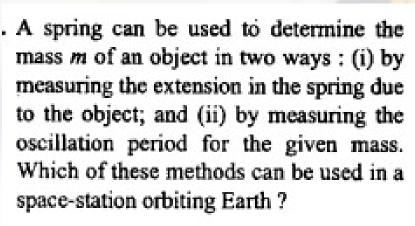


The displacement (x)-time (t) graph given above approximately represents the motion of a

- (a) simple pendulum placed in vacuum
- (b) simple pendulum immersed in water
- (c) simple pendulum placed in outer space
- (d) point mass moving in air



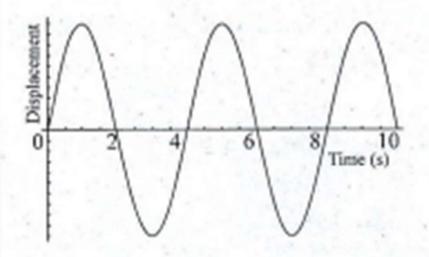


- (a) Both
- (b) Only the extension method
- (c) Only the oscillation method
- (d) Neither



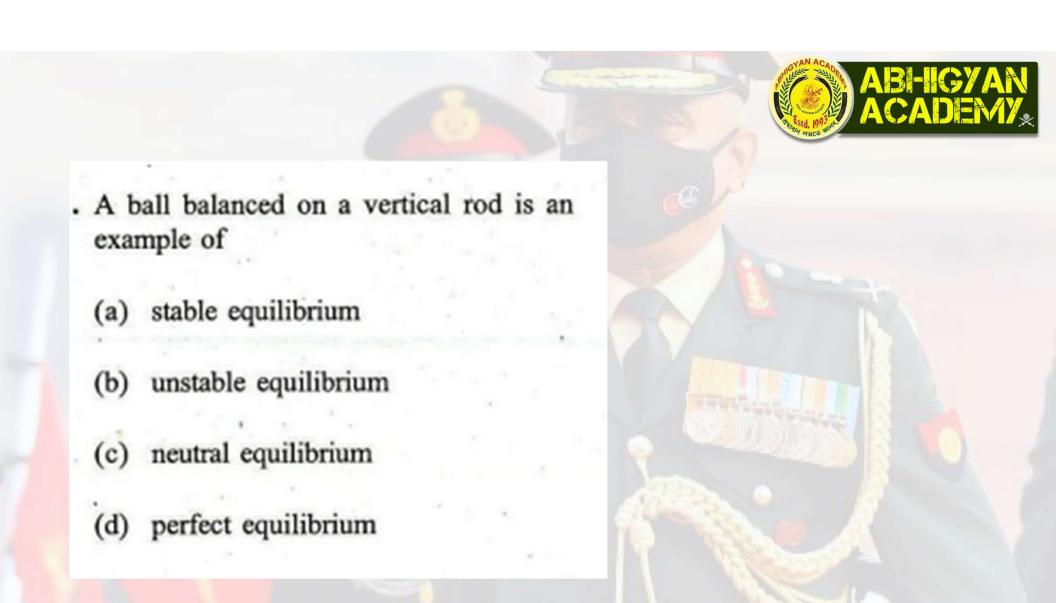


The following figure shows displacement versus time curve for a particle executing simple harmonic motion:



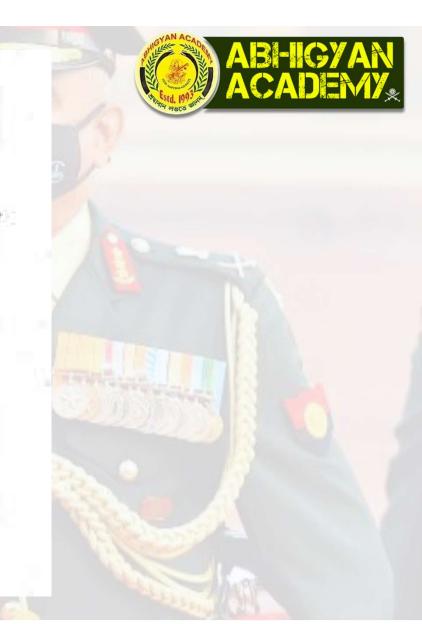
Which one of the following statements is correct?

- (a) Phase of the oscillating particle is same at t = 1 s and t = 3 s
- (b) Phase of the oscillating particle is same at t = 2's and t = 8 s
- (c) Phase of the oscillating particle is same at t = 3 s and t = 7 s
- (d) Phase of the oscillating particle is same at t = 4 s and t = 10 s

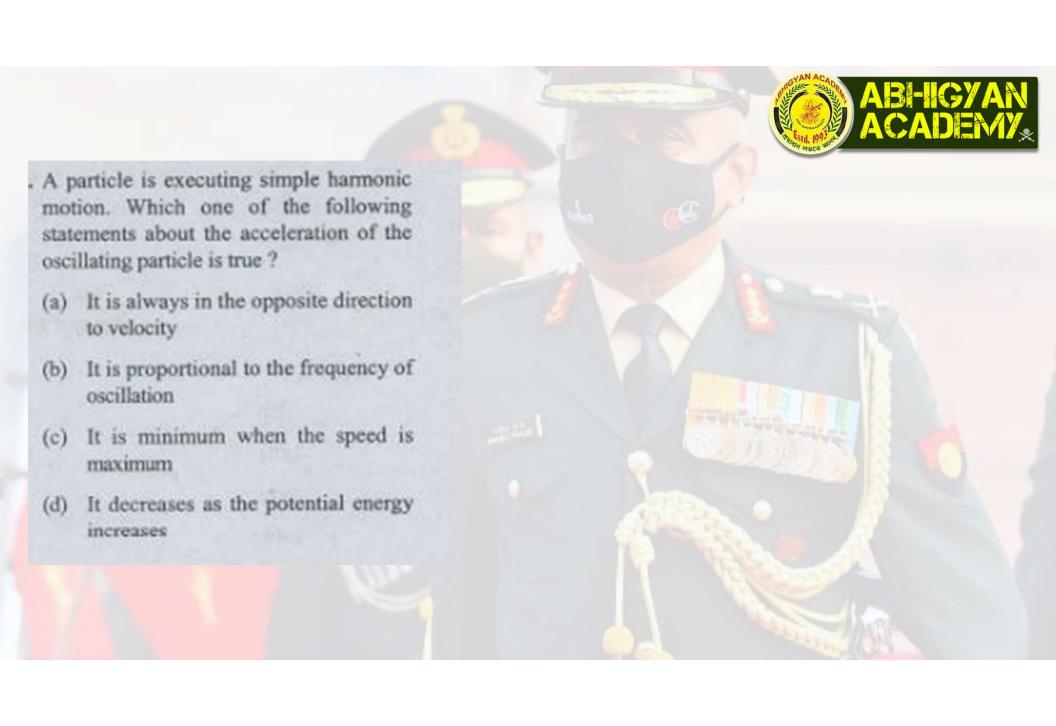


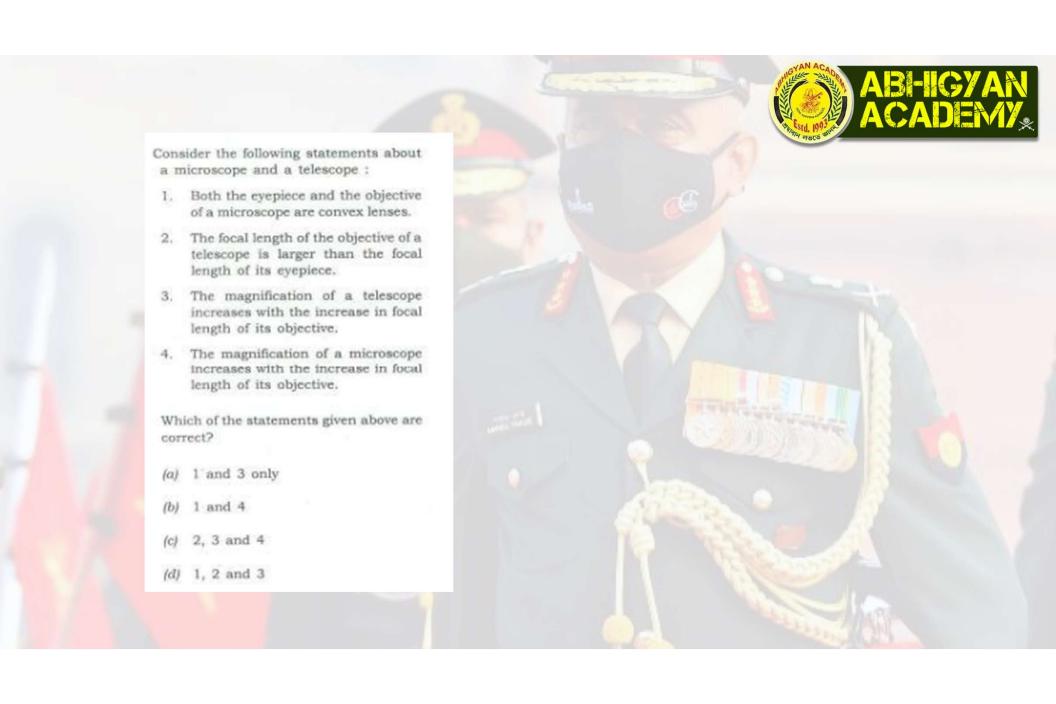
If T is the time period of an oscillating pendulum, which one of the following statements is NOT correct?

- (a) The motion repeats after time T only once
- (b) T is the least time after which motion repeats itself
- (c) The motion repeats itself after nT, where n is a positive integer
- (d) T remains the same only for small angular displacements









The time period of oscillation of a simple pendulum having length L and mass of the bob m is given as T. If the length of the pendulum is increased to 4L and the mass of the bob is increased to 2m, then which one of the following is the new time period of oscillation?

- (a) T
- (b) 2T
- (c) 4T
- (d) T/2



























