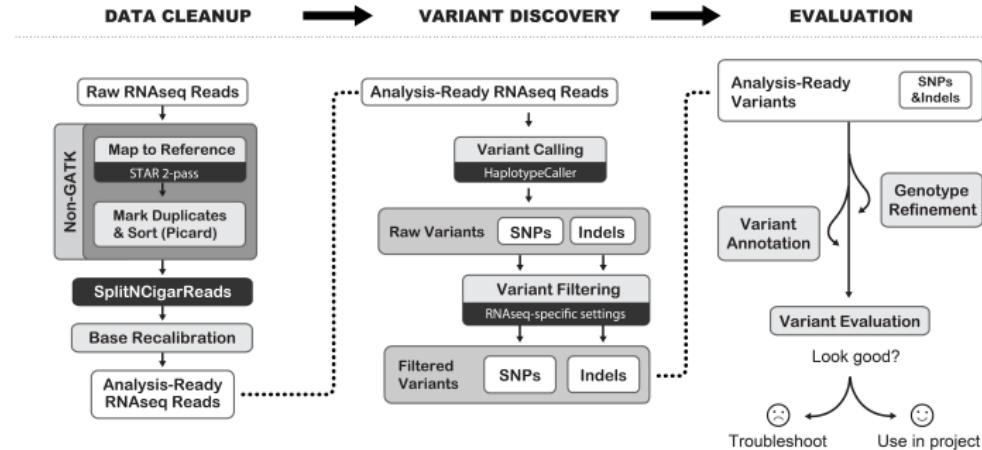


Figure: RNA-seq short variant (SNVs + Indels) discovery workflow (Van der Auwera et al., 2013; DePristo et al., 2011)

4. Results

4. Results

4.1. Quality Checks with FastQC

FastQC?

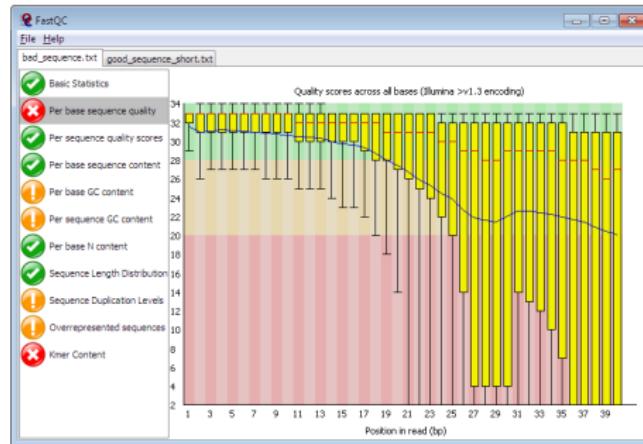


Figure: Example of FastQC Result (Andrews et al., 2012)

- A quality check tool for sequence data
- Give an overview that which test may be problems

FastQC on WES

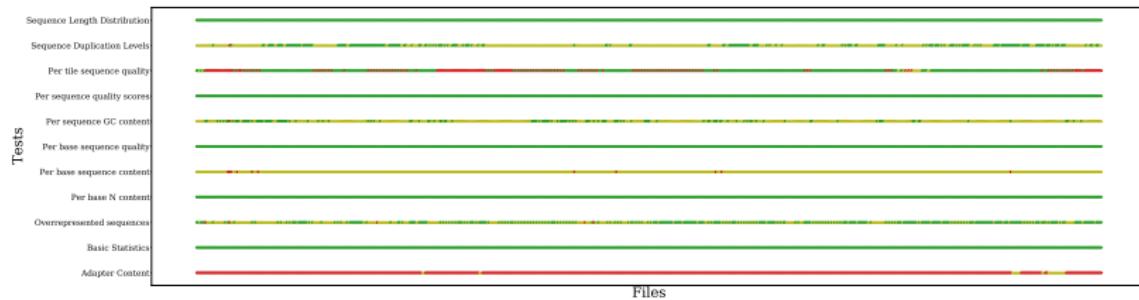
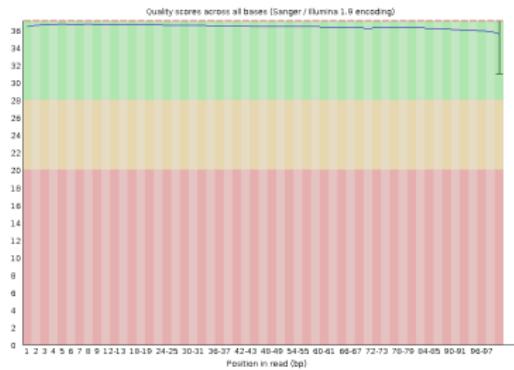


Figure: FastQC with WES data

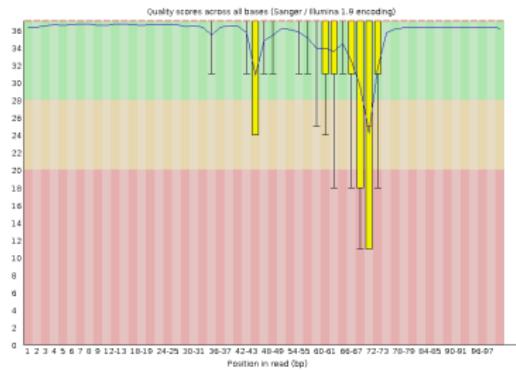
Failure on 33P1 sample

33P1 is excluded at further analysis.

Failure on 33P1 I



(a) 33N



(b) 33P1

Figure: Per Base Sequence Quality Results

Failure on 33P1 II

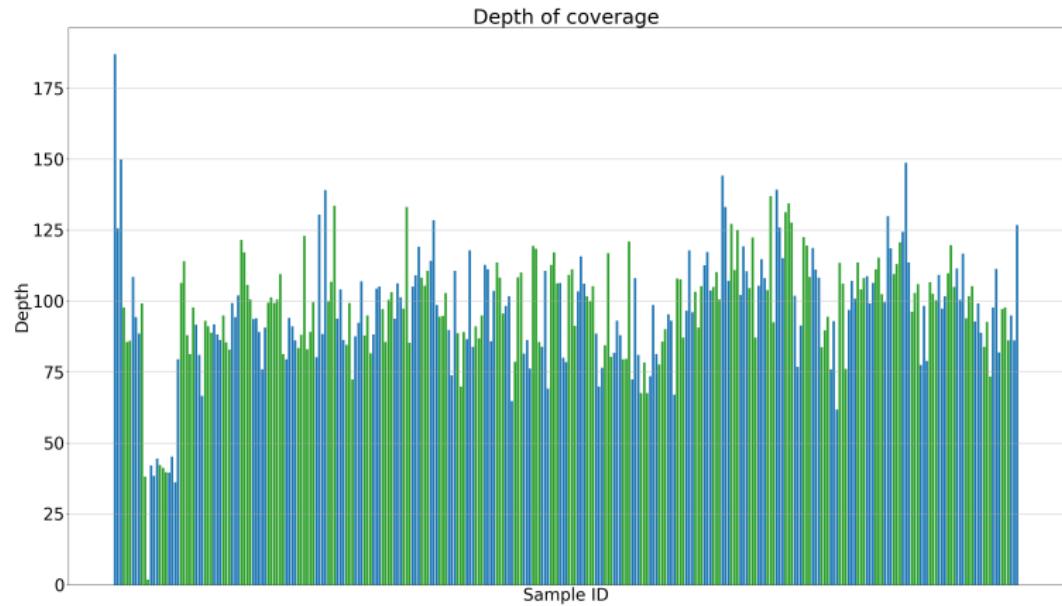


Figure: Coverage Depth Plot

FastQC on WTS

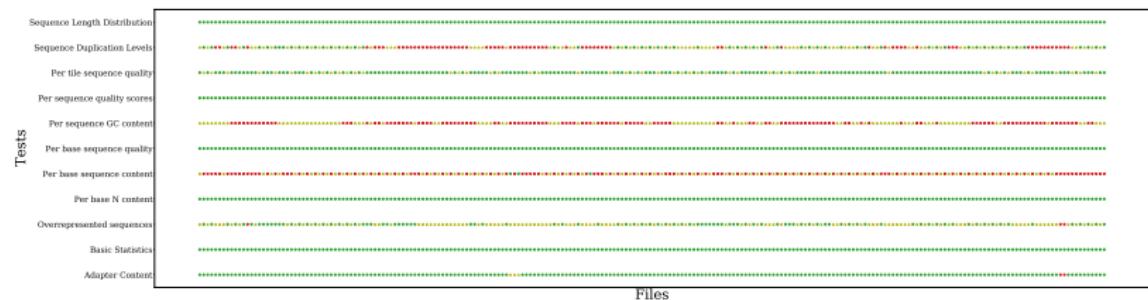


Figure: FastQC with WTS data

All sample are good to analysis

∴ No sample has more than 5 failures.

4. Results

4.2. Quality Checks with Picard

Picard?

Findings in Picard

4. Results

4.3. Copy Number Variations

Sequenza?

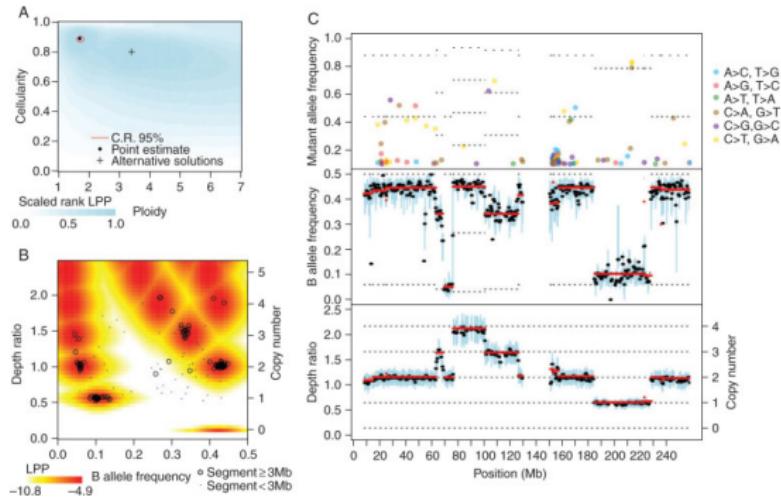
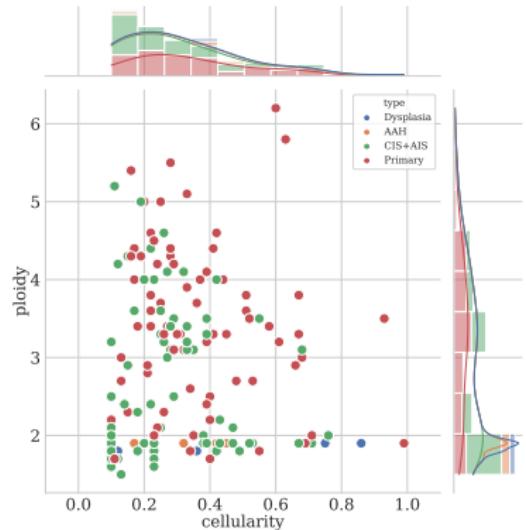
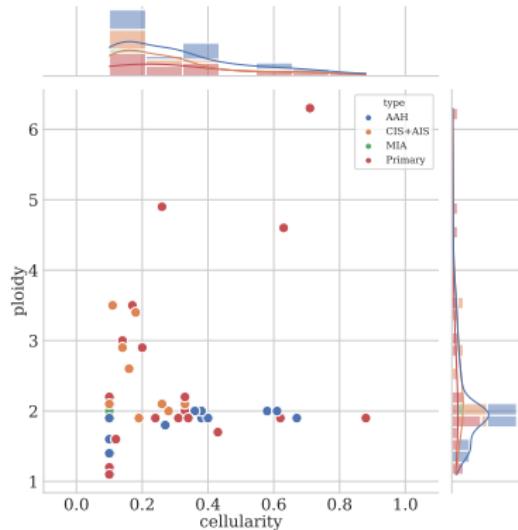


Figure: Representative Output of the Sequenza (Favero et al., 2015)

Cellularity & Ploidy on WES



(a) LUSC Samples



(b) LUAD Samples

Figure: Cellularity and Ploidy from Sequenza

LUSC in CNV Plot

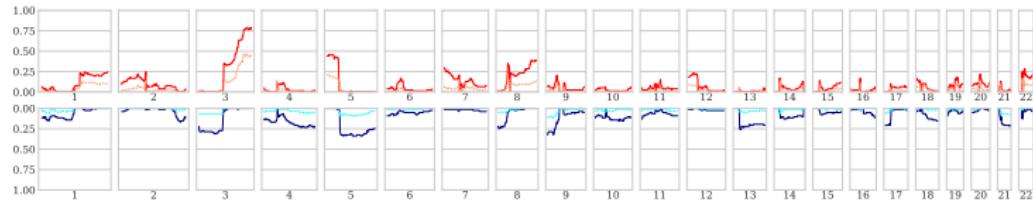


Figure: LUSC in CNV Plot

LUSC with Recurrence in CNV Plot

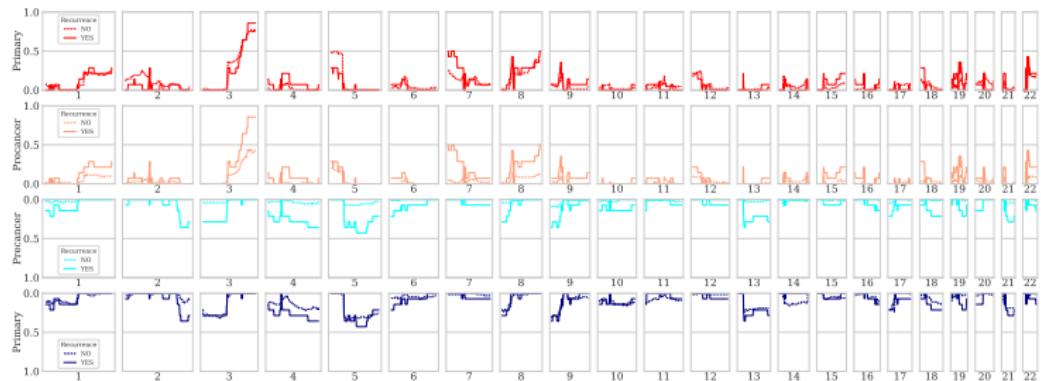


Figure: LUSC with Recurrence in CNV Plot

LUAD in CNV Plot

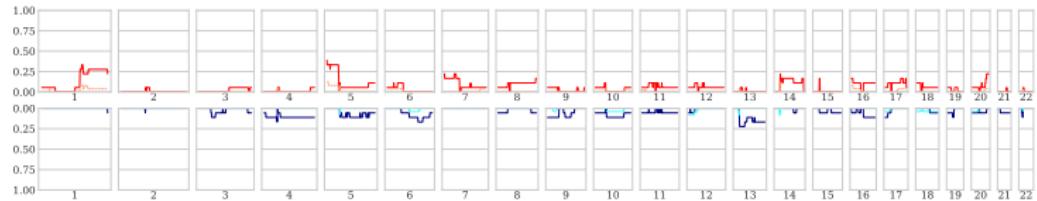


Figure: LUAD in CNV Plot

LUAD with Recurrence in CNV Plot

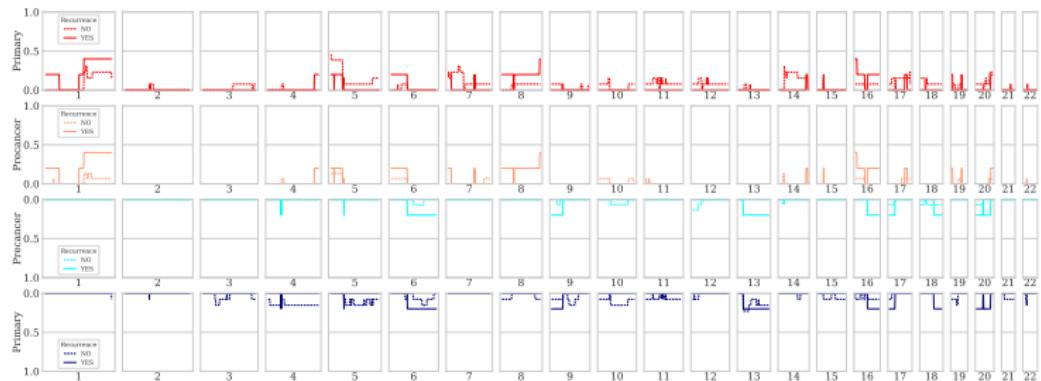


Figure: LUAD with Recurrence in CNV Plot

Findings in Sequenza

4. Results

4.4. SNVs Analysis

Mutect2?

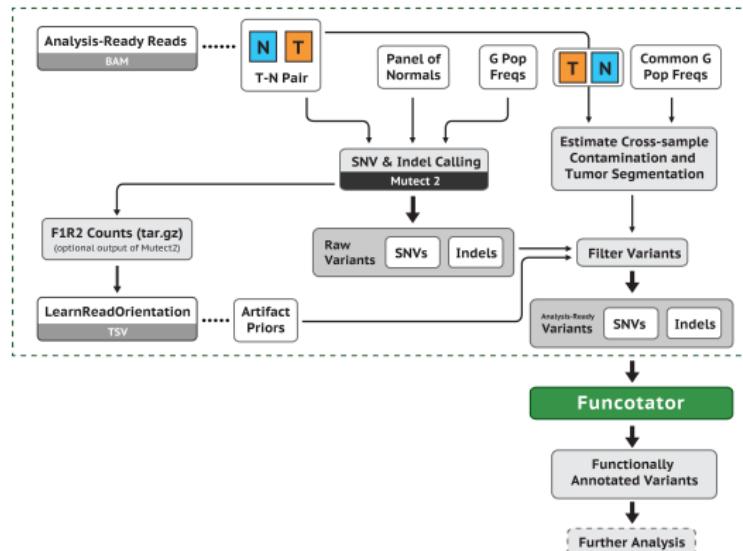
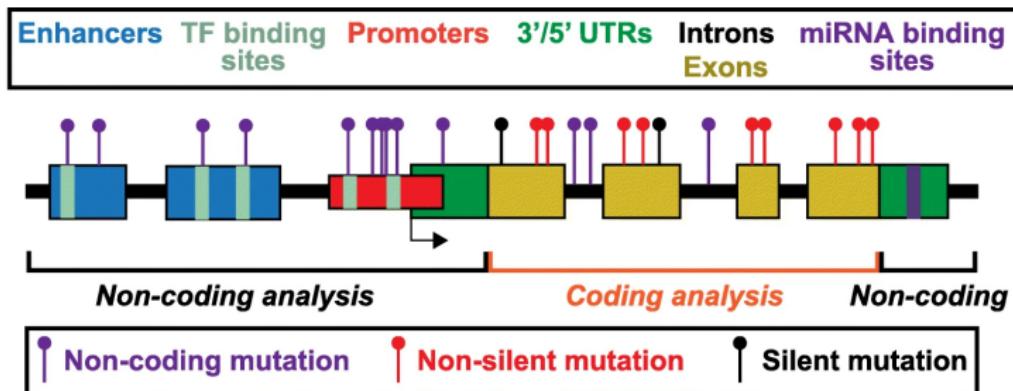


Figure: Somatic short variant discovery workflow (Van der Auwera et al., 2013; DePristo et al., 2011)

MutEnricher?



Analysis summary:

Inputs:

- Somatic mutations
- Features of interest:
 - Coding genes
 - Non-coding regions
- Genomic covariates (optional)

Analyses:

- Background calculations:
 - global, local, or covariate clustered
- Mutation enrichments:
 - coding/non-coding modules

Outputs:

- Gene or non-coding region enrichments:
 - Overall genes/regions
 - Hotspots
 - Combined

Figure: Schematic representation of MunEnricher's analysis procedures (Soltis et al., 2020)

CoMut?

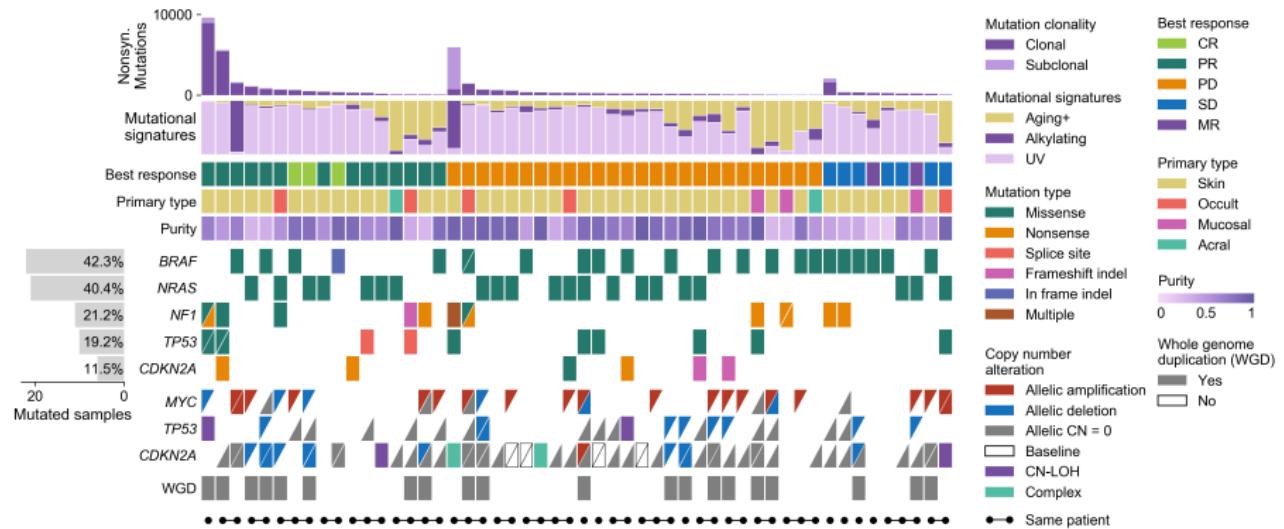


Figure: A comutation plot generated with CoMut (Crowdis et al., 2020)

Driver Gene Selection Strategy

COSMIC Cancer Gene Census (Tate John et al., 2018)

Gene \in CGC Tier 1 set

Fisher FDR

Fisher FDR < 0.05

Fisher P-value

Fisher P-value < 0.05

Gene P-value

Gene P-value < 0.05

Somatic Variant in LUSC

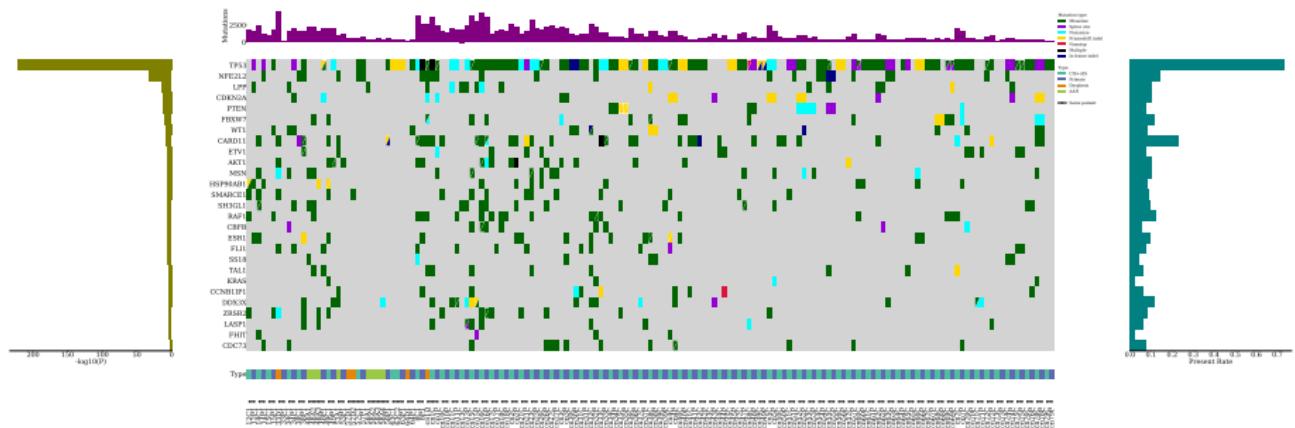


Figure: CoMut Plot with LUSC Patients

Somatic Variant in LUSC with Recurrence

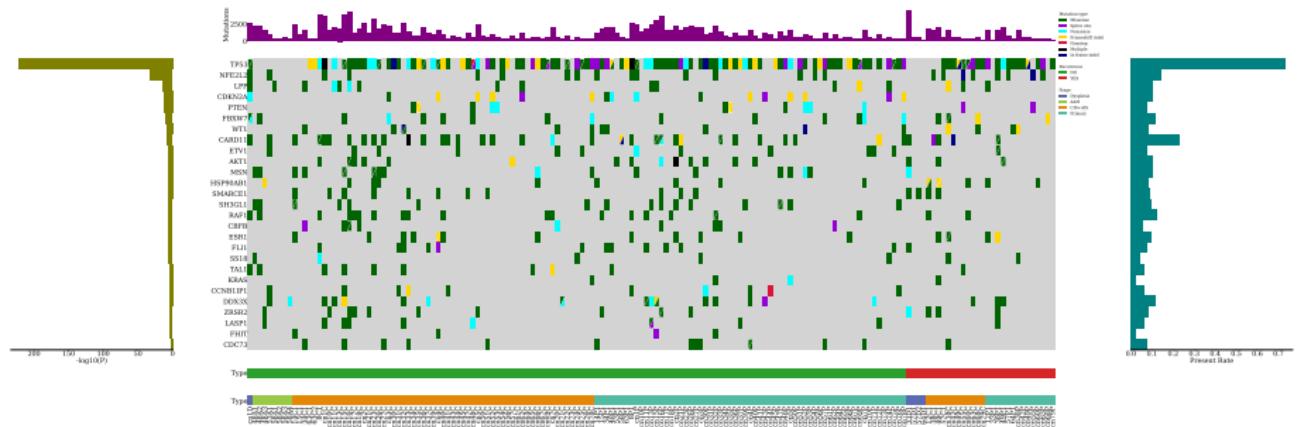


Figure: CoMut Plot in LUSC Patients with Recurrence

Somatic Variant in LUAD

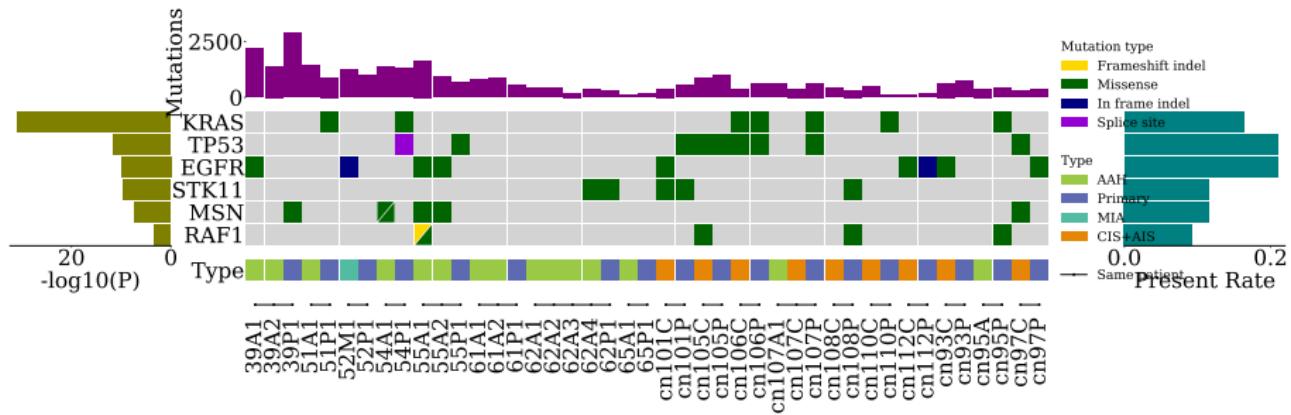


Figure: CoMut Plot with LUAD Patients

Somatic Variant in LUAD with Recurrence

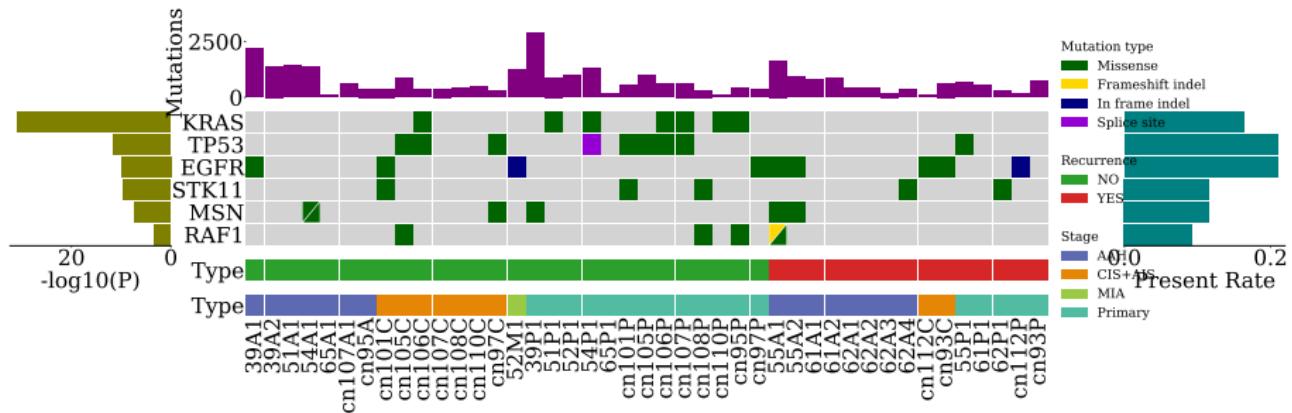


Figure: CoMut Plot in LUAD Patients with Recurrence

Findings in SNVs Analysis

4. Results

4.5. VAF Analysis

VAF?

- Variant allele frequency
- VAF = Alternative allele read count/Total read count
- To find tumor evolution

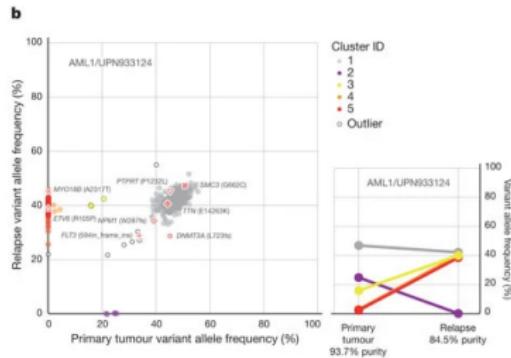


Figure: VAF distribution of validated mutations (Ding et al., 2012)

VAF Plots I

PyClone?

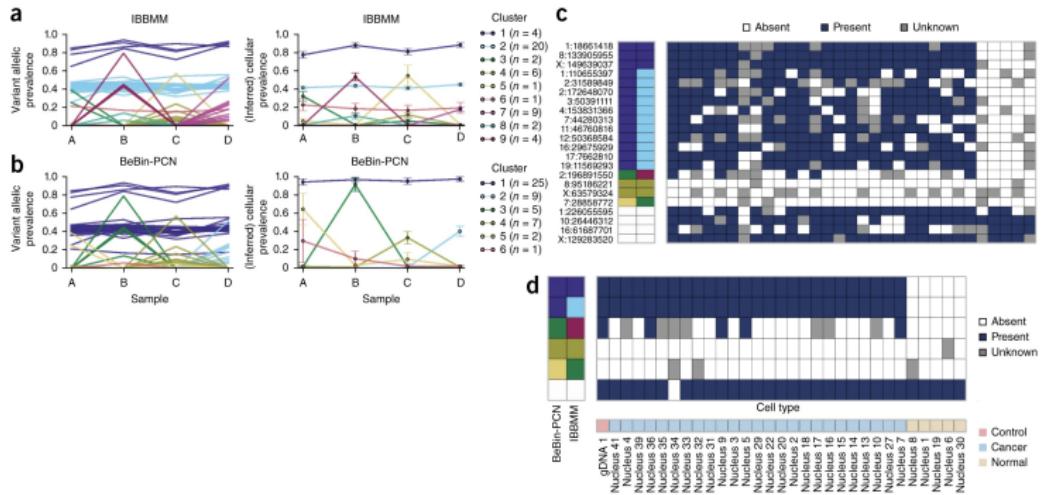


Figure: Analysis of multiple samples by PyClone (Roth et al., 2014)

PyClone Plots I

Findings in VAF Analysis

4. Results

4.6. Tumor Evolution Trajectories Analysis

Revolver?

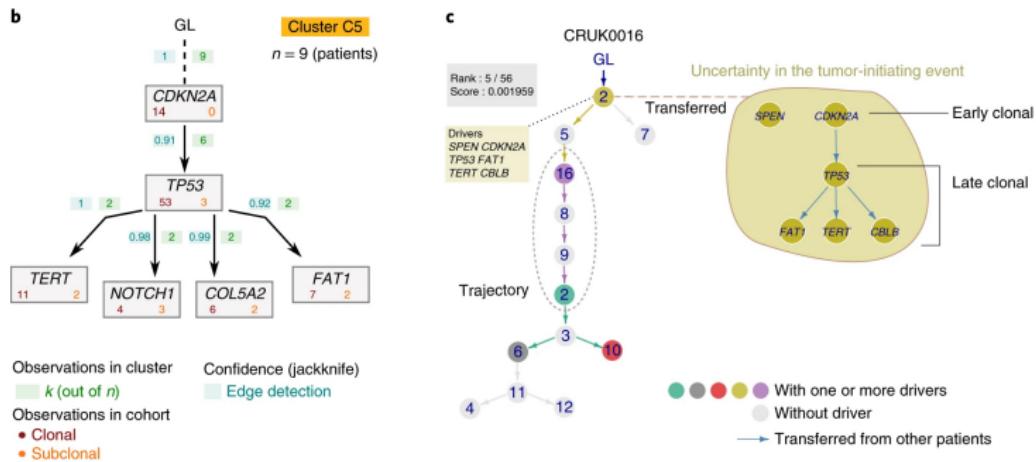


Figure: Repeated Evolutionary Trajectories (Caravagna et al., 2018)

Findings in Tumor Evolution Trajectories Analysis

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

RSEM?

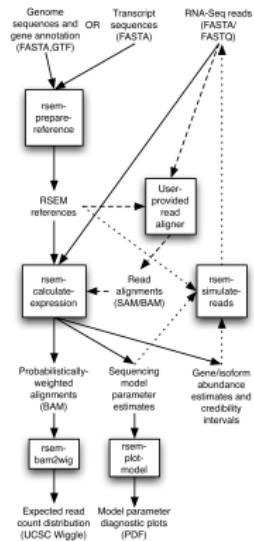


Figure: RSEM workflow (Li & Dewey, 2011)

DESeq2?

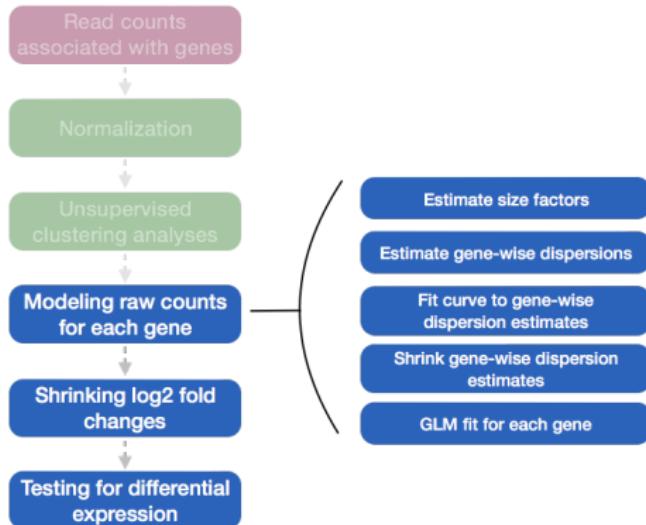


Figure: DESeq2 workflow (Love, Huber, & Anders, 2014)

DEG Selection Strategy

DEG: differentially expressed genes

Fold Change

$$\log_2(\text{Fold Change}) > 1 \vee \log_2(\text{Fold Change}) < -1$$

P-value

$$P\text{-value} < 0.05$$

Adjusted P-value

$$P_{adj} < 0.05$$

Enrichr?

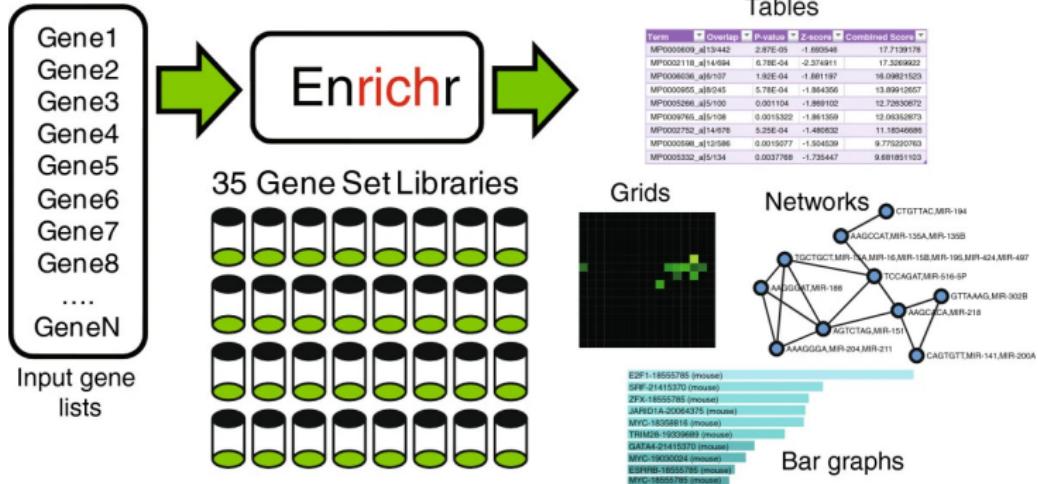


Figure: Enrichr workflow (E. Y. Chen et al., 2013; Kuleshov et al., 2016)

Gene-set Library

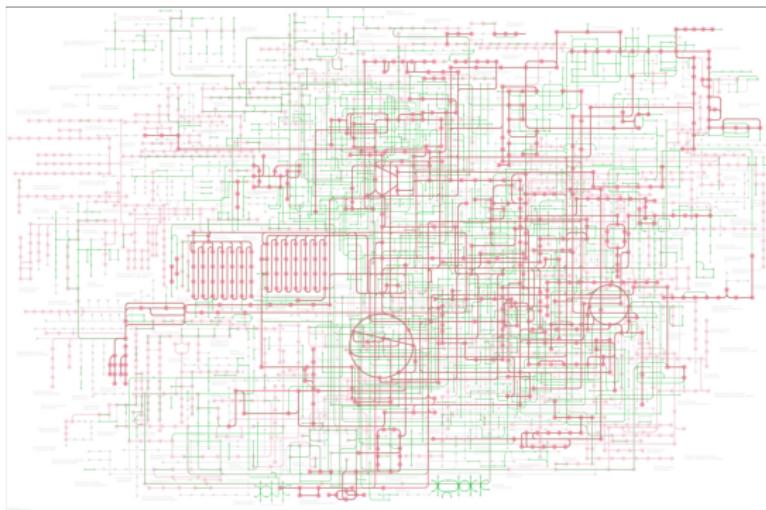


Figure: The global map of metabolic pathways by KEGG (Kanehisa et al., 2021)

KEGG

KEGG 2021 Human

WTS Data Composition

Table: Number of WTS samples

Cancer Subtype	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	17
LUSC	Dysplasia		2
	CIS+AIS		34
	Primary		36
	Total		89
LUAD	Normal		13
	AAH		1
	CIS+AIS		5
	Primary		6
	Total		25

WTS Data Composition by Recur |

Table: Number of WTS LUSC samples

Recurrence?	Number of Samples	
	Stage	
Recurrence	Normal	1
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	5
	Primary	6
	Total	13
Non-recurrence	Normal	16
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	29
	Primary	30
	Total	76

WTS Data Composition by Recur II

Table: Number of WTS LUAD samples

Recurrence?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	CIS+AIS
Recurrence	Normal	2	
	CIS+AIS		1
	Primary		1
	Total	4	
Non-recurrence	Normal	11	
	AAH		1
	CIS+AIS		4
	Primary		5
	Total	21	

WTS Data Composition by Smoking I

Table: Number of WTS LUSC samples

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
		Normal	CIS+AIS
Never	Normal	1	
	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	2	
	Total	4	
Ex	Normal	8	
	Dysplasia	1	
	CIS+AIS	21	
	Primary	22	
	Total	52	
Current	Normal	8	
	Dysplasia	1	
	CIS+AIS	12	
	Primary	12	
	Total	33	

WTS Data Composition by Smoking II

Table: Number of WTS LUAD samples

Smoking?	Stage	Number of Samples	
Never	Normal	10	
	AAH	1	
	CIS+AIS	3	
	Primary	4	
	Total	18	
Ex	Normal	3	
	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	1	
	Total	5	
Current	CIS+AIS	1	
	Primary	1	
	Total	2	

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.1. Comparing cancer stage in LUSC

DEG List in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated DEG in LUSC

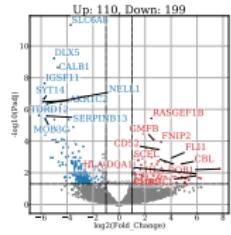
gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
AKR1C1	6.18e+00	5.14e-26	5.01e-23
AKR1C2	6.06e+00	1.19e-22	5.04e-20
CYP4F11	5.58e+00	1.51e-20	4.36e-18

Table: Down-regulated DEG in LUSC

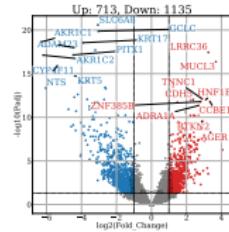
gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SFTPC	-5.85e+00	9.16e-21	2.83e-18
FAM107A	-4.62e+00	2.27e-33	9.60e-30
LRRC36	-4.53e+00	5.49e-36	3.48e-32

DEG Volcano Plots in LUSC

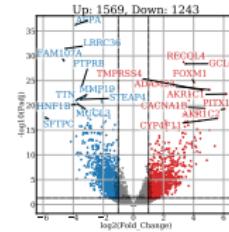
Normal → Dysplasia → CIS → Primary (LUSC)



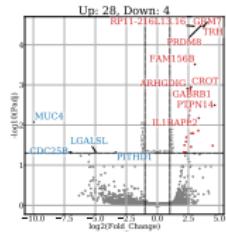
(a) Normal-Dysplasia



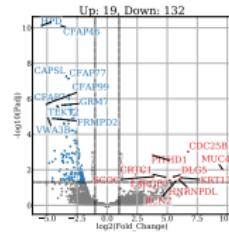
(b) Normal-CIS



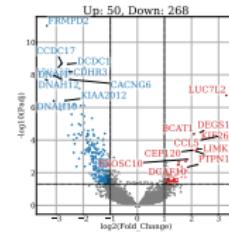
(c) Normal-Primary



(d) Dysplasia-CIS



(e) Dysplasia-Primary

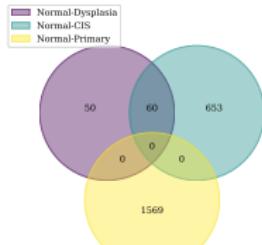


(f) CIS-Primary

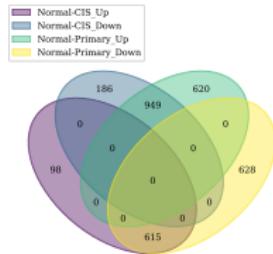
Figure: DEG Volcano Plots in LUSC

DEG Venn Diagram in LUSC

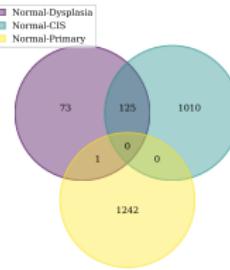
Normal → Dysplasia → CIS → Primary (LUSC)



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram in LUSC

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Dysplasia in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Dysplasia

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Leishmaniasis	NFKBIA,HLA-DOA,TLR4,...(5)	6.72e-03
Lysosome	ASAHI,LAPTM5,CTSH,...(6)	6.72e-03
Phagosome	OLR1,HLA-DOA,TLR4,...(6)	1.15e-02

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Dysplasia

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test with Normal vs. CIS in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF1R,CSF3,IL4R,...(20)	7.22e-08
Malaria	CSF3,HGF,ITGB2,...(13)	1.16e-06
Cell adhesion molecules	NLGN3,SELPLG,CADM1,...(22)	1.16e-06

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450	GSTM4,CBR1,GSTM3,...(19)	9.34e-06
Drug metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,GSTM2,...(21)	9.06e-05
Cell cycle	CDKN2A,PLK1,BUB1B,...(22)	1.68e-04

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Primary in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Cell cycle	HDAC1,PKMYT1,ORC4,...(27)	1.53e-04
Glutathione metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,G6PD,...(17)	1.53e-04
DNA replication	FEN1,RNASEH2A,RFC4,...(13)	1.72e-04

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF1R,CSF3,CSF3R,...(27)	7.33e-09
Malaria	IL10,CSF3,CR1,...(19)	7.33e-09
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,ITGB3,CACNA1D,...(25)	1.24e-08

Findings in Comparing cancer stage in LUSC

AKR1C1 & AKR1C2

- ① They are down-regulated in CIS, but up-regulated in Primary.
- ② They regulate steroids (Jin et al., 2009) and hormones (Penning et al., 2000) .
- ③ They promote the metastasis of NSCLC (Z. Hong et al., 2018).

Down-regulation of SFTPC

- ① A pulmonary surfactant associated protein (Lin et al., 2018).
- ② SFTPC $\downarrow \Rightarrow$ Poor survival in LUAD (Li et al., 2019).
- ③ Associated with lung disease in adult (Henderson et al., 2013) and baby (Brasch et al., 2004).

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.2. Comparing cancer stage in LUAD

DEG List in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated DEG in LUAD

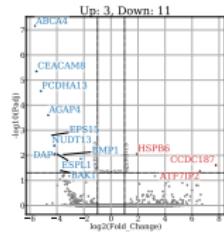
gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
ABCA4	4.95e+00	3.01e-12	2.58e-09
HMGA2	4.79e+00	8.06e-08	1.46e-05
KIF12	4.48e+00	1.33e-06	1.46e-04

Table: Down-regulated DEG in LUAD

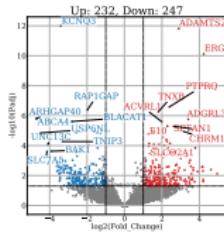
gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SLC6A4	-6.20e+00	5.80e-10	2.36e-07
IL1RL1	-4.20e+00	7.47e-06	5.82e-04
RNF185	-4.06e+00	4.75e-05	2.45e-03

DEG Volcano Plots in LUAD

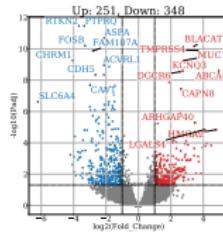
Normal → AAH → AIS → Primary (LUAD)



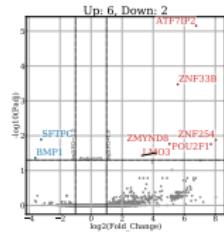
(a) Normal-AAH



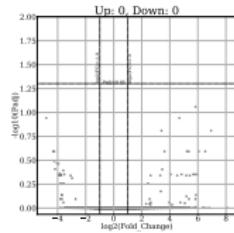
(b) Normal-AIS



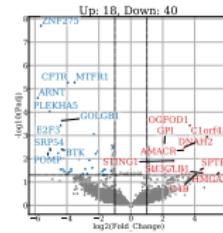
(c) Normal-Primary



(d) AAH-AIS



(e) AAH-Primary

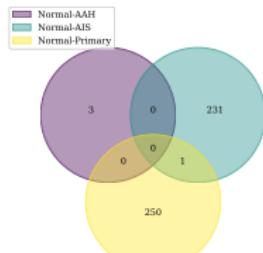


(f) AIS-Primary

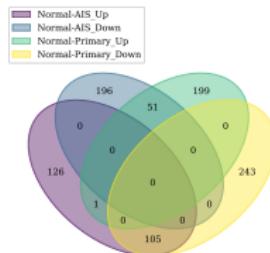
Figure: DEG Volcano Plots in LUAD

DEG Venn Diagram in LUAD

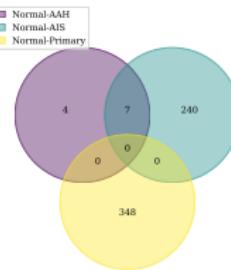
Normal → AAH → AIS → Primary (LUAD)



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram in LUAD

Enrichment test with Normal vs. AAH in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AAH

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AAH

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test with Normal vs. AIS in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AIS

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Calcium signaling pathway	RYR2,NTRK2,CHRM1,...(11)	2.49e-02
Cell adhesion molecules	CDH5,CLDN5,NLGN1,...(8)	3.55e-02

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AIS

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Primary in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Vascular smooth muscle contraction	PPP1R14A, EDN1, RAMP2, ... (13)	1.38e-04
ECM-receptor interaction	TNXB, VWF, COL4A2, ... (10)	3.58e-04
Calcium signaling pathway	MCOLN3, CHRM1, NOS2, ... (16)	4.03e-04

ABCA4

- ① Down-regulated in AAH & AIS, but up-regulated in Primary.
- ② It is associated with ophthalmology (Maugeri et al., 2000).
- ③ It shows lung cancer susceptibility in Korean patients (Lee, Lee, Yoon, & Lee, 2013).

Finding in Comparing cancer stage in LUAD II

KCNQ3

- ① Down-regulated in AIS, but up-regulated in Primary.
- ② K^+ voltage-dependent channels \Rightarrow Various physiological functions (Schroeder, Kubisch, Stein, & Jentsch, 1998; Surti, Huang, Jan, Jan, & Cooper, 2005; Singh et al., 2003).
- ③ Up-regulated microRNAs in hypoxia-induced LUAD (Geng et al., 2016).
- ④ KCNQ gene family is associated with lung disease (Mondejar-Parreño, Perez-Vizcaino, & Cogolludo, 2020).

CHRM1

- ① Up-regulated in AIS, but down-regulated in Primary.
- ② Various cellular responses ⇒ neurodevelopmental disorders (Marcé-Grau et al., 2021), schizophrenia (Dean & Scarr, 2021), and Alzheimer's disease (Counts et al., 2007).
- ③ Reported down-regulation in LUSC & LUAD (Ma et al., 2019).

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.3. Recur vs. Non-recur in LUSC

Table: Number of WTS LUSC samples

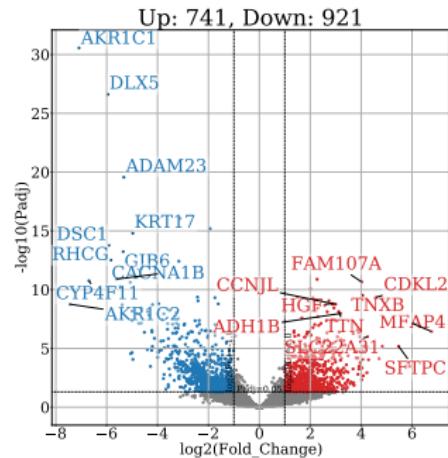
Recurrence?	Number of Samples	
	Stage	
Recurrence	Normal	1
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	5
	Primary	6
	Total	13
Non-recurrence	Normal	16
	Dysplasia	1
	CIS+AIS	29
	Primary	30
	Total	76

Pooled normal samples

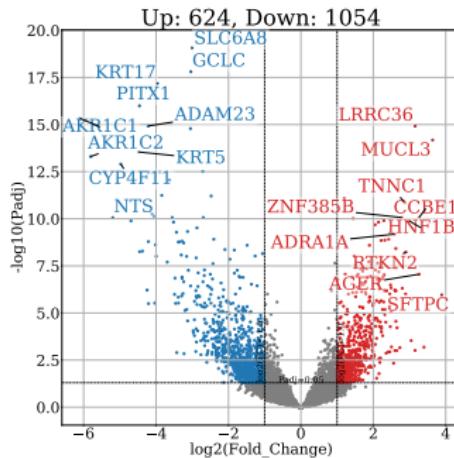
In order to compare with Normal stage, merging Normal samples.

∴ Insufficient number of Normal samples in Recur.

DEG Volcano Plots for R vs. NR with CIS in LUSC



(a) Recur



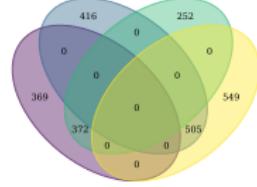
(b) Non-recur

Figure: DEG Volcanot Plot with CIS in LUSC

DEG Venn Diagram for R vs. NR with CIS in LUSC



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram for R vs. NR with CIS in LUSC

Enrichment test for Recur-specific with CIS in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Huntington disease	COX8A,DCTN5,COX7B,...(24)	6.36e-06
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	DCTN5,COX7B,TOMM40,...(25)	1.62e-05
Parkinson disease	COX8A,COX7B,NDUFA12,...(20)	1.62e-05

Enrichment test for Non-recur-specific with CIS in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Non-recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Malaria	IL6,ITGB2,KLRC4-KLRK1,...(6)	7.76e-03
Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation	STAT5B,MAML2,MAML3,...(7)	1.15e-02
Transcriptional misregulation in cancer	PTCRA,CSF1R,IL6,...(10)	1.15e-02

Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Non-recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test for Intersected with CIS in LUSC

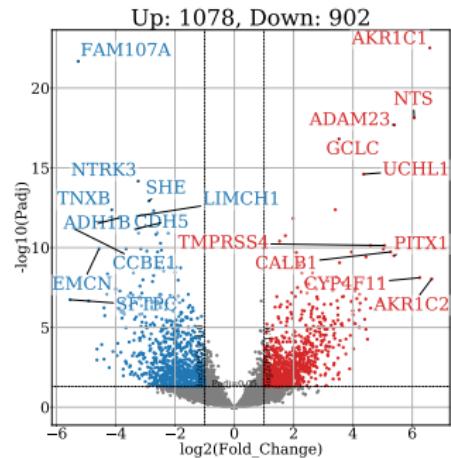
Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Intersected

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	EDN1,CACNB4,ACE,...(12)	1.44e-05
Cell adhesion molecules	CADM1,ICAM2,SELP,...(15)	1.44e-05
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF3,HLA-DMA,MME,...(12)	2.57e-05

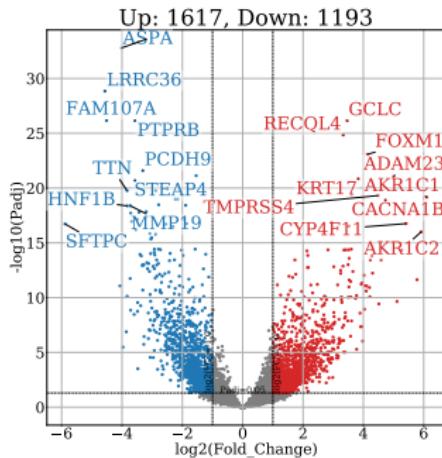
Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Intersected

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450	GSTM4,CBR1,GSTM3,...(14)	1.53e-06
Drug metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,RRM1,...(16)	1.69e-06
Steroid hormone biosynthesis	UGT1A1,SRD5A1,HSD17B1,...(11)	2.77e-05

DEG Volcano Plots for R vs. NR with Primary in LUSC



(a) Recur



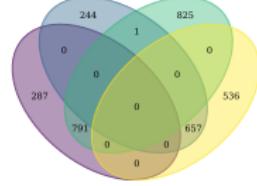
(b) Non-recur

Figure: DEG Volcanot Plot with Primary in LUSC

DEG Venn Diagram for R vs. NR with Primary in LUSC



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram for R vs. NR with Primary in LUSC

Enrichment test for Recur-specific with Primary in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	COX7B,HSPA5,NDUFA1,...(17)	4.85e-03
RNA transport	NUP93,EIF5,EIF1AY,...(11)	6.11e-03
mRNA surveillance pathway	PABPN1,PPP2R1A,NCBP2,...(8)	6.11e-03

Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test for NR-specific with Primary in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Non-recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Homologous recombination	RAD51D,POLD1,RPA3,...(9)	1.00e-02

Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Non-recur-specific

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Staphylococcus aureus infection	IL10,CFD,ITGB2,...(14)	5.37e-05
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CR1,MME,ITGB3,...(14)	5.37e-05
Leishmaniasis	IL10,C3,NFKBIA,...(11)	4.30e-04

Enrichment test for Intersected with Primary in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated Pathways for Intersected

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	GPI,TPI1,PDHA1,...(16)	1.09e-06
Drug metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,GSTM2,...(20)	1.09e-06
Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450	GSTM4,CBR1,GSTM3,...(15)	2.27e-05

Table: Down-regulated Pathways for Intersected

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Dilated cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,TNNC1,ADCY4,...(15)	1.44e-04
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,TNNC1,CACNA2D2,...(14)	1.81e-04
Malaria	SELP,CSF3,IL6,...(10)	2.91e-04

Finding in Comparing Recur vs. Non-recur in LUSC I

NTS

- ① Highly up-regulated in Recur patients.
- ② Neurotensin.
- ③ Association with non-gastrointestinal cancers (Nikolaou et al., 2020).
- ④ Modulate lung cancer cell plasticity and heterogeneity (Wu et al., 2019).

NTRK3

- ① Highly down-regulated in Recur patients.
- ② Activation of NTRK3 in LUSC (Bollig-Fischer et al., 2021).
- ③ NTRK3 mutation has association with immunotherapy in LUAD (Niu et al., 2020).

Finding in Comparing Recur vs. Non-recur in LUSC II

RECQL4

- ① Highly up-regulated in Non-recur patients.

ASPA

- ① Highly down-regulated in Non-recur patients.

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.4. Within Recur in LUSC

DEG List for CIS within Recur in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated DEG for CIS within Recur in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
MFAP4	6.77e+00	2.70e-09	3.72e-07
TBX2	5.90e+00	1.19e-05	3.40e-04
SFTPC	5.47e+00	8.66e-08	6.57e-06

Table: Down-regulated DEG for CIS within Recur in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
AKR1C2	-7.44e+00	4.70e-12	1.74e-09
AKR1C1	-7.09e+00	2.35e-35	2.74e-31
CYP4F11	-6.70e+00	1.95e-14	1.75e-11

DEG List for Primary within Recur in LUSC

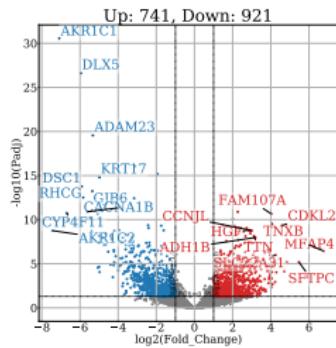
Table: Up-regulated DEG for Primary within Recur in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
AKR1C2	6.66e+00	4.34e-11	9.07e-09
AKR1C1	6.59e+00	2.62e-27	3.06e-23
CYP4F11	6.25e+00	3.61e-11	7.67e-09

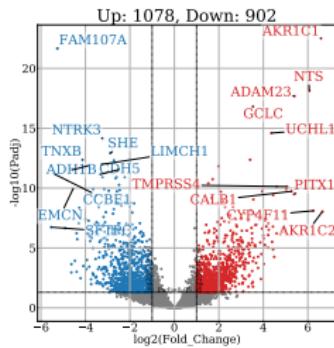
Table: Down-regulated DEG for Primary within Recur in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SFTPC	-5.54e+00	1.56e-09	1.83e-07
CCBE1	-5.36e+00	9.73e-15	7.11e-12
FAM107A	-5.27e+00	3.64e-26	2.13e-22

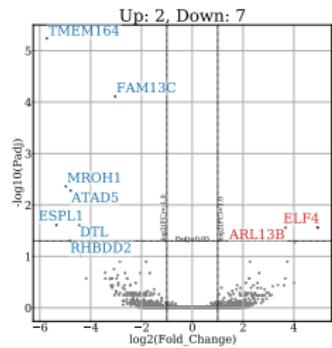
DEG Volcano Plots with Recur in LUSC



(a) Normal-CIS



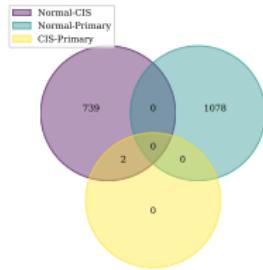
(b) Normal-Primary



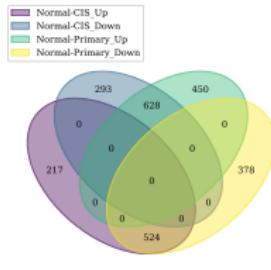
(c) CIS-Primary

Figure: DEG Volcano Plots with Recur samples in LUSC

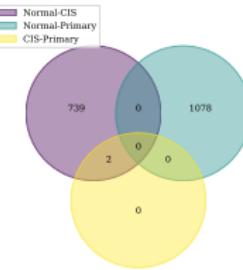
DEG Venn Diagram with Recur in LUSC



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram with Recur samples in LUSC

Enrichment test with Normal vs. CIS for Recur

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS for Recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF3,CSF3R,IL4R,...(17)	1.87e-05
Cell adhesion molecules	SELPLG,CADM1,SDC3,...(21)	1.87e-05
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	EDN1,ACE,TNNC1,...(15)	9.66e-05

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS for Recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Parkinson disease	COX7B,NDUFA12,NDUFB5,...(32)	2.11e-05
Alzheimer disease	COX7B,NDUFA12,NDUFB5,...(41)	2.11e-05
Huntington disease	DCTN5,COX7B,NDUFA12,...(36)	2.11e-05

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Primary for Recur

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	GPI,TPI1,PDHA1,...(17)	1.90e-05
RNA transport	EIF4A2,NUP205,NUP62,...(29)	2.66e-05
Drug metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,GSTM2,...(21)	2.66e-05

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Dilated cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,ITGA3,TNNC1,...(20)	2.19e-06
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,ITGA3,TNNC1,...(19)	2.19e-06
Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy	TCF7L2,LAMA2,ACTN2,...(17)	4.12e-06

Finding in Comparing within Recur in LUSC I

AKR1C1

- ① Down-regulated in CIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

ADAM23

- ① Down-regulated in CIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

FAM107A

- ① Up-regulated in CIS, but down-regulated in Primary.

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.5. Within Non-recur in LUSC

DEG List for CIS within Non-recr in LUSC

Table: Up-regulated DEG for CIS within Non-recr in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SFTPC	3.89e+00	1.33e-08	1.10e-06
MUCL3	3.64e+00	4.99e-18	6.71e-15
HLA-DRB1	3.40e+00	3.00e-05	6.50e-04

Table: Down-regulated DEG for CIS within Non-recr in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
AKR1C1	-6.10e+00	1.95e-19	4.73e-16
AKR1C2	-5.81e+00	4.57e-17	5.03e-14
NTS	-5.19e+00	1.60e-13	8.61e-11

DEG List for Primary within Non-recr in LUSC

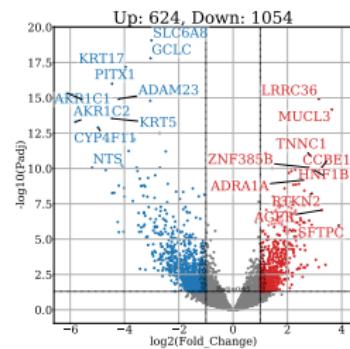
Table: Up-regulated DEG for Primary within Non-recr in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
AKR1C1	6.10e+00	9.04e-23	6.57e-20
AKR1C2	5.91e+00	3.13e-19	9.92e-17
NTS	5.78e+00	2.01e-14	2.28e-12

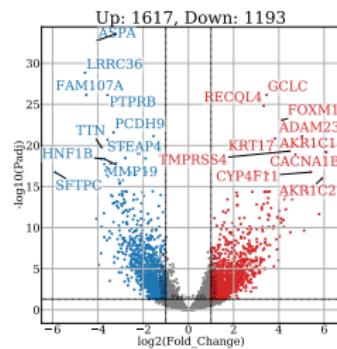
Table: Down-regulated DEG for Primary within Non-recr in LUSC

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SFTPC	-5.89e+00	5.10e-20	1.86e-17
LRRC36	-4.57e+00	2.29e-33	1.42e-29
FAM107A	-4.51e+00	2.49e-30	7.01e-27

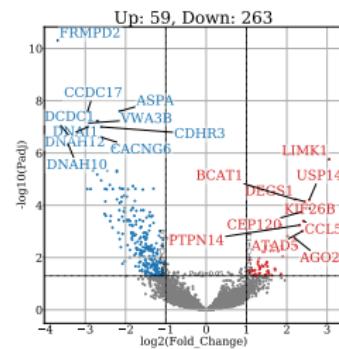
DEG Volcano Plots with Non-recur in LUSC



(a) Normal-CIS



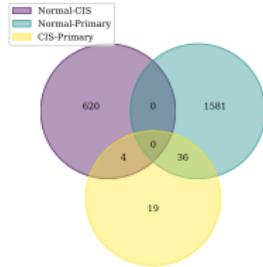
(b) Normal-Primary



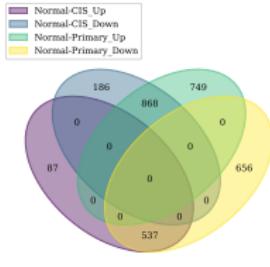
(c) CIS-Primary

Figure: DEG Volcano Plots with Non-recur samples in LUSC

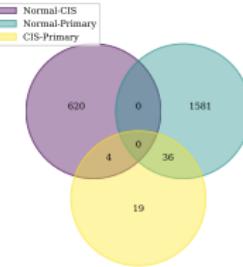
DEG Venn Diagram with Non-recur in LUSC



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram with Non-recur in LUSC

Enrichment test with Normal vs. CIS for Non-recur

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS for Non-recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Malaria	CSF3,HGF,ITGB2,...(14)	6.53e-08
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF1R,CSF3,MME,...(18)	2.01e-07
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	EDN1,ACE,LAMA2,...(16)	1.53e-06

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. CIS for Non-recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450	GSTM4,CBR1,GSTM3,...(17)	9.67e-05
Drug metabolism	GSTM4,GSTM3,RRM1,...(20)	1.18e-04
Cell cycle	GADD45A,CDKN2A,PLK1,...(21)	1.89e-04

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Primary for Non-recur

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Non-recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Cell cycle	HDAC1,PKMYT1,ORC5,...(31)	3.04e-06
DNA replication	FEN1,RNASEH2A,RFC4,...(15)	6.47e-06
Homologous recombination	BLM,RPA1,PALB2,...(15)	3.33e-05

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Non-recur in LUSC

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Hematopoietic cell lineage	CSF1R,CSF3,CSF3R,...(28)	6.65e-10
Malaria	IL10,CSF3,CR1,...(19)	3.57e-09
Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	LAMA2,ITGB3,CACNA1D,...(25)	5.12e-09

Finding in Comparing within Non-recr in LUSC I

AKR1C1 & AKR1C2

- ① Down-regulated in CIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

CYP4F11

- ① Down-regulated in CIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

LRRC36

- ① Up-regulated in CIS, but down-regulated in Primary.

4. Results

4.7. Differences in Gene Expression Levels

4.7.6. Within Non-recur in LUAD

LUAD Data Composition

Table: Number of WTS LUAD samples

Recurrence?	Number of Samples	
	Stage	
Recurrence	Normal	2
	CIS+AIS	1
	Primary	1
	Total	4
Non-recurrence	Normal	11
	AAH	1
	CIS+AIS	4
	Primary	5
	Total	21

DEG List for AIS within Non-recur in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated DEG for AIS within Non-recur in LUAD

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
MUC4	4.83e+00	2.55e-04	1.68e-02
SIPA1	4.77e+00	4.87e-05	6.37e-03
C11orf45	4.68e+00	2.86e-04	1.85e-02

Table: Down-regulated DEG for AIS within Non-recur in LUAD

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
ABCA4	-5.02e+00	2.44e-10	5.29e-07
UNC13C	-4.08e+00	6.49e-06	1.88e-03
SLC7A5	-3.93e+00	1.40e-06	6.76e-04

DEG List for Primary within Non-recur in LUAD

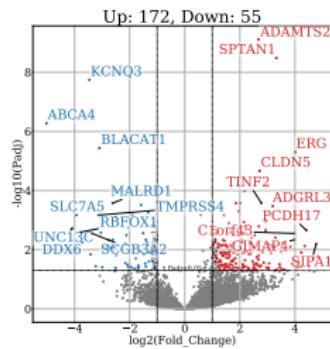
Table: Up-regulated DEG for Primary within Non-recur in LUAD

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
ABCA4	5.22e+00	1.67e-11	3.32e-08
HMGA2	5.03e+00	4.39e-07	9.62e-05
KIF12	4.54e+00	2.62e-06	3.91e-04

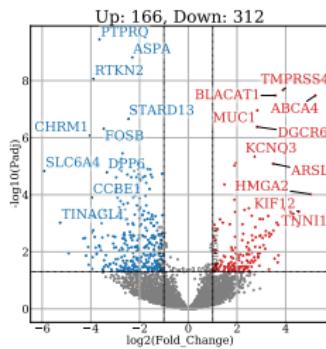
Table: Down-regulated DEG for Primary within Non-recur in LUAD

gene	log2FoldChange	pvalue	padj
SLC6A4	-5.92e+00	3.83e-08	1.47e-05
TINAGL1	-5.27e+00	9.47e-06	9.57e-04
SFTPA1	-4.91e+00	2.69e-04	1.13e-02

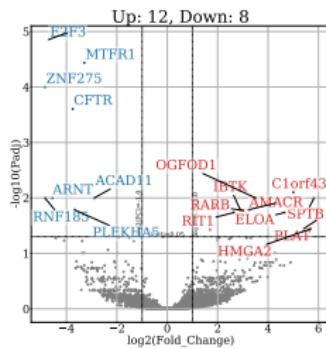
DEG Volcano Plots with Non-recr in LUAD



(a) Normal-AIS



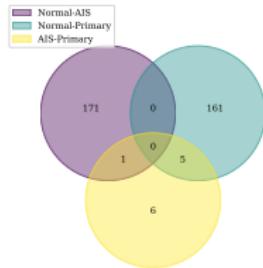
(b) Normal-Primary



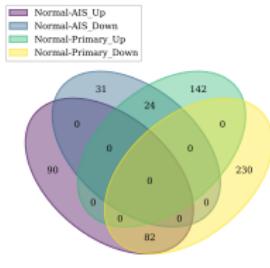
(c) AIS-Primary

Figure: DEG Volcano Plots with Non-recr samples in LUAD

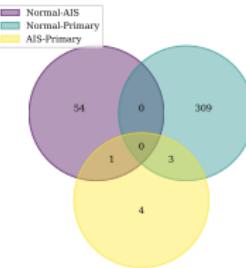
DEG Venn Diagram with Non-recur in LUAD



(a) Up-regulated



(b) Both



(c) Down-regulated

Figure: DEG Venn Diagram with Non-recur in LUAD

Enrichment test with Normal vs. AIS in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AIS for Non-recur in LUAD

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
Calcium signaling pathway	NTRK2, RYR2, CHRM1, ... (9)	3.90e-02

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. AIS for Non-recur in LUAD

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Enrichment test with Normal vs. Primary in LUAD

Table: Up-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Non-recur in LUAD

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
None		

Table: Down-regulated Pathways on Normal vs. Primary for Non-recur in LUAD

Term name	Overlapping genes...	Adjusted p-value
ECM-receptor interaction	TNXB,VWF,COL4A2,...(9)	2.05e-03
Vascular smooth muscle contraction	PPP1R14A,EDN1,AGTR1,...(10)	4.98e-03
Calcium signaling pathway	MCOLN3,CHRM1,NOS2,...(13)	7.82e-03

Finding in Comparing within Non-recur in LUAD I

KCNQ3

- ① Down-regulated in AIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

BLACAT1

- ① Down-regulated in AIS, but up-regulated in Primary.

Findings in DEG Analysis

4. Results

4.8. Bulk Cell Deconvolution

BisqueRNA?

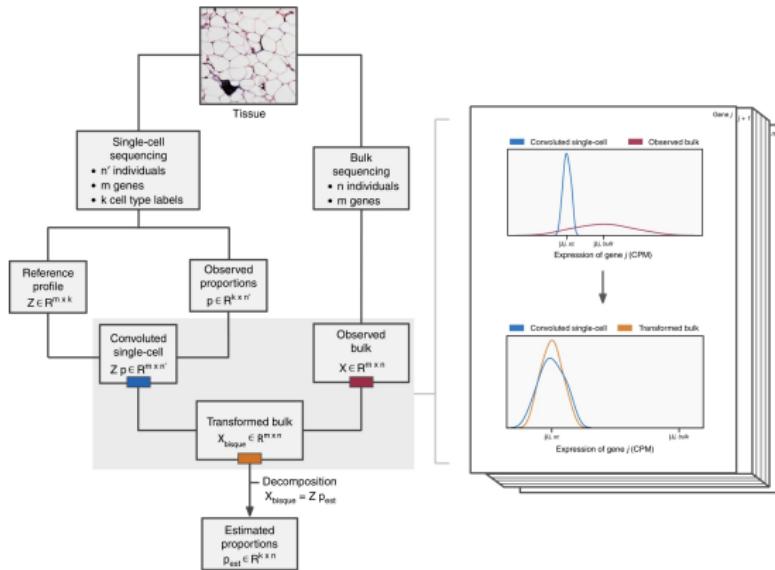


Figure: Workflow for BisqueRNA (Jew et al., 2020)

4. Results

4.8. Bulk Cell Deconvolution

4.8.1. Reference by Kim et al. (2020)

Reference Single-cell Data

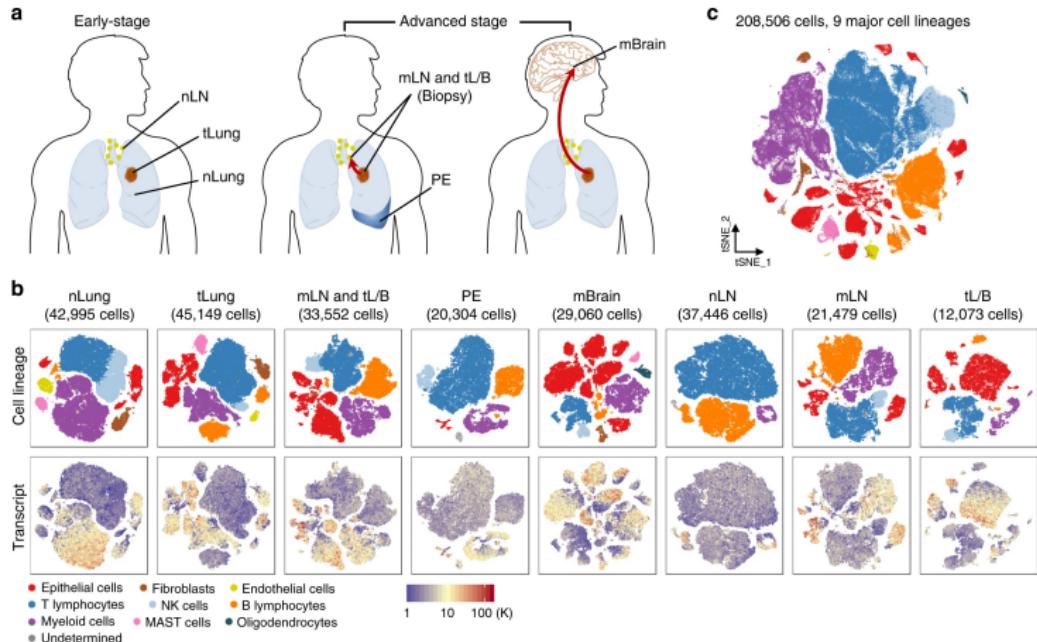


Figure: Comprehensive dissection and clustering of 208,506 single cells from LUAD patients (Kim et al., 2020)

Cluster Plot in LUSC

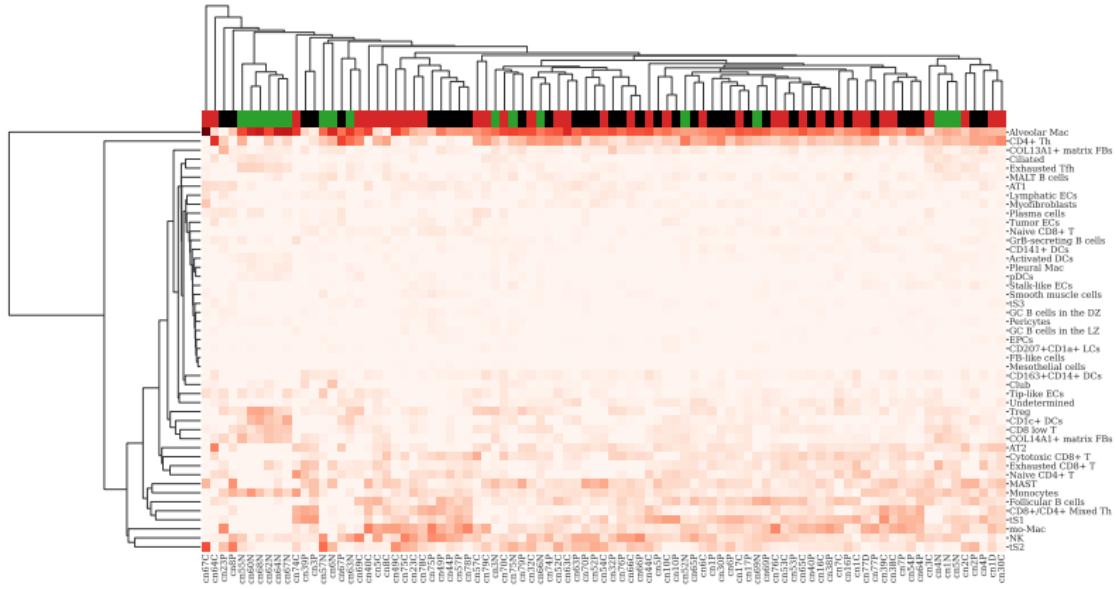
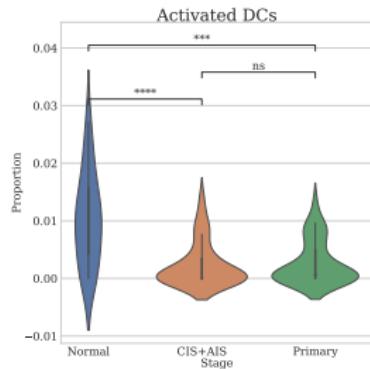
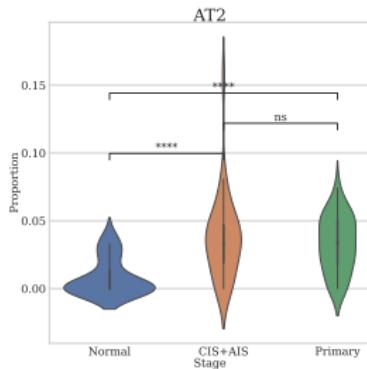


Figure: Cluster Plot in LUSC

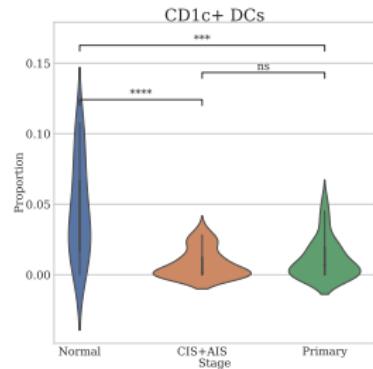
Violin Plots in LUSC I



(a) Activated DCs



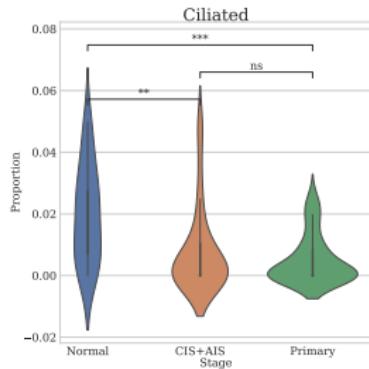
(b) Alveolar type II



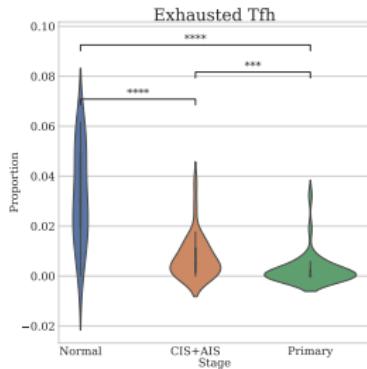
(c) Langerhans cells

Figure: Violin Plots in LUSC

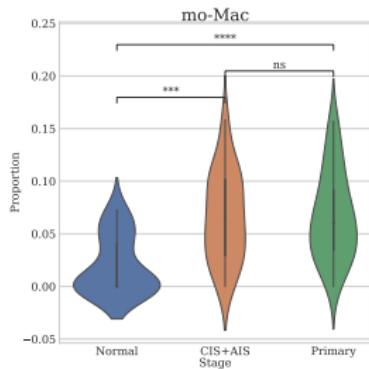
Violin Plots in LUSC II



(d) Ciliated cells



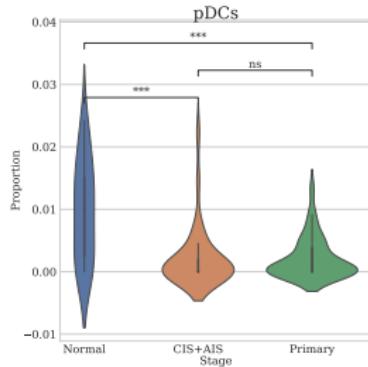
(e) Exhausted T follicular helper



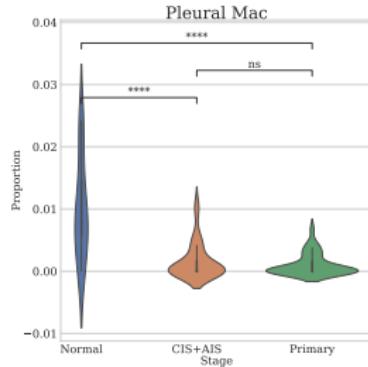
(f) Mo & Mac

Figure: Violin Plots in LUSC

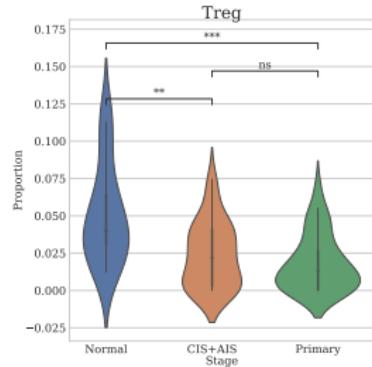
Violin Plots in LUSC III



(g) Plasmacytoid DCs



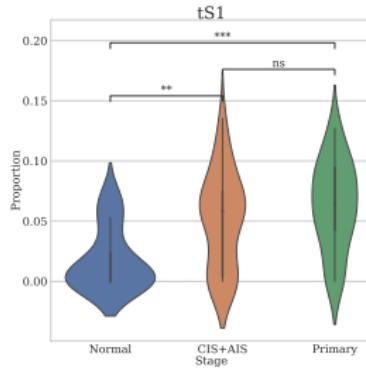
(h) Pleural Mac



(i) Regulatory T cells

Figure: Violin Plots in LUSC

Violin Plots in LUSC IV



(j) Transcriptional states 1

Figure: Violin Plots in LUSC

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUSC I

Activated DCs

- ① Activated DCs have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Alveolar type II

- ① Alveolar type II have lower proportion in Normal samples.

CD1c+ DCs (Langerhans cells; LCs)

- ① LCs have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Ciliated cells

- ① Ciliated cells have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUSC II

Exhausted T follicular help cells

- ① Exhausted T follicular help cell is gradually decreased along cancer worsen.

Monocyte & Macrophage

- ① Monocyte & Macrophage have lower proportion in Normal samples.

Plasmacytoid DCs

- ① Plasmacytoid DCs have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Pleural Macrophages

- ① Pleural Macrophages have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Regulatory T cells

- ① Regulatory T cells have higher proportion in Normal samples.

Transcriptional states 1 (tS1)

- ① tS1 have lower proportion in Normal samples.

Cluster Plot in LUAD

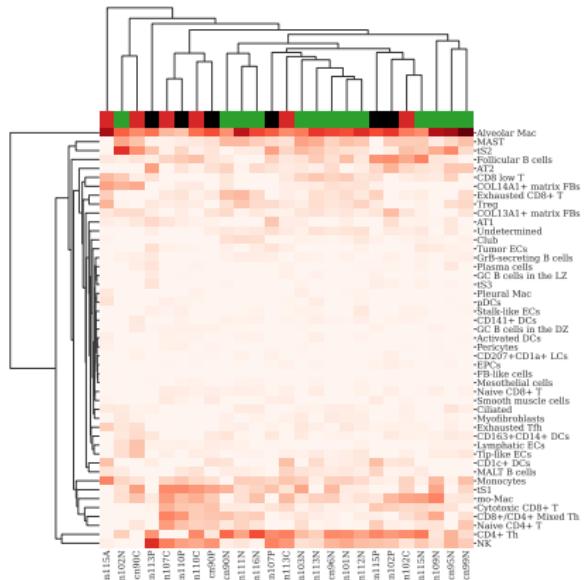
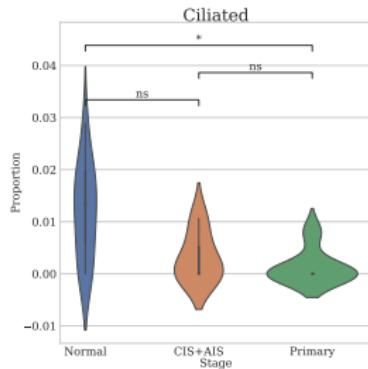
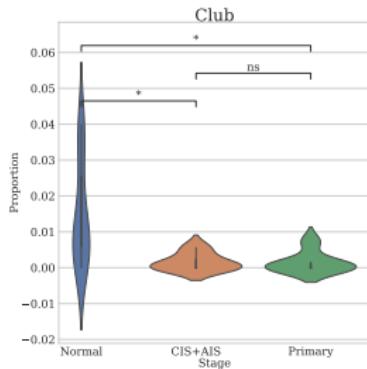


Figure: Cluster Plot in LUAD

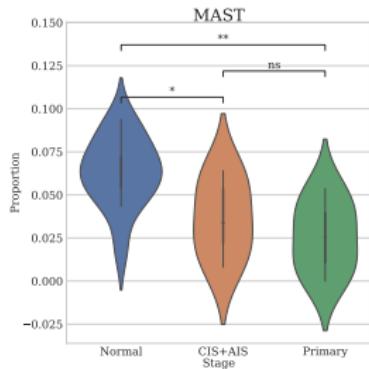
Violin Plots in LUAD I



(a) Ciliated cells



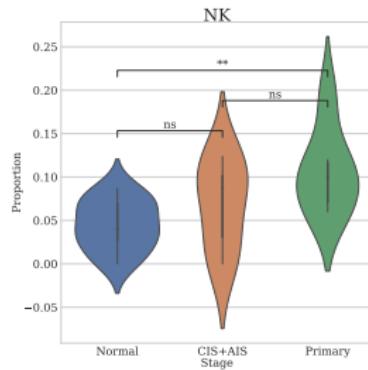
(b) Club Cell



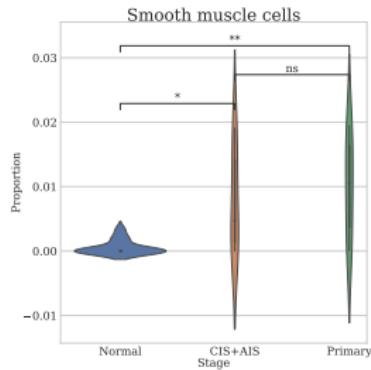
(c) Mast cell

Figure: Violin Plots in LUAD

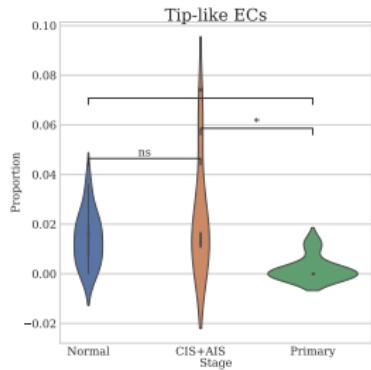
Violin Plots in LUAD II



(d) NK cells



(e) Smooth muscle cells



(f) Tip-like ECs

Figure: Violin Plots in LUAD

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUAD I

Ciliated cells

- ① Ciliated cells have higher proportion in Normal than Primary samples.

Club cells

- ① Club cells have higher proportion in Normal than Primary samples.

Mast cells

- ① Mast cells have higher proportion in Normal than Primary samples.

Natural Killer cells

- ① NK cells have higher proportion in Primary than Normal samples.

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUAD II

Smooth muscle cells

- ① Smooth muscle cells have higher proportion in Primary than Normal samples.

Tip-like ECs

- ① Tip-like ECs have lower proportion in Primary than Normal samples.

4. Results

4.8. Bulk Cell Deconvolution

4.8.2. Reference by Gueguen et al. (2021)

Reference Single-cell Data

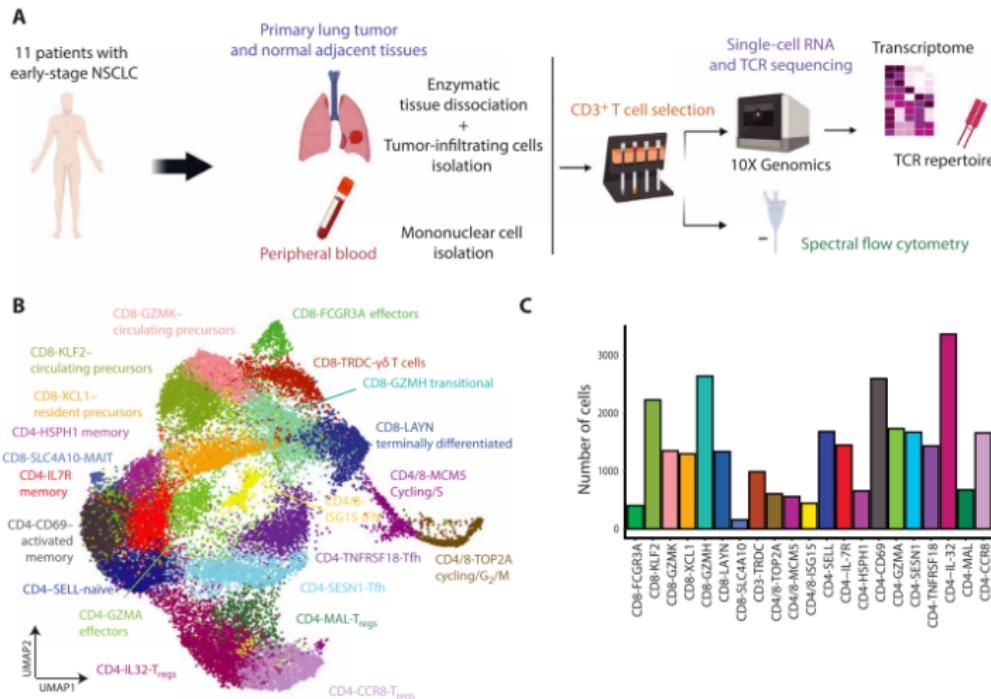


Figure: Characterization of CD3⁺ TILs in NSCLC (Gueguen et al., 2021)

Cluster Plots in LUSC

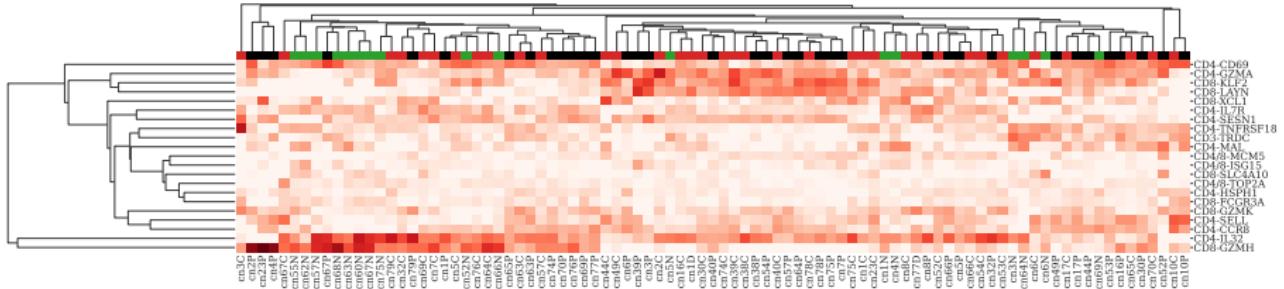


Figure: Cluster Plot in LUAD

Violin Plots in LUSC I

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUSC I

Cluster Plots in LUAD

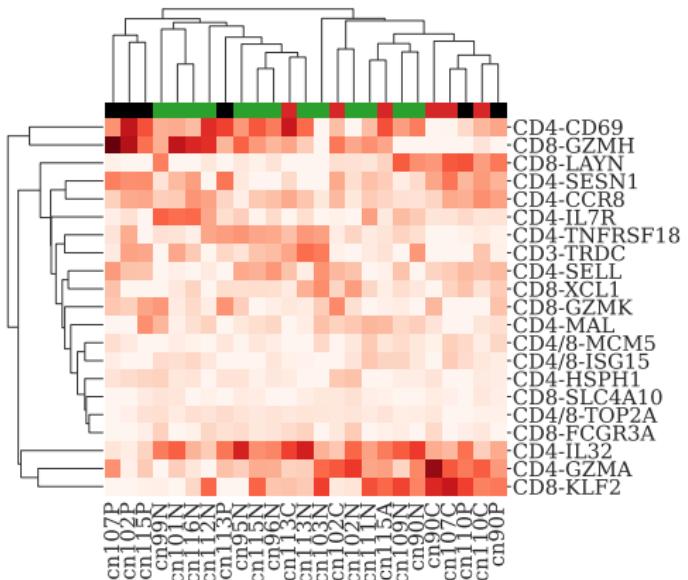


Figure: Cluster Plot in LUAD

Violin Plots in LUAD I

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution with LUAD I

Findings in Bulk Cell Deconvolution

4. Results

4.9. Discovery of Gene Fusion

Arriba?

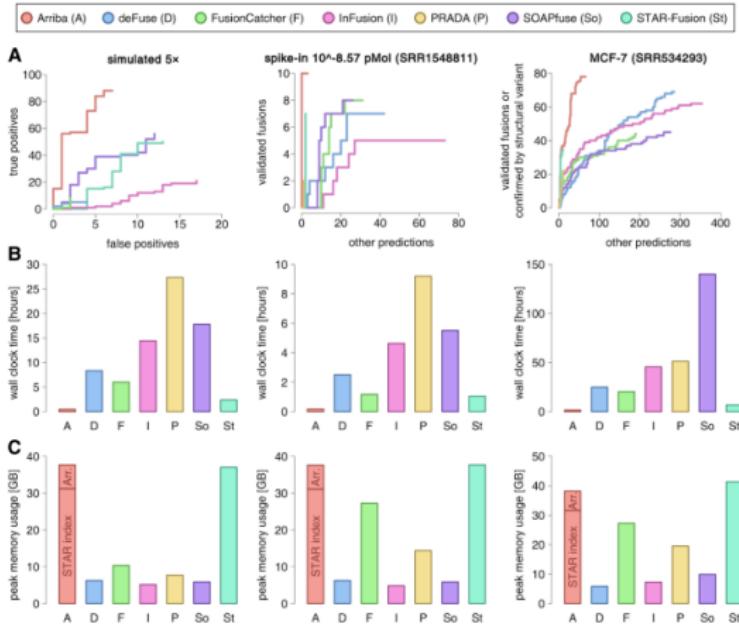


Figure: Benchmark of Arriba versus alternative methods (Uhrig et al., 2021)

Findings in Gene Fusion Discovery

4. Results

4.10. Discovery of Mutational Signature

Mutation Signature?

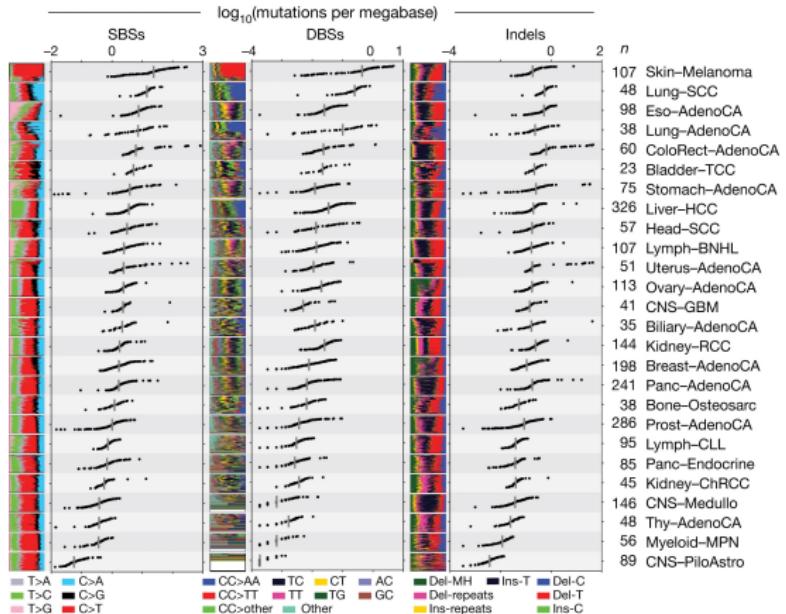


Figure: Mutation Burdens across PCAWG tumor types (Alexandrov et al., 2020)

SigProfiler?

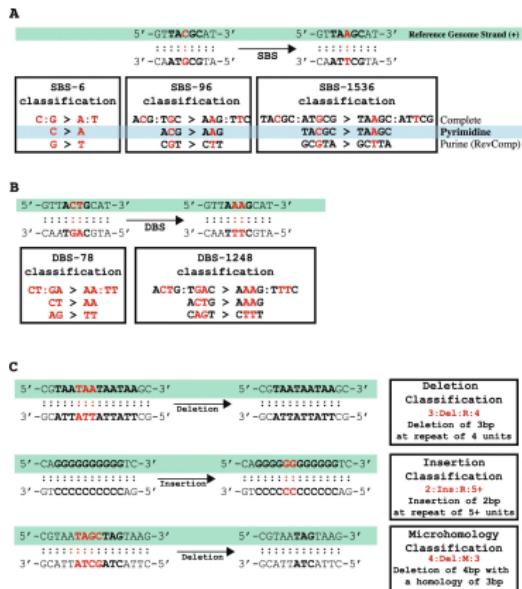


Figure: Classification of mutation signatures by SigProfiler (Bergstrom et al., 2019; Islam et al., 2021; Bergstrom et al., 2020)

4. Results

4.10. Discovery of Mutational Signature

4.10.1. Single Base Substitutions (SBS)

SBS Signatures I

SBS1

- An endogenous mutational process (Nik-Zainal et al., 2012a)
- generates G>T mismatches in double-stranded DNA
- Failure ↓ to detect & remove these mismatches

SBS2

- Activity of the AID/APOBEC family of cytidine deaminases (Nik-Zainal et al., 2012a)
 - ① APOBEC3A is probably responsible in human cancer
 - ② APOBEC3B may also contribute
- may be generated directly by DNA replication

SBS4

- Tobacco smoking (Alexandrov et al., 2013)
- Exposed to tobacco carcinogens e.g. benzopyrene

SBS5

- Unknown (Alexandrov et al., 2013)
- SBS5 ↑ in bladder cancer
- SBS5 ↑ in many cancer types ∵ Tobacco smoking

SBS10b

- Polymerase ε exonuclease domain mutations (Alexandrov et al., 2020)

SBS Signatures III

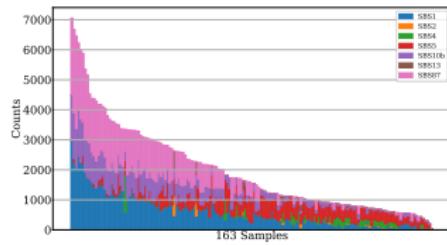
SBS13

- Activity of the AID/APOBEC family of cytidine deaminases (Nik-Zainal et al., 2012b)
- SBS13 is usually found with SBS2

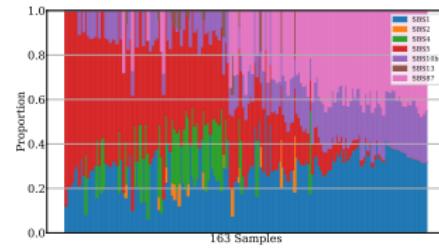
SBS87

- Thiopurine chemotherapy treatment (Li et al., 2020)

SBS in LUSC I



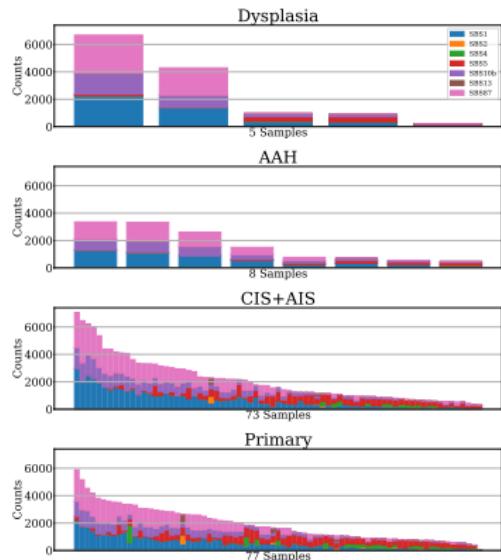
(a) Absolute



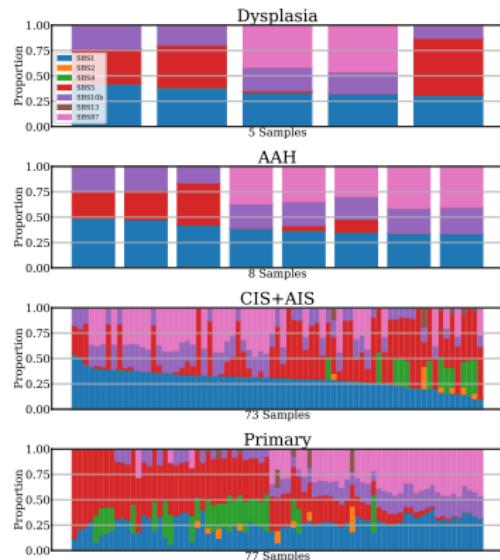
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS Bar Plot in LUSC

SBS in LUSC II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUSC

SBS in LUSC with Smoking I

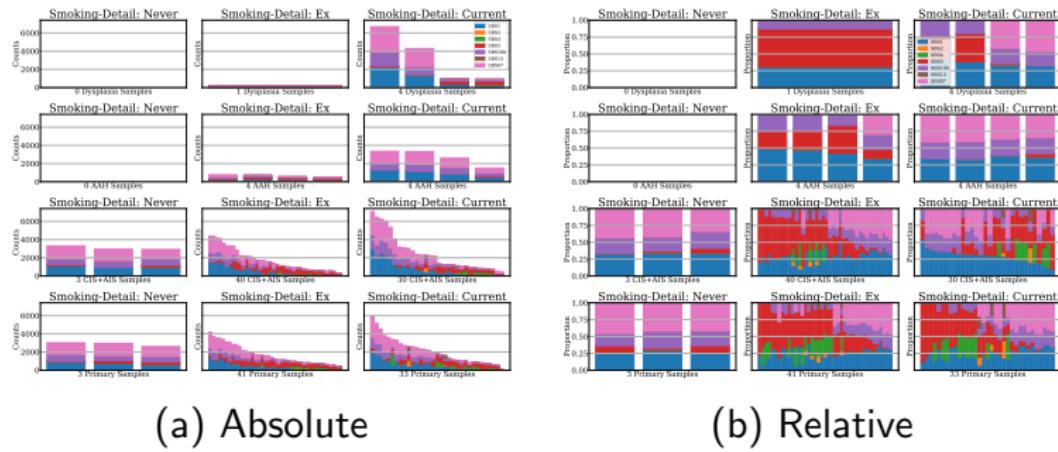
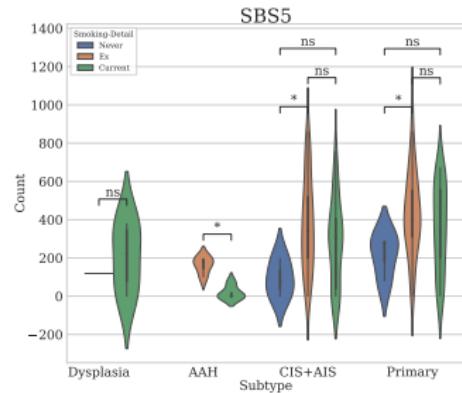
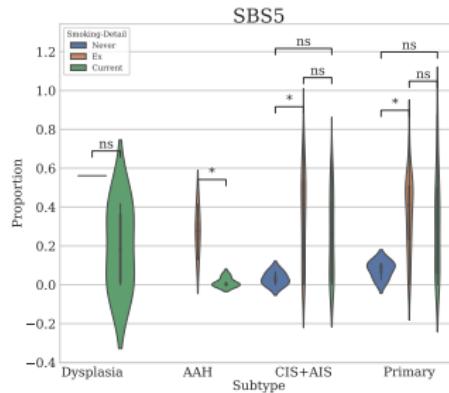


Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUSC

SBS in LUSC with Smoking II



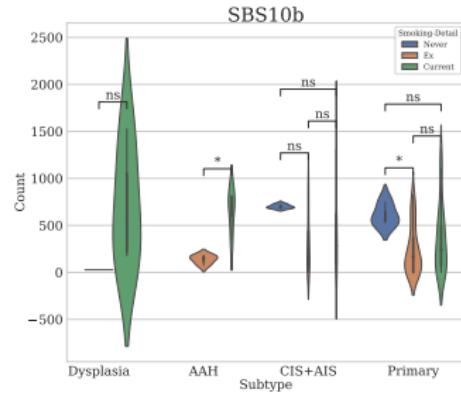
(a) Absolute



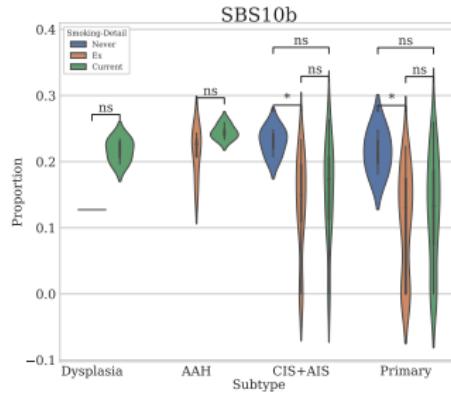
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS5 Signature in LUSC with Smoking

SBS in LUSC with Smoking III



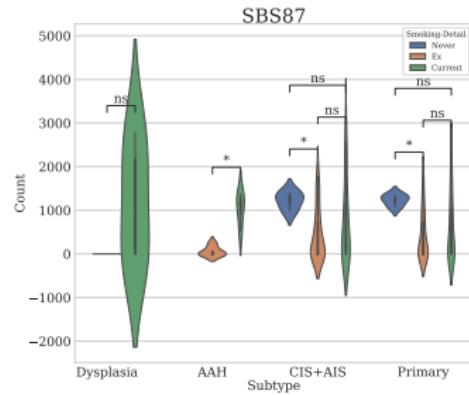
(a) Absolute



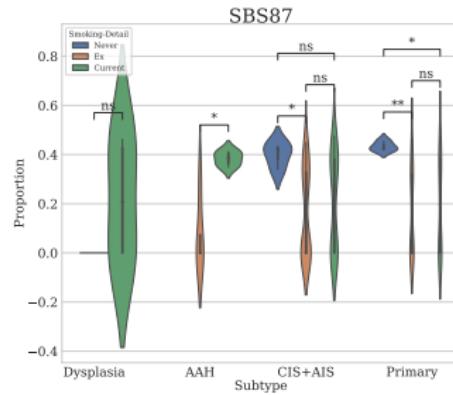
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS10b Signature in LUSC with Smoking

SBS in LUSC with Smoking IV



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: SBS87 Signature in LUSC with Smoking

SBS in LUSC with Recurrence I

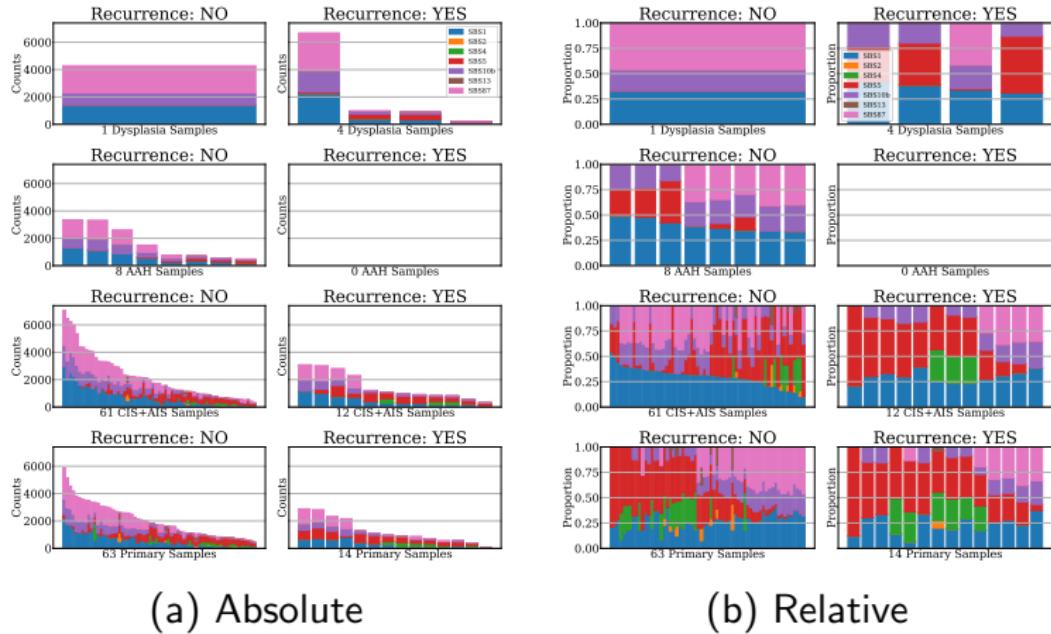
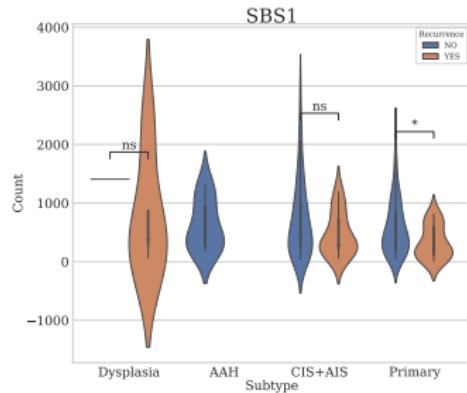
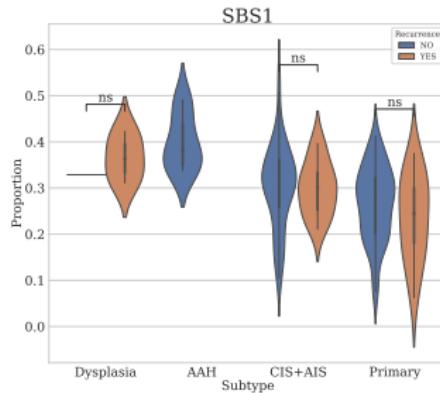


Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUSC

SBS in LUSC with Recurrence II



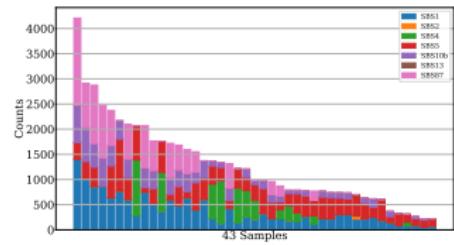
(a) Absolute



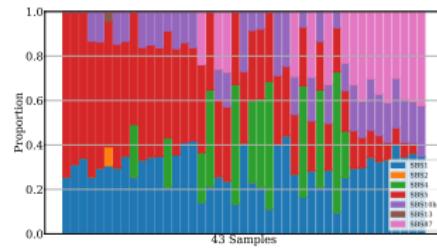
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS1 Signature in LUSC with Recurrence

SBS in LUAD I



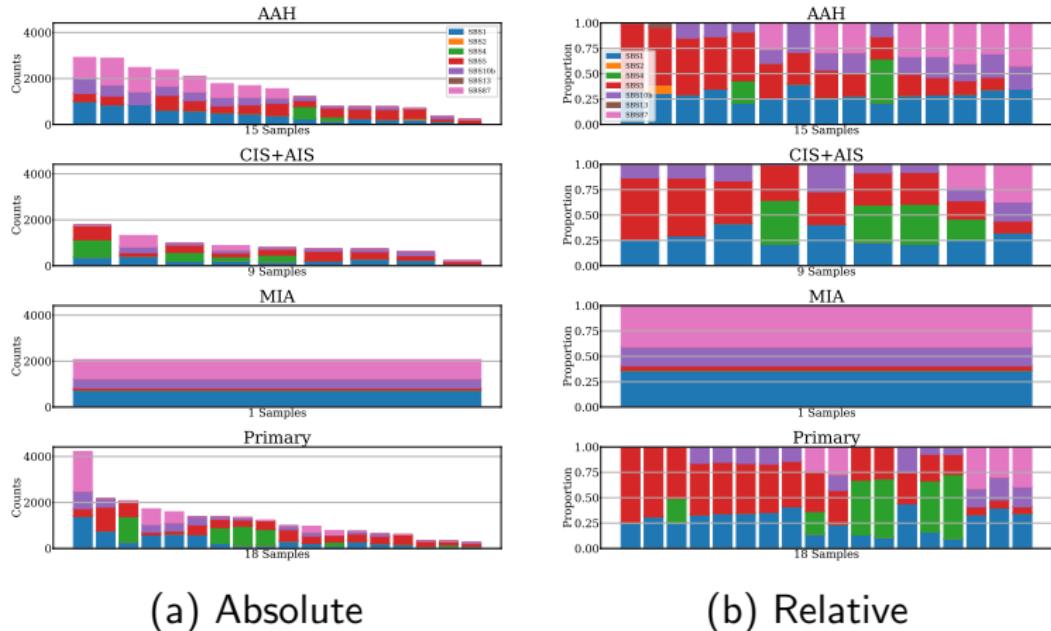
(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: SBS Bar Plot in LUSC

SBS in LUAD II



(a) Absolute

(b) Relative

Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUSC

SBS in LUAD with Smoking I

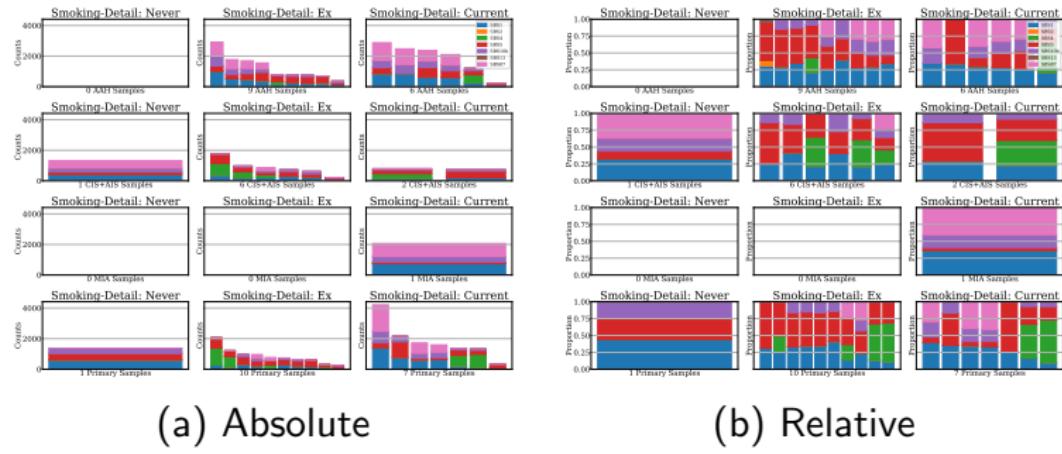
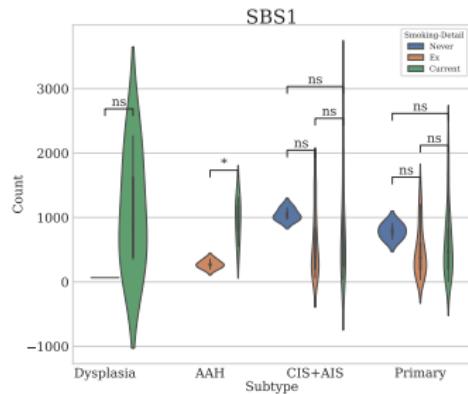
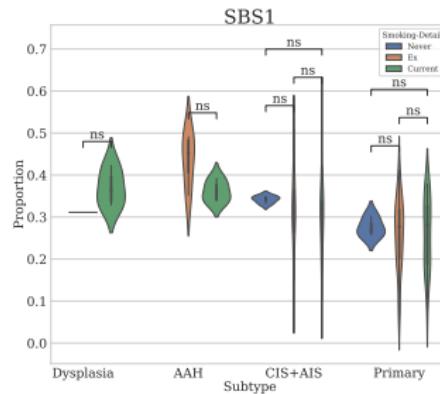


Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUAD

SBS in LUAD with Smoking II



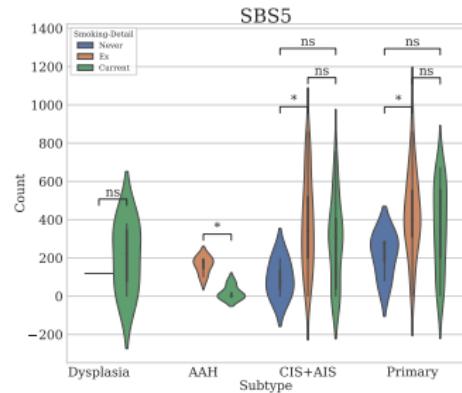
(a) Absolute



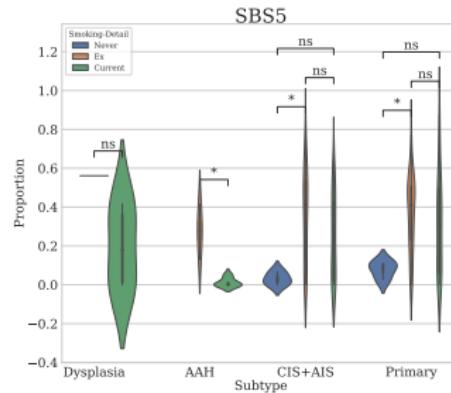
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS1 Signature in LUAD with Smoking

SBS in LUAD with Smoking III



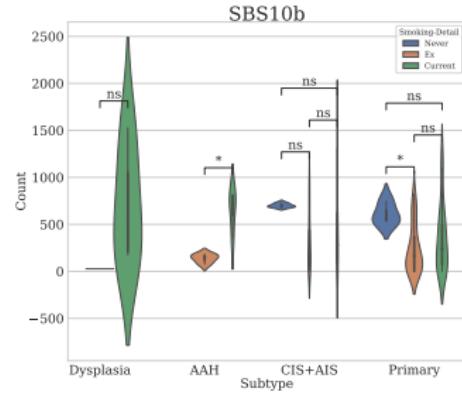
(a) Absolute



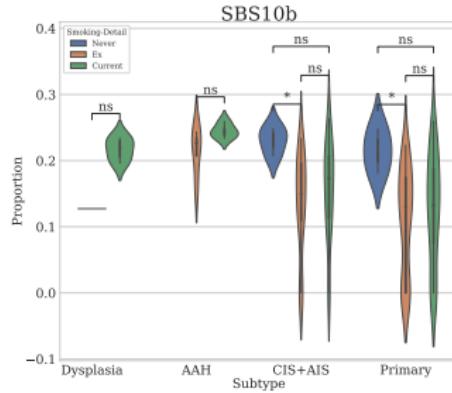
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS5 Signature in LUAD with Smoking

SBS in LUAD with Smoking IV



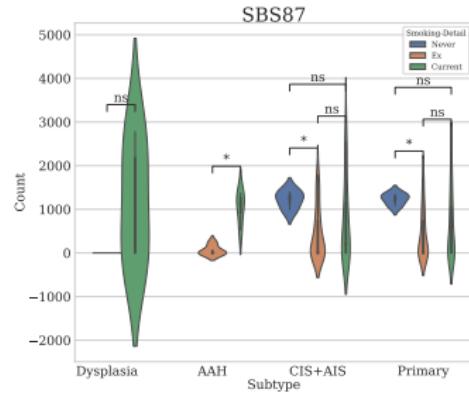
(a) Absolute



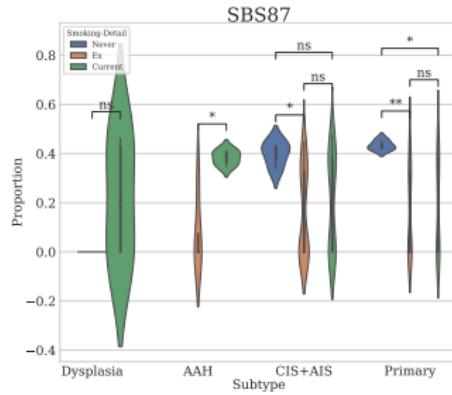
(b) Relative

Figure: SBS10b Signature in LUAD with Smoking

SBS in LUAD with Smoking V



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: SBS87 Signature in LUAD with Smoking

SBS in LUAD with Recurrence I

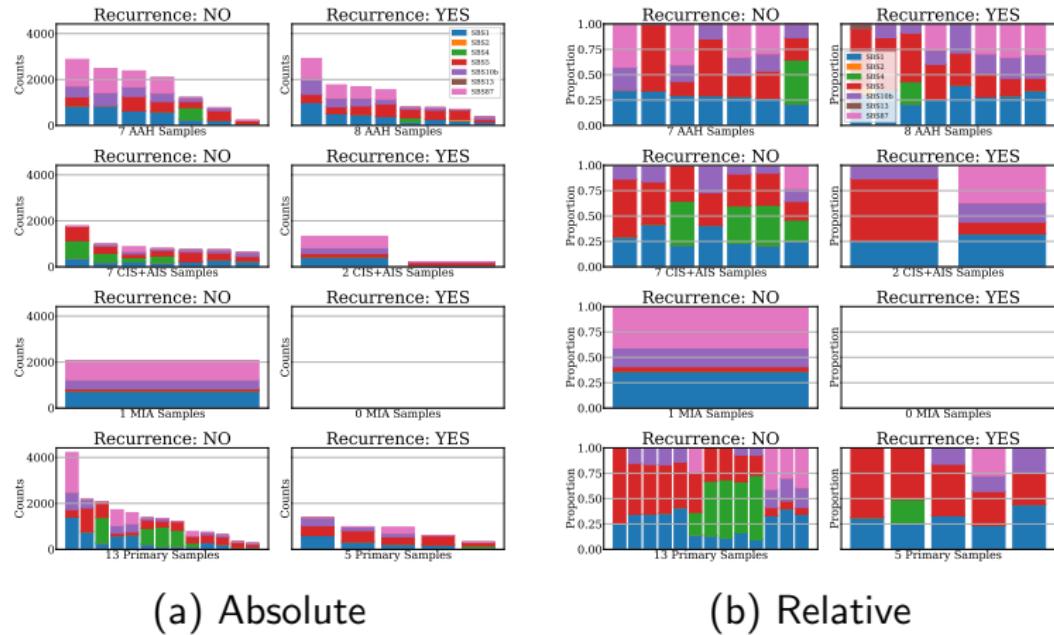
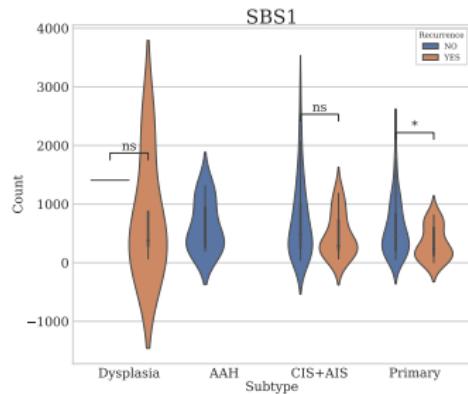
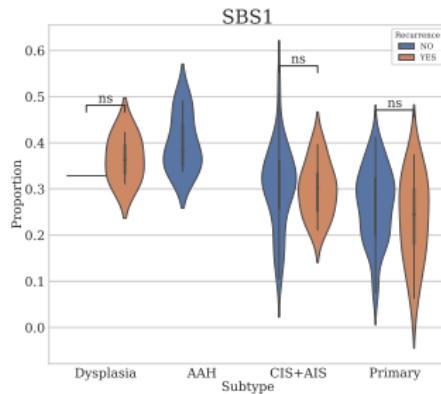


Figure: SBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUAD

SBS in LUAD with Recurrence II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: SBS1 Signature in LUAD with Recurrence

4. Results

4.10. Discovery of Mutational Signature

4.10.2. Double Base Substitutions (DBS)

DBS Signatures I

DBS2

- Tobacco smoking (J.-M. Chen, Férec, & Cooper, 2013)
- Other endogenous/exogenous mutagens e.g. acetaldehyde

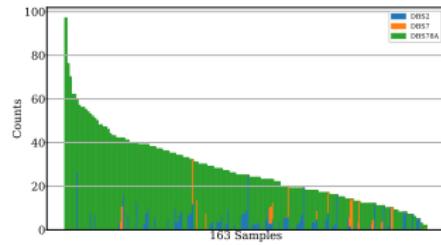
DBS7

- Defective ↓ DNA mismatch repair (Alexandrov et al., 2020)

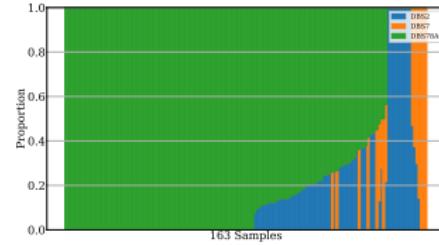
DBS78A

content...

DBS in LUSC I



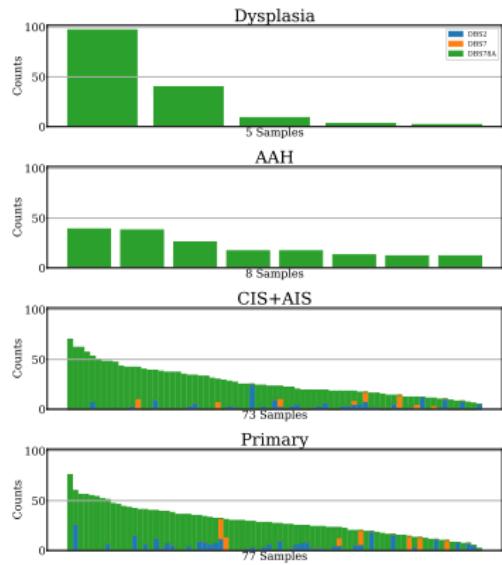
(a) Absolute



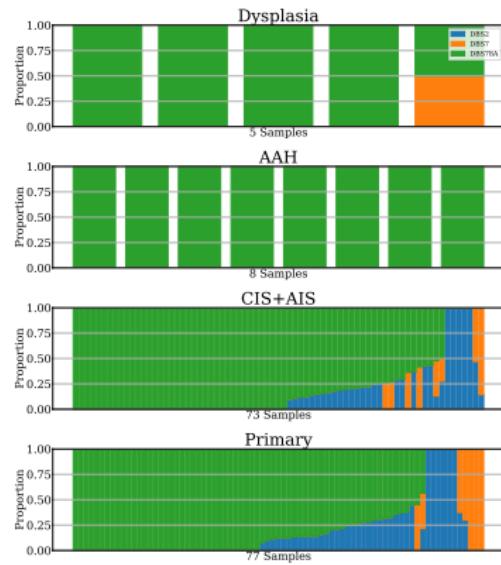
(b) Relative

Figure: DBS Bar Plot in LUSC

DBS in LUSC II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUSC

DBS in LUSC with Smoking I

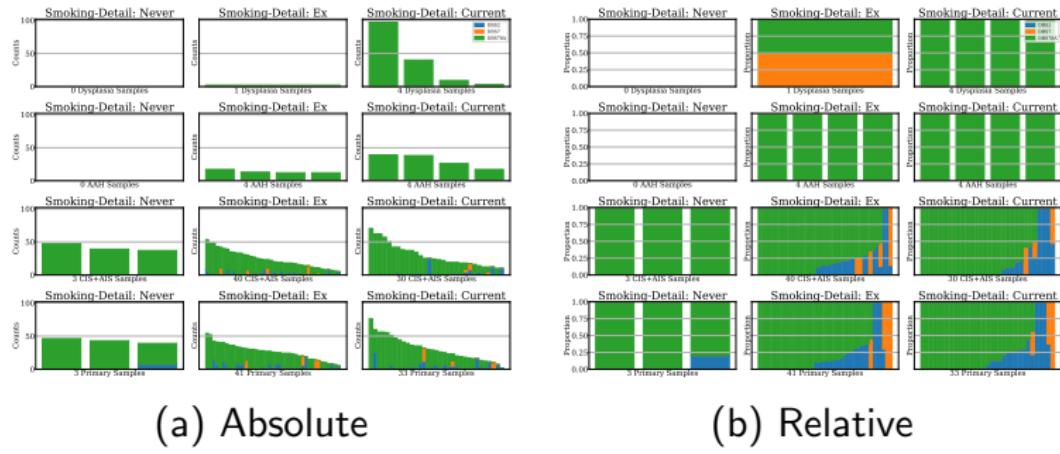


Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUSC

DBS in LUSC with Recurrence I

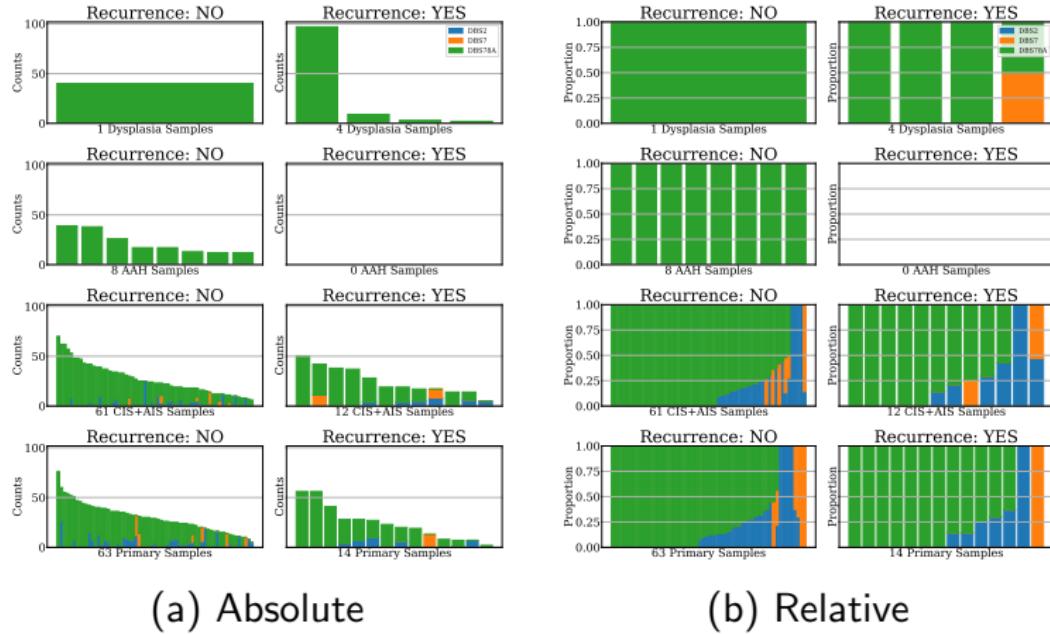


Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUSC

DBS in LUAD I

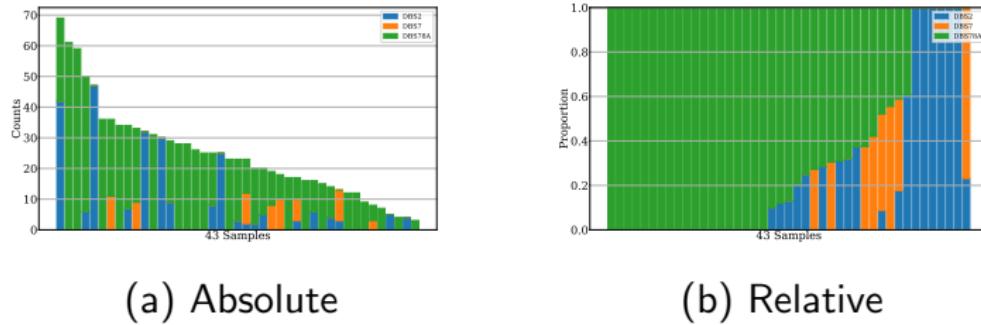
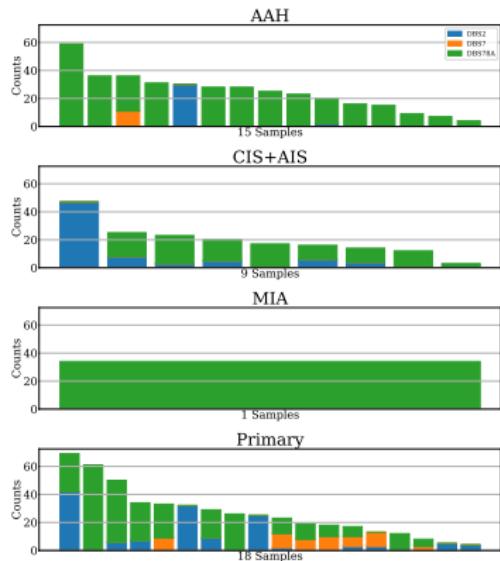
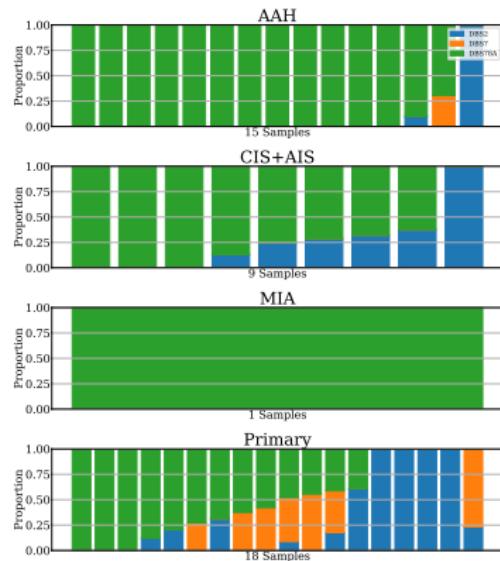


Figure: DBS Bar Plot in LUAD

DBS in LUAD II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUAD

DBS in LUAD with Smoking I

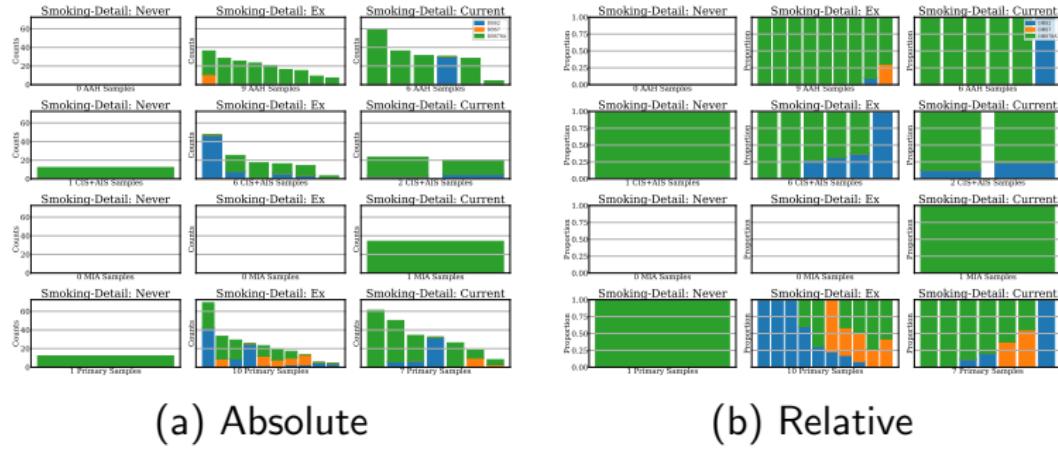


Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUAD

DBS in LUAD with Recurrence I

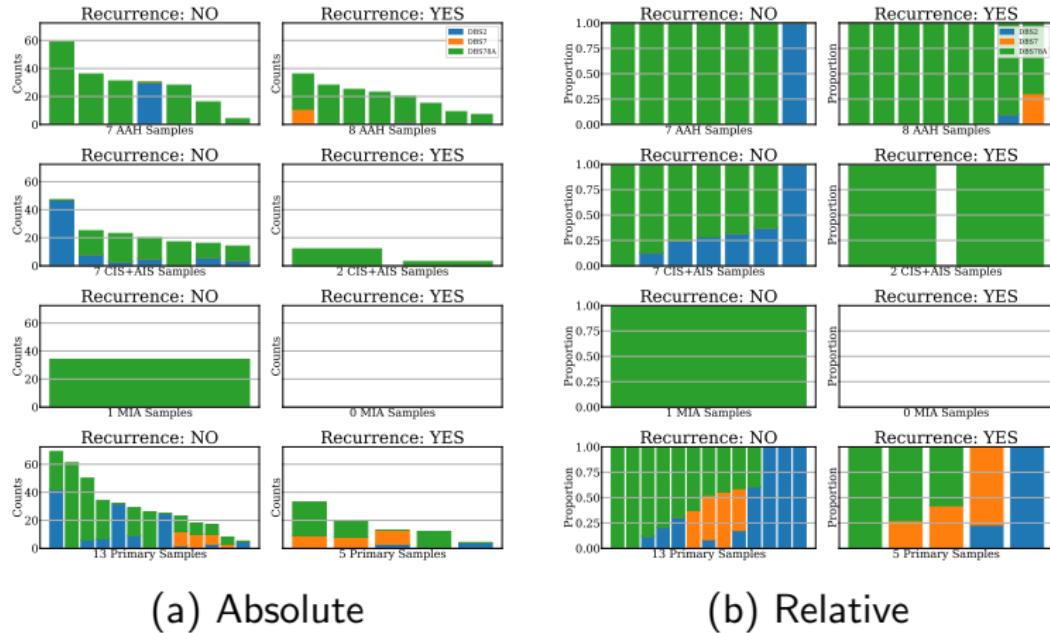


Figure: DBS Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUAD

4. Results

4.10. Discovery of Mutational Signature

4.10.3. Short insertions & Deletions (Indels)

Indel signatures I

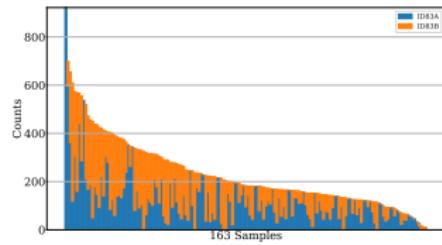
ID83A

content...

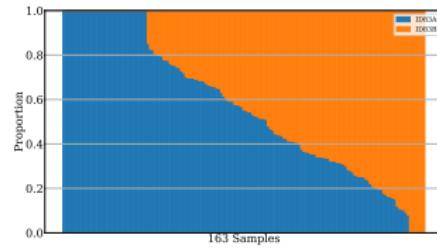
ID83B

content...

Indels in LUSC I



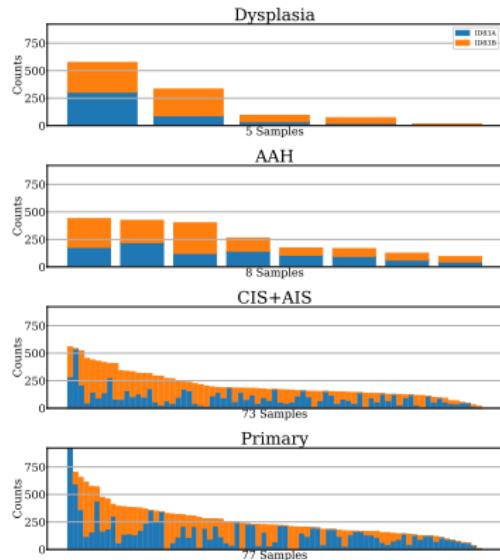
(a) Absolute



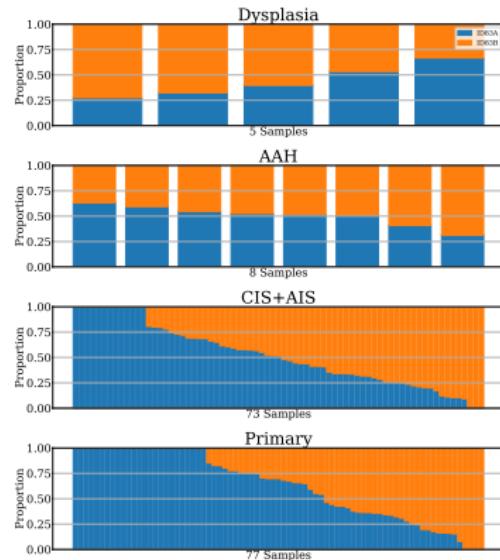
(b) Relative

Figure: Indel Bar Plot in LUSC

Indels in LUSC II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUSC

Indel in LUSC with Smoking I

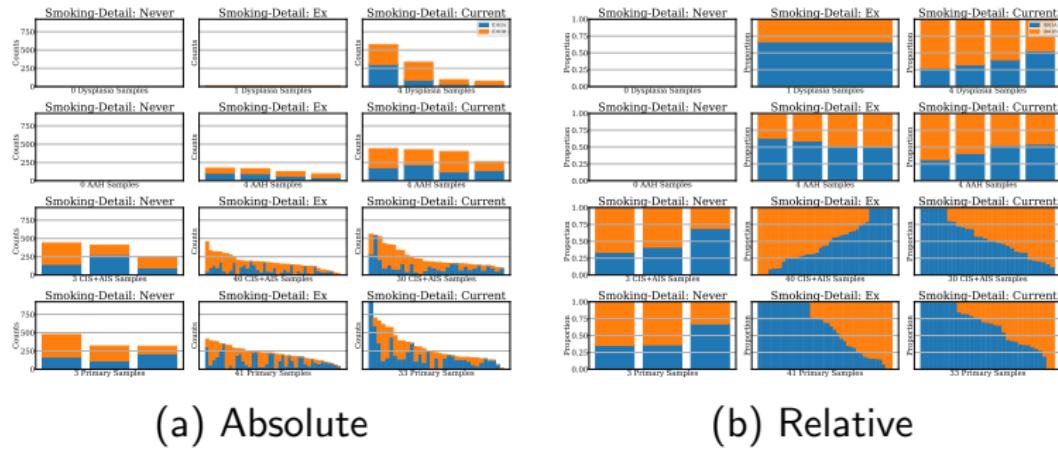


Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUSC

Indel in LUSC with Recurrence I

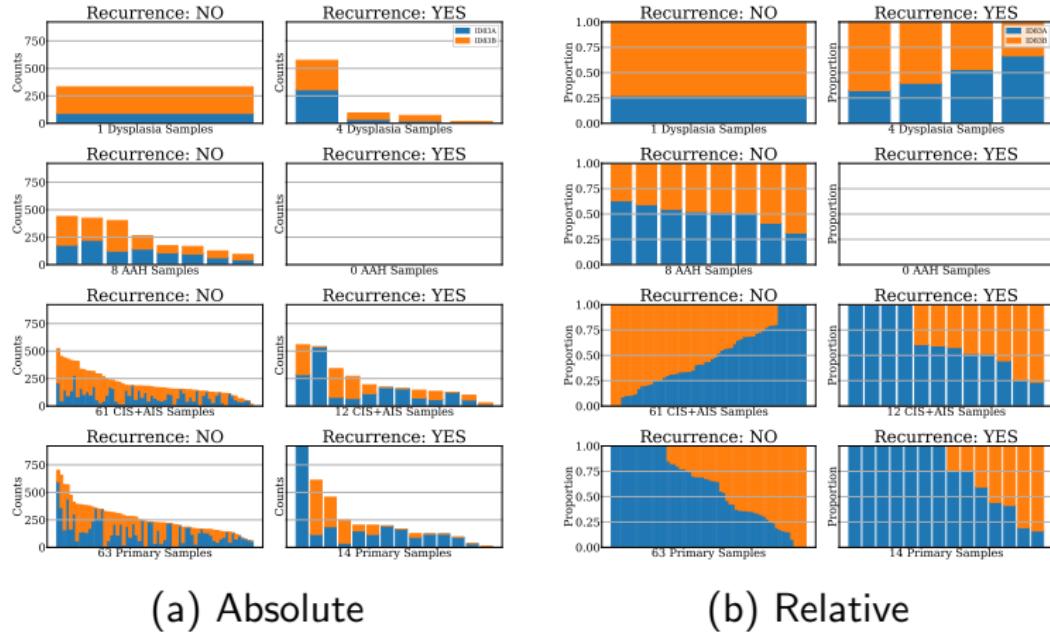
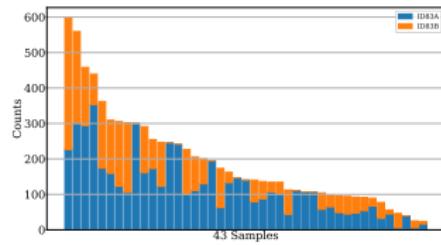
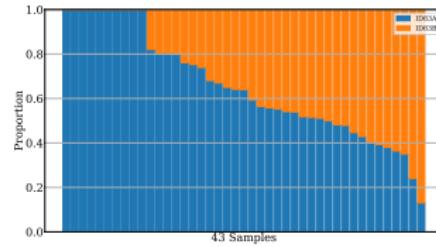


Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUSC

Indels in LUAD I



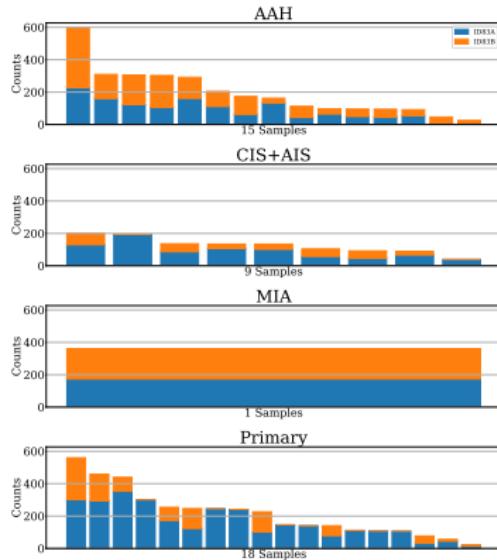
(a) Absolute



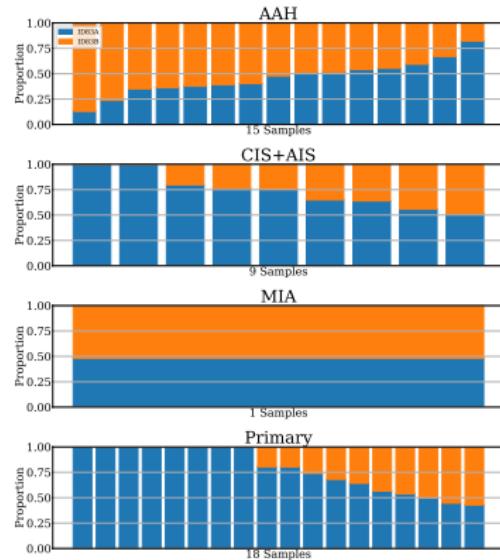
(b) Relative

Figure: Indel Bar Plot in LUAD

Indels in LUAD II



(a) Absolute



(b) Relative

Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype in LUAD

Indel in LUAD with Smoking I

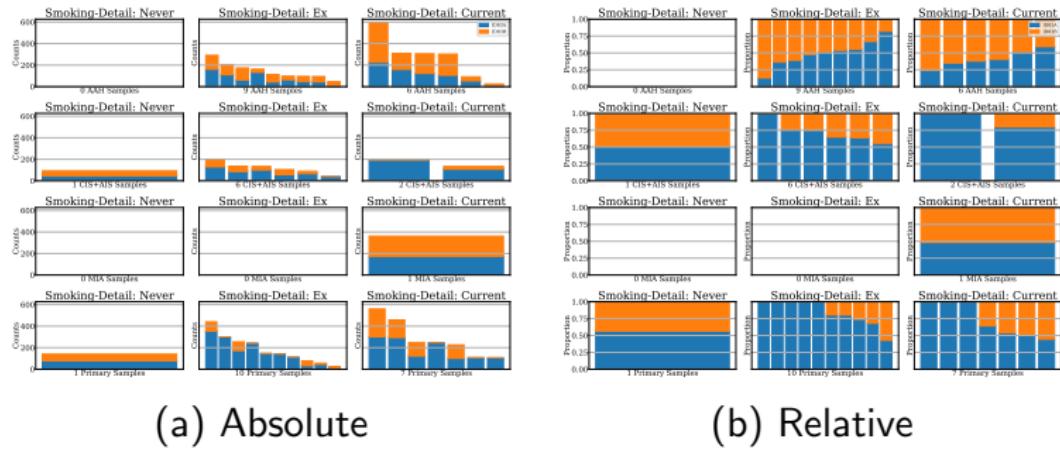
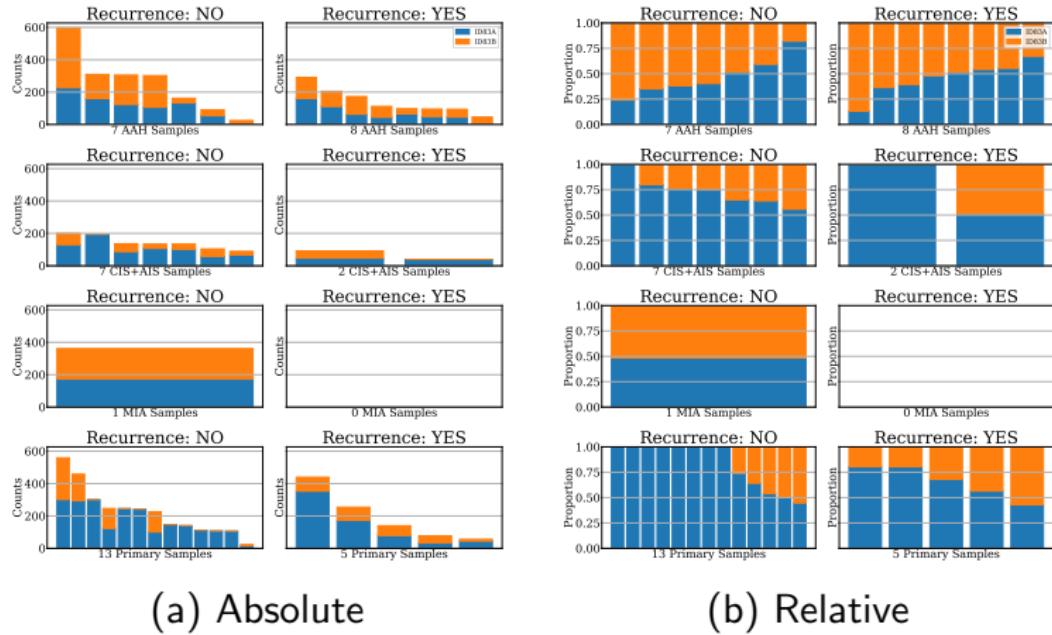


Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Smoking in LUAD

Indel in LUAD with Recurrence I



(a) Absolute

(b) Relative

Figure: Indel Bar Plot by Cancer Subtype & Recurrence in LUAD

Findings in Mutation Signature

4. Results

4.11. Clinical Data with Point Mutation

Mutect2?

4. Results

4.11. Clinical Data with Point Mutation

4.11.1. For Smoking

Clinical Data about LUSC for Smoking I

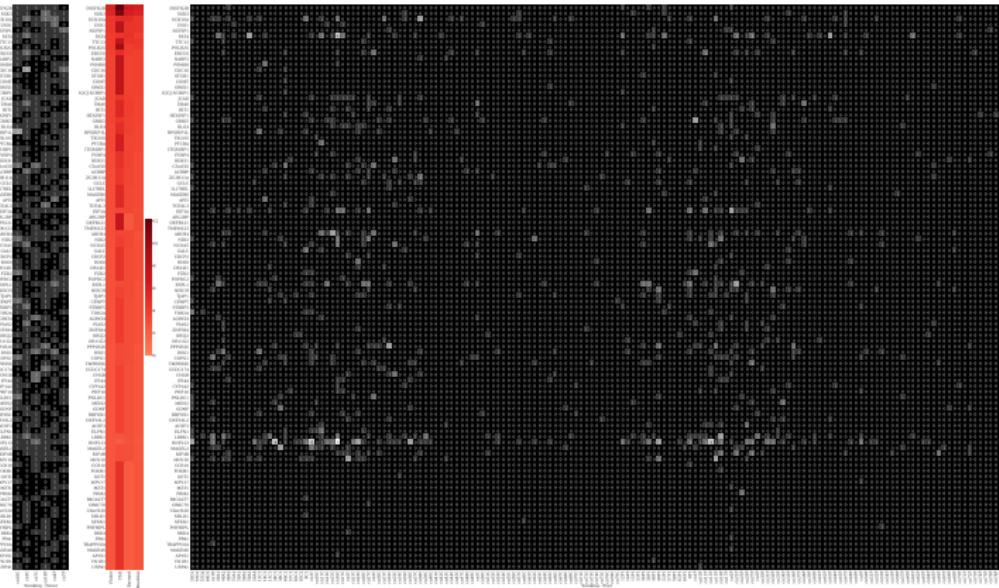


Figure: Clinical Data about LUSC for Smoking

Clinical Data about LUSC for Smoking II

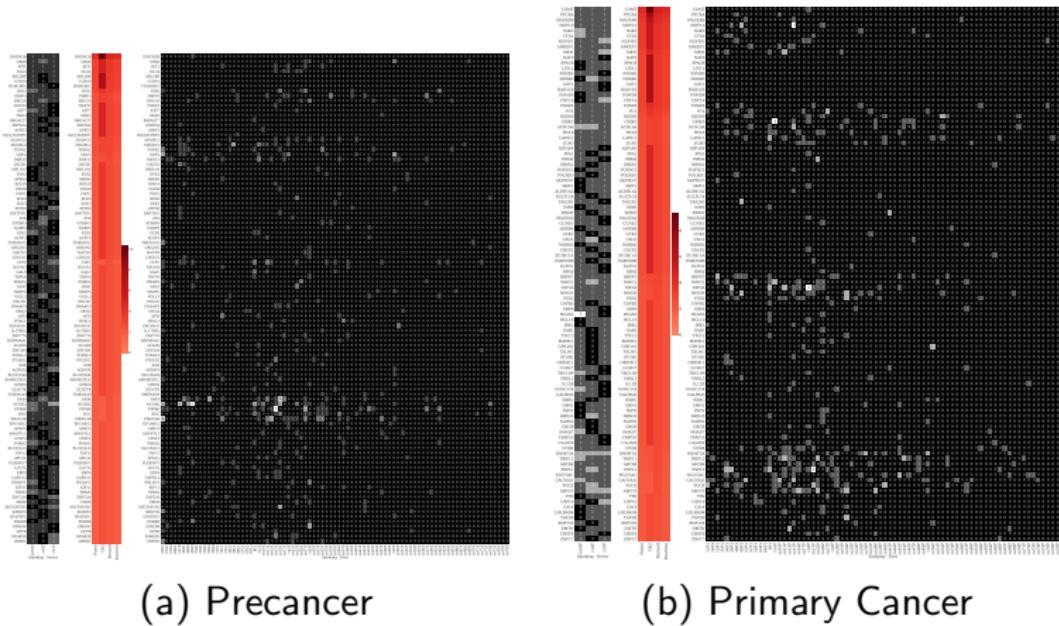


Figure: Clinical Data about LUSC for Smoking with Precancer/Primary

Clinical Data about LUAD for Smoking I

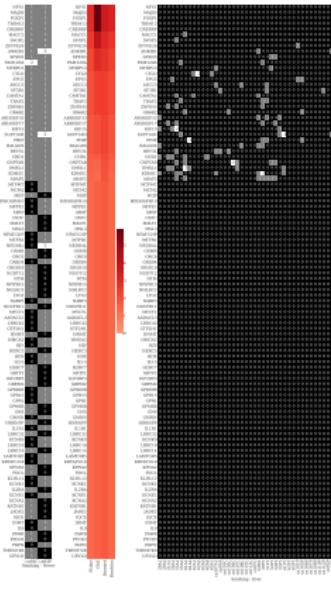
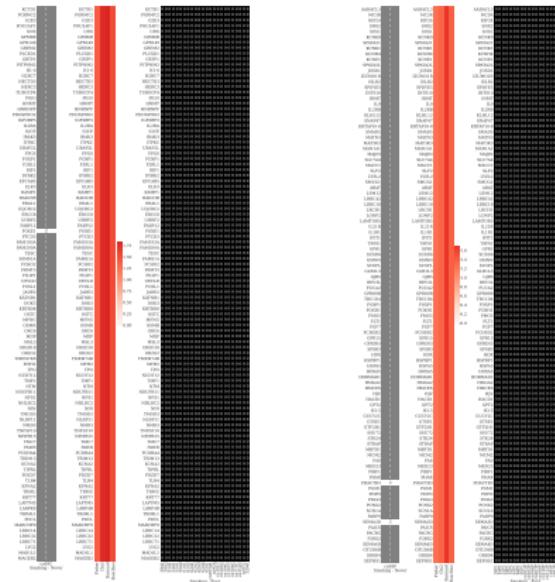


Figure: Clinical Data about LUAD for Smoking

Clinical Data about LUAD for Smoking II



(a) Precancer

(b) Primary Cancer

Figure: Clinical Data about LUAD for Smoking with Precancer/Primary

4. Results

4.11. Clinical Data with Point Mutation

4.11.2. For Recurrence

Clinical Data about LUSC for Recurrence I

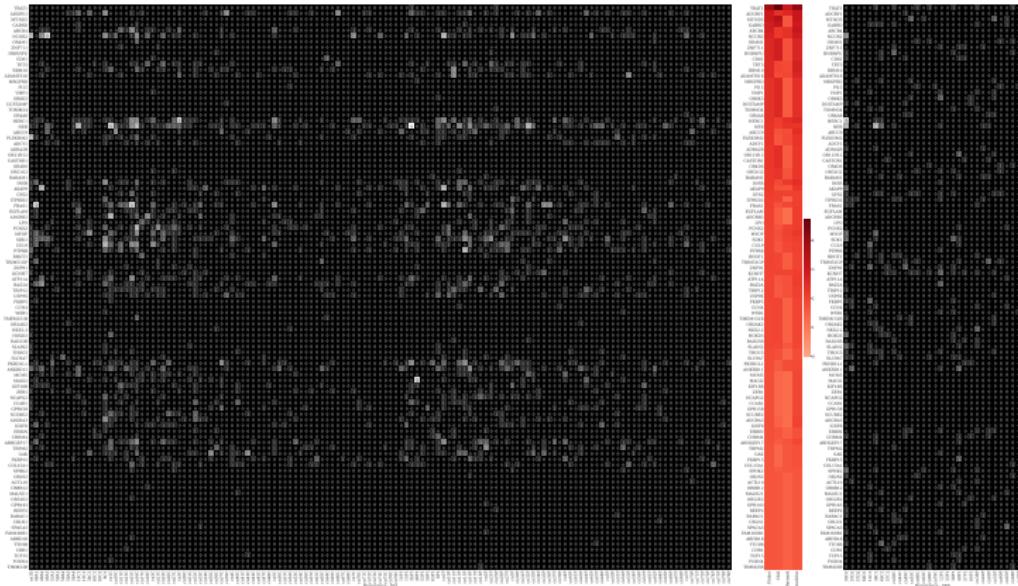


Figure: Clinical Data about LUSC for Recurrence

Clinical Data about LUSC for Recurrence II

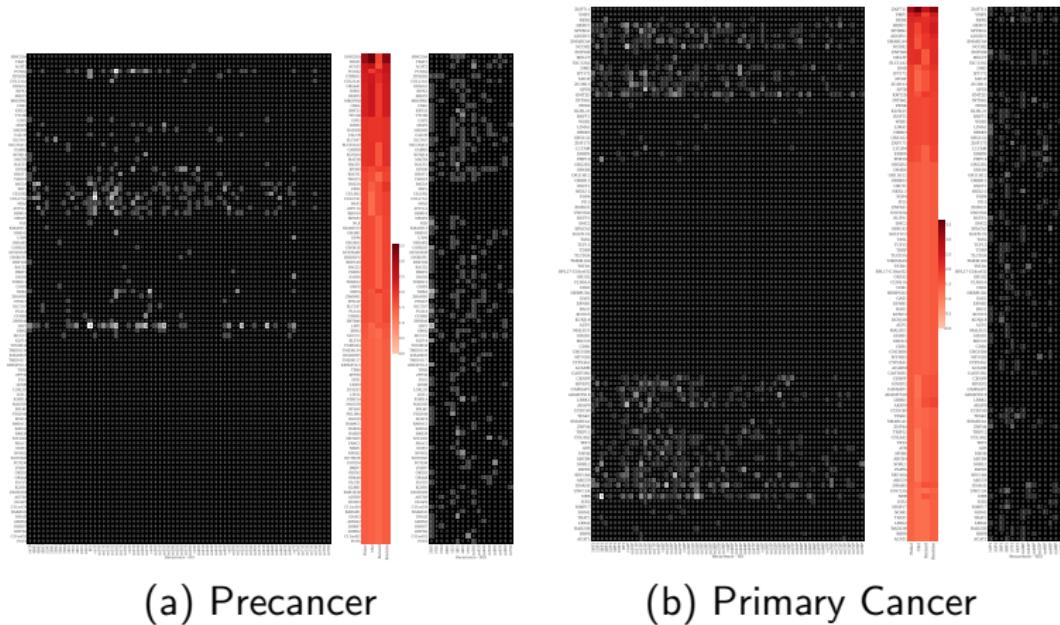


Figure: Clinical Data about LUSC for Recurrence with Precancer/Primary

Clinical Data about LUAD for Recurrence I

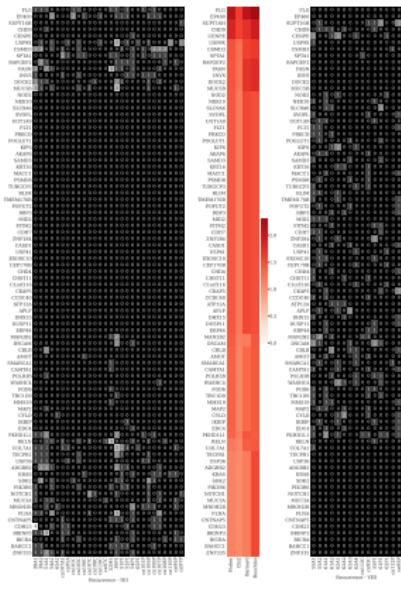
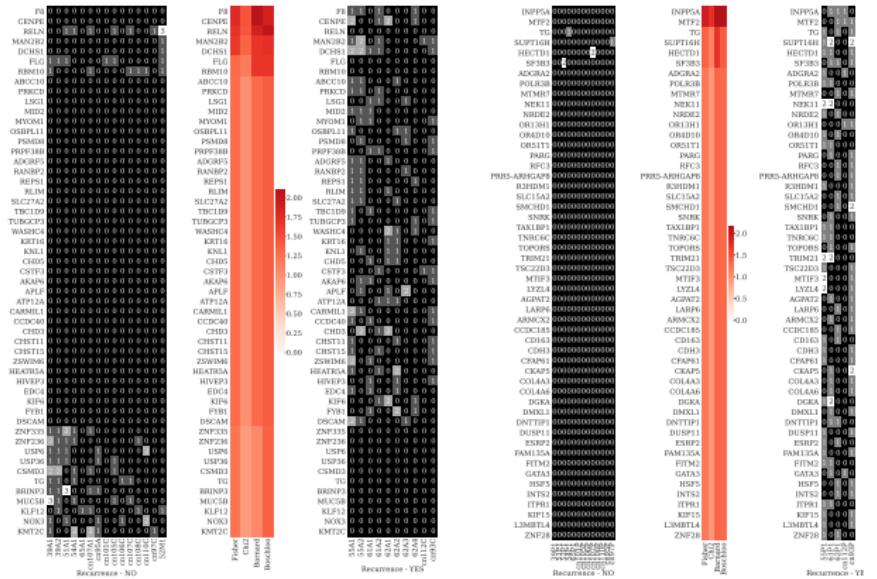


Figure: Clinical Data about LUAD for Recurrence

Clinical Data about LUAD for Recurrence II



(a) Precancer

(b) Primary Cancer

Figure: Clinical Data about LUAD for Recurrence with Precancer/Primary

Findings in Clinical Data with Point Mutation

5. Discussion

6. References

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