

## PYQs on Atomic and Molecular Mass Equivalent Weight



A container is first filled with water and then the entire water is replaced by mercury. Mercury has a density of  $13.6 \times 10^3$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>. If X is the weight of the water and Y is the weight of the mercury, then

- (a) X = Y
- (b) X = 13.6 Y
- (c) Y = 13.6 X
- (d) None of the above



The equivalent weight of oxalic acid in C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O is

- (a) 45
- (b) 63
- (c) 90
- (d) 126



Chlorine occurs in nature in two isotopic forms of masses 35 u and 37 u in the ratio of 3:1 respectively. What is the average atomic mass of the Chlorine atom?

- (a) 36·1 u
- √b⁄) 35·5 u
- (c) 36.5 u
- (d) 35·1 u



## The compound C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>4</sub> contains

- (a) 22 atoms per mole
- (b) twice the mass percent of H as compared to the mass percent of C
- (c) six times the mass percent of C as compared to the mass percent of H
- (d) thrice the mass percent of H as compared to the mass percent of O



What is the formula mass of anhydrous sodium carbonate? (Given that the atomic masses of sodium, carbon and oxygen are 23 u, 12 u and 16 u respectively)

- (a) 286 u
- (b) 106 u
- (c) 83 u
- (d) 53 u



A sample of oxygen contains two isotopes of oxygen with masses 16 u and 18 u respectively. The proportion of these isotopes in the sample is 3:1. What will be the average atomic mass of oxygen in this sample?

- (a) 17.5 u
- (b) 17 u
- (c) 16 u
- (d) 16.5 u

