MileStone1 Documentation (Team 8)

Shubhangi Gupta : 1219474243 Arjun Borkhatariya : 1220063169 Paresh Pandit : 1220832314

Nitish Tripathi : 1219500269

Name of the Language: Impetus

Context Free Grammar (BNF)

```
<Program> ::= <Block>.
<Block> ::= { <Declarations> ; <Commands>; <Print> }
<Declarations> ::= <Declarations> ; <Declarations>
<Declarations> ::= <Datatype> <Identifier> = <Number>
<Declarations> ::= <Datatype> <Identifier> = " <String> "
<Declarations> ::= <Datatype> <Identifier> = <Identifier>
<Declarations> ::= const <Identifier> = <Number>
<Declarations> ::= ∈
<Commands> ::= <Commands> ; <Commands>
<Commands> ::= if <Boolean> <Block> else <Block>
<Commands> ::= for (<Expression> ; <Expression> ; <Expression>) <Block>
<Commands> ::= for <Identifier> in range (<Number> , <Number>) <Block>
<Commands> ::= while(<Boolean>) <Block>
<Commands> ::= <Identifier> = <Expression>
<Commands> ::= ∈
<Print> ::= print(<Identifier>); print(<Identifier>)
<Print> ::= ∈
<Expression> ::= <Expression> <Operator> <Expression>
<Expression> ::= <Identifier>
<Expression> ::= <Number>
<Expression> ::= <Boolean> ? <Expression> : <Expression>
<Operator> ::= =
<Operator> ::= *
```

```
<Operator> ::= /
<Operator> ::= +
<Operator> ::= -
<Boolean> ::= true
<Boolean> ::= false
<Boolean> ::= <Expression> <Comparator> <Expression>
<Boolean> ::= not <Boolean>
<Comparator> ::= ==
<Comparator> ::= >
<Comparator> ::= <
<Comparator> ::= >=
<Comparator> ::= <=
<Comparator> ::= !=
<Comparator> ::= &&
<Comparator> ::= ||
<Datatype> ::= int | string | float
<ld><ldentifier> ::= atom()
<String> ::= [a-zA-Z] [a-zA-Z0-9]
<Number> ::= Digit | <Number> <digit> | <Number> . <Number>
Digit ::= 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9
€ ::= []
```

<u>Design of Language:</u>

Program : Program can have a block consisting of declarations and commands.

Block: Block can have multiple declarations and commands.

```
Syntax for block :
block
{
// declarations
// commands
```

```
//print statement }
```

Declarations: The language supports declaration of constant and variables.

```
declaration support three data types: int, string and float
  for eg. int x = 8
  y = "string"
  float = 5.5
```

Constants can be declared using the **'const'** keyword followed by identifier and assigned value.

```
for eg.:- const x = 8
```

Constraint: Constants can have only numeric values.

Commands: Commands in this language can be multiple conditional constructs such as 'for', 'while' or 'if else'. Initialization is also a part of commands.

Control Structures: Language supports if-else control statements

```
Syntax:

if(Conditional expression)
{
    //Declaration
    //Commands
}
else
{
    //Declarations
    //Commands
}
```

Loop Structures: Language supports - for loop, while loop and for i in range loops.

```
Syntax of while loop:-

while(Condition expression)
{
   //block
}

Syntax of for loop:-

for(Condition expression)
{
   //block
}

Syntax of for i in range loop:-

for (identifier in range (number , number) )
{
   //block
}
```

Ternary operator:

Identifier = Condition ? (Expression evaluated if condition is true) : (Expression evaluated if condition is false)

Expressions : arithmetic expressions can be evaluated using arithmetic operators. Ex : x=2+3 or y=6*3.

Arithmetic operators : Arithmetic operations supported are : Addition (+) , Subtraction (-), Multiplication (*), Division (/)

Conditional and logical operators : Language supports the following comparisons : ==, <=, >=, >, <, !=, &&, ||

Print Statement: The print statement in the language is 'print'.

ex: print(identifier)

Choice of tools for Language:

lexical analyser: using Lex

Parser: using Prolog

Interpreter: Initially we planned to develop an interpreter in Java but we are also

considering Prolog now.

GIT Repository:

https://github.com/CompilerDesignTeam8/SER502-Spring2021-Team8.git