



**ABHIGYAN
ACADEMY**

Amendments and Basic Structure Of the Constitution PYQs(2015-2024)



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In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court rule that Constitutional Amendments were also laws under Article 13 of the Constitution of India, which could be declared void for being inconsistent with Fundamental Rights ?

- (a) Keshavanand Bharati Case
- (b) Golaknath Case
- (c) Minerva Mills Case
- (d) Maneka Gandhi Case



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Which one of the following changes has **not** been made to the Citizenship Act of India by the Amendment in 2015?

- (a) The Overseas Citizens of India will now be called the Overseas Citizens of India Cardholders
- (b) The Non-Resident Indians are entitled to vote in elections in India
- (c) The Persons of Indian Origin have been placed at par with the Overseas Citizens of India
- (d) The Persons of Indian Origin are now entitled to lifelong visa to visit India



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31. Which one of the following statements about a Bill for Amendment of the Constitution of India is **not** correct ?
- (a) It is governed by Article 368(2) of the Constitution of India.
 - (b) Joint sitting can be resorted to for passing a Bill amending the Constitution of India.
 - (c) The State Legislatures cannot initiate any Bill or proposal for amendment of the Constitution of India.
 - (d) The previous sanction of the President of India is not required for introducing any Bill in the Parliament for amendment of the Constitution of India.



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82. By which one of the following Constitutional Amendment Acts, was the Article 21A (Right to Education) inserted into the Constitution of India ?

- (a) 83rd Amendment Act
- (b) 84th Amendment Act
- (c) 85th Amendment Act /
- ✓ (d) 86th Amendment Act



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70. Which one of the following statements regarding GST is **not** correct?

- (a) Amendment 115 to the Constitution of India kept alcohol for human use and five petroleum products outside the ambit of GST.
- (b) Amendment 122 to the Constitution of India kept only alcohol for human use outside the ambit of GST.
- (c) Precious metals are taxed at a rate of 1% under GST.
- (d) Unworked diamond is taxed at a rate of 0.25%.



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102. Through the Forty Second Amendment to the Constitution of India, which of the following was/were inserted into its Preamble?

1. 'Liberty of thought, expression and belief' was substituted by 'Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship'.
2. The expression 'Unity of the Nation' was substituted by 'Unity and Integrity of the Nation'.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2



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80. The Citizenship (Amendment) Act falls under which one of the following Parts of the Constitution of India?

- (a) Part I
- (b) Part II
- (c) Part IV
- (d) Part VI



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73. Which one of the following was added as a fundamental duty through the Constitution (86th Amendment) Act, 2002?

- (a) To strive towards excellence in individual and collective activity
- (b) To provide opportunities for education to one's child between the age of 6 and 14 years
- (c) To work for the welfare of women and children
- (d) To promote peace and harmony



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. The basic structure doctrine with regard to the Constitution of India relates to

1. the power of judicial review
2. the judgment in Kesavananda Bharati case (1973)
3. the constraints on Article 368 of the Constitution of India
4. the judgment in Golaknath case (1967)

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 4 only



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89. The landmark Supreme Court judgment in the case *Subhash Sharma v. Union of India* (1991) refers to which one of the following basic features of the Constitution of India ?

- (a) Judicial Review
- (b) Rule of Law
- (c) Free and fair elections
- (d) Fundamental Rights



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9. Which among the following statements about the power to change the basic structure of the Constitution of India is/are correct?

1. It falls outside the scope of the amending powers of the Parliament.
2. It can be exercised by the people through representatives in a Constituent Assembly.
3. It falls within the constituent powers of the Parliament.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 2 and 3



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