

100.Matter around us can exist in three different states, namely, solid, liquid and gas. The correct order of their compressibility is

A. Liquid < Gas < Solid B. Solid < Liquid < Gas C. Gas < Liquid < Solid D. Solid < Gas < LIquid

101. Which one of the following oxides dissolves in water?

A. CuO
B. Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
C. Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
D. Na<sub>2</sub>O

102. Suppose you have four test tubes labelled as 'A', 'B', 'C' and 'D'. 'A' contains plain water, 'B' contains the solution of an alkali, 'C' contains the solution of an acid, and 'D' contains the solution of sodium chloride. Which one of these solutions will turn phenolphthalein solution pink?

A. Solution 'A' B. Solution 'B' C. Solution 'C' D. Solution 'D' Lists: List I List II (Element) (Highest Valency) A. Sulfur 1. Five

95.Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the

3. Two 4. Four A. A-2 B-4 C-1 D-3 B. A-2 B-1 C-4 D-3

C. A-3 B-1 C-4 D-2 D. A-3 B-4 C-1 D-2

96.What is the number of mole (s) of  $H_2(g)$  required to saturate one-mole benzene? A. 1 B. 2

C. 3 D. 4

97. Which one of the following carbon compounds will not give a sooty flame?

A. Benzene B. Hexane C. Naphthalene D. Anthracene

B. Phosphorous

C. Lead

D. Silver

2. Six

- 91. The LPG cooking gas contains propane and butane as the constituents. A sulfurcontaining compound is added to the LPG, because
- A. it lowers the cost of production
- B. it enhances the efficiency of LPGC. it facilitates easy detection of leakage of the gas
- D. it assists in liquefying hydrocarbons
- 92. When one strikes a safety match, the first step is
- A. burning of sulfur
- B. decomposition of potassium chlorate into potassium chloride and oxygen
  C. conversion of a small amount of red phosphorus into white phosphorus
- D. burning of glue and starch

- 63. Which one of the following processes involves chemical reaction?
  - (a) Evaporation of petrol
  - (b) Dissolution of salt in water
  - (c) Storing of oxygen gas under pressure in a gas cylinder
  - (d) Burning of magnesium ribbon in air

79. How many moles of hydrogen atom are present in one mole of Aluminium hydroxide? A. One mole B. Two moles C. Three moles D. Four moles 80. Which one of the following gases gives acidic solution on dissolving in water? A. Hydrogen B. Carbon dioxide C. Nitrogen D. Oxygen 81. If one mixes up ashes with animal fat, the substance received in the crude form is called A. Pheromone B. Soap C. Cement D. Concrete 82. Emulsion is known as a A. Colloidal solution of substances having different physical states B. true solution C. distillation mixture for making alcohols D. colloidal solution of two liquids

## Which one of the following petroleum refinery products has the lowest boiling point? (a) Kerosene (b) Gasoline (c) Diesel (d) Lubricating oil Which one of the following is used as a mordant in dyeing and tanning industry? (a) Magnesium oxide (b) Magnesium carbonate (c) Magnesium chloride (d) Magnesium sulphate Which of the following statements about the commonly used automobile battery are true? I. It is usually a lead-acid battery. II. It has six cells with a potential of 2 V each. III. Its cells work as galvanic cells while discharging power. IV. Its cells work as electrolytic cells while recharging. Select the correct answer using the codes given below (a) I, II, III and IV

(b) I, II and III(c) II and IV(d) III and IV

|  | heating element in an electric iron sually made of   |
|--|--|
|  | Constantan   |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| (c)  | Nichrome   |
| (d)  | Copper   |
| mir<br>ima<br>heig   | a, 1.5 m high, stands before a plane for fixed on a wall to view her full age. What should be the minimum ght of the plane mirror so that Sita view her image fully? |
| (a)  | 0-50 m   |
| (b)  | 0-35 m   |
| (c)  | 0-75 m   |
| (d)  | 0·25 m   |
| (a) Co (b) Tu (c) Ni (d) Co Sita, 1- mirror image. height can vie (a) 0-3 (b) 0-3 (c) 0-6 (d) 0-3 Galvan protect with a (a) Ga (b) Al (c) Zi | vanization is a method of tecting iron from rusting by coating h a thin layer of   |
| (a)  | Gallium  |
| (b)  | Aluminum   |
| (c)  | Zinc   |
| (d)  | Silver   |

69. The valency of an element depends upon the A. total number of Protons in an atom B. Mass Number of an atom C. total number of Neutrons in an atom D. total number of Electrons in the outermost shell of an atom 70.20 g of common salt is dissolved in 180 g of water. What is the mass percentage of the salt in the solution? A. 5% B. 9% C. 10% D. 15% 71. Which one of the following elements corrodes rapidly? A. Aluminium B. Iron C. Zinc D. Silver 72. Which one of the following elements forms highest number of compounds? A. Oxygen B. Hydrogen C. Chlorine D. Carbon

- Which one of the following metals does NOT react with cold water to liberate hydrogen gas? (a) Potassium
- (b) Iron (c) Calcium
- Consider the following reaction:
- ▲ 2Hg + O<sub>2</sub>
- The respective state of HgO, Hg and
- (a) Liquid, solid, gas

(d) Solid, liquid, gas

(d) Sodium

- O<sub>2</sub> in the above reaction is
- (b) Solid, solid, gas
- (c) Liquid, solid, liquid

## Consider the following reaction:

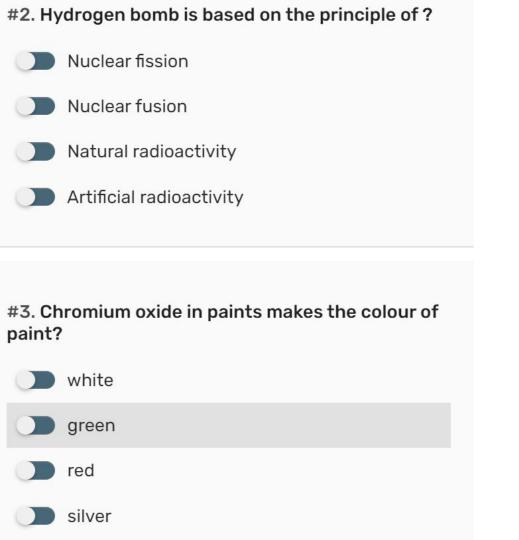
$$Fe_2O_3(s) + 2Al(s) \rightarrow 2Fe(s) + Al_2O_3(s)$$

Which of the following statements about the given reaction is NOT correct?

- (a) It is an example of displacement reaction
- (b) It is highly endothermic reaction
- (c) Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> acts as oxidizing agent
- (d) This reaction is applicable to joining of railway tracks

1. The flavor of apple is mainly due to which one of the following? (a) Formalin (b) Ethanol (c) Benzene (d) Benzaldehyde 2. Nail varnish remover generally contains which one of the following? (a) Acetone (b) Benzene (c) Methyl alcohol (d) Vinegar 3. In which categories did Marie Curie win her two different Nobel prizes? (a) Physics and Chemistry (b) Chemistry and Medicine (c) Physics and Medicine (d) Chemistry and Peace 4. 'Freon' used as refrigerants is chemically known as (a) chlorinated hydrocarbon (b) chlorofluoro hydrocarbon (c) fluorinated hydrocarbon (d) fluorinated aromatic compound

7. Which of the following metals are present in hemoglobin and chlorophyll, respectively? (a) Fe and Zn (b) Fe and Mg (c) Mg and Zn (d) Zn and Mg 8. Which one of the following is involved for desalination of sea water? (a) Simple osmosis (b) Reverse osmosis (c) Use of sodium aluminum silicate as zeolite (d) Use of ion selective electrodes 9. The cleaning of dirty clothes by soaps and detergents is due to a type of molecules called surfactants, which are present in soaps and detergents. The surfactant molecules remove the dirt by (a) making the cloth slippery (b) producing some gases between the dirt and the cloth (c) dissolving the dirt (d) forming some aggregates of themselves and take away the dirt in the core of the aggregates



18. 'Misch metal' is widely used in the manufacture of which of the following? (a) Material of car brake (b) Cigarette lighters (c) Smoke detectors (d) Emergency lights 19. What is the pH value of pure water? (a) 1 (b) 6 (c)7(d) 10 20. Which one of the following is an element? (a) Topaz (b) Diamond (c) Ruby (d) Sapphire 21. Which one of the following substances is used in the manufacture of safety matches? (a) Red phosphorus (b) White phosphorus (c) Phosphorus trioxide (P203) (d) Black phosphorus

| Stur | ng by hairs of nettle leaves causes   |
|------|---|
|      | ning pain. This is due to the injection of                                    |
|      |   |
| (a)  | Acetic acid   |
| (b)  | Methanoic acid  |
| (c)  | Sulphuric acid  |
| (d)  | Hydrochloric acid   |
| Whi  | ich one of the following elements is  |
| leas | t reactive with water?  |
| (a)  | Lithium   |
| (b)  | Sodium  |
| (c)  | Potassium   |
| (d)  | Cesium  |
| exp  | herford's alpha-particle scattering eriment was responsible for the covery of |
| (a)  | Electron  |
| (b)  | Proton  |
| (c)  | Nucleus   |
| (d)  | -Helium   |

|      | ch one of the following statements is Γ correct?  |
|------|---|
| (a)  | In the conduction mode of trans-<br>ference of heat, the molecules of<br>solid pass heat from one molecule to<br>another without moving from their<br>positions |
| (b)  | The amount of heat required to raise<br>the temperature of a substance is<br>called its specific heat capacity  |
| (c)  | The process of heat transfer in liquids and gases is through convection mode  |
| (d)  | The process of heat transfer from a body at higher temperature to a body at lower temperature without heating the space between them is known as radiation      |
| liqu | amount of heat required to change a id to gaseous state without any change emperature is known as   |
| (a)  | specific heat capacity  |
| (b)  | mechanical equivalent of heat   |
| (c)  | latent heat of vaporization   |
| (d)  | quenching   |

| 63. Rutherford's alpha-particle scattering experiment was responsible for the discovery of     |
|--|
| A. Electron B. Proton C. Nucleus D. Helium   |
| 64. Which one of the following elements is least reactive with water?                          |
| A. Lithium B. Sodium C. Potassium D. Cesium  |
| 65. Stung by hairs of nettle leaves causes burning pain. This is due to the injection of       |
| A. Acetic acid B. Methanoic acid C. Sulphuric acid D. Hydroloric acid                          |
| 66. Temporary hardness in water is due to which one of the following of Calcium and Magnesium? |
| A. Hydrogencarbonates B. Carbonates C. Chlorides D. Sulphates                                  |

| Which one of the following is the secondary source of light in a fluorescent lamp? |
|--|
| (a) Neon gas   |
| (b) Argon gas  |
| (c) Fluorescent coating  |
| (d) Mercury vapor  |
| Which one of the following is heavy water used in nuclear reactor?                 |
| (a) Water having molecular weight 18 u   |
| (b) Water having molecular weight 20 u   |
| (c) Water at 4°C but having molecular weight 19 u                                  |
| (d) Water below the ice in a frozen sea  |
| The rusting of iron nail   |
| (a) decreases its weight   |
| (b) increases its weight   |
| (c) does not affect weight but iron is oxidized                                    |
| (d) does not affect weight but iron is reduced                                     |
| Which one of the following when dissolved in $H20$ gives hissing sound?            |
| (a) Limestone  |
| (b) Slaked lime  |
| (c) Soda lime  |
| (d) Quicklime  |

| Gla | ss is a                         |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| (a) | liquid                          |  |
| (b) | colloid                         |  |
| (c) | non-crystalline amorphous solid |  |
| (d) | crystalline solid               |  |

84. Combination of one volume of Nitrogen with three volumes of Hydrogen produces A. one volume of ammonia B. two volume of ammonia C. three volume of ammonia D. one and a half volume of ammonia 85. Which one of the following has different number of molecules? (All are kept at normal temperature and pressure) A. 3 gram of Hydrogen B. 48 gram of Oxygen C. 42 gram of Nitrogen D. 2 gram of Carbon 86. There are six electrons, six protons and six neutrons in an atom of an element. What is the atomic number of the element? A. 6 B. 12 C. 18 D. 24 87. Identify the element having zero valency A. Sulphur B. Phosphorous C. Lead D. Radon

- Which among the following is NOT true with respect to colloidal solution? (a) Particles are uniformly distributed throughout the solution (b) Colloidal solution is homogenous in nature (c) They show Tyndal effect (d) They do not settle down when kept undisturbed
- Kerosene and petrol mixture can be best separated by
- Sublimation
- (b) Separating funnel
- Fractional distillation
- (d) Compressing and cooling

What is the action of litmus on ethanol? (a) Litmus is neutral towards ethanol (b) Ethanol turns blue litmus to red; confirming acidic nature ethanol (c) Ethanol turns red litmus to blue; confirming basic nature of ethanol (d) Ethanol decolorizes litmus through bleaching action Which one of the following metal is NOT an essential component in stainless steel? (a) Iron (b) Nickel (c) Chromium

(d)

Tin

An important cause of tooth decay by the bacterium Streptococcus mutans is because of their ability to attach to teeth surface by producing slime layer from

- (a) Sugar
- (b) Alcohol(c) Saliva
- (d) Teichoic acid

## Aluminium is manufactured from

- (a) Copper ore
- (b) Bauxite ore
- (c) Mica ore
- (d) Manganese ore

- Which one of the following metals does NOT react with cold water to liberate hydrogen gas? (a) Potassium (b) Iron (c) Calcium (d) Sodium Consider the following reaction: → 2Hg + O<sub>2</sub>
- 2HgO -The respective state of HgO, Hg and
- O<sub>2</sub> in the above reaction is

(d) Solid, liquid, gas

(a) Liquid, solid, gas (b) Solid, solid, gas (c) Liquid, solid, liquid

|     | hich one of the foll | owing | has |
|-----|----------------------|-------|-----|
| (a) | An atom              | 2     |     |
| (b) | A molecule           | 4     |     |
| (c) | A one-rupee coin     |       |     |
| (d) | A cricket ball       |       |     |

| rea | accidental touch of Nates a burning sensation, nject of |  |
|-----|---|--|
|     |   |  |
| a)  | Hydrochloric acid                                       |  |
| b)  | Methanoic acid  |  |

Citric acid

Sulphuric acid

| Which of the following properties is true for a tooth paste?  (a) It is acidic | Which one of the following elements will<br>be an isobar of calcium if the atomic<br>number of calcium is 20 and its mass<br>number is 40? |
|--|--|
| (b) It is neutral (c) It is basic  | (a) Element with 20 protons and 18 neutrons  |
| (d) It is made up of Calcium phosphate, the material of tooth enamel           | (b) Element with 18 protons and 19 neutrons  |
| Which one of the following gives the   | (c) Element with 20 protons and 19 neutrons  |
| highest amount of hydrogen ions (H+)?  | (d) Element with 18 protons and 22 neutrons  |
| (a) Sodium hydroxide solution  | 22 neutrons  |
| (b) Milk of magnesia   |  |
| (c) Lemon juice  |  |
| (d) Gastric juice  |  |

| Wh                    | ich one of the following is NOT true                     |
|-----------------------|--|
| for bleaching powder? |  |
| (a)                   | It is used as a reducing agent in                        |
| (4)                   | chemical industries                                      |
| (2)                   |  |
| (b)                   | It is used for bleaching wood pulp<br>in paper factories |
|                       |  |
| (c)                   | It is used for disinfecting drinking water               |
|                       |  |
|                       |  |

(d) It is used for bleaching linen in textile industry

| Hov | v is carbon black obtained?                                 |
|-----|---|
| (a) | By heating wood at high tempera-<br>ture in absence of air  |
| (b) | By heating coal at high tempera-<br>ture in absence of air  |
| (c) | By burning hydrocarbons in a limited supply of air          |
| (d) | By heating coal at high tempera-<br>ture in presence of air |
|     | ich one of the following properties NOT true for graphite?  |
| (a) | Hybridisation of each carbon atom is $sp^3$                 |
| (b) | Hybridisation of each carbon atom is $sp^2$                 |
| (c) | Electrons are delocalized over the whole sheet of atoms     |
| (d) | Each layer is composed of hexago-<br>nal rings              |

|     | ich one of the following is the purest n of Carbon?  |
|-----|--|
| (2) | Charcoal   |
| (a) | Charcoar   |
| (b) | Coke   |
| (c) | Fullerene  |
| (d) | Carbon black   |
| m.  |  |
|     | Poisonous nature of Carbon noxide (CO) is due to its |
| (a) | insolubility in water                                |
| (b) | ability to form a complex with haemoglobin           |
| (c) | ability to reduce some metal oxides                  |
| (d) | property of having one sigma bond                    |

| Brigh |  |
|-------|--|
|       | n photographer's flashgun. This threes is due to the presence of   |
| -     | ch one of the following noble gases?                               |
| (a)   | Argon  |
| (b)   | Xenon  |
| (c)   | Neon   |
| (d)   | Helium   |
| ****  | to any of the fellowing in mot a                                   |
|       | ch one of the following is <b>not</b> a racteristic of a compound? |
| (a)   | Composition is variable.   |
| (b)   | All particles of compound are of                                   |
|       | only one type.   |
| (c)   | Particles of compound have two or                                  |
|       | more elements.   |
| (d)   | Its constituents cannot be<br>separated by simple physical         |
|       | methods.   |

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- (a) Sugar
- (b) Alcohol
- (c) Saliva
- (d) Teichoic acid

Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists:

List I (Process)

List II (Separation method)

A. Separation of acetone and water from their mixture

Chromatography
 Centrifu-

gation

B. Separation of water and kerosene oil from their mixtureC. Separation of

3. Distillation

D. Separation of pigments from plant extract

4. Separating Funnel Which one of the following acid is used by goldsmith for cleaning of gold and silver articles?

- (a) Sulphuric acid
- (b) Nitric acid
- (c) Hydrochloric acid
- (d) Phosphoric acid

- Which among the following statements with respect to carbon is/are correct? 1. Carbon forms the basis for all living organisms and many things we use 2. Carbon shows tetra-valency and the property of catenation 3. Carbon forms covalent bonds with itself and other elements 4. Carbon forms compounds containing triple and tetra bonds between carbon atoms Select the correct answer using the
- code given below: (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 2 and 4